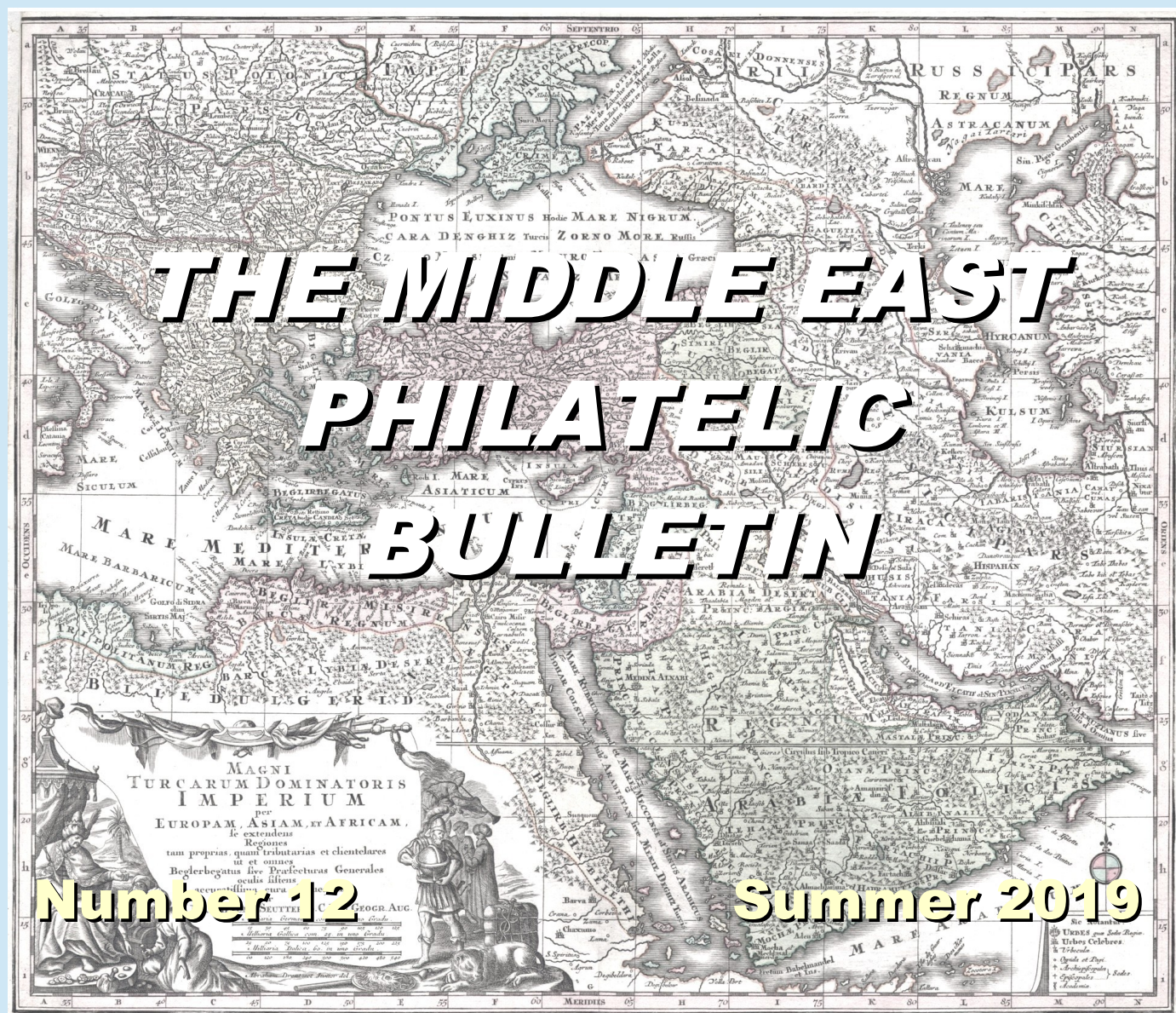




New Ottoman Smyrna–Dinar T.P.O. Cancel Discovered

The Turkish Occupation of Thessaly 1897/98

Bon Samaritain (Khan al-Hathrur) Updated

The Old General Post Office of Jerusalem Revisited

Varieties of Palestine's First Registration Envelope

The Postal War around the Sanjak of Alexandretta/Hatay in 1939

Overland Mail Baghdad–Haifa: Transdesert Transport Companies

Printing Varieties of Jordan's 35 Fils Air Letter

Post-WWII Iraqi Censorship: Baghdad 1958–1972

Archive: Palestine Gazettes Index 1919–1929

THE MIDDLE EAST PHILATELIC BULLETIN

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Release: 2019-08-14 – B (reduced image quality)

New Ottoman T.P.O. Cancel Discovered: Smyrna–Dinar (İzmir–Geyikli)

contributed by Hakan Berkil

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Hakan Berkil reported a new, or at least not yet catalogued, T.P.O. cancel of the Ottoman Railway Company (ORC, Osmanlı Demiryolu Şirketi) line from İzmir to Dinar (Geyikli) in a Facebook posting in early 2019.¹ The 1896 card was cancelled at Torbalı, at km 50 on the railway line.



Figs. 1–1b:

The post card, sent 11.02.1896 from Torbalı to Smyrna (İzmir).

The 20 pa imprint is cancelled by the single-circle mark of Torbalı.

To the left T.P.O. cancel SMYRNA-DINAR ازمير کیکلر 11.02.1896.

¹ Berkil, Hakan: *Torbalı ve İzmir-Dinar*. In: Facebook. 5.04.2019. Online: <https://www.facebook.com/groups/1738092353140753/permalink/2325130067770309/> (accessed 5.04.2019).

Ottoman Railway Company (Osmanlı Demiryolu Şirketi)

ORC received a concession to build a standard gauge railway line from İzmir to Aydın in 1856. The first section (15 km from İzmir-Alsancak to Seydiköy) opened in 1858. Further sections became operational in stages: Dinar (km 375) was reached in 1889, Eğirdir (km 470) in 1912. The line now forms part of İzmir-Eğirdir Demiryolu operated by state railway company Türkiye Cumhuriyeti Devlet Demiryolları (TCDD).²



Figs. 2–2a:

Reverse of the 1896 post card (size reduced) with arrival mark:
SMYRNE ARRIVÉES / ازمیرمورودت
11.02.1896.



² Source for map: Wikimedia Commons, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Ottoman_Railway_Company.png (accessed 13.04.2019). Licence: [Creative Commons Attribution-Share Alike 2.0 Generic](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/2.0/).

The Turkish Occupation of Thessaly 1897/98: Some Covers and their Background

by Otto Graf¹

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For the vast majority of Turkey collectors, the 1898 stamp issue for Thessaly plays only a minor role. For me, however, this issue has been a main topic for more than two decades. I'd like to present a few examples today. In order to be able to position the covers better, I start with a short outline of the historical background.

The war in Thessaly, or the Greek-Turkish War, broke out due to the long-standing conflict about Crete. The Great Powers had warned Turkey and Greece that whoever would start the war would not receive any advantages in a peace treaty. Therefore the starting point of the war is difficult to define; even with the help of in contemporary books. Since, especially in England at the end of the 19th Century, wars were monitored similar to sporting competitions, there were a number of war reporters attending this theatre of war. They first reported the war in newspapers and later also wrote books about it.

The conflict probably started with minor skirmishes by Greek guerrillas on 16th April 1897; Turkey formally declared war on Greece on 18th April 1897. Initially the parties fought for several days on the Melouna Pass, the former border between Turkey and Greece. Turkish troops finally invaded Thessaly around 21st April 1897.

The war lasted until 17th May 1897, when the Turks took Domokos, the last Greek fortress. An armistice was concluded on 20th May 1897, and the war finally ended by the Peace Treaty of Constantinople on 3rd December 1897.

Turkey, however, maintained the occupation of Thessaly as a pledge until it became clear that Greece would fulfil the conditions of the peace treaty: these included payment of 4 million Turkish Lira in reparations. The amount was to be paid in four equal instalments on 15th May 1898, 25th May 1898, 10th June 1898, and 10th July 1898. The first instalment was to be paid only when the Turkish troops' withdrawal had begun and the last instalment only after the evacuation of Thessaly had been completed. The Turkish troops withdrew between 6th May and 6th June 1898.

This detailed explanation is necessary, because in philatelic literature, but not only there, various versions circulate about the withdrawal date of the Turkish troops and this date logically also determines the period of use of the stamp issue under discussion.

Postal services in Thessaly were provided by Turkey during the Turkish occupation. At first the *Coat of Arms* issue of 1892 was available at post office counters and the 13 post offices in Thessaly were furnished with *Yıldızlı* type postmarks. These were: Baba Boghazi, Domokos, Halmyros, Kalabaka, Kardhitsa, Larissa, Larissa (Yenidje), Phanari, Pharsala, Tournavos, Trikhala, Velesinon and Volos. But there exists a considerable amount of mail only from the post offices in Larissa, the capital of Thessaly at that time, and the port of Volos.

1 Reprinted by kind permission from *Türkei-Spiegel*. Translated by Tobias Zywietz.



Fig. 1: "Freiwillige Arnauten in Domokos" (voluntary arnauts in Domokos).
A painting by Theodor Rocholl, illustrated in his memoirs.²

However, the stamp issue associated with Thessaly is a series of octagonal stamps. These were – according to information in the literature³ – the first octagonal stamps in the world and at the same time the first stamps of Turkey with pictorial representations (the bridge of Larissa). The stamps reached the counters on 21st April 1898 and were only valid in Thessaly. These are regular postage stamps and not in any way a military issue, as one can read in some sources. Some authors also assume that the first day of issue was 16th April 1898: this is partly due to the fact that the stamp issue celebrates the anniversary of the occupation of Thessaly, and that the beginning of the war could certainly be set for 16th April 1897, when the skirmishes with Greek guerrillas began. In addition, there are stamps cancelled (irregularly) with this stamp date.

But 21st of April 1897 is the correct date of issue. It is interesting to note that the stamps only reached counters when there was already a peace treaty in place and the withdrawal of the Turkish troops was imminent.

If one takes into account the late date of issue, the novelty of the octagonal form, the novelty of the pictorial representation, and values printed in large numbers (the values' print numbers differ in a range from 300,000 to 413,400), one can quite rightly conclude that collectors were at the centre of considerations.

² Rocholl, 1921, p. 127.

³ A claim I did not check independently.

The stamps were only valid in Thessaly, where only very few copies were postally used. Most of the stamps were sold to stamp dealers in Istanbul. The stamp series immediately became an object of speculation and in the stamp trade prices of up to 130 times the nominal value were temporarily demanded. To this day, these stamps, which are anything but rare, are relatively highly valued in catalogues, still a late consequence of this speculation. However, genuinely used Thessaly stamps are in demand and occur anything but frequently.

Within Thessaly the stamps could only be used from 21st April 1898 to 6th June 1898. However, since the Turkish withdrawal had already begun on 6th May 1898, there may be places where the stamps could only be used for little more than two weeks. A total of six weeks of use is a very generous assumption. After clarifying these facts, one can no longer be surprised particularly how seldom genuinely used postal material with the Thessaly issue appear on the market.

In the following I present three such Thessaly covers. The first one (*figs. 2 and 2a*) is a letter from Domokos to Constantinople from the Ulli Schmitt collection. It was mailed on 23rd April 1898 in Domokos and is pre-paid with a 40 para⁴ stamp. The city lay off the railway line, so that the regular inland postage rate was required.

Although the letter was intended to be sent registered, it was actually mailed as a standard letter. Registered mail was probably not possible from Domokos.



Figs. 2 and 2a: The cover Domokos to Constantinople, as folded and sold in the auction.

The letter arrived in Galata on 2nd May 1898. The cover has been cut open and folded to a smaller size by a previous owner. I have now unfolded it again so that it is back in its original state. It is especially interesting that the cover is addressed to Louis Kamphövener: he was a member of the German military mission in Turkey, which helped to reform the Turkish army.⁵ In contemporary literature, the victory of the Turkish army in the Thessaly War is also attributed to the training successes of the German military mission.

Even if the letter does not contain a sender's name, it can almost certainly be attributed to the historical painter Theodor Rocholl.⁶ Prof. Narath presented a letter from Theodor Rocholl to General von Monbart⁷ in Düsseldorf in his 1958 article on the occupation issue of Thessaly.⁸

4 40 para = 1 piastre/grush/kurush/kuruş.

5 Louis Karl Adolf Franz Kamphövener (11.08.1843–24.12.1927), enobled in 1900: von Kamphövener, Kamphövener Paşa (1905), was a Prussian Lieutenant General and Ottoman Marshal (müşir, 1905).

6 Theodor Rocholl (11.06.1854–13.09.1933) was a German historical and military painter.

7 Hans Alexander Konstantin von Monbart (18.09.1838–20.04.1898) was a Prussian Lieutenant General.

8 Narath, 1958.



Figs. 3 and 3a: The cover from Domokos to Constantinople, un-folded.

The handwriting on both envelopes, the one to von Monbart and the one from Kamphövener, is in the same hand. Rocholl was at that time a well-known painter of historical and war scenes, who was best known for his depictions from the Franco-German War of 1870/71. He also documented the war in Thessaly. From Narath's article we learn that Rocholl told General von Monbart about his stay in Domokos, where he prepared sketches. After all, the Battle of Domokos was the decisive battle of the Thessaly War. Ultimately, the reason for Rocholl's letter to von Monbart was rather

mundane: he apologises for not having been able to call at von Monbart's before his departure the previous day. One may assume that Rocholl wanted to Monbart to bear him in mind in order to interest future buyers for his paintings of the Thessaly War. Rocholl was an enterprising painter who prospered from his trade.

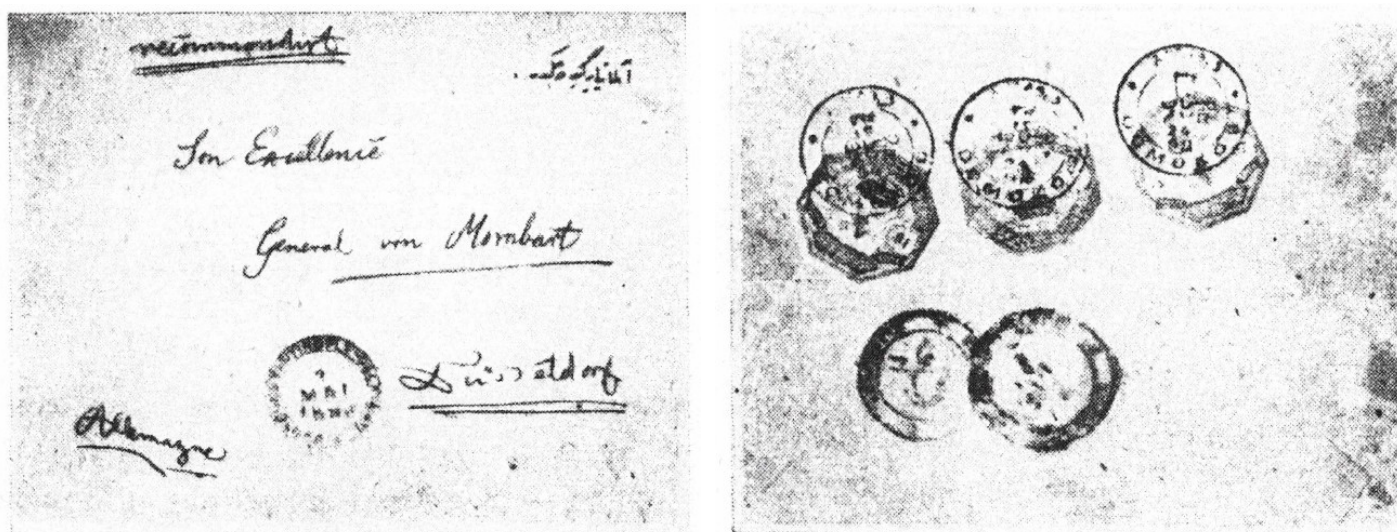


Fig. 4: The letter from Rocholl to von Monbart shown in the article by Narath.

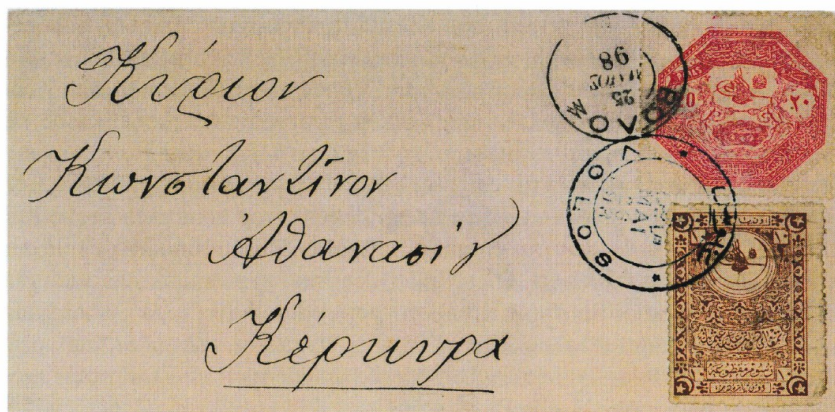
The content of the letter from Rocholl to von Monbart piqued my interest and I got hold the memoirs of Theodor Rocholl to see if and how he describes his experiences in Thessaly. In fact, Rocholl visited Thessaly twice. When the war in Thessaly was about to break out, he had made his way to the area in April 1897, where he witnessed, drew and painted the war on the Turkish side. He also experienced the decisive battle for Domokos. After the end of the war, he returned to Germany.

When Rocholl learned from newspaper reports that the Greeks had decided to pay the reparations, he wanted to travel to Thessaly again before the Turkish withdrew. This journey took him to Constantinople, where he was introduced to German circles by an old acquaintance, Captain Morgen.⁹ So he got to know Kamphövener, who was chairman of the armament commission who supported Rocholl in obtaining a travel permit.

Rocholl then travelled from Constantinople to Volos and further via Pharsala to Domokos. There, at the site of the decisive battle of the Thessaly War, he drew further sketches. It's also interesting that Rocholl reports that the Turks were in the process of removing the Greek reparations in money bags. So at the time of his second trip to Thessaly, Rocholl was known to be one of Kamphövener's companions and it is understandable that he wrote to his mentor who had helped him obtain the travel permit.

It is interesting that the letters to von Monbart and Kamphövener are each marked as registered letters, but were sent non-registered. We must assume that there were no facilities of registration in Domokos. In the letter to von Monbart, Rocholl specifically mentions that he would have the letter registered so that as many of the new stamps as possible would be used.

9 Curt Ernst von Morgen (1.11.1858–15.02.1928) was a Prussian general, military attaché and explorer. In 1897 he was sent as military attaché to the headquarters of Edhem Paşa and took part in the Turko-Greek War. He was a representative of the German Reich at the peace negotiations in Constantinople and the border settlement of Thessaly. In the autumn of 1897 he was transferred to the army's Great General Staff and became military attaché at the German embassy in Constantinople.



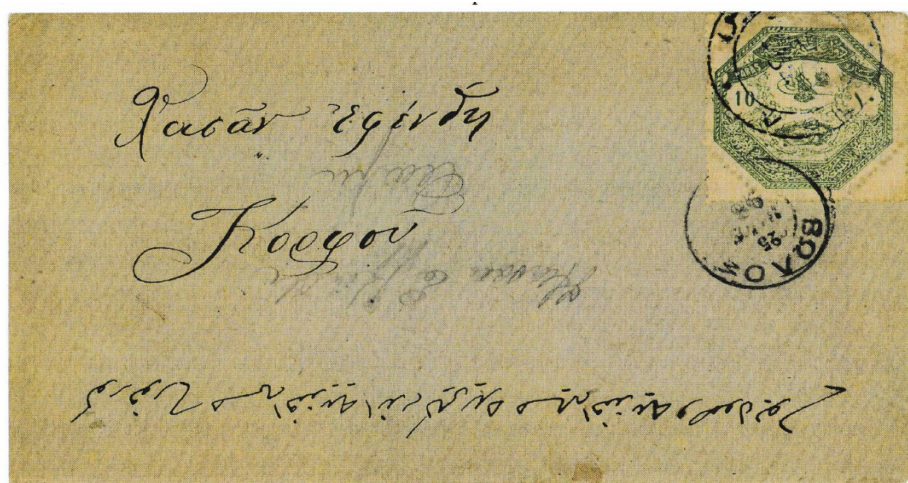
Figs. 5 and 5a: Philatelic cover from Volos to Corfu with a fiscal stamp.

The second cover (figs. 5 and 5b) I present is also mentioned in Narath's article and found its way into my collection a few years ago. My analysis of the cover however deviates from of Narath's explanation. It is a letter with a 20 para Thessaly stamp and a 10 para fiscal stamp sent on 25th May 1898 from Volos to Corfu, where it arrived on 2nd June. Corfu was – seen from occupied Thessaly – a foreign country. A letter therefore cost 1 piastre. Fiscal stamps were not allowed for franking letters and the use of the Turkish *Yıldızlı* postmark together with the Greek cancel of Volos makes no sense.

Even though I was not present during the creation of this document, I assume that it was produced after the withdrawal of the Turkish troops, when both the Turkish and Greek postmarks were available. The letter was then actually transported to Corfu for a tip. There are many Greek local stamp issues of which genuine covers exist, although they are not official stamp issues.

The background is that at the turn of the 19th to the 20th century every Greek stamp dealer wanted to have a stamp issue in exclusive distribution. In this respect, one jumped on the smallest revolts and occupations and produced corresponding stamp issues. In order to lend credibility to these products, there had to be a genuine postal service. This was then fabricated in friendly cooperation with the Greek Post Office.

A stamp dealer probably used these good connections for this creation. However, it was certainly not a mass production. In more than 20 years I have only come across one, comparably rudimental example. The stamp on this cover is just as genuine as the Turkish postmark.



Figs. 6 and 6a: Another letter from Volos to Corfu.

The cover (figs. 6 and 6a), which I attribute to this origination, was also sent from Volos on 25th May 1898, is franked with a genuine 10 para Thessaly stamp and cancelled with the genuine Volos postmark. This cover bears the same arrival stamp on the reverse as the cover presented above. The address, however, is a bit more creative here: Hasan Effendi in Corfu, written in both Greek and Turkish. But here the fiscal stamp is missing. Even with fantasy products there is only one portion of fantasy per product!

The covers presented are all related to the article by Narath and show the value of older literature as sources for analysing postal documents. Besides the two Domokos covers to General von Monbart and Marshall Kamphövener I have not yet seen any other genuine covers of the Thessaly stamp issue from Domokos, but there are two over-franked genuine covers from Domokos. The quite extensive Thessaly collection of Prodromos Mellon features no such covers!

Because covers from the Turkish occupation of Thessaly are rare, drawing conclusions are often only possible when a new cover, which answers a question, appears. In this respect a cooperation of all collectors who are interested in Thessaly would be advisable. The author is pleased to hear about every letter about Thessaly.

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Bon Samaritain (Khan al-Hathrur) – Updated

by Folkert Bruining and Tobias Zywietz

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We got two reactions on our article in MEPB 9¹ about the Ottoman post office Khan al-Hathrur (Bon Samaritain). Of course we thank both respondents very much!

The first reaction came from Zvi Aloni of Israel. He sent us some pictures of cards with the postmark of Bon Samaritain. Besides that he gave us a link to the Israel Museum/Alexander Collection, showing examples of postcards with Bon Samaritain (see *figs. 7–13*). A very interesting site to visit.²

The second reaction came from Hakan Yilmaz of Turkey. He sent us a very interesting postcard, probably genuinely sent from the inn to the USA, via Jerusalem (see *fig. 6*). This is based on the dates of the postmarks.

We also found further items on the internet and in auction catalogues, including an offer of a card depicting Khan al-Ahmar with Khan al-Hathrur postmark in Kemal Giray's BalkanPhila webshop (see *fig. 14*). All the additional information is given in the table on p. 26.



Fig. 1: Picture post card published (likely after World War I) by “The Oriental Commercial Bureau Port Said (Egypt)” and marked “Printed in Saxony.” A different print also exists: “Printed in Germany.”³

¹ See The Middle East Philatelic Bulletin, no. 9, 2018, pp. 3–25.

² Cf. <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263>. All images are used by permission.

³ Offers on eBay, 2019: <https://www.ebay.com/itm/CPA-Auberge-du-Bon-Samaritain-ISRAEL-JERUSALEM-761593/223179738599>; and <https://www.ebay.com/itm/CPA-Auberge-du-Bon-Samaritain-ISRAEL-JERUSALEM-761582/223179738874>.

The Listing in the 1914 Guide Postal

In our article we showed information about the official listings of post offices published by the Ottoman postal administration until 1909. We can now add information from the *Guide Postal* of 1914 (see fig. 2).

The post office of "Han-ul-Hatrou" is still officially mentioned. But whether it was actually in operation, we do have our doubts! We will continue our quest for the truth.

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DIVISION		Situation	VILAYETS
Hamid-abad (Tchiné)	P** V* C*	Tc int.	Aidin
Hamidié (Bulgar-dagh-madéni)	P	„	Konia
Hamidié (Duruk)	P** V* C*	Tc „	Castamouni
Hamidié échelle	P D	port.	Hudavindig.
Hamidié	P (4)	int.	Aidin
Hamidié (chamié)	P* C* V*	„	Bagdad
Hamidié chobéssi, Succ. post.	P** D (8)	port.	Beyrouth
Hamidié (Imranié)	P** C* V*	int.	„
Hamidié (Khochab)	P* V* C* Tn/2	„	Van
Hamidié (Yarsavat)	P** V* C* Tn/2	„	Adana
Hamidié nahiéssi (Tcherkeskeui, Turbéc-déré)	P** M* V* C* R. Tn/2(12)	port.	Andrinople
Hamidié (Musyaf)	P** Tn/2	int.	Syrie
Hamourguian (Surméné)	P** D	Tc port.	Trébizonde
Hamsi	P	„	„
Hanééinc, Hadji-kara	P** M* M** V* V** C* C** R. T**/n D. B. E	int.	Bagdad
Han-ul-Hatrou	P	„	Jérusalem
Han younous	P**	Tc port.	„
Hapsmané	P	int.	Trébizonde
Hardine	P	„	Liban
Haret-ul-amaré (chévifat)	P (8)	Port.	„
Haret-ul-rassibé (choubet-ul-Haré)	P	„	Beyrouth

Fig. 2:

The listing in the 1914 *Guide postal*.⁴

4 Administration Impériale ..., 1914, p. 243.

Tell me the Story ...

As already suggested, a lot of the cards originating from the inn are cancelled-to-order, on demand of tourists as well as on demand of the various hotels visited by tourists. Further to that, a lot of cards (cancelled-to-order or not), were never genuinely sent to the addressee.

The additional information strengthened this idea. In general only a (very) few cards were genuinely posted at the inn. Some cancelled-to-order cards were (regularly?) posted at other post offices. Some cards show a lot of postmarks but never travelled the way we have to believe they did!

As a challenge to our readers we show two cards (*figs. 6 and 10*) with an appeal to tell their story. In our article we have already sketched a few possible scenarios.

Our Questions not yet Answered

So, in spite of the additional material, we got no extra insight and also the new information doesn't give any answer on the questions we posed in the article. Perhaps the most intriguing question is why we still do not see any card that went through the regular post from the inn after 1908.



Fig. 3: Pre-WWI picture post card of Khan al-Ahmar.
Publisher: Dimitri Tarazi & Fils, Beirut/Damascus/Jerusalem, card no. 685.⁵

⁵ Offer on eBay, 2019: <https://www.ebay.com/itm/an-old-pc-the-good-samaritan-khan-inn-near-jericho-palestine-20s-C2/392220485914>.



Fig. 4: Pre-WWI picture post card of Khan al-Ahmar.⁶

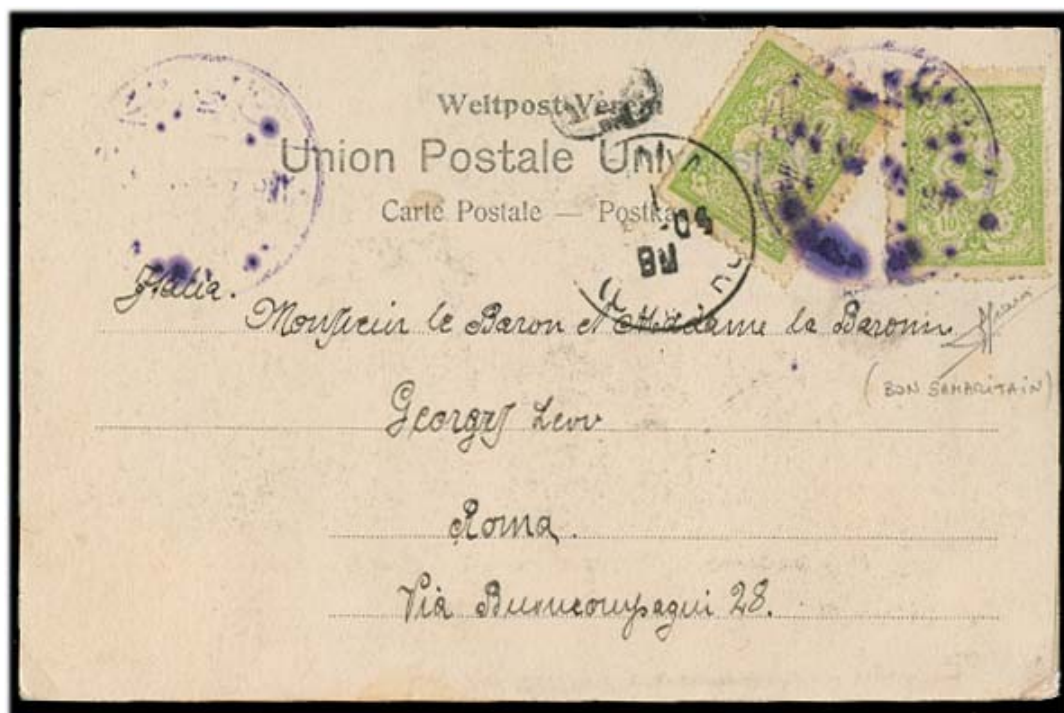


Fig. 5: Card from Nazareth 1904 with Bon Samaritain cancels to Rome.⁷

6 Offer on eBay, 2019: <https://www.ebay.com/itm/an-old-post-card-the-good-samaritan-inn-palestine-20s-E15/392236226958>

7 Auction offer on Stampcircuit, 2015: <https://www.stampcircuit.com/de/stamp-Auction/antonio-torres/5400901/lot-15701-holyland-antonio-torres-early-spring-private-treaty>.



Figs. 6 and 6a: Three cancels dated 28.04.1904 on a 20 pa post card depicting "Dan. The Source of the Jordan. Tel-El-Kadi." It is addressed to Mr. Oscar Olson, Minot, N.D., U.S.A. Transit mark Jerusalem 1.5.1904.

The manuscript text says: "The Good Samaritan 4/30/04. Took a swim in this river to day + pretty near got stuck in the mud. Your Brother Charlie."

So the card was written on 30.04.1904, transiting Jerusalem on 1.05.1904, but is cancelled "Bon Samaritain" on 28.04.1904! What is the real story of this card?

Images provided by Hakan Yilmaz.⁸

⁸ Originally from an offer at the Pera Mezat auction house in 2018: <https://www.peramezat.com/>.



Figs. 7 and 7a: German Levant 20 pa on 10 Pf cancelled "JERUSALEM / DEUTSCHE POST / 1/9 / 04" with additional postmark "BON SAMARITAIN 287.8.904" and Arabic "320.6.30" in black. Addressed to Selma Frank, Le Gourbel, Bézaudun-les-Alpes (Alpes Maritimes), France. Transit marks of Besançon, Doubs, 9.09.1904, Coursegoules, Alpes Mmes, 11.09.1904.

Likely cancelled-to-order at the inn and, later, offered at the German post office in Jerusalem.
Depiction: "Jericho / Modern Jericho", by F. Vester, American Colony, Jerusalem.

Manuscript text reads: "Jerusal, d. 29. Aug. 04. / Eure Karte habe ich erhalten, freute mich. / Also du bist jetzt auf dem Gebirge, das ist / schön, ich, d.h. meine Kameraden und ich / waren gestern im / Wadi Kelt (an der Mühle)"⁹

Source: Zvi Alexander Collection.¹⁰

9 Wādī al-Qilt/‘Ein al-Qilt and ‘Ein Fara with the St. George’s Monastery (Mar Yiryis), running in parallel to the North of the road with Khan al-Hathroul. Text says they were there yesterday. Still possible they visited the inn.

10 Cf. <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263&item=1194328459&startitem=1>.



Figs. 8 and 8a: Picture post card of the Inn (Khan al-Hathrou), franked 10 pa (printed matter) addressed to Dr. Carcopino,¹¹ Verneuil-sur-Avre, Eure, France.

Postmark: BON SAMARITAIN "34.9.904 320 8 10" in dark violet (almost black).

Manuscript text: "24 Sept 1904 / Jer Carcopino"¹²

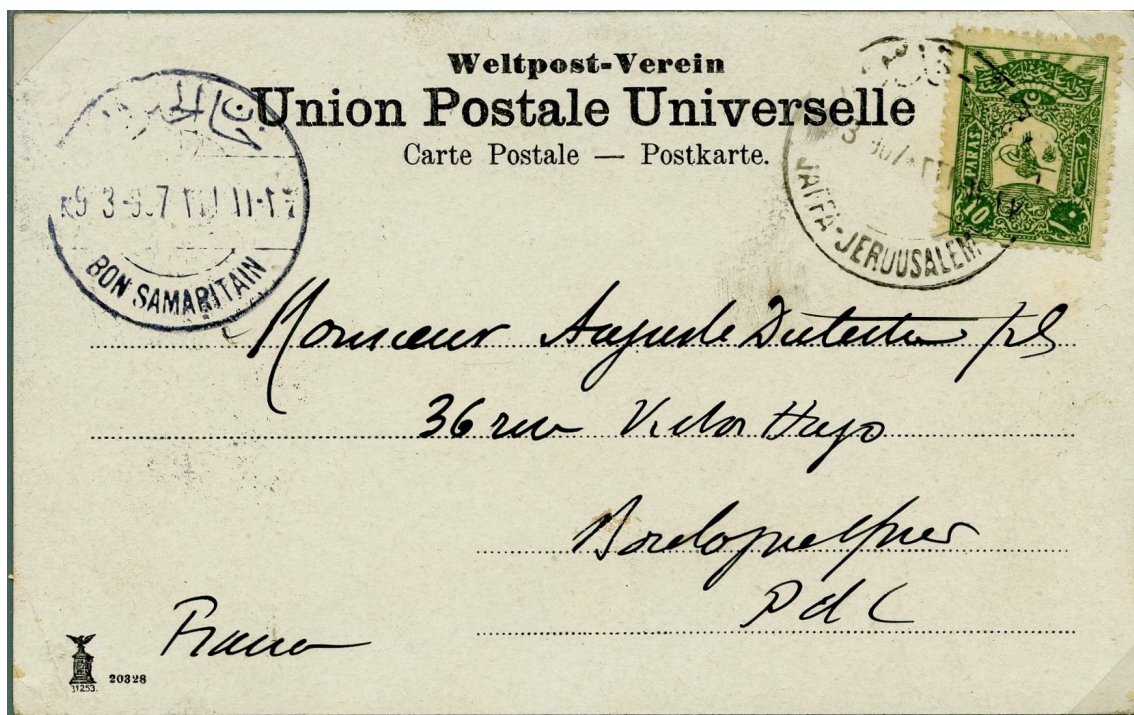
Publisher: F. Vester (American Colony), Jerusalem.

Source: Zvi Alexander Collection.¹³

11 The father of the sender: he was a local physician in Verneuil, and mayor of the town. He died in 1913. A street and the local library are named after him.

12 The sender is Jérôme Ernest Joseph Carcopino (1881–1970), historian, archaeologist, author, politician.

13 Cf. <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263&item=1379197056&startitem=1>.



Figs. 9 and 9a: Picture post card franked 10 pa (printed matter) showing a scene from the Place of Baptisme on the River Jordan.

The card is addressed to: M. Auguste Duteile, 36 rue Victor Hugo, [?], Pdc [Pas de Calais], France.

The 10 pa. stamp is cancelled by a T.P.O. mark: JAFFA-JERUSALEM "[?]" 3 907 321 11 27"

Additional postmark: Bon Samaritain 9.03.1917: "9 3-907 321 11 -26"

Source: Zvi Alexander Collection.¹⁴

14 Cf. <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263&item=576835397&startitem=1>.



Figs. 10 and 10a: Post card franked 20 pa addressed to: Mr. Benoît Lévy, 16, rue Grange-Batelière, Paris.¹⁵

Postmarks: Bon Samaritan 2.5.1907: “-2 5-907 321 11 2” and Jéricho 1.03.1907: “1 3 307 321 11 1”

Arrival mark: Paris 7.06.1907.

The card depicts the River Jordan and was published by Edition Fr. Vester & Co. (American Colony), Jerusalem; Printer: H.St.C (Hermann Striemann, Cottbus, Germany).

Source: Zvi Alexander Collection.¹⁶

Given the arrival mark, the postmarks are implausible: the Jericho date is certainly wrong in both year and month, but also 2.05.1907 seems too early.

What is the story behind this card?

¹⁵ 16 Rue de la Grange Batelière, Paris 9°.

¹⁶ Cf. <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263&item=1147480886&startitem=1>.



Figs. 11 and 11a:

Post card franked 5+10+5 = 20 pa,
depicts a beduin, addressed to
M. l'Abbé Dagaud, Subiaco,
Prov. di Roma. Italia.
Forwarded to Rue du Cloître, Arles, B.D.R.
(Bouches-du-Rhône), France

Postmarks:

Bon Samaritain "10 09-907 323 1 26?"
TPO Jaffa-Jerusalem "28 11 907 313 9 15"
Subiaco (Roma) 4 12 07

Manuscript text:

"Khan du Bon Samaritain, route de Jéricho /
26.XI.07 / Recevez vos[?] fraternelle salut /
[Cédominesque??]. D. Maur OSB."

Publisher: Edition Fr. Vester & Co. (American
Colony), Jerusalem

Printer: H.St.C (Hermann Striemann,
Cottbus, Germany)

Source: Zvi Alexander Collection.¹⁷

17 Cf. <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263&item=563755922&startitem=1>.



Figs. 12 and 12a: Picture post card of Jerusalem sent to Belgium:
Mlle. Clara Albini, Hôtel de l'Univers, rue neuve, Belgique.¹⁸

Franking: 2×5 pa (pair) = 10 pa on front, but also French Levant 5 c on the picture side.

Postmarks: Bon Samaritain "10 9.907" (clearly C.T.O) and Jericho "1 10 19" (Arabic: "314 2 19")
and "Jerusalem / Palestine / 5-10 / 07 / 19 *"

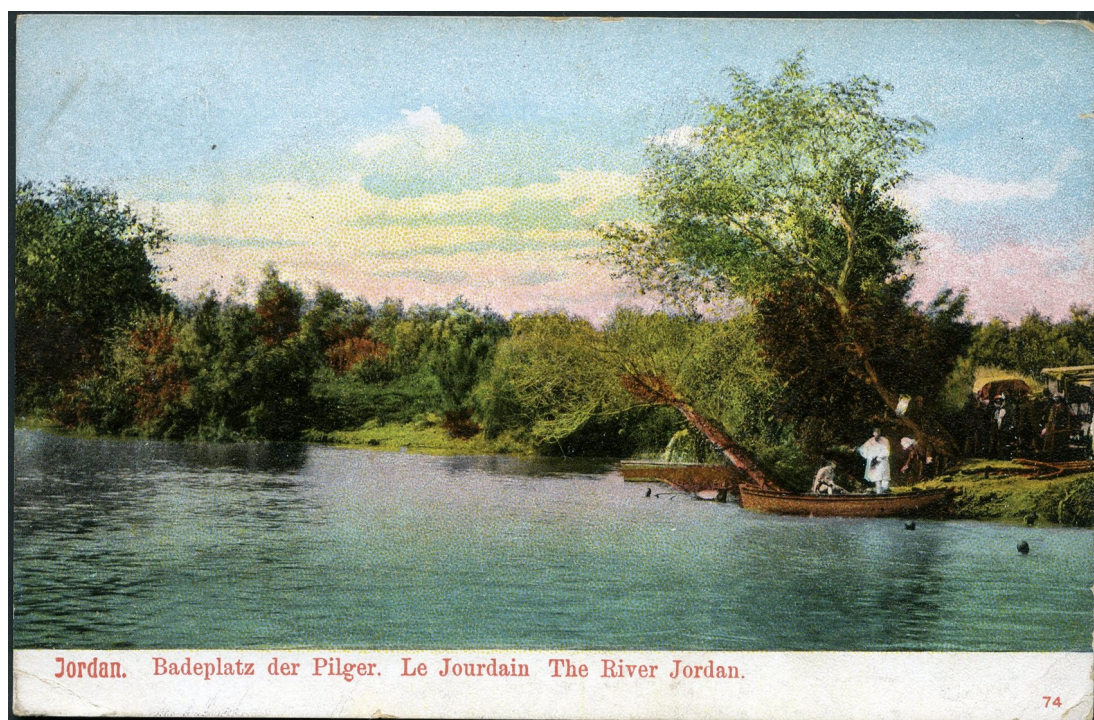
Publisher: Fr. Vester & Co. (American Colony), Jerusalem, card no. 121: "Jerusalem mit Erlöserkirche."

Printer: "H.St.C" (Hermann Striemann, Cottbus, Germany).

Source: Zvi Alexander Collection.¹⁹

¹⁸ No town stated, maybe Brussels?

¹⁹ Cf. <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263&item=983548862&startitem=2>.



Figs. 13 and 13a: Post card depicting "Badeplatz der Pilger" (pilgrim's bathing place on the river Jordan) sent to England. Addressee: Miss Stuckell (?), 14 ?? Road, Oxford, England.

Franking: Austrian Levant 10 pa on 10 H cancelled "Jerusalem / Österr. Post / b / 2. V. 08".

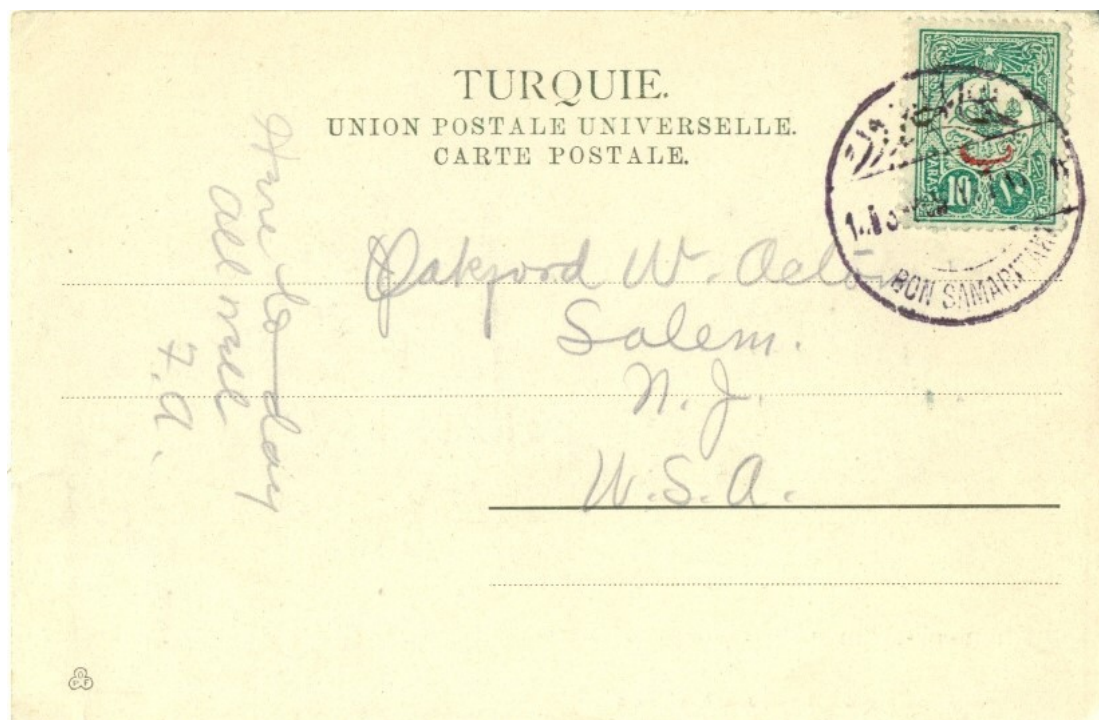
Additional postmark: Bon Samaritan "30 4 908" and Arabic "314 2 17" in light violet.

Hotel cachet: "A. & J. MORCOS / GRAND NEW HOTEL / JERUSALEM" (also light violet, though slightly different tone to that of the postmark).

The card was likely bought at the hotel, cancelled-to-order at the inn (maybe by the tourist on his tour visiting the inn), then offered to the Austrian P.O. in Jerusalem.

Source: Zvi Alexander Collection.²⁰

²⁰ Cf. <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263&item=1896904128&startitem=3>.



Figs. 14 and 14a: Picture post card of “Khan el-Ahmar” franked 10 pa (behî'ye). The stamp is cancelled Bon Samaritain with undecipherable date; according to seller's description: 1.03.1909.²¹ Likely C.T.O.

Addressee: Oakford(?) W. Aelun (?), Salem, N.J. [New Jersey], U.S.A.

Manuscript text: “Here today / All well / J. A.”

Publisher: Dimitri Tarazi & Fils, Beyrouth/Damascus/Jerusalem, card no. 511.

21 Sale offer at BalkanPhila, 2019, B01766: <https://www.balkanphila.com/shop/1909-ottoman-palestine-khan-al-ahmar-ppc-to-usa/>.



Figs. 15 and 15a: Post card of Khan al-Hathrou, dated "10 Sept 09" sent to Mdmslle. Anna Fuslier, Ampuis, Rhône, France.

Bon Samaritain cancel on front and back: "10 9 903" and (Arabic) "319 7 24"

French Levant 10 c cancelled "Jerusalem / Palestine / (?) 14 / SEPT / 03"

Arrival mark: Ampuis, Rhone, 24.09.1903.

Ron's description:²² "Sep 1903, Ottoman dual post office cancellation. Item was initially postmarked with the rare Ottoman "Bon Samaritan" violet postmark, later Ottoman stamp removed and item dispatched through the France Post office in Jerusalem franked with 10c to Rhone, France."

Publisher: F. Vester, American Colony, Jerusalem.

22 Shown on Facebook by Ron Warshawsky, 23.02.2019:

<https://www.facebook.com/groups/2374903625943033/permalink/2396844690415593/>.

The Survey of Cards and Postmarks – New and Updated Entries

Gregorian Date	Rumi Date	Correct Rumi Date	Destination	Colour	Fig.	Remarks
27.03.1903	18.03.1319	–	Oakland, USA	Violet	–	20 para. Arrival mark Oakland, 4.05.1903. ²³
12.03.1903	27.02.1318	27.12.1318	Germany	Violet	–	20 para. Cachet of Lloyd Hotel Jerusalem, arrival mark Neustrelitz 25.03.1903. ²⁴
10.09.1903	24.07.1319	28.06.1318	Ampuis, France	Violet	15	One cancelled stamp removed, French Levant 10 c added. Postmarked Jerusalem (French Post) 14.09.1903, arrival mark Ampuis 24.09.1903. ²⁵
10.04.1904	10.03.1319	28.01.1320	Paris	Violet	–	15 c (French Levant: 10 c+5 c): Jerusalem Palestine (French Post) 19.04.1904. ²⁶
22.04.1904		9.02.1320	Rochester, USA		–	10 para (2×5 para). Arrival mark: Rochester, N.Y., ??.1904. ²⁷
28.04.1904	15.03.1319	15.02.1320	Minot, USA		6	20 para. Three strikes. Manuscript date: "4/30/04". Transit mark Jerusalem 1.05.1904. ²⁸
28.08.1904	30.06.1320	15.06.1320	Le Gourbel, France	Black?	7	German Levant: 20 para on 10 Pf. Postmark: Jerusalem (German Post) 1.09.1904. ²⁹ Manuscript: "29. Aug. 04."
34.09.1904	10.08.1320	10.07.1320	Verneuil, France	Black?	8	10 para. Manuscript: "24 Sept 1904." ³⁰
1.03.1905	5.01.1321	16.12.1320	Rangoon, Burma	Violet	–	10 para. Transit mark Jerusalem 6.03.1905. Arrival mark: Rangoon Cantonment (Burma) 4.05.1905. ³¹
09.03.1907	26.11.1321	24.12.1321	France	Black	9	10 para. TPO cancel Jaffa–Jerusalem ?..03.1907. ³²
22.03.1907	26.11.1311	09.01.1323	Jaffa	Violet	–	10 para. Addressee: Wadi S. Issa. ³³

23 Auction offer on Stampcircuit, 2016: <https://www.stampcircuit.com/de/stamp-Auction/house-zion/7153096/lot-1-forerunners-turkish-house-zion-public-auction-97>.

24 Auction Offer, C. Gärtner, 2014: <https://www.stampcircuit.com/de/stamp-Auction/auktionshaus-christoph-g%C3%A4rtner-gmbh-co-kg/4825493/lot-1800-%C3%BCbersee-holy-land>.

25 Facebook post by Ron Warshawsky, 23.02.2019: <https://www.facebook.com/groups/2374903625943033/permalink/2396844690415593/>.

26 Auction offer on Stampcircuit, 2018: <https://www.stampcircuit.com/de/stamp-Auction/romano-house-stamp-sales-ltd/8240057/lot-340-postcards-holyland-cities-landscape>.

27 Auction offer on eBay, February 2019: <https://www.ebay.com/itm/Palestine-Ottoman-Post-BON-SAMARITAIN-Jerusalem-To-USA-1904-Postcard-a503/264202800243>.

28 Provided by Hakan Yılmaz. Original source: Pera Mezat auction house, <https://www.peramezat.com/>.

29 Zvi Alexander Collection: <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263&item=1194328459&startitem=1>.

30 Zvi Alexander Collection: <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263&item=1379197056&startitem=1>.

31 Auction offer on Stampcircuit, 2014: <https://www.stampcircuit.com/de/stamp-Auction/auktionshaus-schlegel/4154934/lot-3173-andere-gebiete-pal%C3%A4stina-auktionshaus-schlegel>.

32 Zvi Alexander Collection: <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263&item=576835397&startitem=1>.

33 Auction offer on Stampcircuit, 2016: <https://www.stampcircuit.com/de/stamp-Auction/house-zion/7153096/lot-2-forerunners-turkish-house-zion-public-auction-97>.

Gregorian Date	Rumi Date	Correct Rumi Date	Destination	Colour	Fig.	Remarks
02.05.1907	27.11.1323	19.02.1323	Paris	Black?	10	20 para. Transit mark: Jericho 1.03.1907 (1.11.1323). Arrival mark Paris 7.06.1907. ³⁴
10.09.1907	26.01.1323	28.06.1323	Subiaco. Italy	Dark Violet	11	20 para (10+5+5). TPO Jaffa-Jerusalem 28.11.1907. Arrival mark: Subiaco (Roma) 4.12.1907. Manuscript: "26.XI.07". Redirected to Arles, France. ³⁵
10.09.1907	unreadable	28.06.1323	Brussels?	Black?	12	10 para (2×10) cancelled Jericho "1 10 2" plus French Levant 5c on picture side cancelled 5.10.1907. ³⁶
30.04.1908	17.02.1314	17.02.1324	Oxford	Violet	13	Austrian Levant 10 para on 10 c, cancelled Jerusalem (Austrian Post) 2.05.1908. Hotel cachet "Grand New Hotel / A. & J. Morcos / Jerusalem" (same violet as postmark). ³⁷
1.03.1909?	unreadable	16.12.1324	Salem, USA	Dark Violet	14	10 para (behi'ye). Cancelled-to-order? ³⁸ Picture side shows Khan al-Ahmar. ³⁹
14.12.1912 ?	–	1.10.1328 ?	Cologne, Germany	Dark Violet	–	10 para (behi'ye). Sent "Imprimé". Manuscript date: "7.XII.12." ⁴⁰ Red distribution mark: "30.I / V"



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34 Zvi Alexander Collection: <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263&item=1147480886&startitem=1>.

35 Zvi Alexander Collection: <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263&item=563755922&startitem=1>.

36 Zvi Alexander Collection: <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263&item=983548862&startitem=2>.

37 Zvi Alexander Collection: <http://www.alexandercollection.org/collectionitem.aspx#collection=263&item=1896904128&startitem=3>.

38 Sale offer on BalkanPhila: <https://www.balkanphila.com/shop/1909-ottoman-palestine-khan-al-ahmar-ppc-to-usa/>.

39 Printer: Dimitri Tarazi & Fils, Beyrouth, card no. 511.

40 Auction offer on Stampcircuit, 2015: <https://www.stampcircuit.com/de/stamp-Auction/romano-house-stamp-sales-ltd/5237414/lot-472-postcards-holyland-cities-and-landscape>.

The Old General Post Office of Jerusalem on Historical Photographs – Revisited

by Tobias Zywietz

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I have to make one substantial correction to my article in MEPB 1:¹ I now believe that *fig. 1* is not from 1920, but 1928.

The 1920 dating stems from the cataloguing data provided by the Library of Congress. It states²:

Title: Pal. [i.e., Palestine] post office, Aug. 1920
Creator(s): American Colony (Jerusalem). Photo Dept., photographer
Date Created/Published: 1920 Aug.

But when comparing details in the photo, especially the paving of the square, with other photos (e.g. *fig. 7*, which is definitely dated July 1920), and additionally looking at the parking car and the dress of the woman in the foreground, I come to the conclusion that *fig 1* must certainly be from a later date. The poster for the *Leipzig Spring Fair* could well say “1928” rather than what I first recognised as “1920.”

I have to thank Stefan Göllner for alerting me to this error.



Figs. 1 and 1b: The Jerusalem General Post Office in August 1928.

1 Zywietz, Tobias: *The old General Post Office of Jerusalem on historical photographs*. In: The Middle East Philatelic Bulletin, no. 1, 2015, pp. 37–42.

2 Cf. www.loc.gov/pictures/item/mpc2005000945/PP/.

The Premises of the Ottoman Post Office

The 1906 and 1912 Baedeker guides say this about hotels, post offices and banks in Jerusalem:

Baedeker 1906³

Hotels (comp.p. xvi).

GRAND NEW HOTEL (Pl. c, D 5; landlord, *Morkos*), near the Citadel;
HÔTEL DU PARC (Pl. a, C 4; landlords, *Hall Brothers*),
LLOYD HOTEL (Pl. b, C 4; landlord, *A. Fast*),
HÔTEL HUGHES (Pl. d; C, 4), these three in the Jaffa Road,
JERUSALEM HOTEL (see map of environs; landlord, *Kaminitz*), farther to the N.W.

[...]

Post Offices (comp. p. xxiv).

Turkish (Pl. D, 5), outside the Jaffa Gate;
Austrian (Pl. E, 5, 6), opposite the Citadel;
French (Pl. C, 5),
German (Pl. D, 5),
Russian (Pl. B, 4), outside the Jaffa Gate. —
International Telegraph, in the Turkish post office.
[...]

Bankers.

Crédit Lyonnais (Pl. D, 5), in the Jaffa Road ;
Deutsche Palaestina-Bank (Pl. 2 ; D.5), inside the Jaffa Gate ;
Banque Ottomane (Pl. 1 ; D, 5), in the Jaffa Road;
English Bank of Palestine, inside the Jaffa Gate;
Valero (Pl. 3; E, 5), David Street.

Baedeker 1912⁴

Hotels (comp. p. xvi).

HÔTEL FAST (Pl. a, C, 4, 5; landlords, *A. Fast & Sons*), in the Jaffa Road;
GRAND NEW HOTEL (Pl. c, D 5; landlord, *Morkos*), opposite the Citadel;
HÔTEL HUGHES (Pl. d; C, 4), Jaffa Road;
HÔTEL KAMINITZ (Pl. b; C, 4), in the same road.
[...]

Post Offices (comp. p. xxiv).

Turkish (Pl. C, 5),
French (Pl. C, 5),
German (Pl. D, 5),
Russian (Pl. B, 4), all in the Jaffa Road;
Austro-Hungarian (Pl. E, 5,6), opposite the Citadel (p. 33). —

International Telegraph, in the Turkish post office.
[...]

Bankers.

Anglo-Palestine Co. (Pl. 1 ; D, 5),
Deutsche Palaestina-Bank (Pl. 3 D, 5),
Crédit Lyonnais (Pl. 2; D, 5),
Banque Ottomane (Pl. D, 5), all in the Jaffa Road.



Figs. 2 and 3: Baedeker's map in the 1906 (left) and 1912 (right) guides. Banque Ottomane; Anglo-Palestine Co. (1); Crédit Lyonnais (2); Deutsche Palaestina-Bank (3); Hotel Fast (a); **Hotel Kaminitz (b)**; Hotel Hughes (d). The Russian, German, Italian (Jaffa Road), French, Ottoman (Mamillah Road), and Austrian (El-Mauqaf Road) post offices are shown by name.

³ Baedeker, 1906, pp. 19–20. The numbers and letters are direct references in the map, “D5” etc. are grid references.

⁴ Baedeker, 1912, pp. 19–20:

In the article I made a comment in one of the footnotes:⁵

Glassman, 2001, pp. 266/267 and 289/290. I noted that Glassman mixed up the sites of this building with its predecessor (1904–1908) on his map on p. 289, though his text on p. 266 and the map on p. 267 are correct.

A recently published book, the memoirs of Wasif Jawhariyyeh, contains a short chapter on the closure of the foreign post offices in Jerusalem.⁶ It states:

The Ottoman post office continued to be based on the second floor of the building of the Greek Orthodox Patriarchate outside Jaffa Gate. This building was adjacent to the city wall from the outside. The office was located on the second floor of this building, above Credit Lyonnais and next to the public debt administration and the Regie Department,— and it remained based here until the end of the Ottoman occupation of Jerusalem.

This places the Ottoman post office at pos. “2” in the 1912 Baedeker map, whereas the map shows the office adjacent to the French post office further west on Mamillah Road. Glassman sequences the sites of the Ottoman post office as follows:⁷

Approximately four years later⁸ the office moved once again, this time to the rear of the Kaminitz Hotel (Fig. 16). A fire severely damaged the office resulting in the post office moving for the last time to a new building designed specifically for the service, at the north-western corner of the Old City. This became the main post office, and in fact remained so during the British administration until the building of the new main Post Office in 1935 (Fig. 17).

However, Glassman’s “fig. 16” points to the rear (i.e. north) of Hotel Fast, which is west of the Kaminitz Hotel, and also in another block (see fig. 4). On contemporary maps the office is situated near Jaffa Gate (Bab el-Khalil), switching road sides after 1898 (see figs. 2 and 3)⁹

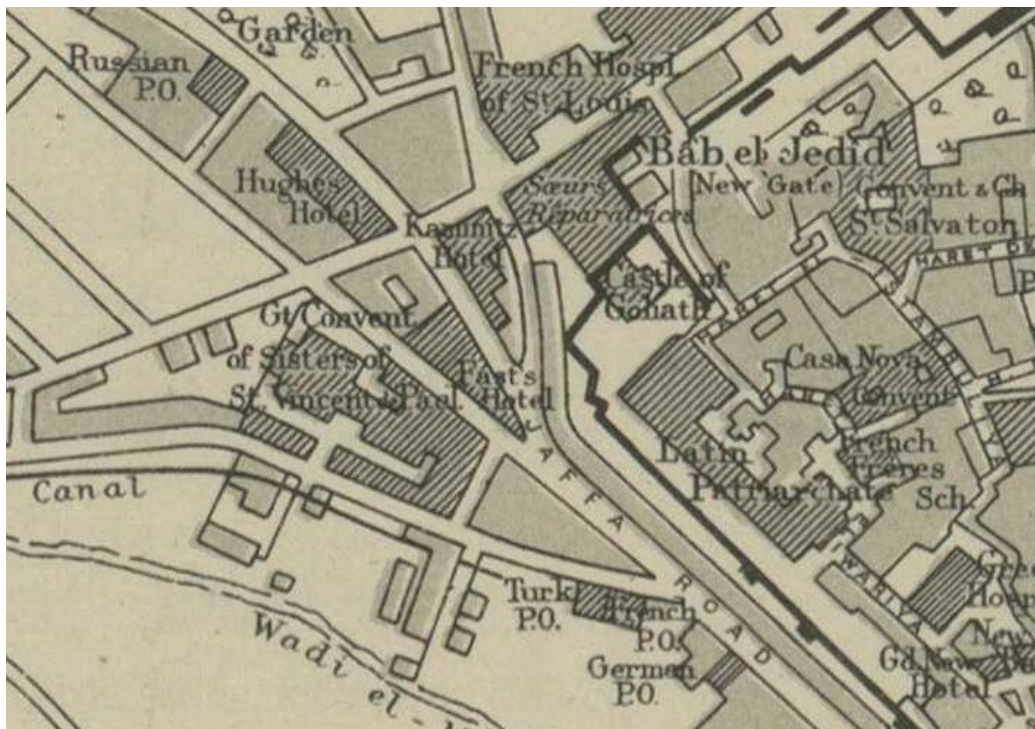


Fig. 4: Detail from the map “Jerusalem 1:11,000” (Survey of Egypt, 1917).

5 Cf. MEPB 1, footnote 2 on p. 41.

6 Ğauhariyya, 2014. Quotation based on excerpts at Google Books ([direct page link](#), note: no pagination present).

7 Glassman, 2001, pp. 263, and 266.

8 Meaning: 1908.

9 1898 and 1912 maps show the Ottoman post office just off Jaffa Gate, but having switched sides inbetween dates.

The Mandate G.P.O. Building before WWI

The building is clearly marked as “Lloyd Hotel” on the map in the 1898 Baedeker guide¹⁰ and as “Kaminitz Hotel” on a military British map from 1917 (see *fig. 4*).

In 1907, Abraham Fast, owner of the Lloyd Hotel, moved his establishment to new premises: that building was erected in 1891 by Theodor Sandel, and operated as Hotel Howard, later renamed by owner Alexander Howard into Hôtel du Parc.¹¹ In 1912, Baedeker names the operator as Hall Brothers.¹² The British operated it as Allenby Hotel (1918–1925), when reverting back to the Fast family in the 1920s it became Hotel Fast again, until 1939. During the war it became St. Andrew’s House, accommodating the Australian Soldiers Club and from 1940 also the offices of Matson Photo Service. The building (see *fig. 5*) was demolished in 1975.



Fig. 5: Pre WWI picture post card depicting “Hôtel Fast”.¹⁴



Fig. 6:

Detail from a 1914 photograph showing the portal of Kaminitz’ Jerusalem Hotel with its elaborate metalwork in the lunette.¹³

After Fast’s move in 1907, the old Lloyd Hotel building was operated by Eliezer Lipman (a.k.a. E. L. Kaminitz),¹⁵ and became the new Kaminitz Hotel. Lipman previously owned the original Jerusalem Hotel further to the north.¹⁶ The hotel was known as Kaminitz Hotel but officially operated under the name Jerusalem Hotel and is often referred to as Jerusalem-Kaminitz. A photograph from 1914 shows the distinctive doorway (see *fig. 6*).

The exact date when the British moved the post office to the building is unknown, most likely this happened as early as 1918. Glassman must be mistaken when he suggests 1908 (i.e. under Ottoman rule), as tourists guides and maps as late as 1917 contradict this. In his “Fig. 47” he seems to mix-up Hotels Fast and Kaminitz and one other location at New Gate (al-Bāb al-Ġadīd).

¹⁰ Cf. <http://www.wardmaps.com/viewasset.php?aid=20271> (the position is marked “b” in later maps)

¹¹ R.H. [pseud.]: *Hotel Fast – fast vergessen...* In: Ulrich Stolte [blog]. Online: <http://www.ulrich-stolte.de/2011/01/19/hotel-fast-fast-vergessen/> (accessed 28.03.2019).

¹² Philatelists know of the cachets “LLOYD HOTEL / FAST & Co”, “LLOYD HOTEL / FAST & Co. / JERUSALEM.” and later “HOTEL FAST / JERUSALEM”.

¹³ Source: detail from photograph במלון קאמיניץ in Wikipedia.

¹⁴ Source: Falk, 2007, p. 109.

¹⁵ Kaminitz (Камениц, Kamenetz-Litovsk) was Lipman’s ancestral hometown in Russia.

¹⁶ Cachets include: “JERUSALEM HOTEL / E.L. KAMINITZ”, “HOTEL JERUSALEM / de E.L. Kaminitz”, “HOTEL JERUSALEM / E.L. KAMINITZ / JERUSALEM”, and “JERUSALEM HOTEL / E.L. KAMINITZ & SON / Jerusalem.” Cf. Falk, 2007, pp. 354–355.

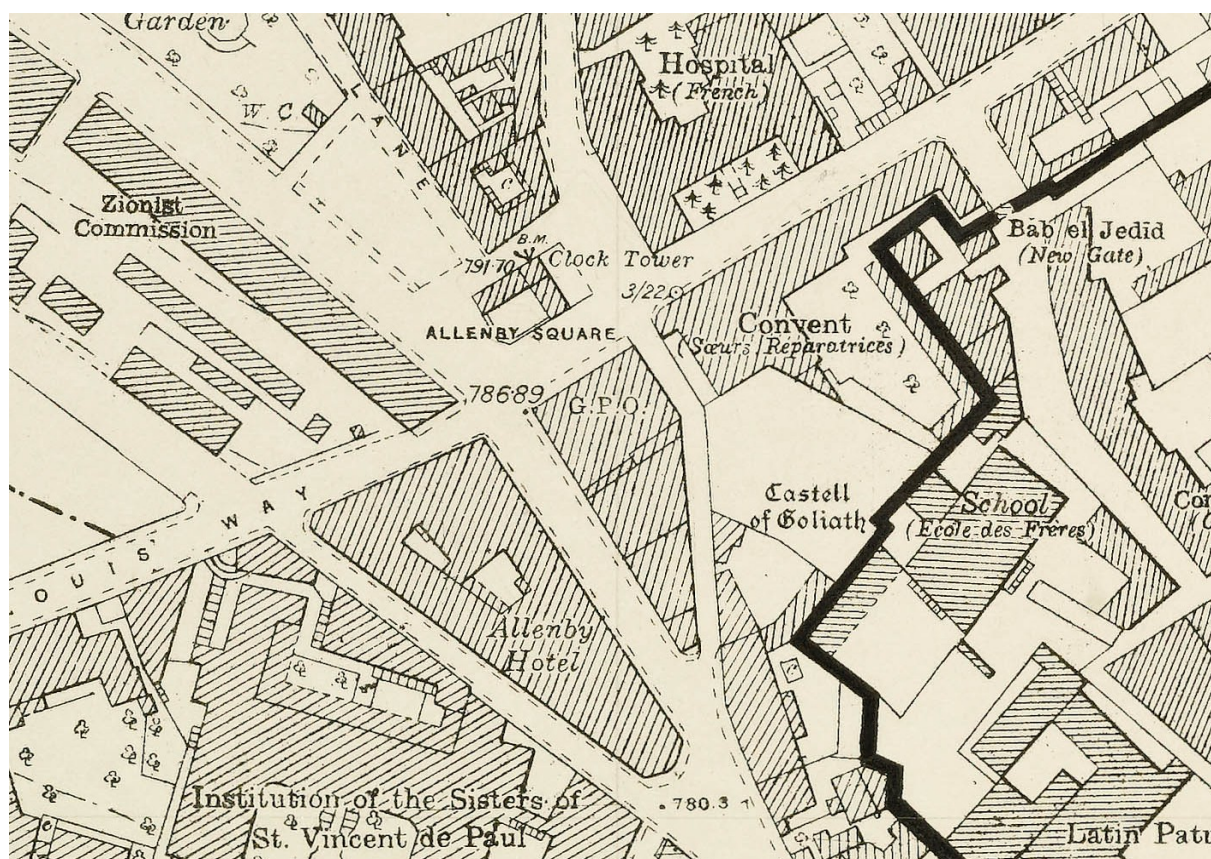


Fig. 7: Detail from sheet VI-E of "Jerusalem Plan 1:2,000" (Survey of Palestine, 1927).

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- Fig. 1: American Colony (Jerusalem) Photo Dept.: *Pal. [i.e., Palestine] post office, Aug. 1920*. Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Division / G. Eric and Edith Matson Photograph Collection. LC-DIG-matpc-008808. Licence: public domain. Online: <http://www.loc.gov/pictures/item/mpc2005000945/PP/> (accessed 27.05.2015).
- Fig. 4: Survey of Egypt: *Jerusalem 1:11,000* ; [map]. Originally in: E.E.F. General Staff and Arab Bureau: *Military handbook on Palestine*. Cairo: Government Pr., 1917. 90 p. Licence: public domain. Online: https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Jerusalem_Reproduced_by_the_Survey_of_Egypt.jpg and http://web.nli.org.il/sites/NLI/English/digitalibrary/Pages/Viewer.aspx?presentorid=NLI_MAPS_JER&DocID=NNL_MAPS_JER003435788#FL7073986 (accessed 28.03.2019).
- Fig. 6: *הברון רוטשילד מתאכסן במלון קאמיניץ* ; [photograph, 1914]. In Wikipedia. Licence: public domain. Online: <https://he.wikipedia.org/wiki/%D7%A7%D7%95%D7%91%D7%A5:Kaminitz22.jpg> (accessed 29.03.2019).
- Fig. 7: Survey of Palestine: *Jerusalem 1:2,000* ; [map]. In: W. F. Albright Institute of Archaeological Research. Online: <http://www.aiar.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/25-27-6-E.pdf> (accessed 29.03.2019).

Two or three lines under the Mosque? Varieties of Palestine's First Registration Envelope

by Rolf Wernecke

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In the catalogue "Postal Stationery of the Palestine Mandate" by Arthur M. Hochheiser, published in 1984, you will find on page 23:

Typography die used on RE1 and 5 thru 21. Note. There are two lines under Mosque.

and:

Embossing die used on RE2–3–4. Note. There are three lines under Mosque.

The registered entires RE 2, RE 3, and RE 4 were printed in Palestine:¹

Records of the Crown Agents indicate that the die used for the stamps on RE2–3–4 was a duplicated 'electro' of the die used on RE1. This duplicated 'electro' was sent to Palestine and records indicate that it was destroyed on March 20, 1929.



Fig. 1: Two lines under the Mosque.
This picture is from RE 6.



Fig. 2: Three lines under the Mosque.
This picture is from RE 2.

When I was successful by eBay auction in late summer 2017 I got after a long wait RE 1. I was happy and when I first held it in my hands, I saw at a glance that there was something different to the information I had from the catalogue: My RE 1 had three lines under the Mosque!

¹ Hochheiser, 1984, p. 33, as per corrigendum.

First I wrote to Holy Land philatelic societies in England, USA, and France to come in contact with other philatelists who are interested in Mandate Stationery but without success. So I began to study old philatelic literature: I found articles by the famous Dr. Siegfried Ascher: "Entires of Israel and their Forerunners" in THE HOLY LAND PHILATELIST. In no. 9/10 (July/August 1955) and no. 12 (October 1955) you will find information about Palestine's the registered envelopes on pages 244 and 306, respectively.

Here is the section of the article pertaining to the clichés used (page 244):

It should be clear that during the production of envelope No. 1 in England, one cliché was cut from a postcard block and built into the printing block of the envelope. The ballpoint of the dome came within 1/10 mm of the upper edge and consequently a broad white margin appeared between the bottom line of the dome and the delicate lower lines of the frame. This irked the printer and he engraved under the line of the dome a third horizontal line. The same was done by the printing press in Jerusalem on both envelopes printed there (in reality three envelopes: RE 2–3–4). But the printers in Jerusalem made their own engraving since the added line is different, as is also the shading of the Dome. [...]

Both Arthur M. Hochheiser and Dr. Siegfried Ascher were renowned philatelists, so I presume they did know about each others philatelic activities. Both are right but incomplete. So the conclusion is that RE 1 exists with both two lines and three lines. But this is not the end of the adventure!

In autumn 2018 I had a second chance to get a further RE 1 from eBay, I failed: I was only the second placed bidder. But I was successful with other registered envelopes offered. When I received them I was surprised because the sender had sent envelope RE 1 instead of the envelope RE 16 I actually won. This envelope had an imprinted stamp with three lines too. But here this 'third line' is different. After I had made a copy of the envelope and stamp, I returned it to the sender.

The two 'third lines' of RE 1



Fig. 3: This first 'third line' is a little slanted to the left.



Fig. 4: The second 'third line' is straight with a little point in the centre of the line.

So the conclusion is that RE 1 exists in a version with two lines and in two versions with tree lines:

- RE 1 – 1 Two lines under the mosque (I have never seen this).
- RE 1 – 2a Three lines under the mosque. The third line is slanted to the left.
- RE 1 – 2b Three lines under the mosque. The third line is straight.

Three variations of RE 1, how could it happen?

After the first prints of RE 1, the printer was not satisfied with the result. He observed too much blank space between the mosque and the two lines, so he created a third line to cover the space. But this third line was a little slanted, so he created a new straight line. Another explanation: there were two printing dies, one with the slanted line, one with the straight line. Who knows?



Fig. 5: Front side of envelope RE 1.

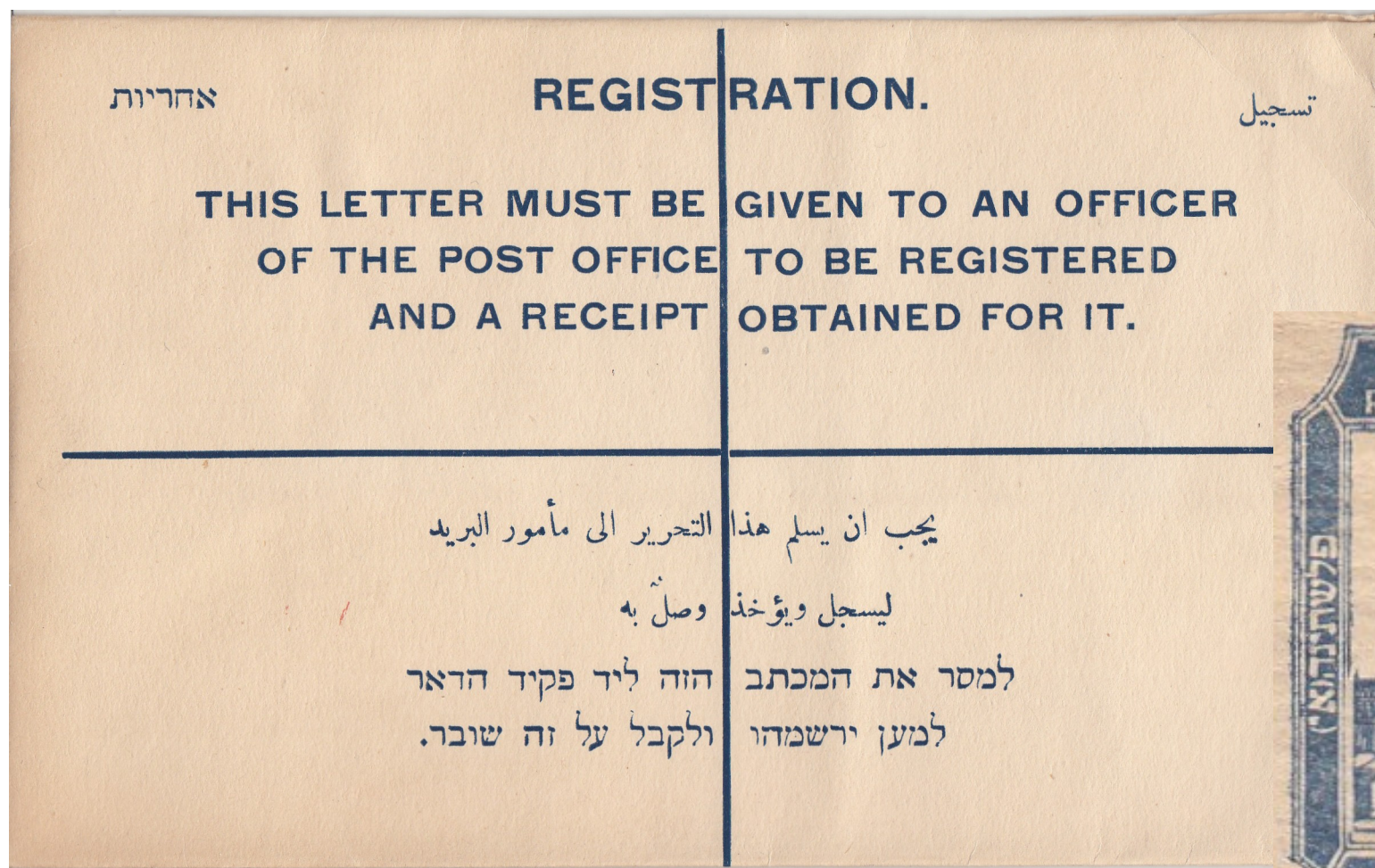


Fig. 5a (top): Backside of envelope RE 1.

Fig. 5b (right): enlarged imprinted stamp with three lines.

Research Appeal: The International Reply Coupons of Syria and Lebanon

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Following the exploration of the Reply Coupons of the Arab Postal Union in MEPB 8,¹ the outline of Jordanian IRCs in MEPB 9,² and the subsequent study published in MEPB 10,³ attention is now directed to Syria and Lebanon. Wolfgang Leimenstoll, Hålfdan Helgason, and Tobias Zywiets are now in the process of preparing lists of all known Syrian and Lebanese IRCs in view of publishing three articles on the reply coupons used in Syria and Lebanon under French Mandate, Syria after independence, and Lebanon after independence.

To complement our own lists and material we appeal to collectors to send us information and further examples, ideally as images.



- 1 Hålfdan Helgason, and Tobias Zywiets: *The Reply Coupons of the Arab Postal Union*. In: MEPB, no. 9, 2018, pp. 82–93.
- 2 *The Reply Coupons of Jordan : a research request*. In: MEPB, no. 10, 2018, pp. 60–62.
- 3 *The Reply Coupons of Jordan II* / contributed by Hålfdan Helgason, Avo Kaplanian, Wolfgang Leimenstoll, and Bernd-Dieter Buscke. In: MEPB, no. 11, 2019, pp. 60–97.

Levantine Discord: The Rejection of the First Stamps of Hatay by Syria and Lebanon

by Wolfgang Elsner¹

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The Michel catalogue² notes this with the first stamp edition of Hatay:

*Nos. 1–10 were not recognised by the French Commissariat in Beirut. Postal packets that were franked with these stamps were subject to taxation in Greater Lebanon and Syria.*³

The two covers presented below (figs. 2 and 3) prove the accuracy of the Michel statement; nevertheless, the question of ‘why’ remains unanswered. Because literature on postal history does not offer an answer, one has to consult history books and try to analyse the murky waters of Levant politics of France, Syria, Lebanon, and Turkey for any postal relevance.⁴

The answer found would perhaps not stand up in court as a legally convincing argument since there is no primary documentation, namely an order by the Syrian, Lebanese, or French authorities not to recognise the Hatay stamps. Nevertheless, the logic of the measures can now be understood.

Outline of Historical Developments

The First World War led to the collapse of the Ottoman Empire and its partition amongst the victorious powers. Based on article 22, para. 4, of the *Statute of the League of Nations*, the Allies gave France the mandate for Syria and Lebanon on 28th April 1920. The Council of the League of Nations approved the mandate on 24th July 1922.⁵

The decision to grant the mandate contains two clauses relevant to our subject. Firstly, in its preamble, it calls for a precise demarcation of the border between the remainder of Turkey and Syria. This was determined by the Treaty of Lausanne, which was signed on the day of the League of Nations vote, i.e. on 24th July 1924.⁶ In addition to the demarcation of the border, the treaty included an agreement reached in Ankara on 20th October 1921 between the French diplomat Henry Franklin-Bouillon (pictured)⁷ and Mustafa Kemal Atatürk (the so-called *Franklin-Bouillon Agreement* or *Treaty of Ankara*)⁸ and this was enshrined in law.



1 Translated by Tobias Zywiets. This is a revised version based partly on two articles published in *Türkei-Spiegel* in 2003/2004.

2 Michel Europe, vol. 4, 2016, pp. 1117.

3 The same should apply to the overprint variants of nos. 11–13.

4 Cf. in particular the following treatises, which contain further references: Hourani, 1946; Khadduri, pp. 406–425; Longrigg, 1958; Sanyian, 1956, pp. 379–394; Picard, 1983, pp. 47–69; Kinross, 1964.

5 Complete text in Longrigg, 1958, pp. 376–380.

6 It entered into force under international law on 6.08.1924.

7 Henry Franklin-Bouillon, 3.09.1870–12.09.1937. Source of photograph: *File:Henry Franklin-Bouillon-1917.jpg*. In: Wikimedia Commons. Online: https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Henry_Franklin-Bouillon-1917.jpg (accessed 6.04.2019). Licence: Public domain.

8 Cf. complete text starting on p. 67.

Article 8 expressly states that the Sanjak⁹ of Alexandretta with the capital of the same name (today İskenderun) will belong to Syria. Article 7 deserves to be reproduced verbatim:

*A special administrative regime shall be established for the district of Alexandretta. The Turkish inhabitants of this district shall enjoy every facility for their cultural development. The Turkish language shall have official recognition.*¹⁰

Secondly, the decision to grant the mandate obliges France in particular to ensure that no part of the mandated territory is ceded, leased, or otherwise placed under the control of another state: France guarantees the territorial integrity of the mandated territory (cf. Article 4). France initially adhered strictly to its obligation under international law and left no doubt as to Alexandretta's affiliation with Syria. Alexandretta was treated as a special administrative area and was, of course, directly governed by the mandate administration.

Under a calm surface, however, the dissatisfaction in Turkey about the loss of the province smouldered, as large parts of its population consisted of Turks. Even if their situation left nothing to be desired under the mandate administration, their future would have been uncertain after the end of the mandate. When in 1936 a Franco-Syrian treaty intended to lead Syria to independence (the treaty never came into force because it was not ratified by France), Turkey sounded the alarm. Mustafa Kemal did not and could not allow the Turkish part of Alexandretta's population to become a small minority in Syria as a whole and run the risk of losing the special status guaranteed by the mandate. The League of Nations, after tough negotiations, proposed in 1937 a solution based on a high degree of autonomy for Alexandretta, but within the Syrian state. France and Turkey accepted this proposal, which was then approved by the Council of the League of Nations on 29th May 1938. Syria, however, protested vehemently, albeit powerless, against these developments.

Meanwhile, the situation in Alexandretta developed entirely in Turkey's interest: after a long back and forth and under Turkish influence, the electoral registers showed a Turkish majority amongst the population, and limited Turkish military units were allowed to move in to ensure peace and order in concert with the mandated power, while the political elite of the mandated power had to consider the global political situation due to the developments in Central Europe, rather than the regional politics of the Levantine region. On 4th July 1938, France and Turkey signed a treaty of friendship, to which France attached great importance, since it believed – rightly, as was to become apparent later – that it had assured itself of Turkey's support or at least of its neutrality in the event of the seemingly almost certain armed conflict in Europe.

The next developments seem like tumbling dominoes: Elections in Alexandretta lead to an overwhelming victory for the Turkish part of the population; negotiations for a Franco-Syrian-Turkish agreement come to nothing; the new provincial parliament renames the province of Alexandretta into "Republic of Hatay" (2nd September 1938) and introduces new laws on taxation, police, jurisdiction, and local administration. As last steps follow the introduction of the Turkish currency (January 1939); the election of Hatay's president and head of government to the Turkish Chamber of Deputies in Ankara (March 1939) and dissolution of the regional parliament. On 29th July 1939, Alexandretta was formally incorporated into Turkey following the conclusion of an agreement between France and Turkey.

Turkish power politics had met French "Realpolitik". Hardly anyone could deny the violation of international law by this process: France, the power bestowed with the mandate, could not agree to the cession, only the League of Nations was vested with this power.

9 Otoman province. French: sandjak, English: sanjak, German: Sandschak, Turkish: sancak, Arabic: سنجاق (sangʿaq) or لواء (liwā').

10 Original French text: "Un régime administratif spécial sera institué pour la région d'Alexandrette. Les habitants de race turque de cette région jouiront de toutes les facilités pour le développement de leur culture. La langue turque y aura le caractère officiel."

The Postal War

Why, however, were stamps overprinted for Hatay not recognised in Syria and postal items subjected to tax?

The answer seems clear: Syria in all its impotence rejected these developments in its province Alexandretta as well as France's complicity in them, and of course the proclamation of the Republic of Hatay. Therefore Syria had to regard stamps with the overprint "HATAY DEVLETİ" (Hatay State, pictured) in Turkish currency as postal and political provocation, and nothing would have been more obvious than to punish this with the non-recognition of these stamps.



But such an answer is not correct.

In contrast to, for example, the United Kingdom's practice in neighbouring Iraq, France exercised its League of Nations mandate very extensively and as far as possible without devolving any tasks to local authorities. It had established a complete horizontal and vertical system, which reserved to the mandate power any administrative and especially any political decision. The Syrian administration, even the so-called Syrian President, the Prime Minister and ministers, did not have the slightest authority. Even the Department of Posts & Telegraphs was subordinate to the High Commissariat in Beirut.¹¹ One can believe the French representative in the corresponding League of Nations Mandates Commission, M. de Caix,¹² when he expressly pointed out the impossibility that any decision in Syria could be taken without French consent.¹³

The reasoning behind the non-recognition of the first Hatay stamps must therefore be sought with the French Mandate power. At first sight this may sound surprising. Although history books only exceptionally speak of almost friendly negotiations between France and Turkey,¹⁴ they generally do not, however, mention serious disputes between the two parties, not even during the decisive phase. That is the time the two postal packets I am showing were handled by the post. One has to find some very detailed description of the events,¹⁵ and only that lead me to a reasonable explanation.

The political developments described above undoubtedly lead in the direction of an annexation by Turkey: At that time, annexations became more frequent in Europe, and France's concerns focused on increasingly ruthless states such as Germany and Italy. So what came more natural than to assure oneself of the good will of Kemal Atatürk, whose days were (already visibly) numbered,¹⁶ and that of his successor İsmet İnönü,¹⁷ and to surrender a piece of land that France would sooner or later surrender anyway, i.e. when the mandate expired.

France's *amour propre* for Syria had long since vanished. So, in January 1939 the French ambassador in Ankara was instructed by his government in Paris to conduct negotiations with the aim of handing over Alexandretta to Turkey. But – and this is where the problem begins – France wanted to impose in these negotiations some conditions typical to her conception of France's own ongoing role in the Levant: in particular an established and privileged role for French charitable organisations in Hatay, such as educational institutions, hospitals, ecclesiastical institutions, and mission houses.

11 The French High Commission in Beirut was responsible for both Lebanon and Syria.

12 Robert de Caix de Saint-Aymour, 5.02.1869–12.03.1970.

13 Cf. Longrigg, p. 114, footnote 1.

14 Cf. Kinross, pp. 492–493.

15 Cf. Longrigg, pp. 238–243.

16 He died on 10.11.1938.

17 Turkey had been granted full and sole sovereignty over the Bosphorus (Bosphorus or İstanbul Boğazı), i.e. the militarily important access to the Black Sea, by the Montreux Convention of 1936.



Figs. 3 and 3a: Letter of 28.02.1939 from Antioch/Hatay franked with 2×2½ kuruş Hatay provisional over-prints to Lattakia/Syria. Due to non-recognition of the stamps, a tax of 10 piastres was imposed by Syrian postage-due stamps (on the back of the letter).



Figs. 4 and 4a: Letter of 26.02.1939 from Alexandretta/Hatay franked with 5 kuruş Hatay provisional overprints to Beirut/Lebanon. Due to non-recognition of the stamps, a tax of 10 piastres was imposed by Lebanese postage-due stamps (on the back of the letter).

Turkey was not prepared to accept these demands and the negotiations threatened to fail. While Turkey underpinned its demands with military manoeuvres in Hatay and troop deployments to the border, France stationed a warship off the coast. But then the two parties finally reached an agreement. On 23rd June 1939 a Franco-Turkish declaration of mutual assistance was issued in Paris, and on the same day representatives of both countries signed an agreement in Ankara on the final transfer of Alexandretta/Hatay to Turkey. France withdrew its troops from the province during July. On 29th July 1939 Hatay became a Turkish province.

Without waiting for the outcome of the negotiations, the Hatay administration introduced the Turkish currency. Syrian Mandate stamps with the overprint “Sandjak d’Alexandrette” (in French language and in Syrian currency of course) had been issued only in April 1938 by the French Mandate administration. These were replaced in early 1939 by provisional stamps with the overprint “HATAY DEVLETİ” on Turkish stamps and in Turkish currency. This process was clearly illegal, as a single currency had been contractually agreed for Syria and its province Alexandretta. At the time when negotiations came to a head at the beginning of 1939, mail franked with Turkish stamps, albeit overprinted, and in Turkish currency, sent from a post office under French mandate (by international law) must have appeared as a provocation to the French High Commission. In effect Turkey had indicated that it was already very close to its negotiating goal without thinking of concessions to France.

The non-recognition of the Hatay overprint stamps already fits into the overall development of the first months of 1939: if France did not want to or could not intervene militarily against Turkish provocations, then such postal “pin pricks” should underline France’s position under international law. What’s more, this connection also explains why France did not object to the series of Hatay stamps (MiNr. 14–26) issued in Turkish currency on 22nd June 1939: this could have been even more provocative because of the depiction of the new map and the Hatay flag, which resembled the Turkish flag closely. On the day after the issue, i.e. on 23rd June 1939, France and Turkey agreed on the final cession of the Syrian Province of Alexandretta. Overnight, these stamps had lost their provocative character, as had the following issue on Hatay’s reincorporation into Turkey (MiNr. 27–39), which plainly celebrated the Turko-French agreement that was finally reached.

And why were the first Hatay stamps not recognised by Lebanon?

Lebanon was also under French mandate. France worked from the beginning of the mandate towards a separation of Lebanon from Syria as a whole: this process was well advanced in 1939. Although Lebanon was always given preferential treatment by France for a variety of reasons, the complete political and administrative control that characterised France’s mandate in Syria was equally applied to Lebanon. Although the Alexandretta dispute was of no significance for the future demarcation of Lebanon, French interests were as affected in Lebanon as they were in Syria. The date of the Hatay cover to Lebanon shown (figs. 3), on which a tax was levied there, falls into the same period of political and military insecurity as the letter to Syria. Here, too, reason enough for France to fly the postal flag.

Acknowledgements

This is a revision based on two contributions by the author, which appeared under the title *Die Nichtanerkennung der Hatay-Marken in Syrien und im Libanon* (The non-recognition of the Hatay stamps in Syria and Lebanon) in *Türkei-Spiegel*, the bulletin of the German Arbeitsgemeinschaft Osmanisches Reich/Türkei, in 2003 and 2004.¹⁸

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¹⁸ *Türkei-Spiegel*, no. 63, 2003, pp. 17–20, and no. 69, 2004, pp. 8–14.

Covers from the Sanjak of Alexandretta during the Crisis of 1938/1939

contributed by Chaker Areksoussi, 'Liban Phil,' 'Ruud van Nistelrooy,' et al.

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The following is a selection of Facebook posts in the group “هواة الطوابع السورية – The Syrian Philately” in September 2018. The first posting on the subject, by Chaker Areksoussi, took up a cover shown by ‘Ruud van Nistelrooy’¹ at the Aleppo branch of the Syrian Philatelic Club on 11.09.2018. Areksoussi gave his view on the cover and explained the political circumstances. Within a short while several Facebook members added more information and images of covers.

The sequence of posts is preserved, though necessary amendments have been made in collaboration with contributors.



Fig. 1: Cover sent from the Alexandretta branch manager of the Latakia branch of the Khedivial Mail Steamship and Graving Dock Cy. Ltd. The company envelope features a one-line handstamp and a circular company cachet of The Pharaonic Mail Line.

¹ Pseudonyms.



Fig. 1a: The cover's reverse showing the arrival mark of Lattakia: 29.03.1939.

Chaker Areksoussi

This is my personal point of view on the Alexandretta cover posted by Ruud van Nistelrooy on the Aleppo club page on 11th September 2018. Alexandretta is located in the north west of Syria. It was a part of Aleppo Vilayet (province) and the city of Alexandretta was the sea port of Aleppo.

The cover was sent from Alexandretta on 27.03.1939 and reached Latakia on 29.03.1939. It is franked with six postage stamps:

- three copies of Syrian stamps overprinted with “Sandjak d’Alexandrette” and a frame and the date of death of President Atatürk “10-11-38” (respecting the Turkish minority feelings in the province)
- three Turkish stamps overprinted “Hatay Devleti”

The postage fee was therefore paid to both the Syrian and Turkish postal authorities.

This cover was sent in the period between the first Franco-Turkish treaty of 4.07.1938, and the second treaty of 23.06.1939: The first Franco-Turkish treaty was signed on the eve of WW2. It states that Turkish troops can enter Alexandretta, and in return Turkey would not ally itself with Germany. The second Franco-Turkish treaty states Turkey's conditions in order not to ally with Germany, the most important one was for Alexandretta province to be annexed to Turkey.

At that time, the Franco-Turkish agreement stated the recognition of the independence of the İskenderun (Alexandretta) province and the superiority of the Turkish element in it. It was agreed this treaty would be kept secret until a referendum was held to bring this agreement out. The result

of the referendum was manipulated and Alexandretta was annexed to Turkey. An independent republic with Turkish majority was established. It was called Hatay and named Antioch as its capital.



Fig. 2:

Divide & rule –
French style.²

As the Mandate protocol forbid France's concession of Syrian territory to another state; therefore, the League of Nations was the instrument used to endorse the agreement and it did so on 20th September 1938. The Turkish army occupied Alexandretta on the 5th and 6th of July 1938 with the help of the French authorities.

The Syrian government did not recognise the detachment of Alexandretta province nor its annexation to Turkey. The postal service between Alexandretta and Syria stopped. The mail was transported by means of indirect routes, which were not interpreted as a confession of the province's seizure, including the manner in which this cover was sent from Alexandretta to Latakia using a ship. No evidence of rental of the ship by the postal services is shown.

The Khedivial Mail Line

The Khedivial Mail Line was founded in 1870. The Post Offices of Alexandretta and Latakia opened on 14th July 1870 and finally closed their doors on 1st February 1872.

With the beginning of the British occupation of Egypt in late 1882, all Egyptian Navy (civilian and military) was eliminated. The Pharaonic Mail Line and its vessels were sold to British investors. A few ships were left to guard the Egyptian coast and only some to transport Egyptian mail. The post offices of the Egyptian Post were closed in the rest of the Ottoman ports and transferred to the Ottoman authorities.

After the First World War, the transfer of mail was transferred to the Postal Governmental Authorities of the countries that emerged after the disintegration of the Ottoman Empire. Therefore, this cover, including the writing and seals, does not mean the existence of a regular postal service by the Ships of the newly reactivated company "The Kedival Mail Line".

In 1936, Abboud Pasha (an Egyptian businessman) bought the Pharaonic Mail Line company which owned only three ships. He chose Alexandria as its headquarters. He added three more ships and restored its original name Khedivial Mail Line. Its services were limited to transporting passengers and goods between Mediterranean cities and the United States. In 1961, the five Egyptian shipping companies were nationalised and grouped into one company: the Arab Shipping Company.

² Source of map: 'Don-kun', 'TUBS', 'NordNordWest': *French Mandate for Syria and the Lebanon map en.svg*. In: Wikimedia. Licence: [Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/) license. Online: https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:French_Mandate_for_Syria_and_the_Lebanon_map_en.svg (accessed 6.04.2019).

Liban Phil

This is a nice cover. Looking at the franking, it is franked a total of 12 p with overprinted Syrian stamps and 8 p with overprinted Turkish stamps. The rate of U.P.U. mail at the time was, I believe, 12.5 p for the first weight increment and 7.5 p for each additional increment. So, this letter is franked as a double weight U.P.U. letter with a combination of Syrian and Turkish stamps that were accepted by the postal authorities in İskenderun.

As I will show in a separate posting, the French authorities treated mail from Hatay at the time as internal mail and did not acknowledge Turkish stamps. So, for this cover, only the Syrian stamps count as franking, but the letter is treated as internal mail. The internal rate in Syria at the time was 5 p for first weight increment and 3 p for the second weight increment, so this letter has enough franking with Syrian stamps to be accepted as internal mail. I think this letter went through the normal mail.

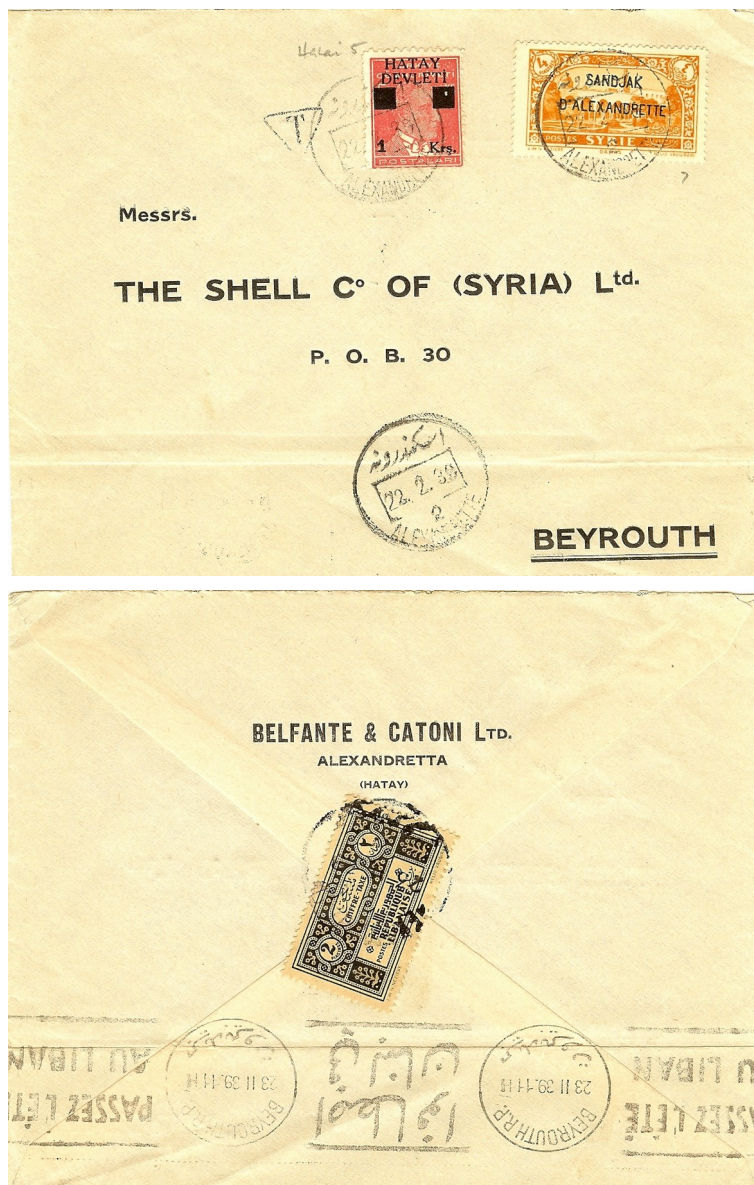


Figs. 3 and 3a:

Here is a cover franked 12.5 p from Hatay to Beirut.

12.5 p was the U.P.U. rate and the cover was accepted in İskenderun but not in Beirut where it was taxed the double deficiency of 10 p which confirms that it was treated as internal French community mail:³

³ Source: Goanvic, 2018. Online: http://www.histoire-et-philatelie.fr/pages/005_decolonisation/0100_1936-1946_p-1_1936-1939.html (accessed 1.05.2019).



Figs. 4 and 4a:

Here is a cover franked 5 p at the internal French community rate with two stamps: a 4 p Syrian stamp and a 1 p Turkish stamp.

In Beirut the Turkish stamp was not accepted and the cover was taxed double deficiency $2 \times 1 \text{ p} = 2 \text{ p}$.⁴

Jad Moussalli

Belfante and Catoni – One of the important Levantine families in Alexandretta! Eugène Catoni had married Victoria Sader, and Joseph Belfante had married her sister Brigitte Emily Sader (both are cousins of my grandmother Olga Sader).

Chaker Areksoussi

As so far no-one has responded to the comments of our friend Liban Phil, I would like to state the following: In these comments, Liban Phil confused the positions of the Syrian and Lebanese authorities with the removal of the Alexandretta province and its annexation to Turkey. Syria was heading towards full independence after the signing of the 1936 Treaty.⁵ And after the election of President Hashem al-Atasi⁶ on 21.12.1936 as President of the Syrian Republic and the appointment

⁴ Source: Goanvic, 2018. Online: http://www.histoire-et-philatelie.fr/pages/005_decolonisation/0100_1936-1946_p-1_1936-1939.html (accessed 1.05.2019).

⁵ The French-Syrian Treaty was signed on 19.09.1936, approved by the Syrian Parliament on 22.12.1936 and subsequently not approved by the French Parliament.

⁶ Hashim Khalid al-Atassi (1960–1875, هاشم خالد الأتاسي), Prime Minister: 3.05.1920–28.07.1920 and 17.08.1949 –

of Jamil Mardam as the head of the government representing the National Bloc (a political gathering of leaders of the national movement for a complete independence) until 18.02.1939.

So all the events described in the posts took place under the rule of a nationalistic government that completely refused to recognise the detachment of the Alexandretta province and its annexation to Turkey. Meanwhile the French mandate authority in Lebanon had a different policy. The Syrian government's position on the non-recognition of the so-called "Hatay State" resulted in a lack of postal exchange with it, whereas this was not the case in Lebanon, as it appears from the envelopes presented above.

Liban Phil

Thank you for your follow-up. I think the situation was the same in Lebanon and Syria as far as the Hatay stamps are concerned. The cover you show has a receiving cancel in Lattakia which means that it was handled by the postal system in Syria. Here is another cover I found online that supports this explanation: I do not know why 2.5 p was collected, though.



Figs. 5 and 5a:

Syrian 4 p envelope overprinted "SANDJAK / D'ALEXANDRETTE" (issued 16.04.1938).⁷



24.12.1949, President: 21.12.1936–7.07.1939, December 1949–24.12.1951, and 1.03.1954–6.09.1955.

⁷ Source: Goanvic, 2018. Online: http://www.histoire-et-philatelie.fr/pages/005_decolonisation/0100_1936-1946_p-1_1936-1939.html (accessed 1.05.2019).

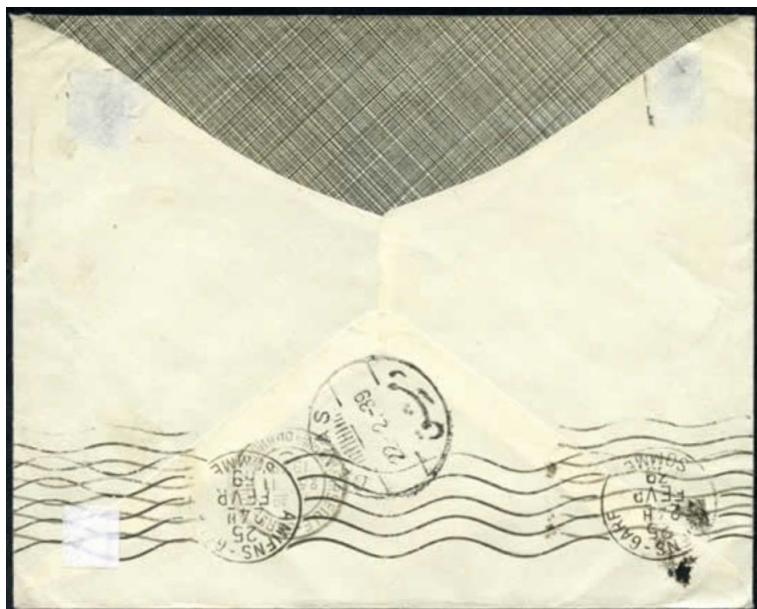
Ruud van Nistelrooy

I agree to the opinion of Liban Phil, too. Although the Syrian government refused to recognise the Turkish occupation, knowing France was the *de facto* ruler of the Syrian state, France could force its agenda. The following envelope (from the internet) was sent from İskenderun (Alexandretta) 21.02.1939 via Damascus 22.02.1939 to France.

If the Syrian Post refused to deal with the incoming mail from Alexandretta, the envelope would have been sent through Turkey and not Syria (this is my personal opinion since my information on the date of the Syrian stamps is very shallow and very few).



Figs. 6 and 6a:
Cover sent from İskenderun
(Alexandretta) 21.02.1939 via
Damascus 22.02.1939 to France.



Addressee: Stramp catalogue
publishers Yvert & Tellier, Amiens.⁸

⁸ Source: Goanvic, 2018. Online: http://www.histoire-et-philatelie.fr/pages/005_decolonisation/0100_1936-1946_p-1_1936-1939.html (accessed 1.05.2019).

Chaker Areksoussi

As described above, the government of Jamil Mardam (representing the National Bloc) resigned on 18.02.1939. An alternative government could not be formed because of the intensification of protests against the French authority. On 20.03.1939, the French delegate de Hauteclocque⁹ announced that he had been temporarily handed over the authority over Syria by order of the French High Commissioner. President Atassi resigned on 7.07.1939 and the Second World War broke out at 1.09.1939. Accordingly, the two covers presented above support my point of view: their cancellation date prove that they were accepted during the French delegate authority who contributed to the division of Alexandretta after the resignation of the national government on 18.02.1939.

Ruud van Nistelrooy



Figs. 7 and 7a:

This envelope was sent from Iskenderun and arrived in Aleppo on the same day 9.02.1939, nine days before the resignation of the government.

Do you think that the previous interpretation applies to this envelope?



Chaker Areksoussi

Maybe, say maybe, this is because there is no indication on this cover of any reference to the state of Hatay. The stamps are just Syrian and the postage cancel is also Syrian.

⁹ Jean de Hauteclocque (11.02.1893–27.09.1957), attached French High Commission of the Levant, 1937–1940, Secretary General of the French High Commission of the Levant, 1940–1941.

Liban Phil

I went back and looked for more scans online as well as old images I have from various sources. I was able to find a few more covers. To summarise the information, I include all the covers in the attached image.¹⁰ Next to each cover I give, if available, the date at which the cover left Alexandretta and the date it was handled by the postal service in Syria or Lebanon.



10.02.1939
not taxed¹¹



16.02.1939 → 17.02.1939
not taxed¹²



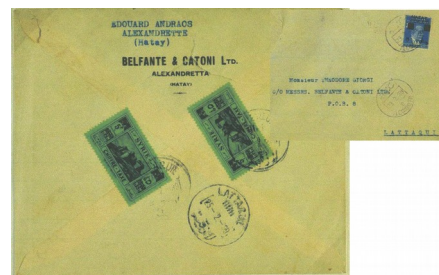
20.02.1939 → ???
taxed (French Community rate)¹³



21.02.1939 → 22.02.1939
not taxed (Damas Transit)¹⁴



22.02.1939 → 23.02.1939
taxed (French Community rate)¹⁵



23.02.1939 → 25.02.1939
taxed (French Community rate)¹⁶



24.02.1939 → 26.02.1939
taxed (French Community rate)¹⁷



11.03.1939 → 15.03.1939
taxed (French Community rate)¹⁸



13.03.1939 → 14.03.1939
taxed (UPU rate)¹⁹

¹⁰ Image reconstituted in figs. 8a–8m below.

¹¹ Source: Liban Phil. Also shown by Goanvic, 2018 (credited to “Coll. Privée” = private collection).

¹² Source: Liban Phil; original source: unknown “old scan from a dealer”.

¹³ Source: Liban Phil. Also shown by Goanvic, 2018 (credited to “Coll. Privée” = private collection).

¹⁴ Source: Liban Phil; original source: Goanvic, 2018.

¹⁵ Source: Liban Phil; original source: Goanvic, 2018.

¹⁶ Source: ex Peter Smith collection, auctioned by Corinphila in 2016.

¹⁷ Source: Liban Phil. Also shown by Goanvic, 2018 (credited to “Coll. Privée” = private collection).

¹⁸ Source: Liban Phil; original source: Goanvic, 2018.

¹⁹ Source: Liban Phil; original source: Goanvic, 2018.



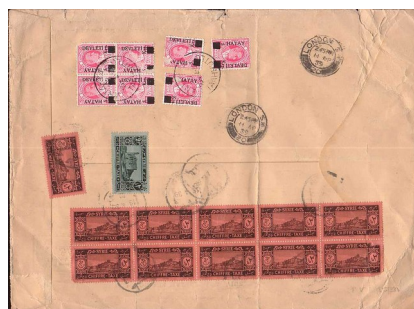
15.03.1939 → ? 03.1939
taxed (French Community rate)?²⁰



27.03.1939 → 29.03.1939
not taxed²¹



??.1939
taxed (UPU rate)²²



late March 1939 – Early April 1939²³

It seems that in the beginning, before the resignation of the Government of Mardam Bey, Hatay stamps were accepted both in Lebanon and Syria. After the resignation, all the postal evidence that I have seen indicates that postal relations continued in February and March but that Hatay stamps were no longer recognised in Syria and Lebanon.

All the covers taxed in Lebanon were taxed at the French community rate but a couple of covers taxed in Syria were taxed at the U.P.U. rate, which is strange: as if Syria recognised that Alexandretta is a foreign country (part of Turkey)! This inconsistency could have been due to the confusion of the situation. I was not able to find covers that are clearly after March 1939.

Chaker Areksoussi told us that “*The Syrian government’s position on the non-recognition of the so-called ‘Hatay State’ resulted in a lack of postal exchange with it [...]*”. It is not clear to me when this stoppage of postal relations occurred. The postal evidence tells us that this did not occur before the end of March 1939, but I assume that such a decision to stop postal relations should be made by an official decree. I would appreciate any reference to such a decree.

Sources and Literature

- ‘المنشور رقم (32) من قصص المغلفات’. Postings by Chaker Areksoussi and further comments and contributions by Liban Phil, Adel Al-Sarraf, Ruud van Nistelrooy, Jad Moussalli, et al. 14.09.2018. In: Facebook. Online: <https://www.facebook.com/groups/1672402369662128/permalink/2209075042661522/>.
- Goanvic, Jean: *L’empire colonial français 1936–1946 : les débuts de la décolonisation ; 1936–1939*. 6.02.2018. In: La Philatélie, Témoin de l’Histoire. Online: http://www.histoire-et-philatelie.fr/pages/005_decolonisation/0100_1936-1946_p-1_1936-1939.html (accessed 1.05.2019).

20 Source: Goanvic, 2018 (credited to “Coll. Privée” = private collection).

21 Source: Ruud van Nistelrooy.

22 Source: unknown (internet). I could not find a scan of the other side.

23 Source: unknown (eBay).

The Stamps of Alexandretta and Hatay amidst the Conflict

by Tobias Zywietz with material from BalkanPhila, 'Liban Phil,' et al.

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The postal affairs are regulated by article 54 of the Statute of the Sanjak of Alexandretta as concluded between France and Turkey through the League of Nations on 29.05.1937:¹

XIV. Posts and Telecommunications.

Article 54. — As regards postal and telecommunication services, the postal administrations of Syria and the Sanjak shall conclude an agreement for the provision of a uniform service. In the event of differences of opinion with regard to the conclusion of such an agreement, the matter shall be referred to the two Governments.

The Sanjak shall be entitled to issue postage stamps for its own internal use. For the purposes of the international service, the Sanjak shall continue to form part of the Syrian Administration until such time as it shall exercise its right to apply for, and shall obtain, separate admission to the Postal Union and to the Telecommunications Union.

As to the agreement between the postal administrations stipulated in the first paragraph to ensure a “uniform service”: I have not seen any further reference to this in official publications, like the BULLETIN OFFICIEL, so one has to assume that such an agreement was never concluded.

Paragraph two gives the Sanjak's authorities the right to issue postage stamps for internal use only, international postal relations continue solely through the Syrian postal administration, i.e. only Syrian stamps could be used and only at Syrian postage rates. I have no information whether the Sanjak's authorities ever applied for or were granted U.P.U. membership.²

Catalogues list these stamp issues:

Date of Issue	Official Order	Type	Values	Surcharge	Stamps Surcharged
16.04.1938	15.03.1938	Postage	8	SANDJAK / D'ALEXANDRETTE	Syria
16.04.1938	15.03.1938	Airmail	8	SANDJAK / D'ALEXANDRETTE	Syria
16.04.1938	15.03.1938	Postage Due	6	SANDJAK / D'ALEXANDRETTE	Syria
16.04.1938	15.03.1938	Entires	3	SANDJAK / D'ALEXANDRETTE	Syria
? .09.1938	26.08.1938	Postage	3	Sanjak / d'Alexandrette ³	Syria
? .11.1938	—	Postage	5	10 – 11 – 1938 ⁴	Syria
? .01.1939	—	Postage	10	HATAY / DEVLETİ ⁵	Turkey

1 Cf. p. 89. Full text of the statutes is reproduced below on p. 79.

2 Goanvic, 2018, states that in April 1939 France applied to the U.P.U. on behalf of the new state, but I have not seen any evidence or confirmation elsewhere.

3 0.75 p only; the 2.50 p and the 12.50 p stamps have additionally the new value surcharges and the old value obliterated, and the 12.50 p value has in addition the word “POSTE AERIENNE” obliterated by “POSTE”.

4 Commemorating the death of the Turkish President Mustafa Kemal Atatürk (1881–10.11.1938).

Date of Issue	Official Order	Type	Values	Surcharge	Stamps Surcharged
?.?.1939	–	Postage	4	HATAY / DEVLETİ ⁶	Turkey
?.?.1939	–	Postage	1	HATAY / DEVLETİ	Turkey
22.06.1939 ⁷	–	Postage	13	–	–
?.?.1939 ⁸	–	Postage Due	4	–	–
22.07.1939	–	Postage	13	T.C. / ilhak tarihi / 30-6-1939 ⁹	Hatay
?.?.1939 ¹⁰	–	Postage Due	4	T.C. / ilhak tarihi / 30-6-1939	Hatay

The Overprints¹¹

The “Sandjak d’Alexandrette” overprints on Syrian stamps were ordered by the French High Commissariat in Beirut. The date of issue was to be set by the Director of Posts and Telegraphs of the Sanjak of Alexandretta and Syrian stamps would become devalued one month after the issue date. The Secretary General and the Inspector General of Syrian Posts and Telegraphs were in charge of executing the Order.

Having taken over effective military and civil control of the Sanjak in Summer 1938, the “Hatay Devleti” overprints on Turkish stamps were executed on behalf of the new Turkish administration by state printers Damga Matbaası in İstanbul.¹² Step by step Turkish laws, regulations, and taxes were introduced, and by March 1939 Turkish postal rates came into force.¹³

Stamp Issue Order (15.03.1938)¹⁴

Arrêté No 31/LR du 15 mars 1938	Order No. 31/LR of 15th March 1938
<i>concernant l'émission de valeurs fiduciaires postales du Sandjak d'Alexandrette.</i>	<i>regarding the issuance of postage stamps for the Sanjak of Alexandretta.</i>
Le Haut Commissaire de la République Française.	The High Commissioner of the French Republic.
Vu les décrets du Président de la République Française en date des 23 novembre 1920 et 16 juillet 1933,	In view of the decrees of the President of the French Republic dated 23rd November 1920 and 16th July 1933;
Vu l'arrêté No 2836 du 19 octobre 1929 concernant la réorganisation des services postaux et télégraphiques des Etats du Levant sous Mandat français.	In view of order no. 2836 of 19th October 1929 concerning the reorganisation of the postal and telegraphic services of the Levant States under French Mandate.
arrête :	orders:
Art. 1er. — Les valeurs fiduciaires postales	Art. 1. — The postage stamp values intended for

5 Additional surcharge of the new value.

6 Additional surcharge of the new value.

7 İSFİLA catalogue: 11.07.1939.

8 İSFİLA catalogue: 11.07.1939.

9 “ilhak tarihi” = annexation, “T.C.” = Türkiye Cumhuriyeti (Republic of Turkey).

10 İSFİLA catalogue: 22.07.1939.

11 Cf. the two orders reproduced below.

12 According to the İSFİLA catalogue.

13 Arsuzi-Elamir, 2002, p. 189; cf. Wikipedia *Republik Hatay*.

14 Source: Bulletin Officiel [...] du Haut-Commissariat. Vol. 17, 1938, no. 6 (31.03.1938), pp. 75–77.

destinées à l'affranchissement des correspondances déposées dans le Sandjak d'Alexandrette seront provisoirement celles de la République Syrienne, énumérées ci-après, surchargées de la mention «Sandjak d'Alexandrette» en langue française.

Art. 2. — La surcharge dont il est question à l'article 1er ci-dessus sera obtenue par le moyen d'un cliché adapté aux dimensions des vignettes à surcharger.

Art. 3. — Les valeurs fiduciaires postales à surcharger, l'année de leur émission et la couleur de la surcharge seront les suivantes:

the franking of correspondence posted in the Sanjak of Alexandretta shall provisionally be those of the Syrian Republic, listed below, surcharged with the words "Sandjak d'Alexandrette" in the French language.

Art. 2 — The surcharge referred to in Article 1 above shall be obtained by means of a printing plate adapted to the dimensions of the stamps to be overprinted.

Art. 3 — The postage stamps to be surcharged, the year of their issue and the colour of the surcharge shall be as follows:

Valeur	Année de l'émission	Couleur de la surcharge	Valeur	Année de l'émission	Couleur de la surcharge
		a) Timbres-poste			
0,10	1935	noire	3.00	1930	rouge
0,20	1935	noire	4.00	1930	noire
0,50	1930	rouge	6.00	1930	rouge
1,00	1930	noire	25.00	1930	noire
2,00	1930	rouge			
		b) Timbres-avion			
0,50	1937	rouge	5.00	1937	noire
1,00	«	rouge	10.00	«	noire
2,00	«	rouge	15.00	«	noire
3,00	«	rouge	25.00	«	rouge
		c) Chiffres-taxe			
0,50	1925	noire	3.00	1925	noire
1,00	1925	noire	5.00	1925	rouge
2,00	1925	rouge	8.00	1931	rouge
		d) Entiers			
4,00	1930	(enveloppe timbrée)			noire
3,00	1930	(carte postale)			rouge
4,00	1930	(carte-lettre)			noire

Art. 4. — La date de mise en circulation des valeurs fiduciaires postales énumérées à l'article 3 sera fixée par le Directeur des Postes et des Télégraphes du Sandjak d'Alexandrette.

Les valeurs fiduciaires postales de la République Syrienne cesseront d'avoir pouvoir d'affranchissement dans le Sandjak un mois après cette date. Pendant cette période, le public sera autorisé à les échanger contre des valeurs fiduciaires propres au sandjak.

Art. 5. — Le Secrétaire Général et l'Inspecteur Général des Postes et des Télégraphes sont chargés, chacun en ce qui le concerne, de l'application du présent arrêté.

Beyrouth, le 15 mars 1938

Le Haut-Commissaire

Signé : D. de MARTEL

Art. 4. — The date of issue of the postage stamps listed in Article 1 shall be fixed by the Director of Posts and Telegraphs of the Sanjak of Alexandretta.

The postage stamps of the Syrian Republic will cease to have postal franking power in the Sandjak one month after that date. During this period, the public will be allowed to exchange them for postage stamps specific to the sanjak.

Art. 5. — The Secretary General and the Inspector General of Posts and Telegraphs shall be responsible, each in so far as concerns them, for the execution of this Order.

Beirut, 15th March 1938

The High Commissioner

Signed : D. de MARTEL

The “Sandjak d’Alexandrette” Stamps of March 1938



Fig. 1: 0.10 p.



Fig. 2: 0.20 p.



Fig. 3: 0.50 p.



Fig. 4: 1 p.



Fig. 5: 2 p.



Fig. 6: 3 p.



Fig. 7: 4 p.



Fig. 8: 6 p.



Fig. 9: 25 p.



Fig. 10: 0.50 p (air).



Fig. 11: 1 p (air).



Fig. 12: 2 p (air).



Fig. 13: 3 p (air).



Fig. 14: 5 p (air).



Fig. 15: 10 p (air).



Fig. 16: 15 p (air).



Fig. 17: 25 p (air).



Fig. 18: 0.50 p (P.D.)



Fig. 20: 2 p (P.D.)



Fig. 21: 3 p (P.D.)



Fig. 22: 5 p (P.D.)



Fig. 23: 8 p (P.D.)



Fig. 19: 1 p (P.D.)

Stamp Issue Order (26.08.1938)¹⁵**Arrêté No. 104/LR
du 26 août 1938**

concernant l'émission de trois nouvelles valeurs fiduciaires postales du Sandjak d'Alexandrette

Le Haut Commissaire de la République française,

Vu les décrets du Président de la République française en date des 23 novembre 1920 et 16 juillet 1933,

Vu l'arrêté No 2836 du 19 octobre 1929 concernant la réorganisation des services postaux et télégraphiques des Etats du Levant sous Mandat français,

Vu l'arrêté No 31/LR du 15 mars 1938 concernant l'émission de valeurs fiduciaires postales du Sandjak d'Alexandrette,

Vu l'arrêté No 96/LR du 16 août 1938 concernant le relèvement de certaines taxes postales intérieures,

Vu l'arrêté No 98/LR du 17 août 1938 concernant le relèvement de certaines taxes postales internationales,

arrête :

Art. 1er. — Est autorisée l'émission de trois nouvelles valeurs fiduciaires postales destinées à l'affranchissement des objets de correspondance déposés dans le Sandjak d'Alexandrette.

Les figurines postales utilisées pour cette émission seront celles de la République Syrienne surchargées, en langue française, de la mention «Sandjak d'Alexandrette»; en caractères latins et arabes, de la valeur nouvelle de la surcharge, et de traits ou de tout autre signe recouvrant la valeur initiale. Les valeurs nouvelles, les figurines à surcharger de la République Syrienne, les nombres et la couleur de la surcharge sont indiqués au tableau suivant :

**Order No. 104/LR
of 26th August 1938**

concerning the issuance of three new postage stamps of the Sanjak of Alexandretta

The High Commissioner of the French Republic,

In view of the decrees of the President of the French Republic dated 23rd November 1920 and 16th July 1933,

In view of order no. 2836 of 19th October 1929 concerning the reorganisation of the postal and telegraphic services of the Levant States under French Mandate.

In view of order no. 31/LR of 15th March 1938 concerning the issuance of postage stamps of the Sanjak of Alexandretta,

In view of order no 96/LR of 16th August 1938 concerning the increase of certain domestic postage charges,

In view of order no 98/LR of 17th August 1938 concerning the increase of certain international postage charges,

orders:

Art. 1. — The issue of three new postage stamps for franking of correspondence posted in the Sanjak of Alexandria is authorised.

The postage stamps used for this issue will be those of the Syrian Republic surcharged in the French language with the words "Sandjak d'Alexandrette"; the new value of the surcharge in Latin and Arabic characters, and lines or any other sign covering the original value. The new values, the surcharged stamps of the Syrian Republic, the numbers and the colour of the surcharge are indicated in the following table:

Valeur de la surcharge	Figurines de la République Syrienne à surcharger	Année de l'émission des figurines à surcharger	Nombre de figurines à surcharger	Couleur de la surcharge
Surcharge value	Stamps of the Syrian Republic to be surcharged	Year of issue of the stamps to be surcharged	Number of stamps to be surcharged	Colour of the surcharge
1	2	3	4	5
0 p. 75	0 p. 75	1932	75.000	noire
2 p. 50	4 p.	1930	150.000	noire
12 p. 50	15 p. avion	1930	50.000	noire

¹⁵ Source: Bulletin Officiel des Actes Administratifs du Haut-Commissariat de la République Française en Syrie et au Liban (Beyrouth). Vol. 17, 1938, no. 17 (15.09.1938), pp. 201–203.

Art. 2. — La surcharge dont il est question à l'article 1er ci-dessus sera obtenu par le moyen d'un cliché adapté aux dimensions des vignettes à surcharger.

Art. 3. — La date de mise en circulation des nouvelles figurines énumérées à l'article 1er sera fixée par le Directeur des postes et télégraphes du Sandjak d'Alexandrette.

Art. 4. — Le Secrétaire Général et l'Inspecteur Général des postes et des télégraphes sont chargés, chacun en ce qui le concerne, de l'exécution du présent arrêté.

Beyrouth, le 26 Août 1938

Le Haut-Commissaire

Signé : MEYRIER

Art. 2. — The surcharge referred to in Article 1 above shall be obtained by means of a printing plate adapted to the dimensions of the stamps to be surcharged.

Art. 3. — The date of issue of the new stamps listed in Article 1 shall be fixed by the Director of Posts and Telegraphs of the Sanjak of Alexandretta.

Art. 4. — The Secretary General and the Inspector General of Posts and Telegraphs shall be responsible, each in so far as concerns them, for the execution of this Order.

Beirut, August 26, 1938

The High Commissioner

Signed : MEYRIER



Fig. 24: 0.75 p.



Fig. 25: 2.50 p
on 4 p.



Fig. 26: 12.50 p
on 15 p (air).



Fig. 27: Syrian 3 p post card overprinted "SANDJAK / D'ALEXANDRETTE" (issued 16.04.1938).¹⁶
The 4 p stamped envelope is shown on p. 49.

16 Source: BalkanPhila: <https://www.balkanphila.com/shop/1938-alexandretta-unused-3p-postal-card/>.



Figs. 28–32: The 1938 Atatürk Commemoratives: 0.75, 1, 2.50, 4, and 12.5 p.



Figs. 33 and 33a: Registered cover, Alexandretta to Cairo, 31.12.1938, philatelically franked with eight copies of the Atatürk Commemoratives, totalling 24 p.¹⁷



Figs. 34 and 34a: Cover from Alexandretta to Denmark, 20.09.1938. Four 2.50 p on 4 p (uncancelled) on front, three surcharged stamps on reverse (0.50, 2x1 p).¹⁸

17 Source: BalkanPhila: <https://www.balkanphila.com/shop/1938-hatay-alexandrette-registered-cover/>.

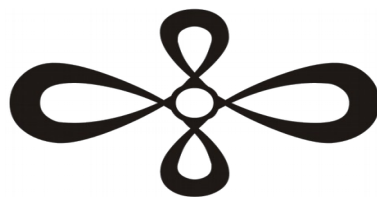
18 Source: BalkanPhila: <https://www.balkanphila.com/shop/1938-hatay-alexandrette-cover-to-denmark/>.



Figs. 35 and 35a: Illustrated hotel cover from Antioche (Antakya) to England, 9.06.1938.
2x1, 2, 4 p on front, 4x0.50 p (uncancelled) on back.¹⁹



Figs. 36 and 36a: Registered philatelic cover, 6.01.1939, from Kirik-Khan to İskenderun (Alexandretta).
Franking: 10 stamps of the first HATAY DEVLETİ set on front, with the four postage due stamps on reverse.²⁰



19 Source: BalkanPhila: <https://www.balkanphila.com/shop/1938-antakya-hatay-alexandrette-hotel-cover-to-england/>.

20 Source: BalkanPhila: <https://www.balkanphila.com/shop/1939-hatay-kirikhan-registered-postage-due-cover/>.



*Figs. 37 and 37a:*²¹

1938 registered cover to
Switzerland, clearly of a philatelic
nature.

It features the complete first set of postage stamps as well as the complete set of postage due stamps.

Cancel: Antioche (Antakya)
7.05.1938

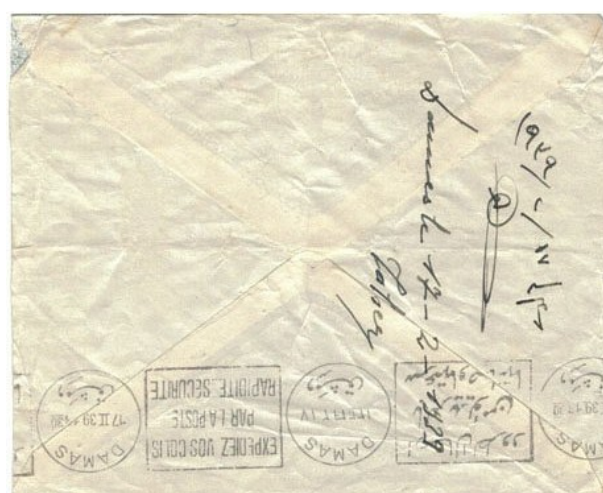
21 Source: BalkanPhila: <https://www.balkanphila.com/shop/1938-registered-cover-to-switzerland/>.



Fig. 38: Cover from Antioche (Antakya) to Beirut, franked with 2x2 p and 1 p of the first series.²²



Fig. 39: Registered cover to Aleppo: 13.03.1939. Taxed at U.P.U. rate.²³



Figs. 40 and 40a: Cover from Alexandretta to Syria, 16.02.1939, franked with two Hatay stamps.²⁴



Fig. 41: Cover from Alexandretta to Beirut, 22.07.1939, franked with four Hatay stamps.²⁴



Fig. 42: Untaxed cover, Alexandretta to Beirut, 10.02.1939. Franking: one Hatay 5 Kuruş stamp.²⁴

²² Source: BalkanPhila: <https://www.balkanphila.com/shop/1938-cover-antakya-to-beirut/>.

²³ Source: Liban Phil; original source: unknown (internet).

²⁴ Source: Liban Phil.



Figs. 43 and 43a: The "Hatay Devleti" stamps on cover, 24.02.1939, taxed 10 p at Beirut.²⁵



Figs. 44 and 44a: Cover with "Sandjak d'Alexandrette" 12 p. and "Hatay Devleti" 5 c, taxed at Beirut with 1.50 p.²⁶



Fig. 45: Letter from Iskenderun to Beirut, 19.07.1939, franked with 30 Paras and 50 Kuruş.²⁷

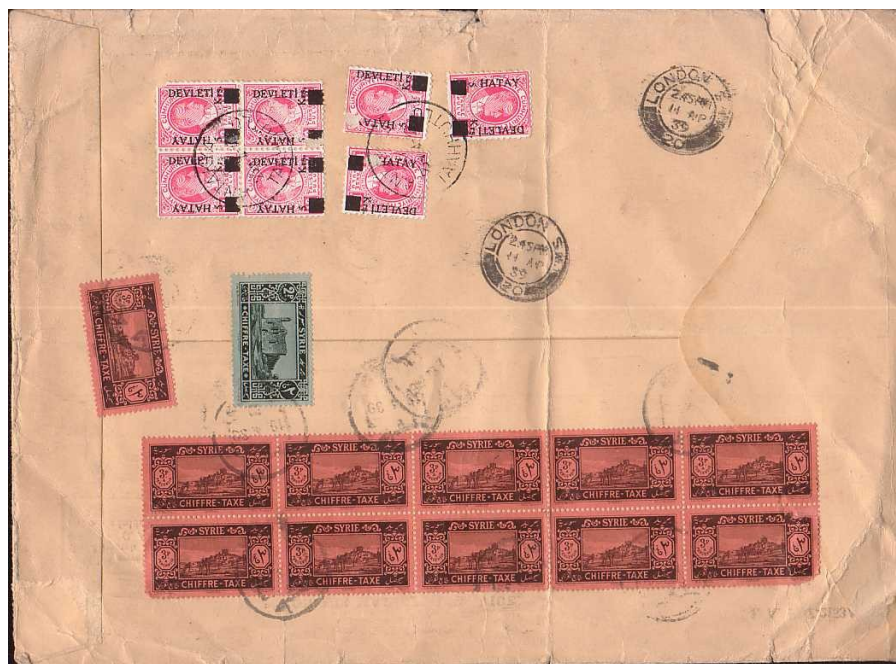
Fig. 46: A similar cover, directed to the same address in Beirut, cancelled Iskenderun Posta 19.07.1939.²⁸

²⁵ Source: Liban Phil.

²⁶ Source: Liban Phil.

²⁷ Source: BalkanPhila: <https://www.balkanphila.com/shop/1939-hatay-cover-to-lebanon/>.

²⁸ Source: Liban Phil.



Figs. 47 and 47a:

Multi-redirected cover from India to London, 11.04.1939, then to Aleppo, and finally to Antioche (Antakya) in the Sanjak of Alexandretta/Hatay State.

Taxed with 35 p of Syrian postage-due stamp at Aleppo, and further taxed 35 Kuruş with Hatay postage-due stamps in Antakya.²⁹

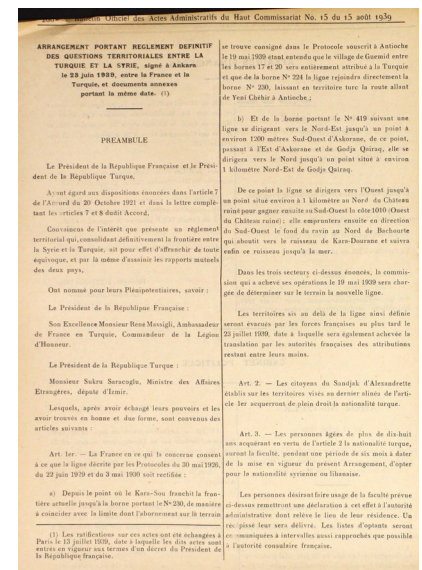
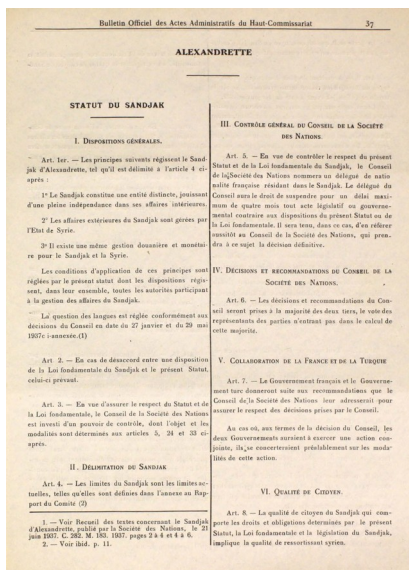
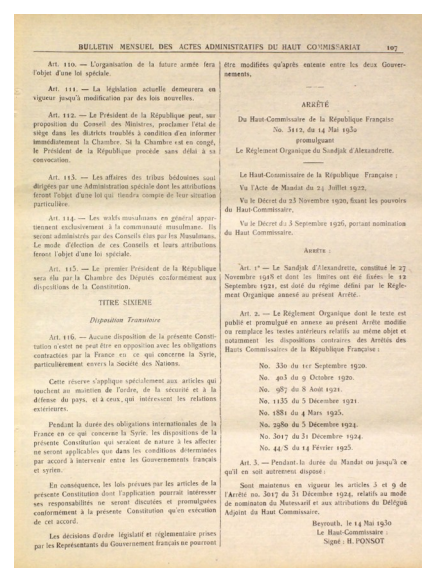
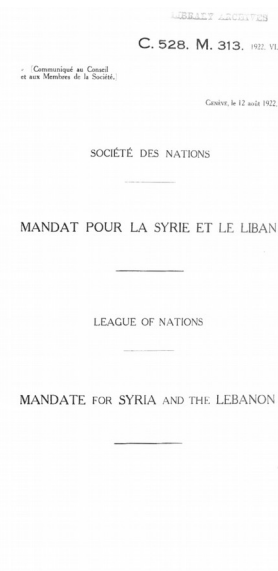
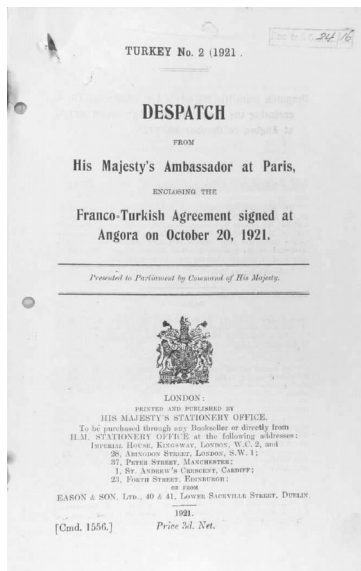
29 Source: Liban Phil.

Alexandretta: Non-Philatelic Appendices

compiled by Tobias Zywietz

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The Treaty of Ankara (20.10.1921)¹

Accord signé à Angora, le 20 Octobre 1921, entre M. Franklin-Bouillon, ancien Ministre, et Youssouf Kemal Bey, Ministre des Affaires étrangères du Gouvernement de la Grande Assemblée nationale d'Angora.

Article 1er.

Les hautes parties contractantes déchirent que, dès la signature du présent accord, l'état de guerre cessera entre elles ; les armées, les autorités civiles et les populations en seront immédiatement avisées.

Article 2.

Dès la signature du présent accord, les prisonniers de guerre respectifs ainsi que toutes les personnes françaises ou turques détenues ou emprisonnées seront remises en liberté et reconduites aux frais de la partie qui les détient dans la ville la plus proche qui sera désignée à cet effet. Le bénéfice de cet article s'étend à tous les détenus et prisonniers des deux parties, quels que soient la date et lieu de détention, d'emprisonnement ou de capture.

Article 3.

Dans un délai maximum de deux mois à partir de la signature du présent accord, les troupes turques se retireront au nord et les troupes françaises au sud de la ligne désignée à l'article 8.

Article 4.

L'évacuation et la prise de possession, qui auront lieu dans le délai prévu à l'article 3 seront effectuées selon des modalités à fixer d'un commun accord par une commission mixte nommée par les commandants militaires des deux parties.

Article 5.

Une amnistie plénière sera accordée par les deux parties contractantes dans les régions évacuées dès leur prise en possession.

Article 6.

Le Gouvernement de la Grande Assemblée nationale de Turquie déclare que les droits des minorités solennellement reconnus dans le Pacte national seront confirmés par lui sur la même base que celle établie par les conversations conclues à ce sujet entre les Puissances de l'Entente, leurs adversaires et certains de leurs Alliés.

Article 7.

Un régime administratif spécial sera institué pour la région d'Alexandrette. Les habitants de race

Agreement signed at Angora on 20th October, 1921, between M. Franklin-Bouillon, former Minister, and Yussuf Kemal Bey, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Government of the Grand National Assembly of Angora.

Article 1.

The high contracting parties declare that from the date of the signature of the present agreement the state of war between them shall cease; the armies, the civil authorities and the people shall be immediately informed thereof.

Article 2.

As soon as the present agreement has been signed, the respective prisoners of war and also all French and Turkish persons detained or imprisoned shall be set at liberty and conducted, at the cost of the party which detained them, to the nearest town which shall be designated for this purpose The benefit of this article extends to all detained persons and prisoners of both parties, irrespective of date and place of detention, of imprisonment or of capture.

Article 3.

Within a maximum period of two months from the date of the signature of the present agreement, the Turkish troops shall withdraw to the north and the French troops to the south of the line specified in article 8.

Article 4.

The evacuation and the occupation which shall take place within the period provided in article 3 shall be carried out according to a form to be decided upon by mutual agreement by a mixed commission appointed by the military commanders of the two parties.

Article 5.

A complete amnesty shall be granted by the two contracting parties in the regions evacuated as soon as they are reoccupied.

Article 6.

The Government of the Grand National Assembly of Turkey declares that the rights of minorities solemnly recognised in the National Covenant will be confirmed by it on the same basis as that established by the conversations on this subject between the Entente Powers, their enemies and certain of their Allies.

Article 7.

¹ Source: Despatch [...] enclosing the Franco Turkish Agreement signed at Angora on October 20, 1921, pp. 5–8.

turque de cette région jouiront de toutes les facilités pour le développement de leur culture. La langue turque y aura le caractère officiel.

Article 8.

La ligne mentionnée à l'article 3 est fixée et précisée comme suit :

La ligne frontière partira d'un point à choisir sur le golfe d'Alexandrette immédiatement au sud de la localité de Payas et se dirigera sensiblement vers Meidan-Ekbes (la station du chemin de fer et la localité restant à la Syrie) ; de là elle s'infléchira vers le sud-est de manière à laisser à la Syrie la localité de Marsova et à la Turquie celle de Karnaba, ainsi que la ville de Killis ; de là elle rejoindra la voie ferrée à la station de Tchoban-Bey. Puis elle suivra la voie ferrée de Bagdad dont la plate-forme restera sur le territoire turc jusqu'à Nousseibine et Djéziré-ibn-Omer, où elle rejoindra le Tigre. Les localités de Nousseibine et Djéziré-ibn-Omer resteront à la Turquie ; mais les deux pays auront les mêmes droits pour l'utilisation de cette route.

Les stations et gares de la section entre Tchoban-Bey et Nousseibine appartiendront à la Turquie comme faisant partie de la plate-forme du chemin de fer.

Une commission composée de délégués des deux parties sera constituée, dans un délai d'un mois à partir de la signature du présent accord, pour fixer la ligne susmentionnée. Cette commission procédera aux travaux dans le même délai.

Article 9.

Le tombeau de Suleiman Chah, le grand-père du Sultan Osman, fondateur de la dynastie ottomane (tombeau connu sous le nom de Turk Mézari), situé à Djaber-Kalessi restera, avec ses dépendances, la propriété de la Turquie, qui pourra y maintenir des gardiens et y hisser le drapeau turc.

Article 10.

Le Gouvernement de la Grande Assemblée nationale de Turquie accepte le transfert de la concession de la section de chemin de fer de Bagdad entre Bozanti et Nousseibine ainsi que des divers embranchements construits dans le vilayet d'Adana à un groupe français, avec tous les droits, privilèges et avantages attachés aux concessions, en particulier en ce qui concerne l'exploitation et le trafic.

La Turquie aura le droit de faire ses transports militaires par chemin de fer de Meidan-Ekbes à Tchoban-bey dans la région syrienne, et la Syrie aura le droit de faire ses transports militaires par chemin de fer de Tchoban-bey jusqu'à Nousseibine dans le territoire turc.

Sur cette section et ces embranchements aucun tarif différentiel ne pourra être établi en principe. Ce-

A special administrative regime shall be established for the district of Alexandretta. The Turkish inhabitants of this district shall enjoy every facility for their cultural development. The Turkish language shall have official recognition.

Article 8.

The line mentioned in article 3 is fixed and determined as follows:—

The frontier line shall start at a point to be selected on the Gulf of Alexandrette immediately to the south of the locality of Payas and will proceed generally towards Meidan-Ekbez (leaving the railway station and the locality to Syria); thence it will bend towards the south-east so as to leave the locality of Marsova to Syria and that of Karanba as well as the town of Killis to Turkey; thence it will join the railway at the station of Choban-hey. Then it will follow the Bagdad Railway, of which the track as far as Nisibin will remain on Turkish territory; thence it will follow the old road between Nisibin and Jeziret-ibn-Omar where it will join the Tigris. The localities of Nisibin and Jeziret-ibn-Omar as well as the road will remain Turkish; but the two countries shall have the same rights to the use of this road.

The station and sidings of the section between Choban-bey and Nisibin shall belong to Turkey as forming parts of the track of the railway.

A commission comprising delegates of the two parties will be constituted, within a period of one month from the signature of the present agreement, to determine the above-mentioned line. This commission shall begin its labours within the same period.

Article 9.

The tomb of Suleiman Shah, the grandfather of the Sultan Osman, founder of the Ottoman dynasty (the tomb known under the name of Turk Mezari), situated at Jaber-Kalesi shall remain, with its appurtenances, the property of Turkey, who may appoint guardians for it and may hoist the Turkish flag there.

Article 10.

The Government of the Grand National Assembly of Turkey agrees to the transfer of the concession of the section of the Bagdad Railway between Bozanti and Nisibin as well as of the several branches constructed in the vilayet of Adana to a French group nominated by the French Government, with all the rights, privileges and advantages attached to the concessions, particularly as regards working and traffic.

Turkey shall have the right to transport troops by railway from Meidan-Ekbez to Choban-bey in Syrian territory and Syria shall have the right to transport troops by railway from Choban-bey to Nisibin in Turkish territory.

pendant, les deux Gouvernements se réservent le droit d'étudier, le cas échéant, d'un commun accord toute dérogation à cette règle qui deviendrait nécessaire.

En cas d'impossibilité d'accord, chaque partie reprendra sa liberté d'action.

Article 11.

Une commission mixte sera instituée après la ratification du présent accord en vue de conclure une convention douanière entre la Turquie et la Syrie. Les conditions ainsi que la durée de cette convention seront déterminées par cette commission. Jusqu'à la conclusion de la convention précitée, les deux pays conserveront leur liberté d'action.

Article 12.

Les eaux de Kouweik seront réparties entre la ville d'Alep et la région au nord restée turque de manière à donner équitablement satisfaction aux deux parties.

La ville d'Alep pourra également faire à ses frais une prise d'eau sur l'Euphrate en territoire turc pour faire face aux besoins de la région.

Article 13.

Les habitants sédentaires ou semi-nomades ayant la jouissance de pâturages ou ayant des propriétés de l'un ou de l'autre côté de la ligne fixée à l'article 8 continueront comme par le passé à exercer leurs droits. Ils pourront pour les nécessités de leur exploitation, librement et sans payer aucun droit de douane ou de pâturage ni aucune autre taxe, transporter d'un côté à l'autre de cette ligne leur bétail avec le croit, leurs instruments, leur outillage, leurs semences et leurs produits agricoles, étant bien entendu qu'ils sont tenus de payer les droits et taxes y relatifs dans le pays où ils sont domiciliés.

In principle no differential tariff shall be levied over this section and these branches. However, should a case arise, the two Governments reserve the right to examine by mutual agreement any departure from this rule which may become necessary.

Failing agreement, each party will resume its liberty of action.

Article 11.

A mixed commission shall be constituted after the ratification of the present agreement with a view to the conclusion of a Customs Convention between Turkey and Syria. The terms and also the duration of this Convention shall be fixed by this commission. Until the conclusion of the above-mentioned Convention the two countries will preserve their liberty of action.

Article 12.

The waters of Kuweik shall be shared between the city of Aleppo and the district to the north remaining Turkish in such a way as to give equitable satisfaction to the two parties.

The city of Aleppo may also organize, at its own expense, a water-supply from the Euphrates in Turkish territory in order to meet the requirements of the district.

Article 13.

The inhabitants, whether settled or semi-nomadic, who enjoy rights of pasturage or who own property on one or other side of the line fixed in article 8 shall continue to exercise their rights as in the past. They shall be able, for this purpose, freely and without payment of any duty of customs or of pasturage or any other tax, to transport from one side to the other of the line their cattle with their young, their implements, their tools, their seeds and their agricultural produce, it being well understood that they are liable for the payment of the imposts and taxes due to the country where they are domiciled.



League of Nations: Mandate for Syria and the Lebanon (24.07.1922)²**Le Conseil de la Société des Nations :**

Considérant que les Principales Puissances Alliées sont d'accord pour que les territoires de la Syrie et du Liban, qui faisaient autrefois partie de l'Empire ottoman soient confiés, dans des frontières à fixer par les dites Puissances, à une Puissance mandataire chargée de conseiller, d'aider et de guider les populations dans leur administration, conformément aux tenues de l'article 22 (alinéa 4) du Pacte de la Société des Nations ;

Considérant que les principales Puissances alliées ont décidé que le mandat sur les territoires visés ci-dessus serait conféré au Gouvernement de la République française, qui l'a accepté ;

Considérant que les termes de ce mandat, formulés dans les articles ci-dessous, ont été également agréés par le Gouvernement de la République française et soumis à l'approbation du Conseil de la Société des Nations ;

Considérant que le Gouvernement de la République française s'engage à exercer le dit mandat au nom de la Société des Nations, en conformité avec les dits articles ;

Considérant qu'aux termes de l'article 22 ci-dessus mentionné (alinéa 8), il est prévu que si le degré d'autorité, de contrôle ou d'administration à exercer par le Mandataire n'a pas fait l'objet d'une convention antérieure entre les Membres de la Société, il sera expressément statué sur ces points par le Conseil ;

Confirmant le dit mandat, a statué sur ses termes comme suit :

Article 1^{er}.

Le Mandataire élaborera, dans un délai de trois ans à dater de l'entrée en application du présent mandat, un statut organique pour la Syrie et le Liban.

Ce statut organique sera préparé d'accord avec les autorités indigènes et tiendra compte des droits, intérêts et vœux de toutes les populations habitant les dits territoires. Il édictera les mesures propres à faciliter le développement progressif de la Syrie et du Liban comme États indépendants. En attendant la mise en vigueur du statut organique, l'administration de la Syrie et du Liban sera conduite eu accord avec l'esprit du présent mandai.

Le Mandataire favorisera les autonomies locales dans toute la mesure où les circonstances s'y prêteront.

The Council of the League of Nations :

Whereas the Principal Allied Powers have agreed that the territory of Syria and the Lebanon, which formerly belonged to the Turkish Empire shall, within such boundaries as may be fixed by the said Powers, be entrusted to a Mandatory charged with the duty of rendering administrative advice and assistance to the population, in accordance with the provisions of Article 22 (paragraph 4) of the Covenant of the League of Nations ; and

Whereas the Principal Allied Powers have decided that the mandate for the territory referred to above should be conferred on the Government of the French Republic, which has accepted it ; and

Whereas the terms of this mandate, which are defined in the articles below, have also been accepted by the Government of the French Republic and submitted to the Council of the League for approval ; and

Whereas the Government of the French Republic has undertaken to exercise this mandate on behalf of the League, of Nations, in conformity with the following provisions ; and

Whereas by the afore-mentioned Article 22 (paragraph 8), it is provided that the degree of authority, control or administration to be exercised by the Mandatory, not having been previously agreed upon by the Members of the League, shall be explicitly defined by the Council of the League of Nations ;

Confirming the said mandate, defines its terms as follows :

Article 1.

The Mandatory shall frame, within a period of three years from the coming into force of this mandate, an organic law for Syria and the Lebanon.

This organic law shall be framed in agreement with the native authorities and shall take into account the rights, interests, and wishes of all the population inhabiting the said territory. The Mandatory shall further enact measures to facilitate the progressive development of Syria and the Lebanon as independent States. Pending the coming into effect of the organic law, the government of Syria and the Lebanon shall be conducted in accordance with the spirit of this mandate.

The Mandatory shall, as far as circumstances permit, encourage local autonomy.

² Source: Société des Nations: *Mandat pour la Syrie et le Liban*, 1922, pp. 3–7.

Article 2.

Le Mandataire pourra maintenir ses troupes dans les dits territoires en vue de leur défense. Il pourra, jusqu'à la mise en vigueur du statut organique et du rétablissement de la sécurité publique, organiser les milices locales nécessaires à la défense de ces territoires et les employer à cette défense ainsi qu'au maintien de l'ordre. Ces forces locales ne seront recrutées que parmi les habitants des dits territoires.

Les dites milices relèveront ensuite des pouvoirs locaux sous réserve de l'autorité et du contrôle que le Mandataire devra conserver sur ces forces. Elles ne pourront être utilisées à d'autres fins que celles énoncées ci-dessus, à moins que le Mandataire ne l'autorise.

Rien n'empêchera la Syrie et le Liban de participer aux frais d'entretien des forces du Mandataire stationnées sur le territoire.

Le Mandataire disposera en tout temps du droit d'utiliser les ports, voies ferrées et moyens de communication de la Syrie et du Liban pour le passage de ses troupes et de tous matériels, approvisionnements et combustibles.

Article 3.

Les relations extérieures de la Syrie et du Liban, ainsi que la délivrance des exequatur aux consuls des Puissances étrangères, seront du ressort exclusif du Mandataire. Les ressortissants de la Syrie et du Liban se trouvant hors des limites de ces territoires relèveront de la protection diplomatique et consulaire du Mandataire.

Article 4.

Le Mandataire garantit la Syrie et le Liban contre toute perte ou prise à bail de tout ou partie des territoires et contre l'établissement de tout contrôle d'une Puissance étrangère.

Article 5.

Seront sans application en Syrie et au Liban les privilèges et immunités des étrangers, y compris la juridiction consulaire et la protection, tels qu'ils étaient autrefois pratiqués dans l'Empire ottoman, en vertu des Capitulations et des usages. Toutefois, les tribunaux consulaires étrangers continueront à fonctionner jusqu'à la mise en application de la nouvelle organisation judiciaire prévue à l'article 6.

À moins que les Puissances, dont les ressortissants jouissaient au 1^{er} août 1911 des dits privilèges et immunités, n'aient préalablement renoncé au rétablissement de ces privilèges et immunités ou à leur application pendant une certaine période, ceux-ci seront à la fin du mandat et sans délai rétablis intégralement ou avec telle modification qui aurait été convenue par les Puissances intéressées.

Article 2.

The Mandatory may maintain its troops in the said territory for its defence. It shall further be empowered, until the entry into force of the organic law and the re-establishment of public security, to organise such local militia as may be necessary for the defence of the territory, and to employ this militia for defence and also for the maintenance of order. These local forces may only be recruited from the inhabitants of the said territory.

The said militia shall thereafter be under the local authorities, subject to the authority and the control which the Mandatory shall retain over these forces. It shall not be used for purposes other than those above specified save with the consent of the Mandatory.

Nothing shall preclude Syria and the Lebanon from contributing to the cost of the maintenance of the forces of the Mandatory stationed in the territory.

The Mandatory shall at all times possess the right to make use of the ports, railways and means of communication of Syria and the Lebanon for the passage of its troops and of all materials, supplies and fuel.

Article 3.

The Mandatory shall be entrusted with the exclusive control of the foreign relations of Syria and the Lebanon and with the right to issue exequaturs to the consuls appointed by foreign Powers. Nationals of Syria and the Lebanon living outside the limits of the territory shall be under the diplomatic and consular protection of the Mandatory.

Article 4.

The Mandatory shall be responsible for seeing that no part of the territory of Syria and the Lebanon is ceded or leased or in any way placed under the control of a foreign Power.

Article 5.

The privileges and immunities of foreigners, including the benefits of consular jurisdiction and protection as formerly enjoyed by Capitulation or usage in the Ottoman Empire, shall not be applicable in Syria and the Lebanon. Foreign consular tribunals shall, however, continue to perform their duties until the coming into force of the new legal organisation provided for in Article 6.

Unless the Powers whose nationals enjoyed the afore-mentioned privileges and immunities on August 1st, 1914, shall have previously renounced the right to their re-establishment, or shall have agreed to their non-application during a specified period, these privileges and immunities shall at the expiration of the mandate be immediately re-established in their entirety or with such modifications as may have been

Article 6.

Le Mandataire instituera en Syrie et au Liban un système judiciaire assurant, tant aux indigènes qu'aux étrangers, la garantie complète de leurs droits.

Le respect du statut personnel des diverses populations et de leurs intérêts religieux sera entièrement garanti. En particulier, le Mandataire exercera le contrôle de l'administration des Wakoufs, en parfaite conformité avec les lois religieuses et la volonté des fondateurs.

Article 7.

En attendant la conclusion des conventions spéciales d'extradition, les traités d'extradition en vigueur entre les Puissances étrangères et le Mandataire seront appliqués sur les territoires de la Syrie et du Liban.

Article 8.

Le Mandataire garantira à toute personne la plus complète liberté de conscience, ainsi que le libre exercice de toutes les formes de culte compatibles avec l'ordre public et les bonnes mœurs. Il n'y aura aucune inégalité de traitement entre les habitants de la Syrie et du Liban du fait des différences de race, de religion ou de langue.

Le Mandataire développera l'instruction publique donnée au moyen des langues indigènes en usage sur les territoires de la Syrie et du Liban.

Il ne sera porté aucune atteinte au droit des communautés de conserver leurs écoles en vue de l'instruction et de l'éducation de leurs membres dans leur propre langue, à condition de se conformer aux prescriptions générales sur l'instruction publique édictées par l'administration.

Article 9.

Le Mandataire s'abstiendra de toute intervention dans l'administration des Conseils de fabrique ou dans la direction des communautés religieuses et sanctuaires des diverses religions, dont les immunités sont expressément garanties.

Article 10.

Le contrôle exercé par le Mandataire sur les missions religieuses en Syrie et au Liban se bornera au maintien de l'ordre public et de la bonne administration ; aucune atteinte ne sera portée à la libre activité des dites missions religieuses. Les membres de ces missions ne seront l'objet d'aucune mesure restrictive du fait de leur nationalité, pourvu que leur activité ne sorte pas du domaine religieux.

Les missions religieuses pourront également s'occuper d'œuvres d'instruction et d'assistance publique sous réserve du droit général de réglementation et de contrôle du Mandataire ou des gouvernements

agreed upon between the Powers concerned.

Article 6.

The Mandatory shall establish in Syria and the Lebanon a judicial system which shall assure to natives as well as to foreigners a complete guarantee of their rights.

Respect for the personal status of the various peoples and for their religious interests shall be fully guaranteed. In particular, the control and administration of Wakfs shall be exercised in complete accordance with religious law and the dispositions of the founders.

Article 7.

Pending the conclusion of special extradition agreements, the extradition treaties at present in force between foreign Powers and the Mandatory shall apply within the territory of Syria and the Lebanon.

Article 8.

The Mandatory shall ensure to all complete freedom of conscience and the free exercise of all forms of worship which are consonant with public order and morality. No discrimination of any kind shall be made between the inhabitants of Syria and the Lebanon on the ground of differences in race, religion or language*

The Mandatory shall encourage public instruction, which shall be given through the medium of the native languages in use in the territory of Syria and the Lebanon.

The right of each community to maintain its own schools for the instruction and education of its own members in its own language, while conforming to such educational requirements of a general nature as the administration may impose, shall not be denied or impaired.

Article 9.

The Mandatory shall refrain from all interference in the administration of the Councils of management (Conseils de fabrique) or in the management of religious communities and sacred shrines belonging to the various religions, the immunity of which has been expressly guaranteed.

Article 10.

The supervision exercised by the Mandatory over the religious missions in Syria and the Lebanon shall be limited to the maintenance of public order and good government ; the activities of these religious missions shall in no way be restricted, nor shall their members be subjected to any restrictive measure's on the ground of nationality, provided that their activities are confined to the domain of religion.

The religious missions may also concern them-

locaux en matière d'éducation, d'instruction et d'assistance publique.

Article 11.

Il appartiendra au Mandataire de faire en sorte qu'aucune mesure ne soit prise de nature à mettre en Syrie et au Liban les ressortissants, y compris les sociétés et les associations, d'un Etat Membre de la Société des Nations dans un état d'infériorité, soit par rapport à ses propres ressortissants, y compris les sociétés et associations, soit par rapport à ceux de tout autre Etat étranger, aussi bien en matière fiscale et commerciale qu'au point de vue de l'exercice des industries et professions, de la navigation et du traitement accordé aux navires et aéronefs. De même, il ne sera imposé en Syrie et au Liban aucun traitement différentiel entre les marchandises originaires ou à destination de l'un des dits Etats ; il y aura, dans des conditions équitables, liberté de transit à travers les dits territoires.

Sous réserve des stipulations ci-dessus, le Mandataire pourra établir ou faire établir par les gouvernements locaux toutes taxes et droits de douane jugés nécessaires. Le Mandataire, ou le gouvernement local agissant sur ses conseils, pourra également conclure, pour des raisons de voisinage, des arrangements douaniers spéciaux avec un pays limitrophe.

Le Mandataire pourra prendre ou faire prendre, sous réserve des stipulations de l'alinéa premier du présent article, toutes les mesures propres à assurer le développement des ressources naturelles des dits territoires et à sauvegarder les intérêts des populations locales.

Les concessions pour le développement des dites ressources naturelles seront accordées sans distinction du fait de la nationalité entre les ressortissants de tous les Etats Membres de la Société des Nations, mais à des conditions qui conserveront intacte l'autorité du gouvernement local. Il ne sera pas accordé de concession ayant le caractère d'un monopole général. Cette clause ne fait pas obstacle au droit du Mandataire de créer des monopoles d'un caractère purement fiscal dans l'intérêt des territoires de la Syrie et du Liban et en vue de procurer aux dits territoires les ressources fiscales paraissant le mieux s'adapter aux besoins locaux, ou, dans certains cas, de développer des ressources naturelles, soit directement par l'Etat, soit par un organisme soumis à son contrôle, sous cette réserve qu'il n'en résultera directement ou indirectement aucun monopole de ressources naturelles au bénéfice du Mandataire ou de ses ressortissants, ni aucun avantage préférentiel qui serait incompatible avec l'égalité économique, commerciale ou industrielle ci-dessus garantie.

Article 12.

Le Mandataire devra adhérer, pour le compte de

selves with education and relief, subject to the general right of regulation and control by the Mandatory or of the local government, in regard to education, public instruction and charitable relief.

Article 11.

The Mandatory shall see that there is no discrimination in Syria or the Lebanon against the nationals, including societies and associations, of any State Member of the League of Nations as compared with its own nationals, including societies and associations, or with the nationals of any other foreign State in matters concerning taxation or commerce, the exercise of professions or industries, or navigation, or in the treatment of ships or aircraft. Similarly, there shall be no discrimination in Syria or the Lebanon against goods originating in or destined for any of the said States ; there shall be freedom of transit, under equitable conditions, across the said territory.

Subject to the above, the Mandatory may impose or cause to be imposed by the local governments such taxes and customs duties as it may consider necessary. The Mandatory, or the local governments acting under its advice, may also conclude on grounds of contiguity any special customs arrangements with an adjoining country.

The Mandatory may take or cause to be taken, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this article, such steps as it may think best to ensure the development of the natural resources of the said territory and to safeguard the interests of the local population.

Concessions for the development of these natural resources shall be granted without distinction of nationality between the nationals of all States Members of the League of Nations, but on condition that they do not infringe upon the authority of the local government. Concessions in the nature of a general monopoly shall not be granted. This clause, shall in no way limit the right of the Mandatory to create, monopolies of a purely fiscal character in the interest of the territory of Syria and the Lebanon, and with a view to assuring to the territory the fiscal resources which would appear best adapted to the local needs, or, in certain cases, with a view to developing the natural resources either directly by the State or through an organisation under its control, provided that this does not involve either directly or indirectly the creation of a monopoly of the natural resources in favour of the Mandatory or its nationals, nor involve any preferential treatment which would be incompatible with the economic, commercial and industrial equality guaranteed above.

Article 12.

The Mandatory shall adhere, on behalf of Syria and the Lebanon, to any general international agree-

la Syrie ou du Liban, aux conventions internationales générales conclues, ou à conclure avec l'approbation de la Société des Nations, sur les sujets suivants : traite des esclaves, trafic des stupéfiants, trafic des armes et munitions, égalité commerciale, liberté de transit et de navigation, navigation aérienne, communications postales, télégraphiques ou par télégraphie sans fil, protection littéraire, artistique ou industrielle.

Article 13.

Autant que les conditions sociales, religieuses et autres le permettent, le Mandataire assurera l'adhésion de la Syrie et du Liban aux mesures d'utilité commune qui seront adoptées par la Société des Nations pour prévenir et combattre les maladies, y compris celles des animaux et des plantes.

Article 14.

Le Mandataire élaborera et mettra en vigueur, dans un délai de douze mois à dater de ce jour, une loi sur les antiquités, conforme aux dispositions ci-après. Cette loi assurera aux ressortissants de tous les Etats Membres de la Société des Nations l'égalité de traitement en matière de fouilles et recherches archéologiques.

(1.) Par « antiquités », ou devra entendre toute œuvre ou produit de l'activité humaine antérieurs à l'année 1700.

(2.) La législation sur la protection des antiquités devra procéder plutôt par encouragements que par menaces.

Toute personne qui, ayant l'ait la découverte d'une antiquité sans avoir l'autorisation visée au paragraphe 5, signale cette découverte à l'autorité compétente, devra recevoir une rémunération proportionnée à la valeur de la découverte.

(3.) Aucune antiquité ne pourra être aliénée qu'en faveur de l'autorité compétente, à moins que celle-ci renonce à en faire l'acquisition.

Aucune antiquité ne pourra sortir du pays sans une licence délivrée par ladite autorité.

(4.) Toute personne qui, par malice ou négligence, détruit, ou détériore une antiquité devra être passible d'une pénalité à fixer.

(5.) Tout déplacement de terrain ou fouilles eu vue de trouver des antiquités seront interdits, sous peine d'amende, si ce n'est aux personnes munies d'une autorisation de l'autorité compétente.

(6.) Des conditions équitables seront fixées pour permettre d'exproprier temporairement, ou à titre permanent, les terrains pouvant présenter un intérêt historique ou archéologique.

(7.) L'autorisation de procéder à des fouilles ne sera accordée qu'à des personnes présentant des

ments already existing, or which may be concluded hereafter with the approval of the League of Nations, in respect of the following : the slave trade, the traffic in drugs, the traffic in arms and ammunition, commercial equality, freedom of transit and navigation, aerial navigation, postal, telegraphic or wireless communications, and measures for the protection of literature, art or industries.

Article 13.

The Mandatory shall secure the adhesion of Syria and the Lebanon, so far as social, religious and other conditions permit, to such measures of common utility as may be adopted by the League of Nations for preventing and combating disease, including diseases of animals and plants.

Article 14.

The Mandatory shall draw up and put into force within twelve months from this date a law of antiquities in conformity with the following provisions. This law shall ensure equality of treatment in the matter of excavations and archaeological research to the nationals of all States Members of the League of Nations.

(1) "Antiquity" means any construction or any product of human activity earlier than the year 1700 A.D.

(2) The law for the protection of antiquities shall proceed by encouragement rather than by threat.

Any person who, having discovered an antiquity without being furnished with the authorisation referred to in paragraph 5, reports the same to an official of the competent Department, shall be rewarded according to the value of the discovery.

(3) No antiquity may be disposed of except to the competent Department, unless this Department renounces the acquisition of any such antiquity.

No antiquity may leave the country without an export licence from the said Department.

(4) Any person who maliciously or negligently destroys or damages an antiquity shall be liable to a penalty to be fixed.

(5) No clearing of ground or digging with the object of finding antiquities shall be permitted, under penalty of fine, except to persons authorised by the competent Department.

(6) Equitable terms shall be fixed for expropriation, temporary or permanent, of lands which might be of historical or archaeological interest.

(7) Authorisation to excavate shall only be granted to persons who show sufficient guarantees of archaeological experience. The Mandatory shall not, in granting these authorisations, act in such a way as to exclude scholars of any nation without good

garanties suffisantes d'expérience archéologique. Le Mandataire ne devra pas, en accordant ces autorisations, agir de façon à éliminer, sans motifs valables, les savants d'aucune nation.

(8.) Le produit des fouilles pourra être réparti entre les personnes ayant procédé à la fouille et l'autorité compétente, dans la proportion fixée par celle-ci. Si, pour des raisons scientifiques, la répartition paraît impossible, l'inventeur devra recevoir une équitable indemnité au lieu d'une partie du produit de la fouille.

Article 15.

Dès l'entrée en vigueur du statut organique visé à l'article 1^{er}, le Mandataire s'entendra avec les gouvernements locaux relativement au remboursement par ces derniers de toutes les dépenses encourues par le Mandataire pour l'organisation de l'administration, le développement des ressources locales et l'exécution de travaux publics d'un caractère permanent, dont le bénéfice resterait acquis au pays. Cette entente sera communiquée au Conseil de la Société des Nations.

Article 16.

Le français et l'arabe seront les langues officielles de la Syrie et du Liban.

Article 17.

Le Mandataire adressera au Conseil de la Société des Nations un rapport annuel, répondant à ses vues, sur les mesures prises pendant l'année pour l'application du présent mandat. Les textes de toutes les lois et de tous les règlements promulgués pendant l'année seront annexés au dit rapport.

Article 18.

Le consentement du Conseil de la Société des Nations sera nécessaire pour toute modification à apporter aux termes du présent mandat.

Article 19.

A la fin du mandat, il appartiendra au Conseil de la Société des Nations d'user de toute son influence pour sauvegarder à l'avenir l'exécution par le Gouvernement de la Syrie et du Liban des obligations financières, y compris les pensions ou retraites, régulièrement assumées par l'Administration de la Syrie ou du Liban pendant la durée du mandat.

Article 20.

Le Mandataire accepte que tout différend, quel qu'il soit, qui viendrait à s'élever entre lui et un autre Membre de la Société des Nations, relatif à l'interprétation ou à l'application des dispositions du mandat et qui ne serait pas susceptible d'être réglé par des négociations, soit soumis à la Cour permanente de Justice internationale, prévue par l'article 14 du Pacte de la Société des Nations.

grounds.

(8) The proceeds of excavations may be divided between the excavator and the competent Department in a proportion fixed by that Department. If division seems impossible for scientific reasons, the excavator shall receive a fair indemnity in lieu of a part of the find.

Article 15.

Upon the coming into force of the organic law referred to in Article 1, an arrangement shall be made between the Mandatory and the local governments for reimbursement by the latter of all expenses incurred by the Mandatory in organising the administration, developing local resources, and carrying out permanent public works, of which the country retains the benefit. Such arrangement shall be communicated to the Council of the League of Nations.

Article 16.

French and Arabic shall be the official languages of Syria and the Lebanon.

Article 17.

The Mandatory shall make to the Council of the League of Nations an annual report to the satisfaction of the Council as to the measures taken during the year to carry out the provisions of this mandate. Copies of all laws and regulations promulgated during the year shall be attached to the said report.

Article 18.

The consent of the Council of the League of Nations is required for any modification of the terms of this mandate.

Article 19.

On the termination of the mandate, the Council of the League of Nations shall use its influence to safeguard for the future the fulfilment by the Government of Syria and the Lebanon of the financial obligations, including pensions and allowances, regularly assumed by the administration of Syria or of the Lebanon during the period of the mandate.

Article 20.

The Mandatory agrees that if any dispute whatever should arise between the Mandatory and another Member of the League of Nations relating to the interpretation or the application of the provisions of the mandate, such dispute, if it cannot be settled by negotiation, shall be submitted to the Permanent Court of International Justice provided for by Article 14 of the Covenant of the League of Nations.

Le présent acte sera déposé en original aux archives de la Société et des exemplaires certifiés conformes seront transmis par le Secrétaire général de la Société des Nations à tous les Membres de la Société.

Fait à Londres, le vingt-quatrième jour de juillet mil neuf cent vingt-deux.

Pour copie conforme :

SECRÉTAIRE GÉNÉRAL.

The present instrument shall be deposited in original in the archives of the League of Nations and certified copies shall be forwarded by the Secretary-General of the League of Nations to all Members of the League.

Done at London on the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

Certified true copy

SECRETARY-GENERAL.

Le Règlement Organique du Sandjak d'Alexandrette (14.05.1930)³

ARRÊTÉ

Du Haut-Commissaire de la République Française

No. 3112, du 14 Mai 1930

promulguant

Le Règlement Organique du Sandjak d'Alexandrette.

Le Haut-Commissaire de la République Française ;

Vu l'Acte de Mandat du 24 Juillet 1922,

Vu le Décret du 23 Novembre 1920, fixant les pouvoirs du Haut-Commissaire,

Vu le Décret du 3 Septembre 1926, portant nomination du Haut Commissaire.

ARRÊTE :

Art. 1° — Le Sandjak d'Alexandrette, constitué le 27 Novembre 1918 et dont les limites ont été fixées le 12 September: 1921, est doté du régime défini par le Règlement Organique annexé au présent Arrêté.

Art. 2. — Le Règlement Organique dont le texte est publié et promulgué en annexe au présent Arrête modifie ou remplace les textes antérieurs relatifs au même objet et notamment les dispositions contraires des Arrêtés des Hauts Commissaires de la République Française :

No. 330 du 1er Septembre 1920.

No. 403 du 9 Octobre 1920.

No. 987 du 8 Août 1921.

No. 1135 du 5 Décembre 1921.

No. 1881 du 4 Mars 1925.

No. 2980 du 5 Décembre 1924.

No. 3017 du 31 Décembre 1924.

No. 44/S du 14 Février 1925.

DECREE OF THE HIGH COMMISSIONER OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC, No. 3112 OF MAY 14TH, 1930, PROMULGATING THE ORGANIC REGULATION OF THE SANJAK OF ALEXANDRETTA.

The High Commissioner of the French Republic :

In view of the Mandate of July 24th, 1922 ;

In view of the Decree of November 23rd, 1929, fixing the powers of the High Commissioner ;

In view of the Decree of September 3rd, 1926, appointing the High Commissioner :

HEREBY DECREES:

Article 1. The Sanjak of Alexandretta, which was constituted on November 27th, 1918, and the boundaries of which were fixed on September 12th, 1921, shall be governed under the regime set forth in the Organic Regulation annexed to the present Decree.

Article 2. The Organic Regulation, the text of which is published and promulgated as an annex to the present Decree, modifies or replaces the former texts concerning the same subject, and, in particular, all provisions contrary to its terms in the following decrees of the High Commissioners of the French Republic :

No. 330 of September 1st, 1920 ;

No. 403 of October 9th, 1920 ;

No. 987 of August 8th, 1921 ;

No. 1135 of December 5th, 1921 ;

No. 1881 of March 4th, 1923 ;

No. 2980 of December 5th, 1924 ;

No. 3017 of December 31st, 1924 ;

No. 44/S of February 14th, 1925.

³ Source: Bulletin Officiel des Actes Administratifs du Haut-Commissariat de la République Française en Syrie et au Liban (Beyrouth). Vol. 9, 1930, no. 11 (15.06.1930), pp. 107–108.

English text: Mandates Organic Law for Syria and the Lebanon (Geneva, League of Nations, 1930), pp. 24–26.

Art. 3. — Pendant la durée du Mandat ou jusqu'à ce qu'il en soit autrement disposé :

Sont maintenus en vigueur les articles 3 et 9 de l'Arrêté no. 3017 du 31 Décembre 1924, relatifs au mode de nomination du Mutesarîf et aux attributions du Délégué Adjoint du Haut Commissaire,

Beyrouth, le 14 Mai 1930
Le Haut-Commissaire :
Signé : H. PONSOT

REGLEMENT ORGANIQUE

Du Sandjak d'Alexandrette

promulgué par Arrêté du Haut Commissaire de la République Française

N° 3112, du 14 Mai 1930.

Art. 1er. — Le régime spécial dont est doté dans l'Etat de Syrie, le Sandjak d'Alexandrette; en matière administrative et financière, est réglé par les articles suivants.

Pour assurer l'application de ce régime, le Mutesarîf et le Conseil Administratif du Sandjak sont investis des pouvoirs spéciaux ci-après définis.

Art. 2. — Le Chef de l'Etat nomme les Magistrats. Il nomme sur la présentation du Mutessarîf, les Caïmakams et les Chefs des Services centraux du Sandjak,

Le Mutessarîf, en vertu de la délégation permanente du Chef de l'Etat, nomme les autres fonctionnaires. Il nomme également les Mudirs,

Le Mutessarîf exerce le pouvoir réglementaire pour les matières qui sont de sa compétence en vertu du présent Règlement.

Art. 3. — Le Conseil Administratif est composé de neuf membres élus suivant le mode de scrutin en vigueur dans l'Etat, et de trois membres nommés. Ces derniers sont choisis par le Chef de l'Etat sur une liste de proposition établie par le Mutessarîf, sur laquelle sont portés les Présidents des Chambres de Commerce et d'Agriculture et d'autres Notables du Sandjak.

Les membres du Conseil sont élus, ou nommés, pour quatre ans. Le Conseil est renouvelable par moitié.

Art. 4. — Le Budget du Sandjak comprend en recettes :

1° — Le produit de tous impôts d'Etat, taxes et revenus de toute nature perçus sur le territoire du Sandjak et dont la perception est régulièrement autorisée ;

Article 3. During the term of the mandate and until otherwise decreed, Articles 3 and 9 of Decree No. 3017 of December 31st, 1924, concerning the method of appointment of the Mutessarîf and the powers of the deputy delegate of the High Commissioner, shall remain in force.

Beirut, May 14th, 1930.

(Signed) Henri Ponsot,
High Commissioner.
(Signed) D. Tetreau,
Secretary-General.

Published May 22nd, 1930.

ORGANIC REGULATION OF THE SANJAK OF ALEXANDRETTA, PROMULGATED BY DECREE OF THE HIGH COMMISSIONER OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC, No. 3112 OF MAY 14TH, 1930.

Article 1. The special regime in regard to administrative and financial matters conferred on the Sanjak of Alexandretta, within the State of Syria, shall be determined by the following articles :

In order to provide for the application of this regime, the Mutessarîf and the Administrative Council of the sanjak shall be invested with the special powers hereinafter described.

Article 2. The Chief of the State shall appoint the magistrates. He shall also appoint the Caimakams and the Chiefs of the Central Services of the sanjak, on the proposal of the Mutessarîf.

The Mutessarîf, acting in virtue of the special powers delegated to him by the Chief of the State, shall appoint the other officials. He shall also appoint the Mudirs.

The Mutessarîf shall have power to regulate questions falling within his sphere of competence in virtue of the present Regulation.

Article 3. The Administrative Council shall consist of nine members, elected according to the method of voting in force in the State, and of three other nominated members. The latter shall be selected by the Chief of the State from a list of candidates proposed by the Mutessarîf and including the Chairmen of the Chambers of Commerce and Agriculture, and other notables of the sanjak.

The members of the Council shall be elected, or appointed, for four years. The Council shall be renewable, one-half at a time.

Article 4. The budget of the sanjak shall include, on the receipts side :

1. The proceeds of all State taxes, charges and revenues of every description collected in the sanjak

2. — Les sommes qui lui sont attribuées, après déduction des dépenses, au titre de répartition des recettes du Compte de gestion des Intérêts Communs et qui proviennent notamment des recettes des Douanes, des Régies, des Sociétés Concessionnaires et de redevances diverses ;

3. — Des fonds de concours ou des contributions qui lui sont versées, soit par des Etats ou collectivités publiques soit par des particuliers.

Le Budget du Sandjak comprend en dépenses :

1° — Toutes les dépenses des Services Publics sur son territoire ;

2. — Une contribution aux dépenses d'administration générale de l'Etat égale à cinq pour cent du total des recettes ordinaires du Sandjak ;

3. — Le service des emprunts contractés par le Sandjak ou à son bénéfice ;

4. — Le service des pensions.

Art. 5 — Le projet de budget est préparé par le Mutessarif assisté des Chefs de Service, et soumis avant le premier Octobre à l'examen du Ministre des Finances.

Dans le délai d'un mois, celui-ci fait connaître ses observations sur l'application des lois et règlements généraux de l'Etat et leur répercussion sur les recettes et les dépenses, ainsi que sur toutes mesures propres à assurer l'équilibre des finances du Sandjak.

Art. 6. — Le Mutessarif convoque le Conseil Administratif au plus tard le 15 Novembre, pour examen du projet de Budget. La durée de cette session ne dépasse pas quinze jours.

Le Budget voté par le Conseil Administratif est promulgué par le Chef de l'Etat avant l'ouverture de l'exercice.

Art. 7. — Les projets d'emprunts et de concessions intéressant le Sandjak et engageant ses finances sont préparés, présentés, délibérés, conclus et accordés dans les mêmes conditions que le Budget.

Art. 8. — Le Sandjak figure à titre spécial au Compte de gestion des Intérêts Communs, en recettes et en dépenses. Il assume sa part contributive de toutes charges communes inscrites à ce compte. Il est, à ce titre, appelé à faire valoir ses droits et à débattre de ses intérêts.

territory and duly authorised ;

2. The sums assigned to the sanjak, after deduction of expenses, as its share in the apportionment of the receipts of the "Common Interests Management Account"; these sums are derived, among other sources, from the receipts from Customs, Régies, concessionary companies, and from miscellaneous dues ;

3. The proceeds of quotas or contributions which are paid to the sanjak by States and public bodies, or by private individuals.

The budget of the sanjak shall include, on the expenditure side :

1. All the expenditure of the Public Services in its territory ;

2. A contribution to the expenses of the general administration of the State, equivalent to 5 per cent of the total ordinary receipts of the sanjak ;

3. The service of loans contracted by or on behalf of the sanjak ;

4. The service of pensions.

Article 5. The budgetary estimates shall be prepared by the Mutessarif, assisted by the Chiefs of Service, and submitted for examination to the Minister of Finance before October 1st. Within a time-limit of one month, the latter shall furnish his observations on the effects of the general laws and regulations of the State and their reaction on the receipts and expenditure, as also in regard to any measures calculated to ensure the stability of the sanjak finances.

Article 6. The Mutessarif shall convene the Administrative Council not later than November 15th to examine the budgetary estimates ; the duration of this session shall not exceed fifteen days.

The budget adopted by the Administrative Council shall be promulgated by the Chief of the State before the beginning of the financial year.

Article 7. Propositions for loans and concessions affecting, and involving financial commitments for, the sanjak shall be drawn up, submitted, discussed and contracted or granted under the same conditions as the budget.

Article 8. The sanjak will be given a special heading in the "Common Interests Management Account", both on the receipt and expenditure side. It shall assume its proportional share of all common charges appearing in this account, and shall be entitled, for this purpose, to urge its rights and defend its interests.

Published May 22nd, 1930.

Statut du Sandjak d'Alexandrette (29.05.1937)⁴

STATUT DU SANDJAK

I. DISPOSITIONS GÉNÉRALES.

Art. 1er. — Les principes suivants régissent le Sandjak d'Alexandrette, tel qu'il est délimité à l'article 4 ci-après :

1° Le Sandjak constitue une entité distincte, jouissant d'une pleine indépendance dans ses affaires intérieures.

2° Les affaires extérieures du Sandjak sont gérées par l'Etat de Syrie.

3° Il existe une même gestion douanière et monétaire pour le Sandjak et la Syrie.

Les conditions d'application de ces principes sont réglées par le présent statut dont les dispositions régissent, dans leur ensemble, toutes les autorités participant à la gestion des affaires du Sandjak.

La question des langues est réglée conformément aux décisions du Conseil en date du 27 janvier et du 29 mai 1937 ci-annexée.⁵

Art 2. — En cas de désaccord entre une disposition de la Loi fondamentale du Sandjak et le présent Statut, celui-ci prévaut.

Art. 3. — En vue d'assurer le respect du Statut et de la Loi fondamentale, le Conseil de la Société des Nations est investi d'un pouvoir de contrôle, dont l'objet et les modalités sont déterminés aux articles 5, 24 et 33 ci-après.

II. DÉLIMITATION DU SANDJAK

Art. 4. — Les limites du Sandjak sont les limites actuelles, telles qu'elles sont définies dans l'annexe au Rapport du Comité.⁶

III. CONTRÔLE GÉNÉRAL DU CONSEIL DE LA SOCIÉTÉ DES NATIONS

Art. 5. — En vue de contrôler le respect du présent Statut et de la Loi fondamentale du Sandjak, le Conseil de la Société des Nations nommera un délégué de nationalité française résidant dans le Sandjak. Le délégué du Conseil aura le droit de suspendre pour un délai maximum de quatre mois tout acte législatif ou gouvernemental contraire aux

STATUTE OF THE SANJAK.

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Article 1. — The following principles shall govern the Sanjak of Alexandretta, as delimited in Article 4 below:

(1) The Sanjak shall constitute a separate entity, enjoying full independence in its internal affairs.

(2) The State of Syria shall be responsible for the conduct of the foreign affairs of the Sanjak.

(3) The Sanjak and Syria shall have the same Customs and monetary administration.

Effect shall be given to these principles in accordance with the conditions laid down in the present Statute, the provisions of which in their entirety shall be binding upon all authorities concerned in the administration of the affairs of the Sanjak.

The language question shall be settled in accordance with the Council's decisions of January 27th, 1937, and May 29th, 1937, attached hereto.⁹

Article 2. — Should any provision of the Fundamental Law of the Sanjak conflict with the present Statute, the latter shall prevail.

Article 3. — With a view to ensuring the observance of the Statute and the Fundamental Law, the Council of the League of Nations shall be invested with supervisory powers, the scope and forms of which are laid down in Articles 5, 24, and 33 below.

II. DELIMITATION OF THE SANJAK.

Article 4. — The boundaries of the Sanjak shall be the present boundaries as defined in the Annex to the Committee's Report.¹⁰

III. GENERAL SUPERVISION BY THE COUNCIL OF THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Article 5. — In order to supervise the observance of the present Statute and the Fundamental Law of the Sanjak, the Council of the League of Nations shall appoint a delegate of French nationality, who shall reside in the Sanjak. The Council's delegate shall be entitled to suspend for a maximum period of four months any legislative or administrative act that

4 Source: Bulletin Officiel des Actes Administratifs du Haut-Commissariat de la République Française en Syrie et au Liban (Beyrouth). Vol. 17, 1938, no. 4 (28.02.1938), pp. 37–43; and *Collection of texts concerning the Sanjak of Alexandretta* (Geneva: League of Nations, 1937), pp. 13–19. Online: https://biblio-archiv.unog.ch/Dateien/CouncilMSD/C-282-M-183-1937_EN.pdf.

5 Voir Recueil des textes concernant le Sandjak d'Alexandrette, publié par la Société des Nations, le 21 juin 1937. C. 282. M. 183. 1937. pages 2 à 4 et 4 à 6.

6 Voir *ibid.* p. 11

dispositions du présent Statut ou de la Loi fondamentale. Il sera tenu, dans ce cas, d'en référer aussitôt au Conseil de la Société des Nations, qui prendra à ce sujet la décision définitive.

IV. DÉCISIONS ET RECOMMANDATIONS DU CONSEIL DE LA SOCIÉTÉ DES NATIONS.

Art. 6. — Les décisions et recommandations du Conseil seront prises à la majorité des deux tiers, le vote des représentants des parties n'entrant pas dans le calcul de cette majorité.

V. COLLABORATION DE LA FRANCE ET DE LA TURQUIE

Art. 7. — Le Gouvernement français et le Gouvernement turc donneront suite aux recommandations que le Conseil de la Société des Nations leur adresserait pour assurer le respect des décisions prises par le Conseil.

Au cas où, aux termes de la décision du Conseil, les deux Gouvernements auraient à exercer une action conjointe, ils se concerteraient préalablement sur les modalités de cette action.

VI. QUALITÉ DE CITOYEN.

Art. 8. — La qualité de citoyen du Sandjak qui comporte les droits et obligations déterminés par le présent Statut, la Loi fondamentale et la législation du Sandjak, implique la qualité de ressortissant syrien.

La perte de la qualité de citoyen du Sandjak n'entraîne pas la perte de celle de ressortissant syrien.

Art. 9. — Acquièrent de plein droit la qualité de citoyen du Sandjak les ressortissants syriens établis sur le territoire du Sandjak avant la date du 1er janvier 1937.

Ceux d'entre eux qui ne seraient pas encore immatriculés lors de l'entrée en vigueur du présent Statut, auront le droit de faire régulariser leur situation dans le délai d'une année, en recourant à une procédure judiciaire gratuite. Ils n'encourront aucune peine en raison du caractère tardif de leur inscription.

Art. 10. — Les personnes visées à l'article peuvent répudier la qualité de citoyens du Sandjak par une déclaration spéciale faite aux autorités du Sandjak dans les six mois qui suivront l'entrée en vigueur du Statut et, en tout cas, avant l'ouverture du scrutin pour les premières élections législatives.

Art. 11. — La femme mariée suit la condition du mari et ses enfants mineurs suivent celle de leurs parents.

Les personnes dont les parents se trouvaient, lors de la mise en vigueur du Statut dans les conditions prévues aux articles 9 et 10 auront le droit d'exprimer, dans l'année qui suit leur majorité, la volonté

est contraire to the provisions of the present Statute or of the Fundamental Law. In such case the delegate shall immediately refer the matter to the Council of the League of Nations, with which the final decision shall rest.

IV. DECISIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE COUNCIL OF THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Article 6. — The Council's decisions and recommendations shall be taken by a two-thirds majority, without reckoning the votes of the representatives of the parties.

V. CO-OPERATION BETWEEN FRANCE AND TURKEY.

Article 7. — The French Government and the Turkish Government shall give effect to the recommendations which the Council of the League of Nations may make to them to ensure that the decisions taken by the Council are respected.

If, in virtue of the Council's decision, the two Governments have to take joint action, they shall previously consult one another regarding the details of such action.

VI. CITIZENSHIP.

Article 8. — Sanjak citizenship, which carries with it the rights and obligations laid down in the present Statute, in the Fundamental Law and in the legislation of the Sanjak, shall imply Syrian nationality.

Loss of Sanjak citizenship shall not involve loss of Syrian nationality.

Article 9. — Citizenship of the Sanjak shall be acquired as of right by Syrian nationals established in the territory of the Sanjak prior to January 1st, 1937.

Such Syrian nationals as have not yet been registered on the coming into force of the present Statute shall be entitled to regularise their position within the following twelve months by a judicial procedure free of charge. They shall incur no penalty on account of the delay in seeking registration.

Article 10. — The persons referred to in the foregoing article may repudiate Sanjak citizenship by a special declaration made to the Sanjak authorities within six months of the coming into force of the Statute, and, in any case, before the opening of the poll for the first legislative elections.

Article 11. — The status of married women shall be governed by that of their husbands, and the status of minors by that of their parents.

Persons whose parents are in the position described in Articles 9 and 10 on the coming into force of the Statute shall be entitled, within the year following their majority, to notify their desire to acquire or repudiate Sanjak citizenship.

Article 12. — The following persons may acquire

d'acquérir ou de répudier la qualité de citoyen du Sandjak.

Art. 12. — Peut acquérir la qualité de citoyen du Sandjak :

a) Toute personne qui est née sur le territoire du Sandjak.

b) Toute personne âgée de moins de 21 ans au moment de l'entrée en vigueur du Statut, dont le père est né sur le territoire du Sandjak.

La demande devra être présentée dans un délai de cinq ans à partir de la mise en vigueur du Statut. Elle sera instruite par la procédure judiciaire gratuite.

Si les personnes visées par le présent article ne possèdent pas déjà la qualité de ressortissants syriens, elles l'acquerront de plein droit en usant de la faculté qui leur est reconnue par le présent article.

La femme mariée suit la condition du mari et les enfants âgés de moins de 18 ans suivent celle des parents. Ces enfants gardent le droit d'opter, à leur majorité, en faveur de l'Etat dont leur père possédait la nationalité, ou de répudier la qualité de citoyen du Sandjak.

VII. LIAISON.

Art. 13. — En vue d'assurer la liaison entre le Gouvernement de la Syrie et celui du Sandjak dans les affaires d'intérêt commun, chacun de ces Gouvernements se fera représenter auprès de l'autre par un Commissaire. Celui-ci sera consulté au préalable sur les mesures affectant les intérêts de son Gouvernement.

Les deux Assemblées législatives pourront instituer entre elles, pour les mêmes matières, un système de liaison dont elles détermineront les modalités.

VIII. AFFAIRES EXTÉRIEURES

Art. 14. — Les accords internationaux conclus par l'Etat de Syrie s'appliquent au Sandjak, sous réserve des dispositions des articles 15, 16, 17 et 18.

Dans la mesure où ces accords affectent le Sandjak, ils seront considérés comme relevant, tant pour leur conclusion que pour leur exécution, des matières d'intérêt commun visées à l'article 13.

Art. 15. — Aucun accord international conclu par l'Etat de Syrie et de nature à affecter de quelque manière que ce soit l'indépendance et la souveraineté de cet Etat, non plus qu'aucune décision internationale ayant les mêmes effets, ne s'appliqueront au Sandjak sans l'assentiment préalable et formel du Conseil de la Société des Nations.

Art. 16. — Le Gouvernement du Sandjak aura le droit de demander que tout accord international ayant pour objet une question relevant directement par sa nature de la compétence propre du Sandjak

Sanjak citizenship:

(a) Any person born in the territory of the Sanjak;

(b) Any person under 21 years of age on the coming into force of the Statute, whose father was born in the territory of the Sanjak.

Application must be made within five years of the coming into force of the Statute. It shall be examined under the judicial procedure free of charge.

Any persons covered by the present article, not already in possession of Syrian nationality, shall automatically acquire such nationality through the exercise of the right conferred on them by the present article.

The status of married women shall be governed by that of their husbands, and the status of children under 18 years of age by that of their parents. Such children shall be entitled, on attaining their majority, to opt for the State whose nationality their father possessed, or to repudiate Sanjak citizenship.

VII. LIAISON.

Article 13. — With a view to ensuring liaison between the Government of Syria and the Government of the Sanjak in respect of matters of common concern, each Government shall accredit a Commissioner to the other. Each Commissioner shall be consulted in advance on any measures affecting the interests of his Government.

The two Legislative Assemblies may set up between themselves, for the same purposes, a liaison system of which they shall determine the details.

VIII. FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Article 14. — International agreements concluded by the State of Syria shall apply to the Sanjak, subject to the provisions laid down in Articles 15, 16, 17 and 18.

In so far as such agreements affect the Sanjak, they shall be presumed, in respect of both their conclusion and their execution, to relate to the matters of common concern referred to in Article 13.

Article 15. — No international agreement concluded by the State of Syria which is likely to affect in any way whatever the independence and sovereignty of that State, and no international decision having the same effects, shall apply to the Sanjak without the express consent in advance of the Council of the League of Nations.

Article 16. — The Government of the Sanjak shall be entitled to ask for a special examination, before signature and in the conditions fixed hereinafter, of

et qu'il considérerait comme contraire aux intérêts essentiels de ce dernier, soit soumis, avant sa signature, à un examen spécial, dans les conditions déterminées ci-après.

Art. 17. — Cet examen sera confié aux deux commissaires, qui pourront s'adjoindre, à cet effet, tels experts qu'il jugeront opportun.

Si l'accord ne se réalise pas entre les deux commissaires, ceux-ci inviteront le délégué de la Société des Nations à participer à leurs délibérations. En cas de désaccord persistant, le délégué de la Société des Nations saisira le Conseil, qui statuera dans les conditions prévues à l'article 6.

Art. 18. — Si le Gouvernement du Sandjak juge utile la conclusion d'un accord international se rapportant exclusivement aux intérêts du Sandjak, il en fera part au Gouvernement syrien.

Si ce dernier s'abstient de donner suite à pareille demande ou si les négociations entamées ne se poursuivent pas dans des conditions satisfaisantes, le Gouvernement du Sandjak aura le droit de demander que la question fasse l'objet d'un examen spécial, auquel cas il sera procédé conformément aux dispositions de l'article 17.

Le Commissaire du Sandjak auprès du Gouvernement syrien suivra, à titre consultatif, le développement des négociations visées au présent article.

Art. 19. — Les représentants diplomatiques et consulaires de l'Etat de Syrie sont chargés de la protection des intérêts du Sandjak et de celle de ses citoyens.

Art. 20. — L'exéquatur est donné aux consuls étrangers résidant dans le Sandjak par le Gouvernement syrien après consultation des autorités du Sandjak.

Art. 21. — Le passeport des citoyens du Sandjak sera délivré au nom de l'Etat syrien, par les autorités du Sandjak à l'intérieur et par les autorités diplomatiques et consulaires syriennes à l'étranger.

IX. DÉMILITARISATION DU SANDJAK

Art. 22. — Le Sandjak est démilitarisé.

Sont interdits sur tout son territoire :

1. L'entretien et le rassemblement de forces armées terrestres, navales et aériennes ainsi que l'introduction de telles forces, pour quelque motif que ce soit, même aux fins de transit.

2. — L'institution de tout service militaire obligatoire ;

3. — La fabrication, l'introduction, même aux fins de transit et l'entretien, par les autorités publiques ou

any international agreement which concerns a question falling directly, by reason of its nature, within the proper competence of the Sanjak, and which that Government regards as contrary to the fundamental interests of the Sanjak.

Article 17. — This examination shall be carried out by the two Commissioners, who may co-opt for this purpose such experts as they may think fit.

If the two Commissioners do not reach an agreement, they shall invite the delegate of the League of Nations to take part in their discussions. Should they still fail to reach agreement, the League delegate shall submit the matter to the Council, which shall come to a decision in the conditions laid down in Article 6.

Article 18. — If at any time the Government of the Sanjak considers it desirable that an international agreement relating solely to the interests of the Sanjak be concluded, it shall so inform the Syrian Government.

Should the latter fail to comply with a request of this nature, or should the negotiations, when begun, not be pursued in a satisfactory manner, the Government of the Sanjak shall be entitled to ask that the question be specially examined, in which case the procedure laid down in Article 17 shall be followed.

The Commissioner of the Sanjak accredited to the Syrian Government shall follow the progress of the negotiations referred to in the present article in an advisory capacity.

Article 19. — The diplomatic and consular representatives of the State of Syria shall be responsible for the protection of the interests of the Sanjak and that of its citizens.

Article 20. — The exequatur shall be granted to foreign consuls resident in the Sanjak by the Syrian Government, after consultation with the authorities of the Sanjak.

Article 21. — Passports shall be issued to citizens of the Sanjak, on behalf of the Syrian State, by the Sanjak authorities at home, and by the Syrian diplomatic and consular authorities abroad.

IX. DEMILITARISATION OF THE SANJAK.

Article 22. — The Sanjak shall be demilitarised.

It shall be forbidden throughout the territory of the Sanjak:

(1) To maintain or assemble any land, naval or air armed forces, or to introduce such forces into the Sanjak for any purpose whatever, even that of transit;

(2) To institute any form of compulsory military service;

(3) To manufacture, introduce (even for transit pur-

par des particuliers, d'armes, de munitions et de matériel servant ou destinés à servir à la guerre sur terre, sur mer ou dans les airs ;

4. — La construction et l'entretien d'ouvrages servant ou destinés à servir à la guerre sur terre, sur mer ou dans les airs.

Art. 23. — Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article précédent, des forces de police et de gendarmerie, suffisantes pour assurer le maintien de l'ordre et de la tranquillité, seront organisées par le Sandjak. Leur effectif total ne pourra pas dépasser quinze cents hommes, sauf autorisation du Conseil de la Société des Nations.

Le Gouvernement du Sandjak pourra introduire et entretenir les armes, munitions et matériel nécessaires à ces forces.

Art. 24. — Tout manquement aux dispositions des articles 22 et 23 sera signalé au Conseil de la Société des Nations par son délégué. Les Gouvernements français, turc et syrien auront le droit de saisir le Conseil de tels manquements. Celui-ci procédera en pareil cas de telle façon et donnera telles instructions qu'il jugera appropriées et efficaces dans les circonstances.

X. MINORITÉS.

Art. 25. — Tous les habitants du Sandjak jouiront de la pleine et entière protection de leur vie et de leur liberté, sans distinction de naissance, de nationalité, de langue, de race ou de religion.

Ils auront droit au libre exercice, tant public que privé, de toute foi, religion ou croyance dont la pratique ne sera pas incompatible avec l'ordre public et les bonnes mœurs.

Art. 26. — Tous les citoyens du Sandjak seront égaux devant la loi et jouiront des mêmes droits civils et politiques, sans distinction de race, de langue ou de religion.

La différence de race, de religion ou de langue ne devra nuire à aucun citoyen du Sandjak, en ce qui concerne la jouissance des droits civils et politiques, notamment pour l'admission aux emplois publics, fonctions et honneurs ou l'exercice des différentes professions et industries.

Il ne sera édicté aucune restriction contre le libre usage par tout citoyen du Sandjak, d'une langue quelconque, soit dans les relations privées ou de commerce, soit en matière de religion, de presse ou de publications, soit dans les réunions publiques.

Art. 27. — Les citoyens appartenant à des minorités de race, de langue ou de religion jouiront du même traitement et des mêmes garanties en droit et en fait que les autres citoyens du Sandjak. Ils auront notamment un droit égal à créer, diriger et contrôler à leurs frais toutes institutions charitables, reli-

poses), or to maintain, whether on behalf of the public authorities or of private persons, arms, ammunition or implements designed or intended for land, sea or air warfare;

(4) To construct or maintain works designed or intended for land, sea or air warfare.

Article 23. — Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding article, police and gendarmerie forces sufficient to ensure the maintenance of order and tranquillity shall be organised by the Sanjak. The total effectives of these forces shall not exceed fifteen hundred men, unless the Council of the League of Nations shall have given its consent.

The Government of the Sanjak shall be entitled to introduce and maintain the arms, ammunition and material required for these forces.

Article 24. — Any departure from the provisions laid down in Articles 22 and 23 shall be notified to the Council of the League of Nations by its delegate. The French, Turkish and Syrian Governments shall have the right to bring such departures to the notice of the Council. In such cases, the Council shall proceed in such a manner, and shall give such instructions, as it deems proper and effective in the circumstances.

X. MINORITIES.

Article 25. — All inhabitants of the Sanjak shall enjoy full and entire protection for their lives and liberties, without distinction of birth, nationality, language, race or religion.

They shall be entitled to practise freely, both in public and in private, any faith, religion or creed the practice of which is not incompatible with public order and morality.

Article 26. — All citizens of the Sanjak shall be equal before the law, and shall enjoy the same civil and political rights, without distinction of race, language or religion.

No difference of race, religion or language shall cause prejudice to any citizen of the Sanjak in the enjoyment of his civil and political rights, and especially as regards admission to public offices, functions and honours, and the exercise of the various professions and trades.

No restriction shall be imposed upon the free use, by any citizen of the Sanjak, of any language, whether in private or commercial relations, or in connection with religion, the Press or publications, or at public meetings.

Article 27. — Citizens belonging to racial, linguistic, or religious minorities shall enjoy the same treatment and the same safeguards, de jure and de facto, as other citizens of the Sanjak. In particular, they shall have equal rights to found, administer and supervise, at their own expense, all charitable, reli-

gieuses et sociales, toutes écoles et autres établissements d'enseignement et d'éducation avec le droit d'y faire librement usage de leur propre langue et d'y exercer librement leur religion.

Art. 28.— En matière d'enseignement public, le Sandjak accordera dans les villes et districts où réside une proportion considérable de citoyens du Sandjak appartenant à des minorités de race, de religion ou de langue des facilités appropriées pour assurer que dans les écoles primaires l'instruction soit donnée dans leur propre langue aux enfants de ces citoyens. Cette stipulation n'empêchera pas le Sandjak de rendre obligatoire l'enseignement d'une langue officielle,⁷ dans lesdites écoles.

Art. 29. — Dans les villes et districts où réside une proportion considérable de citoyens du Sandjak appartenant à des minorités de race, de religion ou de langue, ces minorités se verront assurer une part équitable dans le bénéfice et l'affectation des sommes qui pourraient être attribuées sur les fonds publics par le budget du Sandjak les budgets municipaux ou autres, dans un but d'éducation de religion ou de charité.

Art. 30. — Le Sandjak ne prendra, à l'égard des citoyens du Sandjak appartenant à des minorités de race, de religion ou de langue, en ce qui concerne leur statut familial et personnel, aucune disposition qui, même après l'adoption d'un code civil, restreindrait la faculté de ces minorités de régler ces questions conformément au droit écrit ou coutumier des confessions auxquelles elles appartiennent.

Art. 31. — Le Sandjak accordera toute protection aux édifices consacrés au culte, aux autres établissements religieux et aux cimetières des minorités. Toutes facilités et autorisations seront données aux fondations pieuses et aux établissements religieux et charitables actuellement existants dans le Sandjak et aucune des facilités nécessaires qui sont garanties aux établissements de cette nature déjà existants ne sera refusée pour la création de nouveaux établissements religieux et charitables.

Art. 32.—Les élections à l'Assemblée législative se feront suivant un système de représentation proportionnelle, dont les modalités seront réglées par la Loi fondamentale.

Les minorités seront équitablement représentées dans les emplois publics dans toute la mesure compatible avec les besoins d'une bonne administration.

Art 33.— Les stipulations des articles précédents du chapitre X, dans la mesure où elles affectent des

gious, and social institutions, and all schools and other instructional and educational establishments, and shall be free to use their own language and practise their own religion therein.

Article 28. — In the matter of public education, the Sanjak shall grant facilities in towns and districts where a considerable proportion of citizens belonging to racial, religious or linguistic minorities reside, for the children of such citizens to be taught in their own language in the elementary schools; provided always that the Sanjak shall not thereby be prevented from making the teaching of an official language¹¹ compulsory in such schools.

Article 29. — In towns and districts where a considerable proportion of citizens of the Sanjak belonging to racial, religious or linguistic minorities reside, such minorities shall be given an equitable share in the benefit and assignment of the sums which may be allotted out of public funds in the budget of the Sanjak or in municipal or other budgets for educational, religious or charitable purposes.

Article 30. — As regards the family and personal status of citizens of the Sanjak belonging to racial, religious or linguistic minorities, the Sanjak shall not enact any provision which, even after the adoption of a civil code, would restrict the right of such minorities to settle these questions according to the written or customary law of the creeds to which they belong.

Article 31. — The Sanjak shall grant full protection to the buildings used for worship, to the other religious establishments and to the cemeteries of the minorities. Every facility and authority shall be given to pious foundations and other religious and charitable establishments at present existing in the Sanjak, and none of the necessary facilities which are afforded to existing establishments of this nature shall be refused for the creation of new religious and charitable establishments.

Article 32. — Elections to the Legislative Assembly shall be held under a system of proportional representation, the details of which shall be settled by the Fundamental Law.

Minorities shall be equitably represented in the public services, to the full extent compatible with the requirements of good administration.

Article 33. — The stipulations of the foregoing articles of Chapter X, in so far as they affect citizens of the Sanjak belonging to racial, linguistic or religious minorities, are placed under the guarantee of the League of Nations.

⁷ Voir Rapport du Comité, paragraphe 15 — Ibid. p. 7.

¹⁰ Voir *ibid.* p. 11.

⁹ Voir Recueil des textes concernant le Sandjak d'Alexandrette, publié par la Société des Nations, le 21 juin 1937. C. 282. M. 183. 1937. pages 2 à 4 et 4 à 6.

¹¹ See the Committee's Report, paragraph 15 (page 7 of this document).

citoyens du Sandjak appartenant à des minorités de race, de langue ou de religion, sont placées sous la garantie de la Société des Nations.

Le délégué de la Société lui fournira à cette fin toutes informations utiles dans les conditions et de la manière qui seront déterminées par le Conseil. Il aura le droit de demander aux autorités du Sandjak les renseignements nécessaires à l'accomplissement de sa mission.

Les pétitions émanant des minorités seront adressées au délégué, qui les transmettra au Conseil lorsqu'il les jugera de nature à retenir l'attention de ce dernier. Il y joindra en pareil cas ses observations et celles du Gouvernement du Sandjak.

Tout Membre de la Société représenté au Conseil pourra attirer l'attention de celui-ci sur toute infraction ou danger d'infraction à l'une des stipulations du Statut concernant les minorités.

Le Conseil procédera de telle façon et donnera telles instructions qu'il jugera appropriées et efficaces dans les circonstances.

XI. GESTION DOUANIÈRE.

Art. 34. — Il existe une même gestion douanière pour la Syrie et le Sandjak.

Cette gestion s'exerce dans les conditions suivantes :

a) Le régime douanier est le même pour le Sandjak et la Syrie qui forment un territoire douanier unique à l'intérieur duquel les marchandises circulent librement ;

b) Des taxes de consommation ne peuvent être instituées qu'avec l'assentiment de la Commission visée à l'article 35 ou par application de la procédure prévue à l'article 37 ;

c) Sous réserve des dispositions de l'article 35, les administrations douanières de la Syrie et du Sandjak seront distinctes.

Art. 35. — Une Commission mixte, composée de quatre représentants de la Syrie et de deux représentants du Sandjak, et comprenant les deux Commissaires prévus à l'article 13, est instituée en vue d'assurer la communauté de gestion.

Cette Commission

a) Détermine le régime douanier et établit les règles nécessaires à son application ;

b) Donne à cette fin toutes instructions utiles aux deux administrations compétentes ;

c) Exerce sur les agents de ces administrations le pouvoir disciplinaire ;

d) Contrôle leur gestion et, si elle le juge utile, délègue sur place des agents pour l'aider dans l'accomplissement de cette mission.

To this end, the delegate of the League shall supply it with all useful information, in such circumstances and such manner as may be determined by the Council. He shall be entitled to ask the authorities of the Sanjak for the information necessary for the performance of his duty.

Petitions from minorities shall be addressed to the delegate, who shall transmit them to the Council if he considers them worthy of the latter's attention. In such case, he shall append his own observations and those of the Government of the Sanjak.

Any Member of the League represented on the Council may draw the latter's attention to any breach or threatened breach of any of the stipulations of the Statute that concern minorities.

The Council shall proceed in such a manner and shall give such instructions as it shall deem proper and effective in the circumstances.

XI. CUSTOMS ADMINISTRATION.

Article 34. — Syria and the Sanjak shall have the same Customs administration.

This administration shall be conducted under the following conditions:

(a) The Customs regime shall be the same for the Sanjak and Syria, which together shall constitute a single Customs territory within which goods shall circulate freely;

(b) No taxes on consumption shall be instituted, save with the consent of the Commission mentioned in Article 35, or under the procedure laid down in Article 37;

(c) Subject to the stipulations of Article 35, the Customs services of Syria and the Sanjak shall be separate.

Article 35. — A Mixed Commission, consisting of four representatives of Syria and two representatives of the Sanjak, and including the two Commissioners mentioned in Article 13, shall be set up for the purpose of ensuring unity of administration. It shall be the Commission's duty:

(a) To determine the Customs regime and to lay down such regulations as may be necessary for its application;

(b) With this object, to issue the appropriate instructions to the two competent services;

(c) To exercise disciplinary authority over the officials of the said services;

(d) To supervise their work and, if it deems it desirable, to appoint local representatives to assist it in

Les décisions de la Commission mixte seront prises à la majorité des voix.

Art. 36. — Un accord entre la Syrie et le Sandjak fixera, compte tenu des remboursements et frais de perception et d'administration, les quotes-parts respectives de la Syrie et du Sandjak dans les recettes douanières.

En aucun cas, la part attribuée au Sandjak ne peut être inférieure à un dixième de ces recettes.

En cas de désaccord, la procédure prévue à l'article 37 sera appliquée.

Art. 37. — Si les deux représentants du Sandjak dans la Commission mixte sont d'avis que des droits ou des intérêts du Sandjak se trouvent lésés par une décision de la Commission, ils ont le droit de demander une nouvelle discussion dans une autre séance de la Commission, siégeant sous la présidence du délégué de la Société des Nations.

A défaut d'accord dans cette nouvelle séance, si les deux représentants du Sandjak le demandent et si le délégué est d'avis que la question est assez importante pour que cette procédure soit suivie, le délégué saisit le Conseil, qui prend la décision définitive.

Dans tous les autres cas, le différend est soumis à la décision d'un arbitre choisi à l'unanimité par la Commission, cet arbitre pouvant être le délégué de la Société des Nations. Si la Commission n'est pas d'accord sur le choix de l'arbitre, ce dernier sera nommé par le Secrétaire général de la Société des Nations.

XII. GESTION MONÉTAIRE.

Art. 38. — La Syrie et le Sandjak ont le même système monétaire, avec la livre syrienne comme unité de monnaie. D'autres pays pourront faire partie de ce système.

Art. 39. — Le Sandjak adhérera à la convention que la Syrie conclura avec une banque d'émission. Cette adhésion conférera au Sandjak des droits analogues à ceux qui seront assurés à la Syrie et se fera de manière à sauvegarder ses droits et intérêts particuliers.

La convention réglera la mise en circulation de billets de banque qui auront la même force libératoire légale dans les territoires du Sandjak et de la Syrie. Si un gouvernement le demande, une partie de ces billets pourront porter l'estampille de la Syrie, et une autre partie l'estampille du Sandjak.

Art. 40. — Un accord entre la Syrie et le Sandjak

carrying out its task.

Decisions of the Mixed Commission shall be taken by majority vote.

Article 36. — An agreement shall be concluded between Syria and the Sanjak—due account being taken of refunds and cost of collection and administration—to establish the respective shares of Syria and the Sanjak in the Customs receipts.

In no case shall the share allotted to the Sanjak fall below one-tenth of such receipts.

In case of disagreement, the procedure laid down in Article 37 shall be applied.

Article 37. — Should the two Sanjak members of the Mixed Commission consider that a decision of that body is such as to cause prejudice to the rights or interests of the Sanjak, they shall be entitled to claim that the matter shall be reviewed afresh at a further meeting of the Commission, to be held under the chairmanship of the delegate of the League of Nations.

If, at such further meeting, an agreement still proves unattainable, the delegate, at the request of the two representatives of the Sanjak, and provided he is of opinion that the question is of sufficient importance to warrant such a step, shall lay the matter before the Council, with which the final decision shall rest.

In all other cases, the point at issue shall be referred for decision to an arbitrator who shall be selected unanimously by all the members of the Commission, and who may be the delegate of the League of Nations himself. If the Commission cannot agree unanimously on the choice of an arbitrator, such arbitrator shall be appointed by the Secretary-General of the League of Nations.

XII. MONETARY ADMINISTRATION.

Article 38. — Syria and the Sanjak shall have the same monetary system, with the Syrian pound as the monetary unit. Other countries may participate in this system.

Article 39. — The Sanjak shall accede to a Convention to be concluded between Syria and a bank of issue. Such accession shall confer upon the Sanjak rights analogous to those to be enjoyed by Syria, and shall be effected in such a manner as to safeguard the special rights and interests of the Sanjak.

The Convention shall lay down the conditions governing the issue of banknotes, which shall have equal validity as legal tender in the territories of the Sanjak and of Syria. At the request of either of the two Governments, part of these notes may be stamped "Syria" and part "Sanjak".

Article 40. — An agreement to be concluded

fixera les quotes-parts respectives de la Syrie et du Sandjak dans les avantages et bénéfices de tout ordre résultant de la concession du privilège d'émission monétaire.

En aucun cas, la partie attribuée au Sandjak ne peut être inférieure à un dixième de ces avantages et bénéfices.

En cas de désaccord, la question sera soumise à la procédure prévue à l'article 42.

Art. 41. — La Syrie et le Sandjak auront la faculté de frapper des monnaies divisionnaires de pièces identiques en titre, en composition et en poids et ayant la même force libératoire, jusqu'à des volumes maxima à convenir entre eux et avec la banque d'émission.

Art. 42. — Toutes les questions monétaires demandant un accord entre la Syrie et le Sandjak seront soumises à l'examen des deux commissaires prévus à l'article 13 ; elles feront l'objet d'une procédure analogue à celle qui est prescrite à l'article 37.

XIII. PORT D'ALEXANDRETTE.

Art. 43. — La Turquie aura le droit d'user dans la plus large mesure du port d'Alexandrette pour les besoins de son transit.

A cet effet, il sera donné à bail à la Turquie par le Gouvernement du Sandjak, dans le port, un emplacement d'étendue suffisante, qui sera affecté à son usage et placé sous son administration douanière. Le bail sera conclu pour une durée de cinquante ans moyennant une redevance annuelle d'une livre syrienne-or.

Les terrains et constructions de tout genre appartenant au Gouvernement du Sandjak ou à la municipalité d'Alexandrette et compris dans l'emplacement donné à bail, seront remis à la Turquie, sans autre charge.

Les terrains et constructions de tout genre constituant des biens privés et compris dans cet emplacement donné à bail seront expropriés par le Gouvernement du Sandjak et les indemnités d'expropriation correspondantes se sont à la charge du Gouvernement turc.

Art. 44. — Cet emplacement, dénommé « zone libre turque », fait partie intégrante du territoire du Sandjak et est soumis à sa juridiction, notamment en ce qui concerne la police et la justice. Mais cette zone, étant considérée comme une région douanière turque, sera administrée par les autorités douanières de la République turque.

En vue de l'accomplissement du service de la police et de la justice appartenant aux autorités du Sandjak, le commandant du port, et lui seul, a le droit de pénétrer dans la zone libre turque.

between Syria and the Sanjak shall determine their respective shares in the advantages and profits of every description resulting from the grant of the right to issue currency.

In no case may the share allotted to the Sanjak amount to less than one tenth of such advantages and profits.

In case of disagreement, the matter shall be dealt with in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 42.

Article 41. — Syria and the Sanjak shall be entitled to mint divisional coins of identical value, composition and weight and having equal validity as legal tender, up to a maximum to be agreed upon between them and with the bank of issue.

Article 42. — All monetary questions requiring an agreement between Syria and the Sanjak shall be submitted for examination to the two Commissioners mentioned in Article 13 ; they shall be dealt with in accordance with a procedure analogous to that laid down in Article 37.

XIII. PORT OF ALEXANDRETTA.

Article 43. — Turkey shall have the right to make use to the fullest extent of the port of Alexandretta for her transit trade.

With this object, the Sanjak Government shall lease to Turkey, within the port, an area of adequate extent, which shall be assigned to her use and placed under her Customs administration. The lease shall run for fifty years, subject to the payment of an annual rent of one Syrian pound gold.

Land and buildings of any kind belonging to the Sanjak Government or the municipality of Alexandretta, and situated within the leased area, shall be handed over to Turkey without further charge.

Land and buildings of any kind owned by private persons, and situated within the leased area, shall be expropriated by the Sanjak Government; compensation in respect of such expropriation shall be paid by the Turkish Government.

Article 44. — The said area, to be known as the " Turkish Free Zone ", shall form an integral part of the territory of the Sanjak, and shall be within its jurisdiction, more particularly as regards police and justice. The zone, being considered as a Turkish Customs area, shall, however, be administered by the Customs authorities of the Turkish Republic.

With a view to carrying out the duties in connection with police and justice devolving to the Sanjak authorities, the commandant of the port—but no other person—shall have the right of entry into the Turkish Free Zone.

If the commandant of the port deems it necessary for the judicial authorities to intervene, preliminary ju-

Si le commandant du port constate la nécessité d'une intervention de l'autorité judiciaire, les actes d'instruction seront entrepris par l'autorité judiciaire du Sandjak, à laquelle la direction de la zone libre turque sera tenue de prêter l'appui nécessaire.

Art. 45. — Tous les fonctionnaires et agents de la zone libre turque seront nommés par la Turquie, qui en communiquera la liste au Gouvernement du Sandjak.

Dans cette zone, l'ordre d'accostage des navires et le contrôle des opérations de chargement et de déchargement, en général tout le service assuré par un capitaine de port, sera rempli par un fonctionnaire nommé par le Gouvernement turc, sous la surveillance du commandant du port d'Alexandrette.

Les autorités douanières turques remettront aux autorités douanières du Sandjak la copie (triplicate) du manifeste des marchandises et des voyageurs en transit entrant dans la zone libre turque ou sortant de la dite zone. Cette remise de la copie du manifeste n'entravera d'aucune façon le transit des marchandises et des voyageurs.

Art. 46. — En dehors des taxes d'usage correspondant à la rémunération normale des services effectivement rendus, tels que remorquage, pilotage, etc., ou des taxes de péage raisonnables et générales correspondant à l'établissement, en dehors de la zone libre turque, d'ouvrages d'intérêt commun, tels que phares, ouvrages de protection, etc.; aucun droit ou taxe autres que ceux imposés par le Gouvernement turc, ne sera prélevé sur les marchandises transitant de provenance ou à destination de la Turquie, non plus que sur les navires accostant ladite zone. Sans préjudice des dispositions de l'article 45, relatives à l'intervention du commandant du port, ces navires pourront aborder aux quais et charger ou décharger leurs marchandises et leurs voyageurs sans avis préalable ni surveillance des autorités du Sandjak.

Art. 47. — Toutes les constructions et installations nécessaires à l'accostage des navires, au chargement, déchargement et à l'emmagasiner des marchandises, etc., seront faites dans la zone libre turque par le Gouvernement turc et à ses frais et exécutés soit directement par lui, soit par des entrepreneurs.

Les droits ou taxes pour l'usage de ces constructions et installations seront établis par le Gouvernement turc et perçus à son profit.

Les ouvrages à construire par le Gouvernement turc dans la zone libre se feront en harmonie avec le plan d'ensemble qui sera adopté par le Gouvernement du Sandjak pour la construction du port d'Alexandrette.

Art. 48. — Les marchandises et les voyageurs en provenance ou à destination de la Turquie seront

judicial enquiries shall be carried out by the judicial authorities of the Sanjak, to whom the authorities of the Turkish Free Zone shall be bound to give the necessary assistance.

Article 45. — All officials and staff of the Turkish Free Zone shall be appointed by Turkey, a list of such persons being communicated to the Government of the Sanjak.

Within the Zone, the order of berthing of vessels and the supervision of loading and unloading operations, and, generally speaking, all duties appertaining to a harbour-master, shall be carried out by an official appointed by the Turkish Government, under the supervision of the commandant of the port of Alexandretta.

The Turkish Customs authorities shall hand over to the Customs authorities of the Sanjak copies (in triplicate) of the ship's manifest of goods and passengers entering or leaving the Turkish Free Zone in transit. The handing-over of copies of the manifest shall not hamper in any way the transit of goods and passengers.

Article 46. — Apart from customary charges representing normal payment for services actually rendered, such as towage, pilotage, etc., or reasonable and general tolls in respect of the construction outside the Turkish Free Zone of works of common utility such as lighthouses, breakwaters, etc., no dues or charges other than those imposed by the Turkish Government shall be levied on goods in transit from or to Turkey or on vessels berthing in the said Zone. Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 45 concerning the intervention of the commandant of the port, such vessels may come alongside the wharves and load or unload goods and passengers without previous notice to, or supervision by, the authorities of the Sanjak.

Article 47. — All buildings and plant required for the berthing of vessels or for the loading, unloading or warehousing of goods, etc., shall be provided in the Turkish Free Zone by the Turkish Government, at its own cost, and shall be erected either directly by itself or by contractors.

The dues or charges for the use of such buildings and plant shall be fixed by the Turkish Government and levied for its account.

Works to be executed by the Turkish Government in the Free Zone shall be carried out in harmony with the general plan to be adopted by the Government of the Sanjak for the building of the port of Alexandretta.

Article 48. — Goods and passengers coming from or proceeding to Turkey shall be considered as being in transit from the Turkish frontier to the Turkish Free Zone and vice versa, and shall not be subjected to any dues or charges by the authorities of the Sanjak.

considérés en transit de la frontière turque à la zone libre turque et vice versa, et ne seront soumis à aucun droit ou taxe de la part des autorités du Sandjak. Le tarif de transport qui leur sera appliqué devra être établi d'une manière raisonnable. Il ne pourra impliquer aucune discrimination.

Art. 49. — Toutes facilités seront données au Gouvernement turc pour assurer la jonction de la zone libre turque avec le chemin de fer reliant Alexandrette au territoire turc.

Art. 50. — Les détails d'application des articles 43 à 49 du présent Statut seront réglés par une convention spéciale à conclure entre la Turquie et le Gouvernement du Sandjak par la procédure prescrite pour les affaires extérieures de ce dernier. Cette convention contiendra notamment des dispositions relatives à l'hygiène et aux navires accostant à la zone libre turque et dont une partie de la cargaison est constituée par des marchandises à destination ou en provenance du Sandjak ou en transit à travers le Sandjak en provenance ou à destination d'autres territoires que le territoire turc.

Art. 51. — Dans les parties du port autres que la zone libre turque, les marchandises et les voyageurs transitant en provenance ou à destination de la Turquie, ainsi que les navires sous pavillon turc seront traités sur un pied de parfaite égalité avec les marchandises et voyageurs du Sandjak et les navires qui y sont immatriculés, conformément aux dispositions du Statut sur la liberté du transit adopté par la Conférence générale sur la liberté des communications et du transit en 1921, ainsi que des dispositions du Statut sur le régime international des ports maritimes et du Statut sur le régime international des voies ferrées, adoptés en 1923 par la Conférence générale des communications et du transit.

Art. 52. — La main-d'œuvre employée dans la zone libre turque sera recrutée de préférence parmi la population locale.

Art. 53. — Les différends qui pourraient surgir entre les parties au sujet de l'exécution des articles précédents du présent chapitre seront réglés conformément aux dispositions de l'article 13 du Statut sur la liberté du transit.

XIV. POSTES ET TÉLÉCOMMUNICATIONS.

Art. 54. — En ce qui concerne les services des postes et des télécommunications, les administrations postales de la Syrie et du Sandjak concluront un accord pour assurer un service uniforme. En cas de divergences au sujet de la conclusion de cet accord, il sera fait appel aux deux gouvernements.

Le Sandjak aura le droit d'émettre des valeurs postales destinées à ses usages internes. Pour le service international, le Sandjak continuera à faire partie de l'administration syrienne jusqu'au moment

The transport tariffs applied in respect of them shall be of a reasonable nature and shall involve no discrimination.

Article 49. — Every facility shall be afforded to the Turkish Government for ensuring connection between the Turkish Free Zone and the railway linking Alexandretta to Turkish territory.

Article 50. — Detailed rules for the application of Articles 43 to 49 of the present Statute shall be laid down in a special agreement to be concluded between Turkey and the Government of the Sanjak by the procedure prescribed for the latter's external affairs. This agreement shall contain provisions dealing, in particular, with health matters and with vessels berthing in the Turkish Free Zone, part of the cargo of which consists of goods consigned to or from the Sanjak or in transit through the Sanjak from or to territories other than Turkish territory.

Article 51. — In other parts of the port than the Turkish Free Zone, goods and passengers in transit from or to Turkey and vessels flying the Turkish flag shall be treated on a footing of absolute equality with goods and passengers of, and vessels registered in, the Sanjak, in conformity with the provisions of the Statute on Freedom of Transit adopted by the General Conference on Freedom of Communications and Transit, 1921, and with the provisions of the Statute on the International Regime of Maritime Ports and the Statute on the International Regime of Railways adopted by the General Conference on Communications and Transit, 1923.

Article 52. — In the recruiting of labour for employment in the Turkish Free Zone, preference shall be given to the local population.

Article 53. — Any differences that may arise between the parties concerning the application of the foregoing articles of the present Chapter shall be settled in conformity with the provisions of Article 13 of the Statute on Freedom of Transit.

XIV. POSTS AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS.

Article 54. — As regards postal and telecommunication services, the postal administrations of Syria and the Sanjak shall conclude an agreement for the provision of a uniform service. In the event of differences of opinion with regard to the conclusion of such an agreement, the matter shall be referred to the two Governments.

The Sanjak shall be entitled to issue postage stamps for its own internal use. For the purposes of the international service, the Sanjak shall continue to

où il fera usage de son droit de demander son admission séparée à l'Union postale et à celle des télécommunications et qu'il y sera admis.

XV. ENTRÉE EN VIGUEUR.

Art. 55 — Le Statut et la Loi fondamentale du Sandjak entreront en vigueur à la date du 29 novembre 1937.⁸

Pendant la durée du mandat, leur application se fera dans toute la mesure compatible avec l'exercice dudit mandat.

form part of the Syrian Administration until such time as it shall exercise its right to apply for, and shall obtain, separate admission to the Postal Union and to the Telecommunications Union.

XV. ENTRY INTO FORCE.

Article 55. — The Statute and the Fundamental Law of the Sanjak shall come into force on November 29th, 1937.¹²

During such time as the mandate remains in operation, they shall be applied to the fullest extent compatible with the exercise of the said mandate.

Loi Fondamentale du Sandjak d'Alexandrette (28.02.1938)¹³

LOI FONDAMENTALE DU SANDJAK.

A. DISPOSITIONS GÉNÉRALES

Art. 1er — La présente loi est dénommée « Loi fondamentale du Sandjak ».

Art. 2 — Elle ne peut être interprétée, appliquée et amendée que sous réserve des dispositions du Statut.

Art. 3 — A l'entrée en vigueur de la présente Loi fondamentale, le sandjak prendra à sa charge tous les actifs et passifs de l'administration actuelle. Les concessions octroyées avant le 27 janvier 1937, les lois, les règlements et les nominations à des fonctions publiques seront maintenus, tant qu'il n'aura pas été statué autrement, réserve faite des droits régulièrement acquis, par les autorités compétentes du Sandjak.

Art. 4 — Les dispositions des articles 5 à 27, relatifs à l'organisation des pouvoirs, pourront être complétées et amendées par l'Assemblée du Sandjak. Les adjonctions destinées à prendre rang parmi les dispositions de la Loi fondamentale devront être approuvées deux fois par l'Assemblée à trois mois d'intervalle et à la majorité des membres composant l'Assemblée.

Les amendements devront être approuvés dans des mêmes conditions. Aucun amendement ne pourra être apporté à la Loi fondamentale avant l'expiration d'un délai de cinq ans, sauf dans les cas expressément prévus par ses dispositions.

La dénomination du Sandjak pourra être également modifiée par l'Assemblée suivant la procédure prévue pour les adjonctions à la Loi fondamentale,

FUNDAMENTAL LAW OF THE SANJAK.

A. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Article 1. — The present law shall be known as the " Fundamental Law of the Sanjak "

Article 2. — It may only be interpreted, applied and amended subject to the provisions of the Statute.

Article 3. — On the entry into force of the present Fundamental Law, the Sanjak shall take over all the assets and liabilities of the present Administration. Concessions granted before January 27th, 1937, the existing laws and regulations, and appointments to public posts shall be maintained until such time as the competent authorities of the Sanjak, with due regard to rights legally acquired, decide otherwise.

Article 4. — The provisions of Articles 5 to 27, concerning the organisation of powers, may be amplified and amended by the Assembly of the Sanjak. Proposed additions to the provisions of the Fundamental Law must be approved by the Assembly twice, at three months' interval, by a majority of the members constituting the Assembly.

Amendments must be approved under the same conditions. No amendment to the Fundamental Law may be made until a period of five years has elapsed, except in the cases specifically provided for in that Law.

The name of the Sanjak may also be changed by the Assembly, in accordance with the procedure laid down for additions to the Fundamental Law.

8 Date fixée par la décision du Conseil du 29 mai 1937 — (voir *ibid.* p. 5).

12 Date fixed by the Council's decision of May 29th, 1937 (see page 5).

13 Source: Bulletin Officiel des Actes Administratifs du Haut-Commissariat de la République Française en Syrie et au Liban (Beyrouth). Vol. 17, 1938, no. 4 (28.02.1938), pp. 44–46; and *Collection of texts concerning the Sanjak of Alexandretta* (Geneva: League of Nations, 1937), pp. 20–22. Online: https://biblio-archive.unog.ch/Dateien/CouncilMSD/C-282-M-183-1937_EN.pdf.

B. ORGANISATION DES POUVOIRS.

Chapitre I. — Pouvoir législatif.

Art. 5. — Le pouvoir législatif est exercé, au nom du peuple du Sandjak, par l'Assemblée. L'Assemblée est un corps unique de quarante membres élus pour une durée de quatre ans.

Art. 6. — Les élections à l'Assemblée ont lieu à deux degrés.

Art. 7. — Sont électeurs au premier degré, tous les citoyens du sexe masculin du Sandjak âgés de plus de 20 ans et qui n'ont pas été exclus du droit de vote par la perte de leurs droits civiques ou en raison d'une incapacité personnelle établie par la loi et dûment constatée par l'autorité compétente.

Art. 8. — Pour être éligible au premier degré, il faut, en outre, savoir lire et écrire ; pour être éligible au second degré, il faut satisfaire aux mêmes conditions et être âgés d'au moins 25 ans.

Art. 9. — Les électeurs au premier degré se font inscrire, en présence de délégués de la Commission prévue à l'article 15 sur des registres comme appartenant à l'une des communautés suivantes: «Communauté turque», «Communauté alaouite», «Communauté arabe», «Communauté arménienne», «Communauté grecque-orthodoxe», «Communauté kurde», «Autres communautés».

La Commission envisagée à l'article 15 prononcera la clôture de l'opération prévue au présent article et fixera le délai qui s'écoulera entre ladite clôture et le scrutin au premier degré.

Art. 10. — Le nombre d'électeurs inscrits comme appartenant à une même communauté détermine le nombre de députés et le nombre d'électeurs du second degré qui seront attribués à cette communauté pour l'ensemble du Sandjak. Quel que soit le résultat de cette opération, il est assuré à chaque communauté un nombre minimum de députés ainsi fixé :

Communauté turque	8
Communauté alaouite	6
Communauté arabe	2
Communauté arménienne	2
Communauté grecque-orthodoxe. . .	1

Art. 11. — Il y aura un électeur au second degré pour cent électeurs au premier degré.

Art. 12. — La circonscription électorale sera le Caza. La section de vote sera le Nahié ou le quartier ; deux sections de vote pourront éventuellement être établies dans un même Nahié.

Art. 13. — Les membres de l'Assemblée sont élus par les électeurs du second degré.

B. ORGANISATION OF POWERS.

Chapter I. — Legislature.

Article 5. — The legislative power shall be exercised, in the name of the people of the Sanjak, by the Assembly. The Assembly shall be a single chamber of forty members, elected for a period of four years.

Article 6. — Elections for the Assembly shall be conducted in two stages.

Article 7. — The electors at the first stage shall be all male citizens of the Sanjak over 20 years of age who have not been disqualified from voting by the loss of their civic rights or through a personal disability established by law and duly placed on record by the competent authority.

Article 8. — Only such persons as are further able to read and write shall be qualified for election at the first stage; candidates for election at the second stage must, in addition to the above-mentioned conditions, be at least 25 years of age.

Article 9. — Electors at the first stage shall register, in the presence of delegates of the Commission mentioned in Article 15, as members of one of the following communities; "Turkish community", "Alawite community", "Arab community", "Armenian community", "Greek Orthodox community", "Kurdish community", "Other communities".

It shall be for the Commission mentioned in Article 15 to declare the registration proceedings provided for in the present article closed and to specify the interval which shall elapse between such closure and the first stage of the elections.

Article 10. — The number of deputies and the number of electors at the second stage allotted to each community, in the Sanjak as a whole, shall be determined by the number of electors registered as belonging to such community. Whatever the result of this computation, however, each community shall be assured of a minimum number of deputies, as follows:

Turkish community	8
Alawite community	6
Arab community	2
Armenian community	2
Greek Orthodox community	1

Article 11. — There shall be one elector at the second stage for every hundred electors at the first stage.

Article 12. — Each Caza shall constitute an electoral constituency. A voting section shall be established in each Nahié or quarter; two voting sections may, if necessary, be set up within the same Nahié.

Article 13. — The members of the Assembly shall

Art. 14. — Les élections aux deux degrés ont lieu au scrutin secret. Les listes de candidats sont dressées par communautés. Il n'est remis à chaque électeur qu'un bulletin de vote contenant la liste des candidats de la communauté à laquelle il a déclaré appartenir.

Art. 15. — Pour les premières élections,¹⁴ l'ensemble des opérations sera organisé et contrôlé par une commission dont les membres seront nommés par le Conseil de la Société des Nations. Cette commission comprendra des ressortissants d'Etats membres de la Société des Nations autres que la France et la Turquie, auxquels seront adjoints des représentants locaux des communautés turque, alaouite, arabe, arménienne, grecque-orthodoxe.

Art. 16. — L'initiative des lois appartient aux membres de l'Assemblée et au pouvoir exécutif. Toutefois, l'initiative des lois engageant des dépenses ou portant création, modification ou suppression d'impôts appartient au pouvoir exécutif seul.

Art. 17. — Aucun impôt n'est établi ou perçu et aucun emprunt n'est contracté qu'en vertu d'une loi.

L'Assemblée est saisie annuellement par le pouvoir exécutif d'un projet de budget et d'un projet de loi de finance pour l'année suivante.

Aucune dépense ne peut être faite au cours de l'année si les crédits nécessaires n'ont pas été votés par l'Assemblée.

Après la clôture de chaque exercice, les comptes définitifs de l'exercice sont présentés à l'Assemblée après avoir été vérifiés par un organe indépendant institué par une loi.

Art. 18. — Sauf disposition contraire de la présente Loi fondamentale, les lois sont votées à la majorité simple. Le quorum est de la moitié des membres composant l'Assemblée.

Chapitre II. — Pouvoir exécutif

Art. 19. — Le pouvoir exécutif est exercé au nom du peuple du Sandjak, par le Président du Sandjak et par un conseil exécutif.

Art. 20. — Le Président est élu par l'Assemblée pour une période de cinq ans. Il exerce les prérogatives qui lui sont expressément attribuées par la présente Loi fondamentale. Il jouit d'un traitement et d'immunités qui ne peuvent être modifiés à son désavantage pendant la durée de son mandat.

Art. 21. — Le Président représente le Sandjak dans les cérémonies officielles.

be elected by the electors at the second stage.

Article 14. — Both stages of the election shall be conducted by secret ballot. Lists of candidates shall be drawn up by communities. Each elector shall receive only one voting-paper, which shall contain the list of the candidates of the community to which he has declared himself to belong.

Article 15. — The whole of the proceedings involved in the first elections¹⁶ held in the Sanjak shall be organised and supervised by a commission, the members of which shall be appointed by the Council of the League of Nations. This commission shall be composed of nationals of States Members of the League of Nations other than France and Turkey, to whom shall be attached local representatives of the Turkish, Alawite, Arab, Armenian and Greek Orthodox communities.

Article 16. — Legislation may be initiated by the members of the Assembly and by the Executive. Nevertheless, legislation involving expenditure or introducing, modifying or abolishing taxes may only be initiated by the Executive.

Article 17. — No tax may be introduced or levied and no loan may be contracted except in virtue of a law.

Each year the Executive shall lay before the Assembly a draft Budget and a draft Finance Law for the following year.

No expenditure shall be incurred during the year unless the corresponding credits have been voted by the Assembly.

After the close of each financial period, final accounts for such period shall be laid before the Assembly, after having been audited by an independent body set up by law.

Article 18. — In the absence of any contrary provision in the present Fundamental Law, laws shall be voted by simple majority. Half the members composing the Assembly shall constitute a quorum.

Chapter II. — Executive.

Article 19. — The executive power shall be exercised, in the name of the people of the Sanjak, by the President of the Sanjak and an Executive Council.

Article 20. — The President shall be elected by the Assembly for a period of five years. He shall exercise the prerogatives specifically assigned to him by the present Fundamental Law. He shall enjoy remuneration and immunities which shall not be altered to his disadvantage during his term of office.

Article 21. — The President shall represent the

¹⁴ Aux termes de la décision du Conseil du 29 mai 1937, ces élections doivent avoir lieu au plus tard avant le 15 avril 1938 (voir *ibid.* p. 6).

Il exerce le droit de grâce dans les limites prévues par la loi.

L'amnistie ne peut être accordée que par une loi.

Art. 22. — Toutes les lois adoptées par l'Assemblée sont promulguées par le Président du Sandjak et aucune loi n'entre en vigueur avant sa promulgation.

Le Président peut, dans le mois qui suit son adoption par l'Assemblée, suspendre la promulgation d'une loi et demander à l'Assemblée de l'examiner à nouveau avec les observations qu'il jugera utile de lui soumettre.

La nouvelle délibération ne pourra avoir lieu qu'un mois après le renvoi. Le Président devra promulguer la loi telle qu'elle aura été votée au cours de cette seconde instance.

Art. 23. — Le Président du Sandjak peut, sur l'avis du Conseil exécutif, dissoudre l'Assemblée. Il doit, en pareil cas, procéder sans délai à de nouvelles élections.

Art. 24. — Il est constitué un conseil exécutif responsable devant l'Assemblée. Ce Conseil est composé d'un chef et de quatre membres au plus choisis par lui.

Le chef du Conseil exécutif est choisi par le Président du Sandjak.

Chapitre III. Pouvoir judiciaire.

Art. 25. — Le pouvoir judiciaire est exercé au nom du peuple du Sandjak par les tribunaux établis par la loi. Il y aura une Cour suprême dont les membres seront nommés par le Président du Sandjak. Ils ne pourront être révoqués que par lui, après consultation des autres juges de la Cour suprême, dans les cas et de la manière déterminés par la loi.

Art. 26. — La Cour suprême exerce la juridiction d'appel et de révision à l'égard des décisions de tous les tribunaux du Sandjak ainsi que les autres attributions que lui confère la loi. Le Conseil exécutif est tenu de faire exécuter les arrêts et ordonnances de la Cour suprême et des tribunaux. Les décisions du pouvoir judiciaire ne peuvent être reformées ou modifiées par aucun autre pouvoir.

Art. 27. — La Cour suprême et les tribunaux n'ont pas compétence pour vérifier la constitutionnalité des lois.

C. DROITS FONDAMENTAUX.

Art. 28. — Nul ne peut être arrêté, interrogé ou privé de sa liberté, ni subir de condamnation que dans les cas et formes prévus par la loi.

Sanjak at official ceremonies.

He shall have the right of pardon within the limits laid down by law.

An amnesty may only be granted by law.

Article 22. — All laws passed by the Assembly shall be promulgated by the President of the Sanjak, and no law shall come into force before its promulgation.

The President may, within one month following its adoption by the Assembly, suspend the promulgation of a law and require the Assembly to reconsider it together with any observations which he may think fit to submit.

Reconsideration cannot take place until one month after the measure has been referred back. The President shall be bound to promulgate the law in the form in which it is approved as a result of such reconsideration.

Article 23. — The President of the Sanjak may dissolve the Assembly on the advice of the Executive Council. In such case he shall be bound to order fresh elections without delay.

Article 24. — There shall be an Executive Council responsible to the Assembly. This Council shall consist of a chief member, and of not more than four other members selected by him.

The chief member of the Executive Council shall be selected by the President of the Sanjak.

Chapter III. — Judiciary.

Article 25. — The judicial power shall be exercised, in the name of the people of the Sanjak, by courts of justice organised by law. There shall be a Supreme Court, whose members shall be appointed by the President of the Sanjak and may not be removed from office except by him, after consultation with the other Judges of the Supreme Court, in the cases and in the manner provided by law.

Article 26. — The Supreme Court shall exercise appeal and revision jurisdiction with regard to the decisions of all the courts of the Sanjak; it shall also perform such other functions as are assigned to it by law. The Executive Council shall be bound to enforce the judgments and orders of the Supreme Court and of the lower courts. Decisions of the judiciary may not be reversed or modified by any other authority.

Article 27. — The Supreme Court and the lower courts shall not be competent to question the constitutionality of laws.

C. FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS.

Article 28. — No one may be arrested, interrogated, or deprived of his liberty, or sentenced, except in the cases and in the forms provided by law.

Art. 29. — Le domicile est inviolable. Aucune perquisition ou enquête ne peut y avoir lieu que dans les cas et formes prévus par la loi.

Art. 30. — La liberté de conscience est absolue. Les citoyens ont le droit de choisir la religion qu'ils désirent. Le Sandjak n'a pas de religion officielle. Il ne peut être accordé aucun avantage à une religion ou confession au détriment d'une autre.

Art. 31. — Les ministres des cultes ne peuvent, dans l'exercice de leurs fonctions, user de leur autorité religieuse dans des buts politiques.

Art. 32. — Toute autorité recevant une pétition doit y répondre dans un délai convenable.

Art. 33. — L'enseignement primaire est obligatoire ; il peut être donné dans des écoles publiques ou privées.

Dans les écoles publiques, l'enseignement religieux est donné au gré et selon le désir des parents ou des tuteurs, suivant les confessions et conformément à leur principes.

Art. 34. — La liberté de la presse et de l'imprimerie, la liberté d'association et de réunion, sont garanties dans les conditions prévues par la loi.

Art. 35. — Nul ne peut être privé de sa propriété que moyennant une juste et préalable indemnité, pour cause d'utilité publique et dans les cas et formes prévus par la loi. La voie judiciaire est ouverte en cas de contestation sur le montant de cette indemnité.

Art. 36. — Tout abus de pouvoir commis par les agents de la puissance publique ou par les agents de la puissance publique ou par les administrations locales et ayant causé un dommage à la personne ou aux biens d'un citoyen, donne à celui-ci le droit de recourir à la juridiction compétente.

Art. 37. — En cas de désordre graves ou d'insurrection, l'Assemblée peut, par une loi spéciale, suspendre ou restreindre provisoirement les libertés individuelles sur tout ou partie du territoire.

En cas d'urgence, le Président du Sandjak peut décréter des mesures analogues. Dans ce cas, il est tenu de convoquer l'Assemblée dans le plus bref délai possible.

Pendant la durée du mandat, leur application se fera dans toute la mesure compatible avec l'exercice dudit mandat.¹⁵

Article 29. — Dwelling-houses shall be inviolable. No search or investigation may take place therein except in the cases and in the forms provided by law.

Article 30. — There shall be absolute freedom of conscience. Citizens shall be entitled to choose any religion they wish. The Sanjak shall have no official religion. No advantage may be granted to any religion or creed to the detriment of any other.

Article 31. — Ministers of religion may not, in the exercise of their functions, make use of their religious authority for political ends.

Article 32. — Any authority receiving a petition must reply thereto within a reasonable time.

Article 33. — Elementary education shall be compulsory; it may be given both in public and in private schools.

In public schools, religious instruction shall be given at the discretion and in accordance with the wishes of the parents or guardians, according to creeds and in conformity with the principles thereof.

Article 34. — The liberty of the Press and of printing, and freedom of association and of meeting, shall be guaranteed under the conditions provided by law.

Article 35. — No one shall be deprived of his property save on previous payment of fair compensation, for reasons of public utility, and in the cases and according to the procedure laid down by law. Judicial proceedings may be taken in the event of a dispute as to the amount of such compensation.

Article 36. — Any abuse of authority committed by public officials or local administrations and causing injury to the person or property of a citizen shall entitle the latter to take proceedings in the appropriate court.

Article 37. — In the event of serious disorder or insurrection, the Assembly may, by a special law, suspend or provisionally restrict individual liberties in the whole or part of the territory.

In urgent cases, the President of the Sanjak may decree similar measures. He shall then be bound to summon the Assembly as soon as possible.

During the term of the Mandate, their application will be carried out to the fullest extent compatible with the exercise of the said mandate.¹⁵

15 Note: this paragraph appears in the notice as published in the Bulletin Mensuelle, but neither in the French or English text as published by the League of Nations.

16 According to the Council's decision of 29 May 1937, these elections must take place no later than 15th April 1938 (see *ibid.* p. 6).

Declarations (29.05.1937)¹⁷

DÉCLARATIONS FAITES A LA SÉANCE DU 29 MAI 1937 DU CONSEIL DE LA SOCIÉTÉ DES NATIONS AU NOM DE LA FRANCE ET DE LA TURQUIE¹⁸

Question d'Alexandrette : Rapport du Comité d'experts.

M. SANDLER soumet le rapport et la résolution ci-après (document C.264.1937):¹⁹

La résolution est adoptée.

M. DELBOS. — La France vient de voter en faveur de la résolution adoptée par le Conseil. Elle accepte le règlement qui y est visé comme constituant la solution définitive de la question et assume les obligations spéciales découlant pour elle des textes établis.

M. RÜSTÜ ARAS. — La Turquie vient de voter la résolution adoptée par le Conseil. Elle accepte le règlement qui y est visé comme constituant la solution définitive de la question et assume les obligations spéciales découlant pour elle des textes établis.

DECLARATIONS MADE AT THE MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS OF MAY 29TH, 1937, ON BEHALF OF FRANCE AND TURKEY.²⁰

Question of Alexandretta : Report of the Committee of Experts.

M. SANDLER presented the following report and resolution (document C.264.1937):²¹

The resolution was adopted.

M. DELBOS. — France has just voted in favour of the resolution adopted by the Council. She accepts the settlement laid down therein as constituting the final solution of the question, and undertakes the special obligations which devolve upon her from the texts established.

M. RÜSTÜ ARAS. — Turkey has just voted in favour of the resolution adopted by the Council. She accepts the settlement laid down therein as constituting the final solution of the question, and undertakes the special obligations which devolve upon her from the texts established.

Franco-Turkish Arrangement (23.06.1939)²²

ARRANGEMENT PORTANT REGLEMENT DEFINITIF DES QUESTIONS TERRITORIALES ENTRE LA TURQUIE ET LA SYRIE,

signé à Ankara le 28 juin 1939, entre la France et la Turquie, et documents annexes portant la même date.²³

PREAMBULE

Le Président de la République Française et le Président de la République Turque.

Ayant regard aux dispositions énoncées dans l'article de l'Accord du 20 Octobre 1921 et dans la lettre

ARRANGEMENT FOR THE FINAL SETTLEMENT OF TERRITORIAL QUESTIONS BETWEEN TURKEY AND SYRIA.

PREAMBLE.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC and THE PRESIDENT OF THE TURKISH REPUBLIC,

Having regard to the provisions set forth in Article 7 of the Agreement of October 20th, 1921 and in the letter supplementary to Articles 7 and 8 of that

17 Source: *Collection of texts concerning the Sanjak of Alexandretta* (Geneva: League of Nations, 1937), p. 23. Online: https://biblio-archive.unog.ch/Dateien/CouncilMSD/C-282-M-183-1937_FR.pdf and https://biblio-archive.unog.ch/Dateien/CouncilMSD/C-282-M-183-1937_EN.pdf.

18 Voir Journal Officiel, mai-juin 1937.

19 Voir page 4 du présent document.

20 See Official Journal, May-June 1937.

21 See page 4 of this document.

22 Source: Bulletin Officiel des Actes Administratifs du Haut-Commissariat de la République Française en Syrie et au Liban (Beyrouth). Vol. 19, 1939, no. 15 (15.08.1939). pp. 266–271 (extracts) and http://biblio-archive.unog.ch/Dateien/CouncilMSD/C-229-M-156-1939_EN.pdf.

23 Les ratifications sur ces actes ont été échangées à Paris le 13 juillet 1939, date à laquelle les dits actes sont entrés en vigueur aux termes d'un décret du Président de la République française.

complétant les articles 7 et 8 dudit Accord,

Convaincus de l'intérêt que présente un règlement territorial qui, consolidant définitivement la frontière entre la Syrie et la Turquie, ait pour effet d'affranchir de toute équivoque, et par là même d'assainir les rapports mutuels des deux pays,

Ont nommé pour leurs Plénipotentiaires, savoir :

Le Président de la République Française :

Son Excellence Monsieur René Massigli, Ambassadeur de France en Turquie, Commandeur de la Légion d'Honneur.

Le Président de la République Turque :

Monsieur Sukru Saracoglu, Ministre des Affaires Etrangères, député d'Izmir.

Lesquels, après avoir échangé leurs pouvoirs et les avoir trouvés en bonne et due forme, sont convenus des articles suivants :

Art 1er. — La France en ce qui la concerne consent à ce que la ligne décrite par les Protocoles du 30 mai 1926, du 22 juin 1929 et du 3 mai 1930 soit rectifiée :

a) Depuis le point où le Kara-Sou franchit la frontière actuelle jusqu'à la borne portant le N° 230, de manière à coïncider avec la limite dont l'abornement sur le terrain se trouve consigné dans le Protocole souscrit à Antioche le 19 mai 1939 étant entendu que le village de Guemid entre les bornes 17 et 20 sera entièrement attribué à la Turquie et que de la borne N° 224 la ligne rejoindra directement la borne N° 230, laissant en territoire turc la route allant de Yeni Chéhir à Antioche ;

b) Et de la borne portant le N° 419 suivant une ligne se dirigeant vers le Nord-Est jusqu'à un point à environ 1200 mètres Sud-Ouest d'Askorane, de ce point, passant à l'Est d'Askorane et de Godja Qairaq, elle se dirigera vers le Nord jusqu'à un point situé à environ 1 kilomètre Nord-Est de Godja Qairaq.

De ce point la ligne se dirigera vers l'Ouest jusqu'à un point situé environ à 1 kilomètre au Nord du Château ruiné pour gagner ensuite au Sud-Ouest la côte 1010 (Ouest du Château ruiné) ; elle empruntera ensuite en direction du Sud-Ouest le fond du ravin au Nord de Bachourte qui aboutit vers le ruisseau de Kara-Dourane et suivra enfin ce ruisseau jusqu'à la mer.

Dans les trois secteurs ci-dessus énoncés, la commission qui a achevé ses opérations le 19 mai 1939 sera chargée de déterminer sur le terrain la nouvelle ligne.

Les territoires sis au delà de la ligne ainsi définie seront évacués par les forces françaises au plus tard le 23 juillet 1939, date à laquelle sera également achevée la translation par les autorités françaises

Agreement,

Being convinced of the importance attaching to a territorial settlement which, by finally determining the frontier between Syria and Turkey, will have the effect of removing all possibility of misunderstanding between the two countries and, thereby, of placing their mutual relations on a sound basis,

Have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries:

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC:

His Excellency Monsieur René MASSIGLI, Ambassador of France in Turkey, Commander of the Legion of Honour;

THE PRESIDENT OF THE TURKISH REPUBLIC:

Monsieur Sükrü SARACOGLU, Minister for Foreign Affairs, Deputy for Izmir;

Who, having exchanged their powers and found them in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:

Article 1. France, in so far as she is concerned, consents to the line described in the Protocols of May 30th, 1926, June 22nd, 1929, and May 3rd, 1930 being rectified:

(a) From the point where the Kara-Sou crosses the present frontier as far as the boundary pillar bearing the number 230, so as to coincide with the boundary of which the delimitation on the ground is recorded in the Protocol signed at Antioch on May 19th, 1939, it being understood that the village of Guemid between pillars 17 and 20 will be entirely allotted to Turkey and that from pillar No.224 the line will run direct to pillar No.230, leaving in Turkish territory the road from Yeni Chéhir to Antioch;

(b) And from the pillar bearing the number 419 following a line running in a north-easterly direction to a point about 1,200 metres south-west of Askorane, and from that point, passing to the east of Askorane and Godja Qairaq, It will run northwards to a point situated about 1 kilometre north-east of Godja Qairaq.

From that point the line will run in a westerly direction to a point situated about 1 kilometre north of the ruined Castle and will then run to the south-west as far as point 1010 (west of the ruined Castle); it will then follow in a south-westerly direction the bottom of the ravine to the north of Bachourte which opens out towards the stream of Kara-Dourane and will then follow that stream as far as the sea.

In the three sectors specified above, the Commission which completed its operations on May 19th, 1939, will be given the duty of determining the new line on the ground.

The territories situated beyond the line thus described will be evacuated by the French forces by

des attributions restant entre leurs mains.

Art. 2. — Les citoyens du Sandjak d'Alexandrette établis sur les territoires visés au dernier alinéa de l'article 1er acquerront de plein droit la nationalité turque.

Art. 3. — Les personnes âgées de plus de dix-huit ans acquérant en vertu de l'article 2 la nationalité turque, auront la faculté, pendant une période de six mois à dater de la mise en vigueur du présent Arrangement, d'opter pour la nationalité syrienne ou libanaise.

Les personnes désirant faire usage de la faculté prévue ci-dessus remettront une déclaration à cet effet à l'autorité administrative dont relève le lieu de leur résidence. Un récépissé leur sera délivré. Les listes d'optants seront communiquées à intervalles aussi rapprochés que possible à l'autorité consulaire française.

Art. 4. — Les personnes ayant exercé le droit d'option conformément aux dispositions de l'article 3, devront, dans les dix-huit mois qui suivront, transporter leur domicile hors de la Turquie.

Elles devront liquider leurs biens immobiliers et elles seront libres d'aliéner ou d'emporter leurs biens meubles de toute nature, ainsi que leur cheptel.

Les montants provenant de la liquidation ci-dessus prévue seront versés à un compte bloqué à la Banque Centrale de la République de Turquie à Alexandrette où ils feront, quant au mode de leur transfert, l'objet d'un arrangement spécial entre les Gouvernements français et turc.

Les montants en monnaies autres que la monnaie turque se trouvant en la possession des personnes visées à l'alinéa 1 du présent article pourront être exportées suivant les modalités prévues au procès-verbal annexé au présent Arrangement.

Art. 5. — Les femmes mariées suivront la condition de leurs maris et les enfants âgés de moins de dix-huit ans suivront la condition de leurs parents pour tout ce qui concerne l'application des dispositions énoncées aux articles 2, 3 et 4.

Art. 6. — Le Gouvernement français aura le droit de nommer un gardien pour l'entretien et la garde du cimetière français d'Alexandrette, sis sur un terrain appartenant à l'Etat français, et qui sera maintenu dans sa consistance actuelle.

Art. 7. — La Turquie reconnaît comme constituant la limite définitive de son territoire la ligne décrite par la Convention du 30 mai 1926, le Protocole du 22 juin 1929, et le Protocole du 3 mai 1930 telle qu'elle se trouve rectifiée en vertu du présent Arrangement.

En conséquence, la Turquie condamne toute action qui serait de nature à porter atteinte à l'intégrité territoriale, à mettre en péril ou à compromettre la

July 23rd, 1939, at latest, by which date there will also be completed the transference by the French authorities of the powers remaining in their hands.

Article 2. Citizens of the Sanjak of Alexandretta established in the territories referred to in the last paragraph of Article 1 will ipso facto acquire Turkish nationality.

Article 3. Persons over eighteen years of age who under Article 2 acquire Turkish nationality shall be entitled, within a period of six months from the coming into force of the present Arrangement, to opt for Syrian or Lebanese nationality.

Persons desiring to exercise the right provided for above shall deliver a declaration to that effect to the administrative authority of their place of residence. An acknowledgement shall be issued to them. The lists of optants shall be communicated at as frequent intervals as possible to the French consular authority.

Article 4. Persons who have exercised the right to opt in accordance with the provisions of Article 3 must, within the succeeding eighteen months, transfer their place of residence out of Turkey.

They must liquidate their immovable property and they will be entitled to dispose of or take with them their movable property of every description and also their livestock.

The proceeds of the liquidation referred to above shall be paid in to a blocked account in the Central Bank of the Turkish Republic at Alexandretta and shall, in regard to the method of their transfer, be the subject of a special Arrangement between the French and Turkish Governments.

Any sums in currencies other than Turkish currency that may be in the possession of the persons referred to in the first paragraph of the present Article may be exported in accordance with the arrangements provided for in the Procès-Verbal annexed to the present Arrangement.

Article 5. For the purposes of the provisions embodied in Articles 2, 3 and 4, the status of a married woman will be governed by that of her husband, and the status of children under eighteen years of age by that of their parents.

Article 6. The French Government shall have the right to appoint a custodian for the maintenance and protection of the military cemetery of Alexandretta, which is situated on land belonging to the French State and which shall be maintained in its present condition.

Article 7. Turkey recognises as constituting the definitive boundary of her territory the line described in the Convention of May 30th, 1926, the Protocol of June 22nd, 1929 and the Protocol of May 3rd, 1930 as rectified in virtue of the present Arrangement.

tranquillité intérieure de la Syrie ou qui tendrait aux mêmes fins et elle s'engage à interdire, et éventuellement à réprimer sur son territoire, toute action de cette nature.

Art. 8. — Aucune disposition des traités et accords antérieurs ne pourra être interprétée comme étant contraire aux engagements stipulés à l'article 7.

Art. 9. — Les Hautes Parties Contractantes prendront, la France en territoire syrien et la Turquie sur son propre territoire, toutes mesures propres à empêcher la préparation ou la perpétration d'actes dirigés contre la sécurité ou le régime respectif des deux pays voisins.

Art. 10. — En vue de permettre la conclusion d'un nouvel Accord, la Convention d'Amitié et de Bon voisinage en date du 30 mai 1926 et les Accords complémentaires sont prorogés jusqu'au 15 mars 1940.

Les dispositions de ces actes seront valables pour l'ensemble de la frontière turco-syrienne telle qu'elle résulte des protocoles du 30 mai 1926, du 22 juin 1929 et du 3 mai 1930, ainsi que de la rectification prévue par le présent Arrangement.

Il est toutefois entendu que les dispositions relatives aux droits de pacage et de transhumance sont tenues pour supprimées.

Art. 11. — Le présent Arrangement sera ratifié et les instruments de ratification seront échangés à Paris le plus tôt que faire se pourra et au plus tard le 22 juillet 1939. Il entrera en vigueur le jour de l'échange des ratifications.

En foi de quoi les Plénipotentiaires susnommés ont signé le présent Arrangement et y ont apposé leurs cachets.

Fait à Ankara, en double exemplaire, le 23 Juin 1939.

Signé : SARACOGLU

Signé : MASSIGLI

Accordingly, Turkey condemns any action of such a kind as to infringe the territorial integrity or endanger or compromise the internal tranquillity of Syria or such as might conduce to the same ends, and she undertakes to prohibit and, should occasion arise, to suppress and punish in her territory, any action of this nature.

Article 8. No provision of earlier treaties and agreements may be interpreted as being contrary to the undertakings embodied in Article 7.

Article 9. The High Contracting Parties shall, in the case of France in Syrian territory and in the case of Turkey in her own territory, take all measures of such a kind as to prevent the preparation or perpetration of acts directed against the respective security or regime of the two neighbouring countries.

Article 10. With a view to making possible the conclusion of a new agreement, the Convention of Friendship and Good Neighbourly Relations, dated May 30th, 1926, and the agreements supplementary thereto shall continue in force until March 15th, 1940.

The provisions of the above-mentioned instruments shall be valid in respect of the whole of the Turkish-Syrian frontier as determined by the Protocols of May 30th, 1926, June 22nd, 1929 and May 3rd, 1930, and by the rectification provided for in the present Arrangement.

It is, however, understood that the provisions relating to rights of pasturage and change of pasture are deemed to be annulled.

Article 11. The present Arrangement shall be ratified and the instruments of ratification shall be exchanged at Paris as soon as possible and at latest by July 22nd, 1939. It shall enter into force on the date on which the exchange of ratifications takes place.

In faith whereof the above-named Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Arrangement and have thereto affixed their seals.

Done in duplicate at Ankara, June 23rd, 1939.

(Signed) S. SARACOGLU.

(Signed) MASSIGLI.



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The End of the Overland Mail Baghdad–Haifa (III) Transdesert Transport Companies

by Rainer Fuchs (FRPSL, AIJP) with material from Tobias Zywiets

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Mail transport across the Great Syro-Iraqi Desert is an area with little research beyond the two main players. At different times, maybe even concurrently, two companies transported mails on this route: Nairn Transport Company (Beirut and Haifa) and Haim Nathaniel Transport (Haifa). The domination of this route was subject to intense lobbying from the British and French Governments.

Whereas my previous article in this series¹ concentrated on Haim Nathaniel, here I will present information on other such companies, however very little is known about these operations.

Palestine Mail Contractors

The UN Archives folder, described in the previous article, also contains files on contracts by the Palestine Department of Posts and Telegraphs (or the Postmaster General) with other companies to transport mails and parcels, some external, some within Palestine itself:

Folder	Created	Closed	Title
S-0616-0008-06	26/04/1948	26/04/1948	Mail Contracts, Termination of - Department of Posts and Telegraphs - Contract for Conveyance of Mails
S-0616-0008-07	15/05/1948	15/05/1948	Mail Contracts, Termination of - Department of Posts and Telegraphs - Contract for Conveyance of Mails
S-0616-0008-08	04/06/1947	04/06/1947	Mail Contracts, Termination of – Postmaster General of Palestine and America Lines Inc.
S-0616-0008-09	27/05/1948	27/05/1948	Mail Contracts, Termination of – Postmaster General of Palestine and Polske Linje Lotnicze-LOT of Warsaw
S-0616-0008-10	26/08/1935	26/08/1935	Mail Contracts, Termination of – Postmaster General of Palestine and Gdynia-America² Shipping Lines
S-0616-0008-11	16/07/1938	31/03/1948	Mail Contracts, Termination of – Postmaster General of Palestine and Ala Littoria Societa Anonima (Rome)
S-0616-0008-12	01/09/1938	27/03/1948	Mail Contracts, Termination of – Postmaster General of Palestine and MISR Airworks S.A.E. (Egypt)
S-0616-0008-13	20/06/1937	20/06/1937	Mail Contracts, Termination of – Postmaster General of Palestine and Adriatica Societa An. di Navigazione (Venice)
S-0616-0008-14	20/01/1939	20/01/1939	Mail Contracts, Termination of – Postmaster General of Palestine and Palestine Airways Ltd. (Tel Aviv)
S-0616-0008-15	28/07/1947	28/07/1947	Mail Contracts, Termination of – Postmaster General of Palestine and Palestine Navigation Co. (Haifa)
S-0616-0008-16	27/08/1947	27/08/1947	Mail Contracts, Termination of – Postmaster General of Palestine and Mr. Rais Ali Haj Ibrahim (Haifa)
S-0616-0008-17	10/04/1947	10/04/1947	Mail Contracts, Termination of – Postmaster General of Palestine and El Shark Transport and Clearing Company of Jerusalem
S-0616-0008-18	23/01/1948	23/01/1948	Mail Contracts, Termination of – Postmaster General of Palestine

¹ *The end of the Overland Mail Baghdad–Haifa (II) : the 1947 contract with Haim Nathaniel.* In: MEPB 10.

² Should be Gdynia-America Shipping Lines; in Polish: Gdynia–Ameryka Linie Żeglugowe (GAL).

Folder	Created	Closed	Title
			and Abrahamoff Bros. (Tel Aviv)
S-0616-0008-19	01/11/1947	30/11/1947	Mail Contracts, Termination of – Postmaster General (Palestine) and Shelev Cooperative Hamouhad Lehovala Ltd. (Tel Aviv)
S-0616-0008-20	10/06/1947	10/06/1947	Mail Contracts, Termination of – Postmaster General of Palestine and the Chairman of Colony Committee Gevat
S-0616-0008-21	05/09/1947	05/09/1947	Mail Contracts, Termination of – Postmaster General of Palestine and Nathaniel Transport (Haifa)

Other Transdesert Transport Companies

To my knowledge, these companies are known to have operated transdesert services:

- Kawatly, Tawil & Co., Beirut
- Dobosh & Ackash Transport Company (Société de Transport Transdésertique Doboche), Beirut, Damascus, Baghdad, Teheran
- Levant Express Transport S.A., Beirut
- S. & G. Hwaidi Transport Company, Baghdad
- Al-Shark Transport & Clearing Company, Jerusalem
- Al-Iraq Transport Company, Baghdad
- Hababo Bros., Jerusalem
- Trans-European & Eastern Transport (Iraq) Ltd.
- Ani & Aboody Transport Co. Ltd. (S. Hussain Ani & Edward Aboudi Transport Co. Ltd.), Jerusalem
- Yarmouk Transport Company, Irbid

Of these little is known. There are a few documents and references, but nothing conclusive as to postal transports.

Al-Shark Transport & Clearing Company, Jerusalem

Al-Shark Transport & Clearing Company was registered as a partnership for “transport, customs clearance and commission” on 1st November 1946 by Hanna D. Harb (of Saed & Said Quarter, Jerusalem), Lutfi T. Fasheh (of Katamon Quarter,³ Jerusalem), Robert A. Atallah (of Musrara Quarter, Jerusalem), and Emile G. Yasmineh (of Djabsheh, Jerusalem Old City). The company was directed by Hanna D. Harb and Robert A. Atallah (see *figs. 1* and *1a* below).⁴

REGISTRATION OF PARTNERSHIPS. <i>The particulars given below correspond with the following headings:—</i> 1. Names and addresses of partners. 2. Firm name of partnership. 3. Names of partners authorised to administer the partnership and to sign for it. 4. Date of commencement and termination. 5. Object.	1. Hanna D. Harb, Saed & Said Quarter, Jerusalem, Lutfi T. Fasheh, Katamon Quarter, Jerusalem. Robert A. Atallah, Musrara Quarter, Jerusalem, Emile G. Yasmineh, El Djabsheh, Old City, Jerusalem. 2. Al-Shark Transport and Clearing Company. 3. Hanna D. Harb and Robert A. Atallah jointly. 4. From the 1st November, 1946, for a period of 5 years. 5. Transport, customs clearing and commission. (File No. 7874).
--	---

³ Al-Qatamon, named after the St. Simeon Monastery.

⁴ Source: The Palestine Gazette, vol. 28, 1946, no. 1540 (12.12.1946), p. 1210.

Kawatly, Tawil & Co., Société de Tourisme & de Transport.

As per the passenger receipt shown below, Kawatly also transported mail and diplomatic pouches. The receipt states: "Poste de la Syrie & du Liban" (Mail from Syria and Lebanon).

KAWATLY, TAWIL & C^o
SOCIÉTÉ DE TOURISME & DE TRANSPORT

№ 73 * **LIGNE TRANSDÉSERTIQUE**
BEYROUTH - DAMAS - BAGDAD

POSTE DE LA SYRIE & DU LIBAN
 MALLE DIPLOMATIQUE FRANÇAISE - COURRIER ITALIEN

SERVICE PASSAGERS

Ce Billet délivré par Kawatly Tawil & Co
 à Damas est valable pour une place de Damas à Bagdad
 Convoi du 22/5/1928
 Conditions Damas, le 22 mai 1928

IMP.-ZINC. TASSARA, BEYROUTH.

SIÈGE SOCIAL : BEYROUTH, 20 Avenue des Français
 Boite Postale 762 — Téléphone 8 - 36

SUCCURSALES : DAMAS, Rue Salhieh
 BAGDAD, New Street - Téléphone Central 92
 « Lumsden & Greene - Téléphone Central 83

Adresse Télégraphique : KAWATLY

Transport Journalier de Marchandises
de Beyrouth à Bagdad ou Téhéran

Fig. 2: Kawatly Passenger ticket from 1928.

Kawatly, Tawil & Co., Société de Tourisme & de Transport, Beirut, also transported mail across the desert: Beirut-Damascus-Baghdad.

They operated a daily freight service from Beirut to Baghdad or Teheran.

Other services mentioned: "Poste de la Syrie & du Liban" (Syria and Lebanon Post), "Malle diplomatique française" (French diplomatic pouch/courier) and "Courrier italien" (Italian courier),

Dobosh & Ackash Transport Co., Baghdad.

Dobosh & Ackash, previously called Société de Transport Transdésertique Doboche, operated from Baghdad, branches at Beirut, Damascus, and Teheran. Whether that company also carried mail is not known to date.

DOBOSH & ACKASH
TRANSPORT CO.
BAGHDAD.

شركة نقلات
بغداد

الرقم للتأجير
٣

بغداد
بغداد
بغداد
بغداد

BEIRUT DAMASCUS BAGHDAD TEHERAN

Name *Mr Nöldeke & party* اسم السافر
Seat No. *73 - 18* عدد للساافرين
Fare *Paid in full in Baghdad* الأجرة
From *Baghdad* To *Damascus* من الى
Time required to report at the Garage *6. A.M.* الحضور الى الكراج لأجل السفر الساعة
Date of Departure *1st April 1935* تاريخ السفر
Special conditions *40 kg each free luggage* الشروط الخصوصية
Date *30. 3. 35* تاريخ

Rafy
Manager

للمدير

Fig. 3:

Passenger tickets, dated 30.03.1935, for 6 persons travelling on 1.04.1935 from Baghdad to Damascus.⁵

Arnold Nöldeke⁶ was a famous German architect and orientalist. Between 1931 and 1939 he was leader of the German archaeological team excavating Uruk (today's al-Warkā') in Iraq.



Fig. 4:

Bus of "Société de Transport Transdésertique Doboche Beyrouth Damas Baghdad Tehran" in front of (Baghdad?) "Air Port."

Detail from an undated post card.⁷

⁵ Cf. p. 170 of van Ess & Weber-Nöldeke, 2008.

⁶ Arnold Wilhelm Paul Otto Nöldeke, 12.07.1875–25.11.1964. Not to be confused with the son of German orientalist Theodor Nöldeke.

⁷ Source: Offer on Delcampe: https://www.delcampe.net/en_GB/collectables/postcards/iraq/iraq-very-old-airport-black-white-picture-postcard-view-card-written-on-the-bus-societe-de-transport-transdesertique-702412255.html (accessed 20.01.2019).

Levant Express Transport S.A.

The company was founded in 1930. The collection of Art Groten contained a letter with the company cachet (see *fig. 5*), stating that “*At one time, they carried mail between Cairo, Baghdad and Teheran.*” It seems that after they sold their interest in the route to the west of Baghdad to Nairn in 1936, they retained only the Iranian route operated by sister company S.A. Levant Express Transport (Iran) in Teheran. They also stopped transporting mail on that route at some point in time. Details unknown. According to their advertising (see *figs. 6 and 7*), they represented Trans-European & Eastern Transport Ltd., London, for some years.



Fig. 5: Reverse side of a cover with the Levant Express Transport Agence de Bagdad cachet. The Baghdad postmark of 12.12.1942 gives an indication that the company was in operation at that point.⁸

I would appreciate a colour scan of that cover whose whereabouts are unknown to me.

LEVANT EXPRESS TRANSPORT S. A.
 International Forwarders and Shippers, Transporters, Freight Contractors, Customs Brokers.
 Head Office Beyrouth.
 Branch Offices
 Syria : Damascus — Aleppo Lebanon : Tripoli
 Iraq : Baghdad — Basrah — Mosul Palestine : Haifa—Tel-Aviv
 Kirkuk — Khanakin
 Iran : Teheran — Khorramshahr — Kermanshah — Hamadan — Khosrovi
 Owners of Saloon-Cars Regular Freight Service between :
 Running between : Baghdad and Syria and vice-versa
 Baghdad and Palestine and vice-versa
 Baghdad and Iran and vice-versa
 Through Bills of Lading issued to all parts of the world.

LEVANT EXPRESS TRANSPORT S.A.,
 INTERNATIONAL FORWARDERS AND SHIPPERS
 Transporters, Freight Contractors, Customs Brokers
 Surveyors for Central Committee of the French Marine Insurance Companies
 Approved Agents of I. A. T. A.
 General Agents for :
 Trans-European and Eastern Transport Ltd., 112-114, Cannon Street, London E.C. 4
 F.B. Vandegrift & Co. Inc., 59 Pearl Street, New York
 Head Office : Beirut.
 Branch Offices : Syria : Damascus — Aleppo.
 Iraq : Baghdad — Basrah — Mosul — Kirkuk — Khanakin.
 Lebanon : Tripoli.
 Transjordan : Amman.
 Associate Firm : S.A. Levant Express Transport (Iran).
 Head Office : Teheran.
 Branch Offices : Khorramshahr — Kermanshah — Hamadan — Khosrovi — Tabriz.
Owners of Saloon Cars running between Baghdad and Teheran and vice-versa
 Regular Freight Service : Baghdad and Syria and Lebanon . . . and vice-versa.
 Baghdad and Transjordan . . . and vice-versa.
 Baghdad and Iran . . . and vice-versa.
 THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

Figs. 6 and 7: Two adverts in an Iraqi school yearbook: 1946 and 1950.⁹

⁸ The company advertised in *El-Iraqi*, the yearbook of the catholic Baghdad College, from 1944 to 1965.

⁹ Source: *El-Iraqi*, 1946, p. 92, and *El-Iraqi*, 1950, p. 93.



Figs 8, 8a, and 8b: A company envelope of Levant Express Transport, sent registered in 1941 from Baghdad as-Samawal to New York. On reverse: Levant Express Transport Agence de Bagdad cachet. One notes that a word in front of "LEVANT" seems to have been excised from the cachet, pointing to a change of name in the company at some point prior to 1941.

Al-Iraq Transport Company

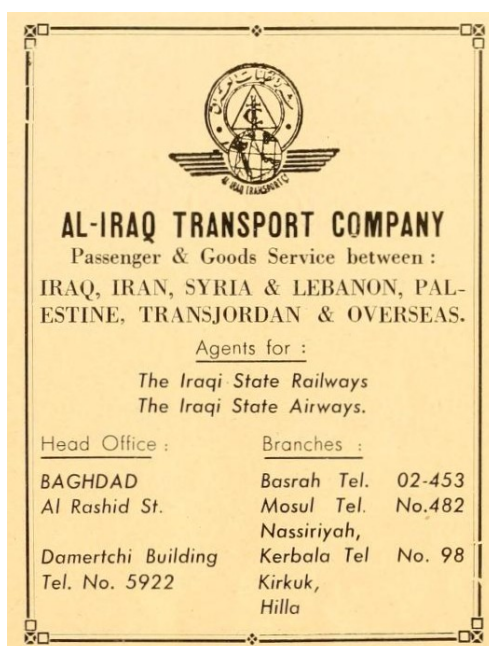


Fig. 9: Advert in an Iraqi school yearbook of 1947.¹⁰

Ani & Aboody Transport Co. Ltd.

Until 1941 the Jerusalem-based company was called S. Hussain Ani & Edward Aboudi Transport Co. Ltd.¹¹ In 1944 the directors are named as Sayed Hussain El Any and Edward Aboody.¹²

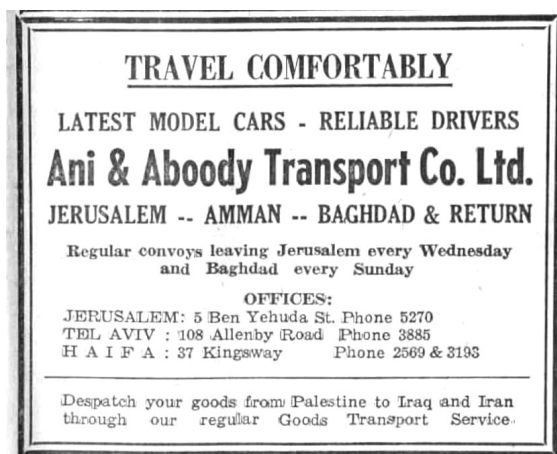


Fig. 10: Advert in the Jerusalem newspaper The Palestine Post in 1945.¹³

¹⁰ Source: El-Iraqi, 1947, p. [113].

¹¹ The Palestine Gazette, vol. 23, 1941, no. 1152 (11.12.1941), pp. 1284–1285.

¹² The Palestine Gazette, vol. 26, 1944, no. 1374 (23.11.1944), p. 1142.

¹³ The Palestine Post (Jerusalem), vol. 20, 1945, no. 5393 (12.09.1945), p. 4.

Trans-European & Eastern Transport (Iraq) Ltd.

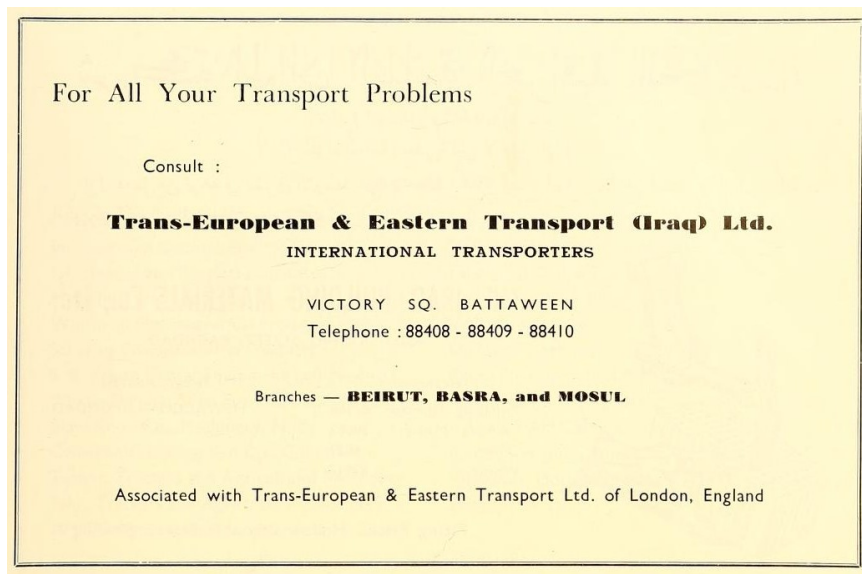


Fig. 11: Advert in an Iraqi school yearbook of 1955.¹⁴

Yarmouk Transport Company¹⁵

This company was based in Irbid, providing passenger busses in Palestine and Trans-Jordan, with lines going as far as Syrian and Iraq. It was established in 1942 as “مكتب تكسي الشمال” (Northern Taxi Office) by Rashid Al-A’ayid Hijazi serving the Al-Kafreyat and Tiberias area. It expanded after the end of World war II and became “شركة نقلات اليرموك” (Yarmouk Transport Company) in 1946. Main routes covered by the iconic white busses were: Irbid, Amman, Zarqa, Mafraq, Bani Kinanah, the Jordan Valley, Tiberias, Nablus, Jenin, Jerusalem, Damascus, and Baghdad. After the 1948 war, services returned to the West Bank, namely Nablus, Jenin and Jerusalem. The company was wound up in 1977.



Fig. 12:

One of the white buses of Yarmouk Transport Co.¹⁶

¹⁴ Source: Al-Iraqi, 1955, p. [94]. The company advertised only during 1955 to 1957.

¹⁵ Source: Hijazi, 2017.

¹⁶ Source: Hijazi, 2017.

S. & G. Hwaidi Transport Co.

From this company I only have an image of a receipt in my archive. The logo in the receipt shows an envelope, hence I assume that this company might also have carried mail for some time. The Iraqi Revenue stamp on the receipt is cancelled with the company canceller of which the Arabic word in the middle reads "بغداد" (Baghdad), hence I assume the company was based in Iraq. No other details about that company, like branch offices in other Arab countries, are known to me.

From the Iraqi Revenue stamp on the receipt I assume the company was based in Iraq, no other details about that company are known.

S. & G. HWAIDI TRANSPORT C^o



شركة نقلات س. و غ. هويدي

NAME اسم المسافر
 No. OF PASSENGERS عدد المسافرين
 FARE الاجرة
 DATE OF DEPARTURE تاريخ السفر
 FROM TO من الى
 PRESENCE AT THE OFFICE الحضور الى المحل المائة
 FARE OF EXCESS OF LUGGAGE KILO اجرة زيدة الامتعة عن كيلو
 Manager المدير



Fig. 13: S. & G. Hwaidi Transport Co., Baghdad.¹⁷

¹⁷ = شركة نقلات س. و غ. هويدي

Hababo Bros., Jerusalem

TRANS-DESERT MOTOR SERVICE

Mr. B. Hababo of the firm Hababo Bros., Jerusalem and Haifa, has left for Baghdad to inaugurate a Trans-Desert Motor Service to Baghdad, running between Jerusalem - Haifa - Damascus Baghdad.

Fig. 14: Notice in the Jerusalem newspaper The Palestine Bulletin, 1.06.1927.¹⁸

HABABO BROTHERS

WEE TO ANNOUNCE THAT THE FIRST TRANSPORT TO
BAGHDAD, via TIBERIAS, DAMASCUS and PALMYRA
will start on the 12th SEPTEMBER.

The fares for an eight days' return trip is L.E. 36.—

Fare for a ten days' trip, with one day's stay at Babylon
and one day at Baalbek, L.E. 40.—

THE TRIP WILL BE MADE IN SEVEN-SEATER
BUICKS WHICH WILL TAKE ONLY FOUR
PASSENGERS; EXCELLENT COMFORT.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

For further particulars apply to:

HABABO BROS.

P. O. B. 362 JERUSALEM. Tel. 248.

Fig. 15: Advert in The Palestine Bulletin, 1.07.1927.¹⁹

Appeal for Information

Is any reader aware of any other company that carried mail between Syria, Lebanon and Jordan to and from Iraq? Needless to say, the three Palestinian companies Nairn Transport Company, Eastern Transport Company and Haim Nathaniel, are known to me, nevertheless, further information on them is always welcomed.

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- McAmis, Ellen P.: *Building the means of trade and forging a center of commerce in Beirut (1834–1936)*. Thesis. Austin: Graduate School of the University of Texas, 2012. 107 p.

18 The Palestine Bulletin, vol. 3, 1927, no. 723 (1.06.1927), p. 3.

19 The Palestine Bulletin, vol. 3, 1927, no. 748 (1.07.1927), p. 2.

Research Appeal: Aden and Yemen Meter Marks

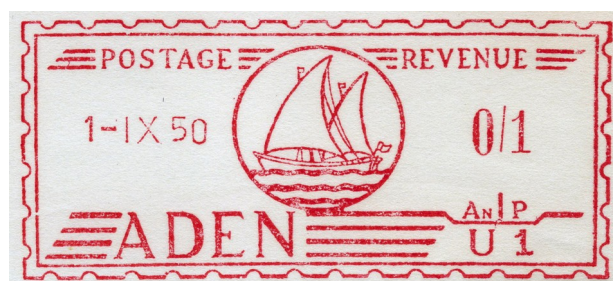
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In 2003/2004, Gary Brown published a series of articles on the Meter Marks used in the colony of Aden in the journal of the Aden & Somaliland Study Group, The Dhow. Neil Williams and Michael Case added updated and further information in 2004. Brown and Williams are now making an effort to update the history of Aden and Yemen Meter Marks.

Meter franking machines were first introduced into Aden about 1950 by two British companies: Universal Postal Frankers and Neopost. Two types were used in Aden: Limited value machines (single frame die with limited number of tablets) and Multi-value machines (three or four *banks* of value wheels). All machines had the possibility to have a slogan box attached to the left.



Neopost Limited Value Machine



Universal Multi-Value Machine



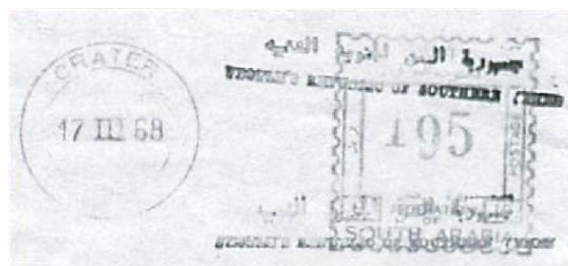
Universal Multi-Value Upright Frank Machine



Neopost Frankmaster 305 Multi Value Machine



Federation of South Arabia



People's Republic of Southern Yemen

We appeal for everyone to send images or scans (preferably front and back of covers) of Meter Marks and associated slogans used in Aden, in the Federation of Southern Arabia and South Yemen to Neil: neil53williams@yahoo.co.uk

Printing Varieties of Jordan's 35 Fils Air Letter

by Avo Kaplanian

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The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan produced quite a few air letters (*aérogrammes*, رسالة جوية or خطاب جوى) between 1947 and the end of the 20th Century. These air letters started with the stampless ones of 1947 and 1950. Both look almost the same except for the heading. The first one has the heading reading: HASHAMITE KINGDOM OF TRANSJORDAN (fig. 1), while the heading of the second one reads: HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF THE JORDAN (fig. 2).



Figs. 1 and 2: The two versions of stampless air letter sheets.

These two air letters were followed by a series of different ones with a surface printed stamp. The first one was issued on the 21st of November 1953 with the value of 25 fils in a red-purple colour, to be followed by similar but slightly different ones with minor changes in the printing layout, colour and value of the printed stamp. The denominations were 25, 35 and 45 fils, while the colours were in maroon, red-purple, deep blue or indigo.

The air letter with the 35 fils printed stamp in red-purple colour (fig. 3) had quite a few printing faults or varieties. The reasons for the occurrence of these faults are unknown to me but I can only guess that the printers were either in a great hurry to finish the printing job or that these varieties were the result of printing trials resulting in these very interesting faults or printing waste.

The first of these abnormalities is seen in fig. 4 where we see the following defects:

1. The two dark blue boxes on the top with the text "BY AIR MAIL" in both Arabic and English are missing.
2. The whole text of the air letter is shifted 20 mm upwards resulting in having the English text "THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN" ending on the printed stamp instead of having it under the stamp.
3. The English two lines text "AIR LETTER / AEROGRAMME" is cut in half.

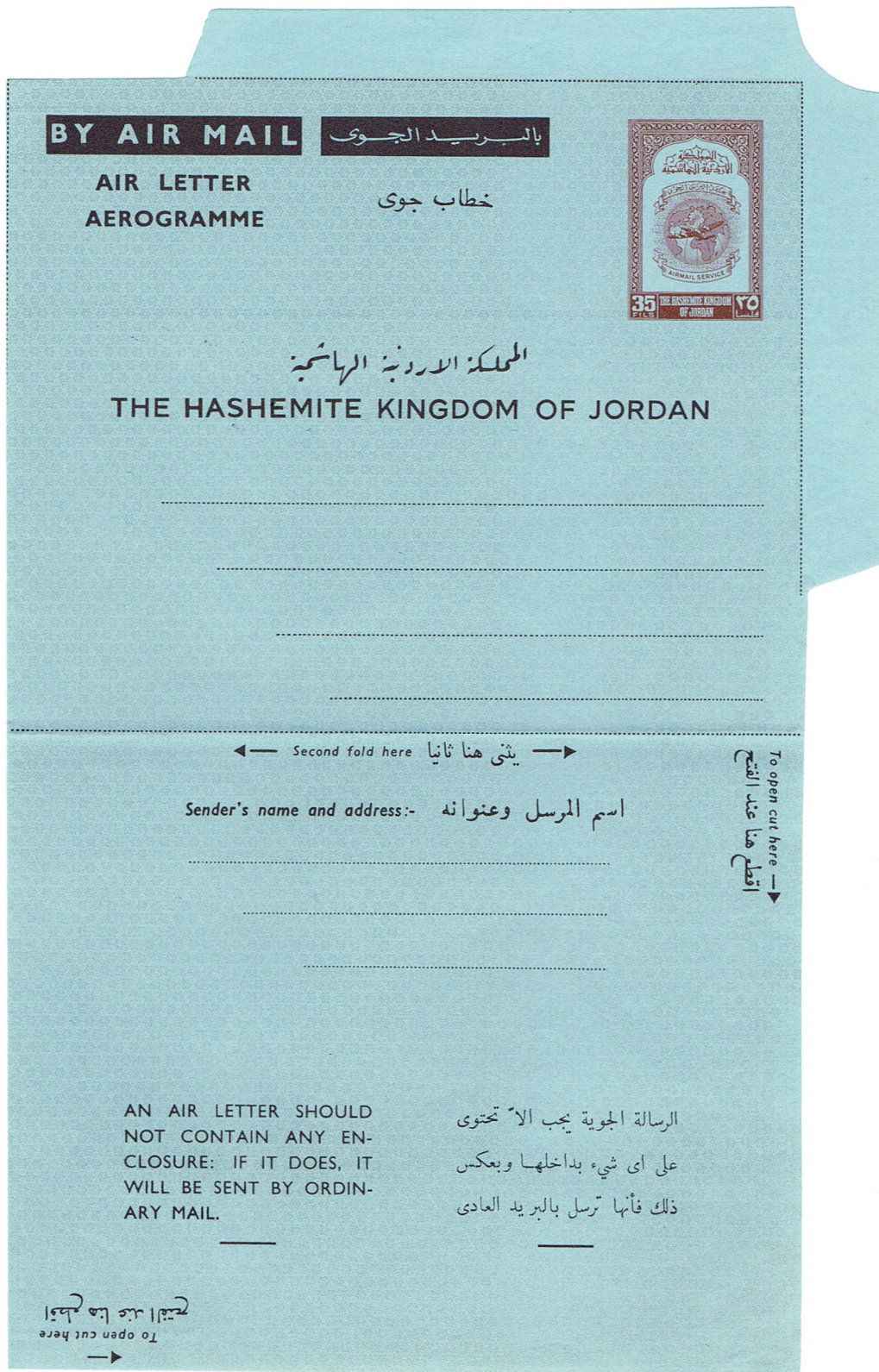


Fig. 3: Regular copy of the 1953 red-purple 35 fils air letter.
(folded in half)

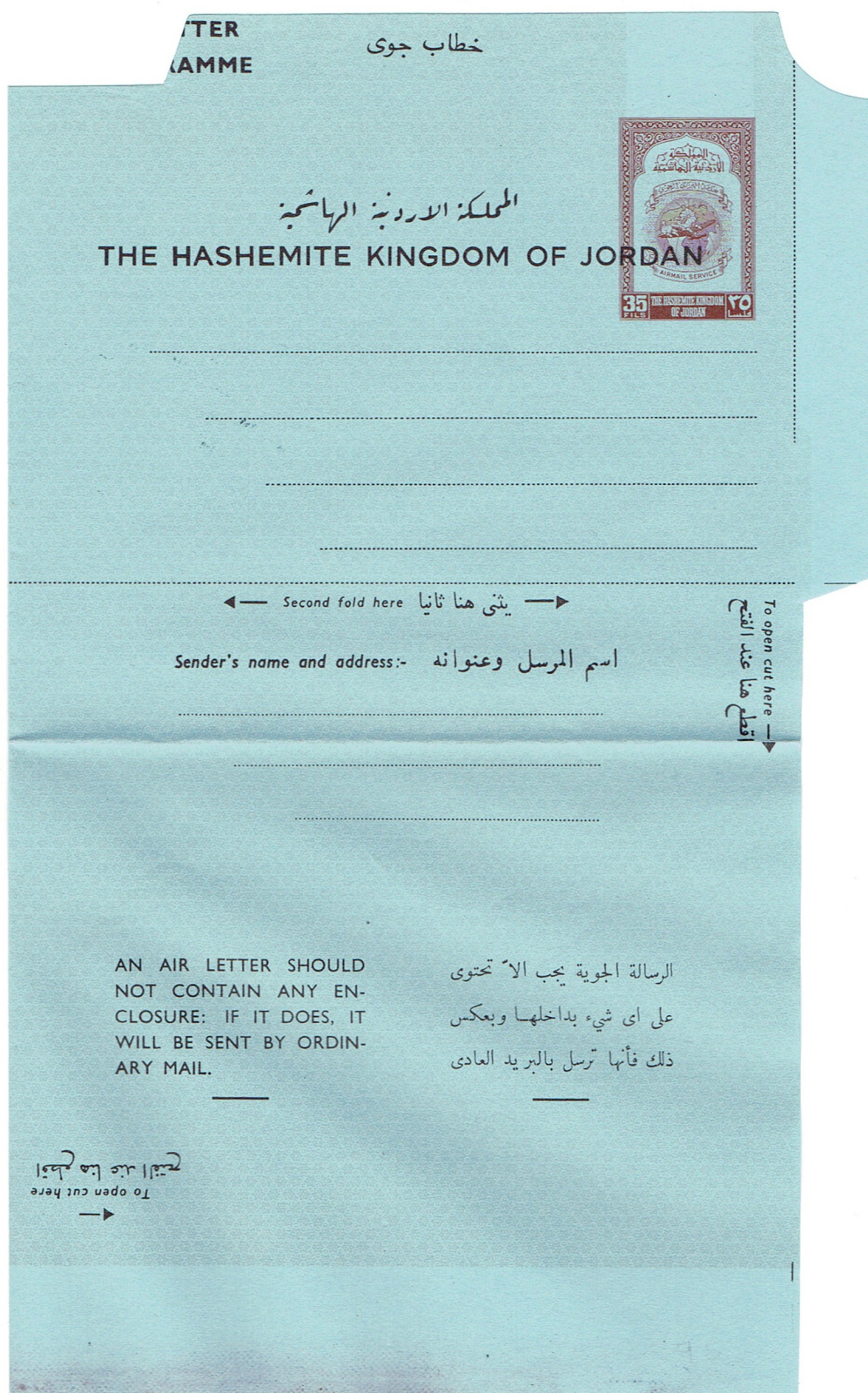


Fig. 4: Underprint and inscriptions shifted up by 20 mm: the two negative boxes disappear; "JORDAN" crashes into the stamp; and "AIR LETTER / AEROGAMME" is cut in half. (folded in half)

Fig. 5 shows an air letter with the Arabic text “البريد الجوي” completely missing in the box while the English text “BY AIR MAIL” is partially missing.

In fig. 6 we see the printed red-purple 35 fils stamp shifted to the right resulting in a vertical margin of 5 mm on the left side of the stamp.



Fig. 5: Negative inscriptions partly obscured.



Fig. 6: Stamp shifted to the right.

Fig. 7 shows again a shifted position of the stamp. But this time the stamp is shifted by 15 mm to the right and 2 mm upwards resulting in blank empty margins on the left of and under the stamp.

In fig. 8 we see the same air letter with the printed stamp completely absent:



Fig. 7: Stamp shifted to the right.
(size reduced)



Fig. 8: Missing stamp.

Finally in fig. 9 we see the air letter having the printed stamp but with the whole inscription or texts completely missing.



*Fig. 9: Cut form with imprinted stamp but missing all the inscriptions.
(folded in half)*

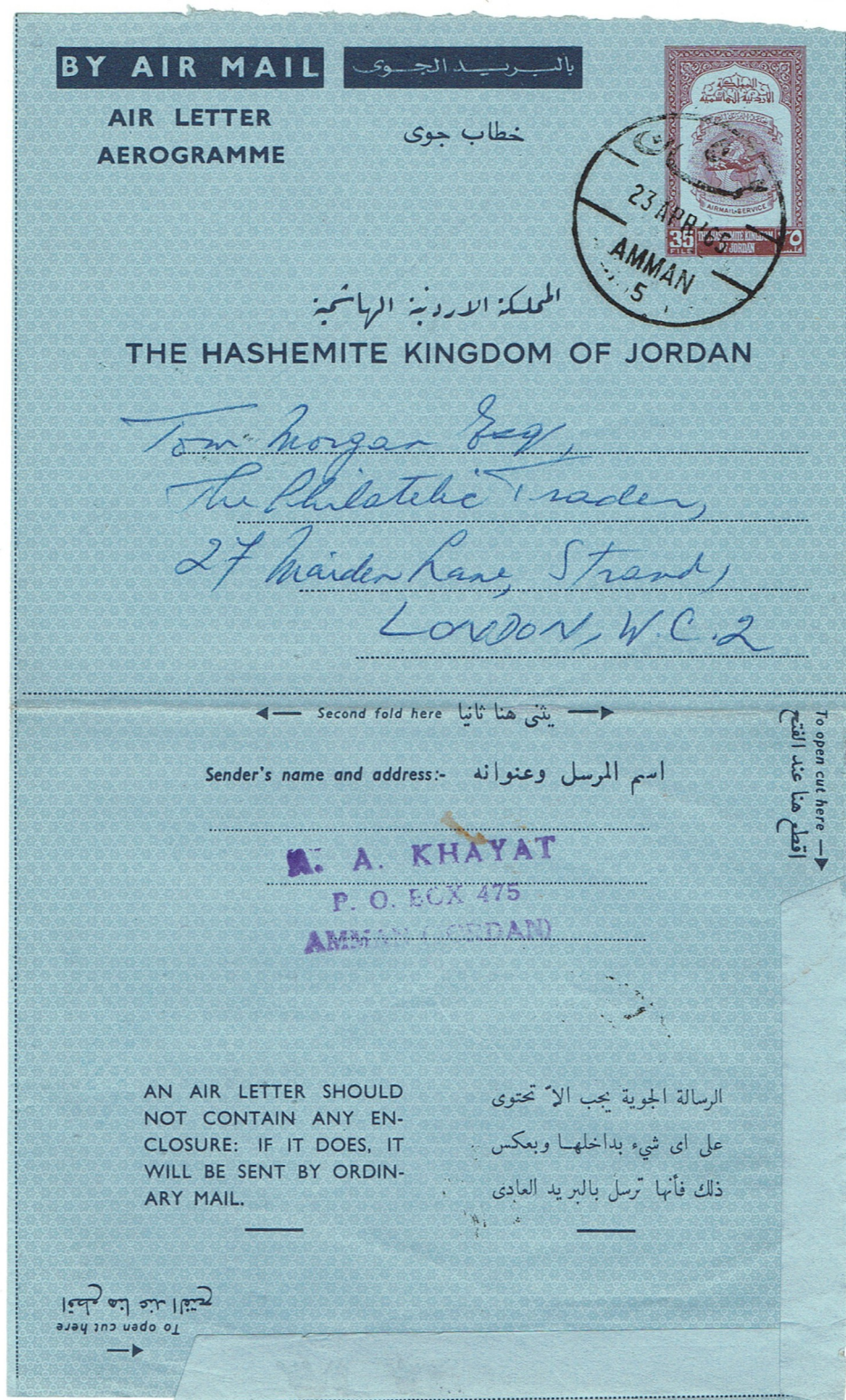


Fig. 10: Commercial air letter from Amman to London, 23.03.1965.
(folded in half)

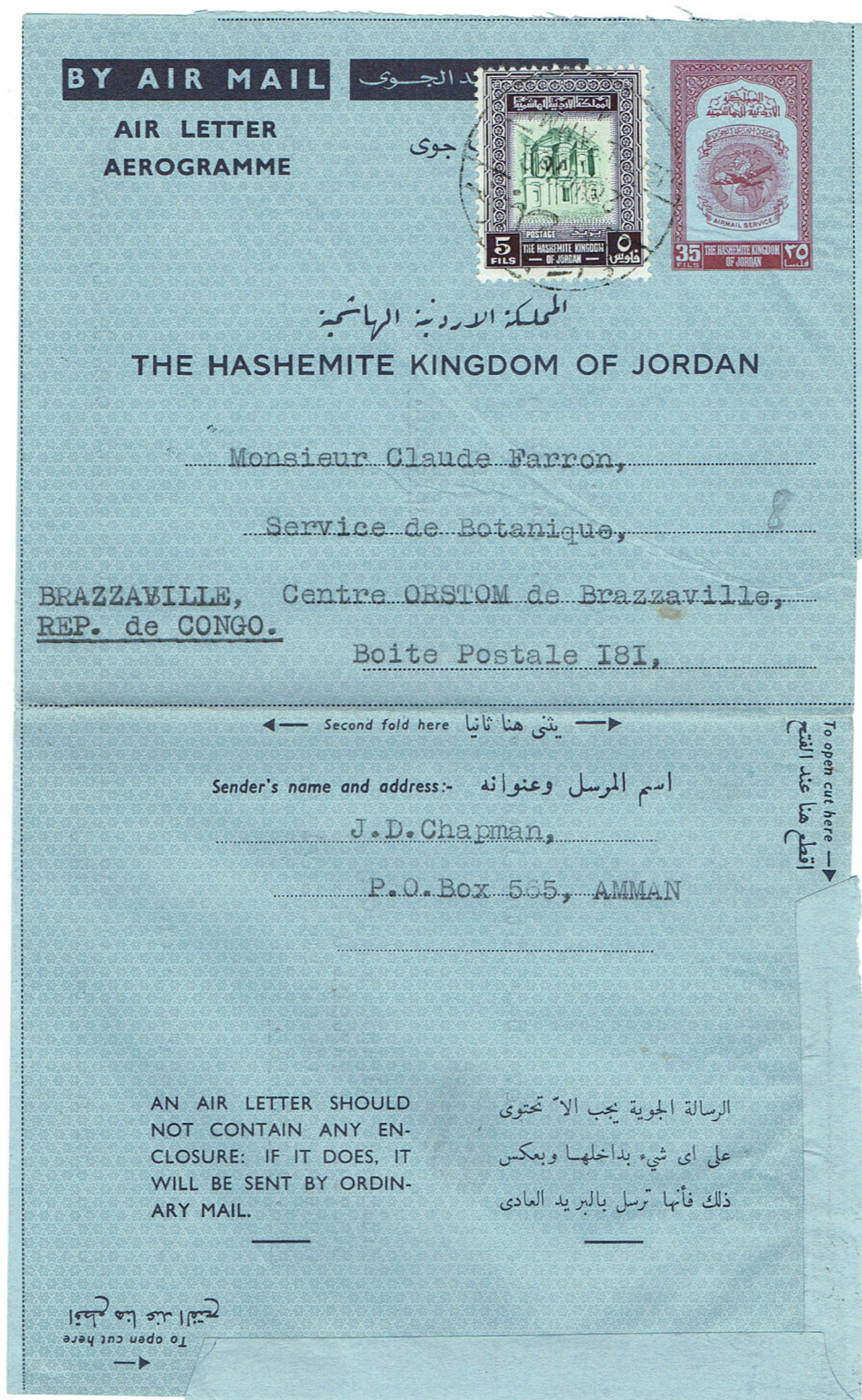


Fig. 11: Air letter from to the very unusual destination of Brazzaville in the Republic of the Congo (French Congo). The 35 Fils stamp was uprated by a 5 Fils stamp. Cancel: Jebel Amman, 28.11.1966. Office de la recherche scientifique et technique outre-mer (ORSTOM) was a French science and technical research organisation operated by the French Foreign office. Since 1998 it is called *Institut de recherche pour le développement* (IRD).
(folded in half)

Appeal

As I believe that these faults occurred haphazardly, I am of the opinion that there might be some other similar or different printing irregularities of this air letter. I am calling upon my fellow philatelists and collectors of these postal stationeries to study their own collections and see whether they can find any such varieties as listed above or maybe some other new ones that have never been documented before.

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A pre-World War I general view of 'Ammān.¹ This small town with about 5,000 inhabitants became an important commercial centre due to the Hejaz Railway.²

1 Source: American Colony (Jerusalem) Photo Dept.: *East of Jordan and the Dead Sea. General view of 'Amman*. In: Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Division / G. Eric and Edith Matson Photograph Collection. LC-DIG-matpc-06960. Licence: public domain. Online: <https://www.loc.gov/pictures/item/mpc2004006895/PP/> (accessed 7.08.2019). Image cropped.

2 The section Dar'ā–Amman was opened in 1902, Damascus–Dar'ā in 1903, with the track to Medina finally being completed in 1908.

Post-WWII Iraqi Censorship Part I: Baghdad 1958–1976

by Marc Parren

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Inspired by a series of articles on post-WWII Iraqi Censorship by Graham Mark (2002, 2004) of the Civil Censorship Study Group I investigated whether I could add any information and try to classify them. With time it became obvious to me that the censorship markings are very rich and that most large towns had their own markings.

In my view there are two periods to be distinguished which is the early censorship period that started with the overthrow and murder of the royal family in July 1958 and which came to an end with the access to power of Saddam Hussein in 1979, when he ousted President Al-Bakr. The later period dominated by President Saddam Hussein I will call the modern censorship period. This modern period I will deal with last in a series of articles.

During the early period which lasted from 1958 to the 1970s we can see three types of censorship markings:

1. the triangular type known from Baghdad and many other large towns, the most frequent and most varied type
2. the circular type known from Arbil, Baghdad, Basrah, Faluja, Kirkuk, and Mosul
3. the rectangular type, only known from Amarah and Basrah

I will present next the early censorship period starting with Baghdad followed by the other towns. I will present the censorship marks in chronological order as I have noted them.

The 14 July Revolution

It all starts in the summer of 1958, when King Hussein of Jordan asked for Iraqi military assistance during the escalating Lebanon crisis. Units of the Iraqi army under the command of Abd al-Karim Qasim, *en route* to Jordan, chose to march on Baghdad instead, where they mounted a *coup d'état* on 14th July 1958. During the “14 July Revolution,” King Faisal II ordered the royal guard to offer no resistance, and Faisal himself surrendered to the insurgents and was executed the same day with the rest of the royal family. Nuri al-Said, Faisal’s Prime Minister, was killed by Qasim’s supporters the day after the king’s death.

The Hashemite monarchy in Iraq was abolished by revolution without popular consent. Control over the country passed to a tripartite “Sovereignty Council,” composed of representatives of Iraq’s three major ethnic groups.¹ A lengthy period of political instability ensued, culminating in the ultimate triumph in 1968 of the Ba’ath Party, which in turn led to the eventual coming to power of Saddam Hussein.

For more background on the political situation at the time I suggest reading Graham Mark’s 2002 contribution.²

1 Muhammad Mahdi Kubbah (Shi’a), Khalid al-Naqshabandi (Kurd), and Najib al Rubay’i (Sunni).

2 Mark, 2002: *Iraq – 1960s and since the Gulf War*.

Observations

Most remarkable is the fact that censorship started not long after the *coup d'état* of 14th July 1958 with an earliest recorded date of 28th July 1958 (see *table 1*).

Most hand-stamps were made out of rubber, a material prone to wear, and this complicates the taking of measurements. In addition quite often some corners of the hand-stamps were not inked on the covers making it more difficult to make sure the measurement is correct. There is such a variety that you have to measure to the exact millimetre and this implies that it does not allow for measurement from a scan. You will have to measure the original and even then there is room for interpretation.

In addition quite some covers show postage stamps cancelled by postmarks which are illegible either for the town name in Latin or Arabic script and/or in addition the date of posting. So you have to make sure that all these are at least present to be able to date and locate the item and accordingly the censorship device that goes with it.

It should also be noted that most censorship marks are placed on the backside of the covers after having checked the contents when the back-flap could be closed. Most likely covers had to be handed in unsealed at the post office for checking by the censors.

After checking hundreds of covers I have noted that just a small proportion of covers remained uncensored or at least no censorship hand-stamp was applied. For instance I have seen a batch of covers addressed to Australia and Papua New Guinea of which just two covers addressed to Australia were censored. Most covers seen are addressed to Western Europe and the USA. Some covers are destined to Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic (GDR) and Yugoslavia, fellow socialist countries of the Eastern Bloc which supported the Arab struggle against the emerging State of Israel. In addition only few covers are seen destined to Burma, Egypt, India, Jordan, Mauritius and Pakistan.

Postal censorship was not limited to covers destined abroad: I have also at hand several domestic covers with censorship although often this was related to inmates. The few incoming covers from abroad I have seen were also censored.

There is a good chance that more new censorship marks will be discovered over time.



الرقابة / العسكرية / لمنطقة بغداد – Baghdad Type 1



The strikes of this censorship hand-stamp (Baghdad Type 1) are generally struck well and cover the period July 1958 to January 1959. Censorship numbers seen are all in single digit. However, there is one cover in my possession dated 11th March 1962 of Hamdaniyah (SE of Mosul) with censor no. 2 addressed to the UK which I do not list until we have more records of this type of hand-stamp between January 1959 and this late date. There is also a Basrah cover of September 1958 with this Baghdad censorship since so far I have seen Basrah censorship only as from 1959.

Table 1: 1958-1959 Baghdad Type1 with triangular censorship hand-stamp (44×39 mm) in purple reading "الرقابة / العسكرية / لمنطقة بغداد"³ with number (not in brackets).

Censor No.	From	Date	To	Colour	Comments
5	Baghdad	28.07.1958	Germany	purple	
2	Baquba	02.08.1958	UK	purple	Registered
2	Baghdad	02.08.1958	UK	purple	Registered
?	Baghdad	05.08.1958	Egypt	purple	7.08.1958 Aérodrôme du Caire, Egyptian civilian censorship type 28
3	Baghdad	07.08.1958	UK	purple	
5	Baghdad	08.08.1958	Australia	purple	See fig. 1
2	Baghdad	09.08.1958	Germany	purple	Registered
2	Baghdad	12.08.1958	USA	purple	
3	Baghdad	13.08.1958	Germany	purple	
3	Baghdad	21.08.1958	Yugoslavia	purple	28.08.1958 Umag
none	Basrah	28.09.1958	Austria	purple	
1	Baghdad	01.01.1959	UK	purple	



Fig. 1: Baghdad Type 1.

Cover sent to Australia dated 8.08.1958, with triangle 44 mm base × 39 mm high censor mark with number 5 (not in brackets): "الرقابة / العسكرية / لمنطقة بغداد / ٥"

3 "censorship / military / for the Baghdad area"

Baghdad Type 2 – الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد



This is one of the most common censorship hand-stamps (Baghdad Type 2) seen of Baghdad and introduced soon after censorship was put in place.

Known numbers are initially with single digits during 1958, soon after also with double digits; but mostly with triple digits. Most interestingly the latter with a repetition of numbers such as 2 in 202 or 222, 3 in 303 or 353, 404, 505 or 8 in 88 or 888.

All known copies are in purple apart from two in black, one registered cover from the Indonesian Legation in Baghdad to Romania with censorship number 9 and one to Austria with censorship number 222. There are two covers known without censorship number applied from February/March 1959.



Fig. 2: Baghdad Type 2.

Cover sent by a German engineer to the headquarters in Germany dated 12.03.1959, with triangle 35 mm base × 35 mm high censor mark without number: "الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد".

The cover dated 12th March 1959 depicted in *fig. 2* shows us that most likely the censor numbers were removable and exchangeable as the outline of the censor mark is visible when the number was removed. Normally the number would be slightly uplifted from the surface of the censor mark and the outline of the censor number would be invisible unlike what can be seen at this cover.

The incoming cover of 1959 depicted in *fig. 3* is interesting as it shows the rare 'return to sender / (left the country)' instructional hand-stamp and the censor mark without number.



Fig. 3: Baghdad Type 2.

Cover sent between two Americans from La Crescenta, California dated 19.02.1959 to a friend in Baghdad where it arrived 28.02.1959, with triangle 35 mm base × 35 mm high censor mark without number: “الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد”.

In addition on the front: Iraqi “RETURN TO SENDER / (LEFT THE COUNTRY)” hand-stamp.

Table 2: 1958–1961 Baghdad Type 2 with triangular censorship hand-stamp (35×35 mm) mostly in purple reading “الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد”⁴ with or without number.

Censor No.	From	Date	To	Colour	Comments
7	Baghdad	10.11.1958	Palestine	purple	17.11.1958 Jerusalem, 18.11.1958 Ramallah & CS-C-4 (Jordanian civil censorship)
1	Baquba ⁵	18.11.1958	Netherlands	purple	Registered
9	Baghdad-Alwiya	03.12.1958	Romania	black	Registered, 5.12.1958 Istanbul, 13.12.1958 Bucharest. from Indonesian Legation in Baghdad
none	USA	28.02.1959	Baghdad	purple	Returned to sender, incoming cover – see fig. 3
none	Baghdad-Alwiya	12.03.1959	Germany	purple	see fig. 2
404	Baghdad	08.10.1959	Netherlands	purple	
5	Baghdad	13.10.1959	Czechoslovakia	purple	Registered
353	Baghdad	29.10.1959	Germany	purple	
11	Baghdad	07.11.1959	Germany	purple	
353	Baghdad	09.11.1959	USA	purple	

⁴ “censorship / military / Baghdad”

⁵ 60 km N of Baghdad. Baquba means in Aramaic ‘Jacob’s House.’

Censor No.	From	Date	To	Colour	Comments
303	Baghdad	18.11.1959	Germany	purple	
?	Baghdad	16.12.1959	UK	purple	
303	Baghdad	22.01.1960	USA	purple	
11	Baghdad	26.01.1960	Germany	purple	
303	Baghdad	--.02.1960	UK	purple	
505	Baghdad	14.02.1960	Netherlands	purple	
00	Mosul	23.02.1960	Germany	purple	Registered
88	Baghdad	28.02.1960	Belgium	purple	
888	Mosul	23.03.1960	Germany	purple	
11	Baghdad	04.04.1960	UK	purple	
88	Baghdad	08.05.1960	Germany	purple	
101	Baghdad	19.05.1960	India	purple	24.05.1960 Bombay. Hand-stamp: 1948 Palestine Refugees
303	Baghdad	28.06.1960	UK	purple	
303	Baghdad	02.07.1960	Switzerland	purple	
22	Baghdad	02.08.1960	UK	purple	
202	Baghdad	22.10.1960	UK	purple	
101	Germany	31.10.1960	Basrah	purple	Registered, 27.10.1960 Mülheim, 30.10.1960 Baghdad, 31.10.1960 Basrah. White re-sealing label with the text فتحة الرقيب العسكري 'Opened by Military Censor'
222	Baghdad	12.12.1960	Austria	black	Registered, 15.12.1960 Vienna
102	Baghdad	02.02.1961	USA	purple	
404	Baghdad	14.02.1961	Germany	purple	
888	Baghdad	02.03.1961	Germany	purple	
18	Baghdad	12.04.1961	Germany	purple	
5	Baghdad	02.07.1961	Belgium	purple	
88	Baghdad	03.08.1961	Denmark	purple	With brown re-sealing label reading فتحة الرقيب 'Opened by Censor'
88	Baghdad	12.08.1961	Germany	purple	



Baghdad Type 3 – الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد

The strikes of this censorship hand-stamp (Baghdad Type 3) are generally poor and smudged and all in black ink and just seen for the year 1959.

Censorship numbers known are all in single or double digit.



Table 3: 1959 Baghdad Type 3 with triangular censorship hand-stamp (30×35 mm) in black reading “الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد”⁶ with number.

Censor No.	From	Date	To	Colour	Comments
7	Baghdad	16.05.1959	Germany	black	
15	Tikrit	03.08.1959	Germany	black	Registered
80	Baghdad	20.08.1959	Germany	black	
78	Baghdad	17.09.1959	Switzerland	black	see fig. 4
59	Baghdad	19.09.1959	USA	black	



Fig. 4: Baghdad Type 3.

Cover sent by a Swiss attached to the Central Bank to his wife in Switzerland dated 17.09.1959, with triangle 30 mm base × 35 mm high censor mark 78: “الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد ٧٨”.

⁶ “censorship / military / Baghdad”

Baghdad Type 4 – الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد



The strikes of this censorship hand-stamp (Baghdad Type 4) are generally struck well and cover the period late 1960 up to April 1962.

Censorship numbers seen are all in double or triple digits.

Table 4: 1960–1962 Baghdad Type 4 with triangular censorship hand-stamp (35×40 mm) in purple reading “الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد”⁷ with number.

Censor No.	From	Date	To	Colour	Comments
757	Baghdad	26.11.1960	Germany	purple	
575	Baghdad	19.07.1961	Denmark	purple	see fig. 5
177	Baghdad	12.08.1961	Germany	purple	
177	Baghdad	05.10.1961	Germany	purple	
88	Baghdad	11.10.1961	Germany	purple	
15	Baghdad	02.04.1962	USA	purple	



Fig. 5: Baghdad Type 4.

Registered cover sent to Copenhagen, Denmark, dated 19.07.1961 Baghdad Junoubi, with triangle 35 mm base × 40 mm high censor mark with number 575: “الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد ٥٧٥”.

⁷ “censorship / military / Baghdad”

Baghdad Type 5 – الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد



The strikes of this censorship hand-stamp (Baghdad Type 5) are generally struck well and cover the period September 1961 to October 1962.

Censorship numbers seen are all in single digit. Not recorded on registered covers.

Censorship hand-stamp seems to have been circular as the outline of the circle 44 mm in diameter can be seen in the last known cover date of October 1962 (see *fig. 3*).

Table 5: 1961–1962 Baghdad Type 5 with triangular censorship hand-stamp (34×40 mm) in purple reading “الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد”⁸ with number.

Censor No.	From	Date	To	Colour	Comments
6	Baghdad	–.09.1961	UK	purple	
4	Baghdad	18.10.1961	Germany	purple	
4	Baghdad	31.10.1961	UK	purple	
4	Baghdad	13.11.1961	UK	purple	
4	Baghdad	23.12.1961	Germany	purple	
4	Baghdad	01.03.1962	GDR	purple	
9	Baghdad	14.03.1962	Germany	purple	
4	Baghdad	31.03.1962	Germany	purple	
9	Baghdad	16.04.1962	Mauritius	purple	
9	Baghdad	05.07.1962	Italy	purple	
9	Baghdad	28.10.1962	Germany	purple	see <i>fig. 6</i>



⁸ “censorship / military / Baghdad”



Fig. 6: Baghdad Type 5.

Cover sent by a German engineer working in the leather industry to his wife in Germany dated 28.10.1962, with triangle 34 mm base × 40 mm high censor mark with number 9: “الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد ٩” within a circle 44 mm in diameter. Manuscript arrival date: 2.11.1962.

الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد – Baghdad Type 6



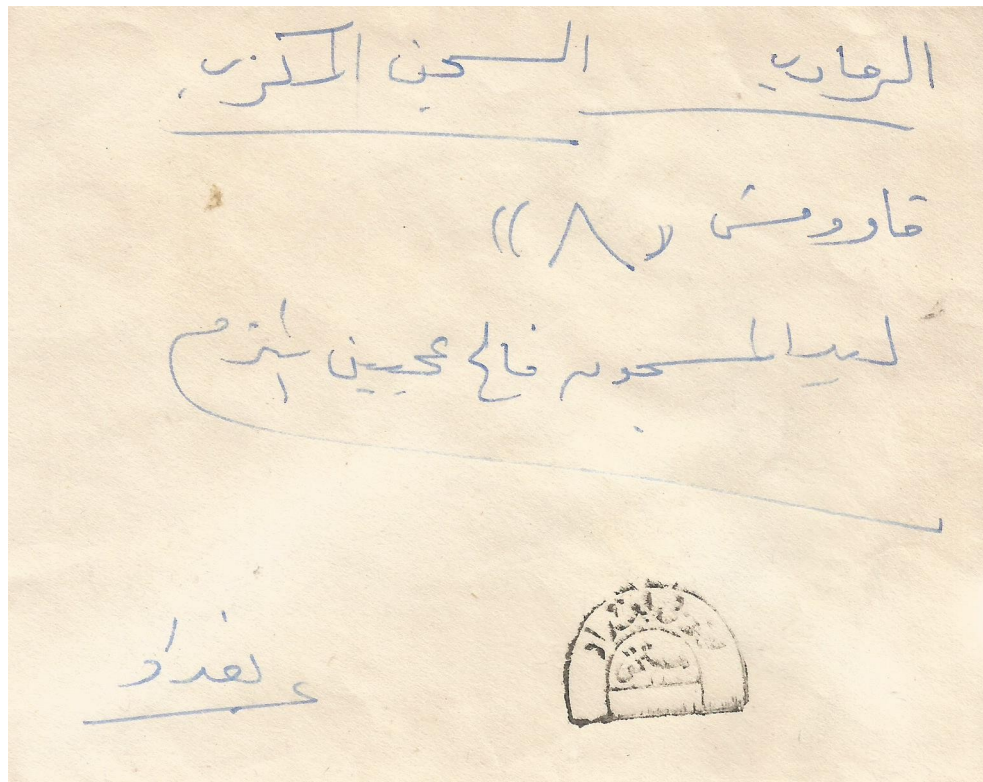
The strikes of this censorship hand-stamp (Baghdad Type 6) are generally struck well and cover the period November 1961 to December 1962.

Censorship numbers seen are all in double digits. Not recorded on registered covers.

Table 6: 1961–1962 Baghdad Type 6 with triangular censorship hand-stamp (36×30 mm) in purple reading “الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد”⁹ with number.

Censor No.	From	Date	To	Colour	Comments
18	Baghdad	26.11.1961	Germany	purple	
?	Baghdad	27.10.1962	Ramadi	purple	Prison mail – see fig. 7
13	Baghdad	17.12.1962	Germany	purple	
45	Baghdad	29.12.1962	Germany	purple	

⁹ “censorship / military / Baghdad”



Figs. 7 and 7a: Baghdad Type 6.

Unfranked taxed cover sent by Mohammed Salman, Baghdad 27.10.1962 to prisoner Faleh Ajeen, Cell 8, Ramadi Central Prison, with triangle 36 mm base × 30 mm high censor mark with undecipherable number: "الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد". At front half-moon Southern Baghdad postage due marking and backside in red pencil 'revenue stamp' (indicating it is not valid).

The 10 Fils revenue stamp depicts the symbol of the 14 July Revolution.

Baghdad Type 7 – الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد



Only known from a single cover with a poor strike of the censorship hand-stamp (Baghdad Type 7) of March 1962.

Censorship number in double digits. Not recorded on registered covers.

Table 7: 1961–1962 Baghdad Type 6 with triangular censorship hand-stamp (36×30 mm) in purple reading “الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد”¹⁰ with number.

Censor No.	From	Date	To	Colour	Comments
36	Baghdad	29.03.1962	Germany	purple	see fig. 8



Fig. 8: Baghdad Type 7.

Cover sent to Munich (München), Germany dated 29.03.1962 with triangle 40 mm base × 33 mm high censor mark with number 36: “الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد ٣٦”.



¹⁰ “censorship / military / Baghdad”

Baghdad Type 8 – الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد



This censorship hand-stamp (Baghdad Type 8) is only known from two covers in 1962.

Censorship number in single digits. Not recorded on registered covers.

Table 8: 1962 Baghdad Type 8 with triangular censorship hand-stamp (35×38 mm) in circle 43 mm in diameter in purple reading "الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد"¹¹ with number.

Censor No.	From	Date	To	Colour	Comments
6	Baghdad	—, 1962	GDR	purple	see fig. 9
4	Baghdad	13.03.1962	Germany	purple	

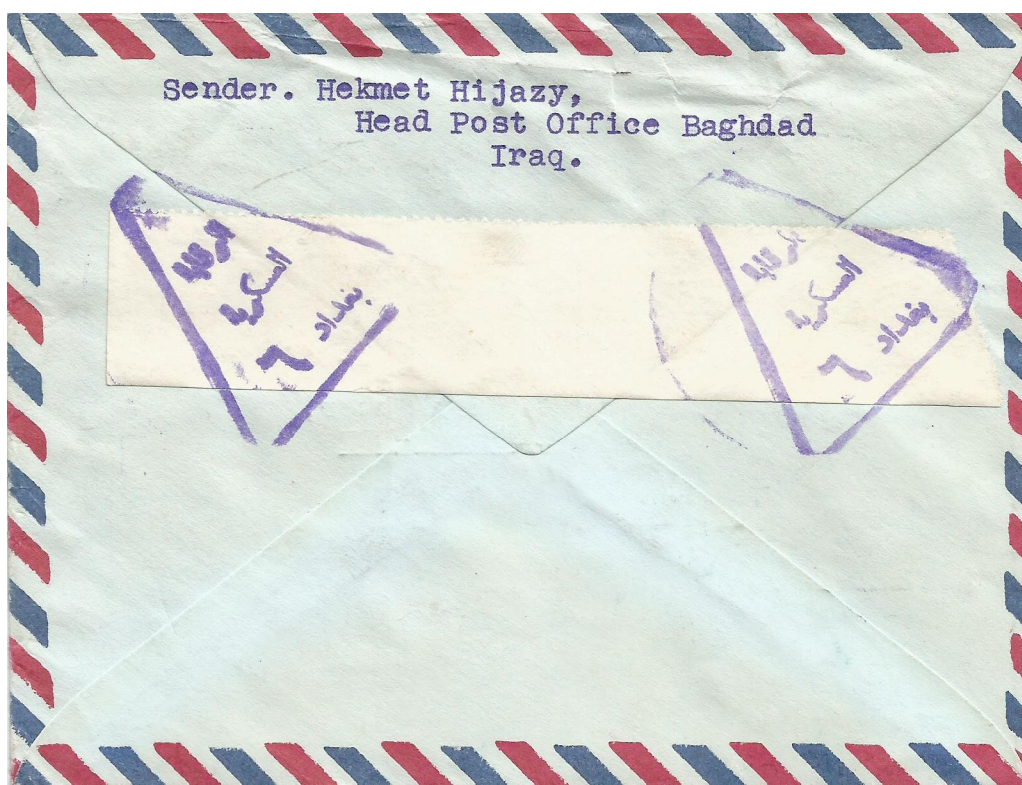
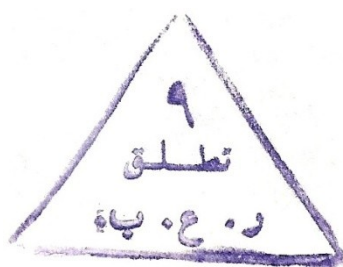


Fig. 9: Baghdad Type 8.

Cover sent by Hekmet Hijazy, GPO, Baghdad in 1962 (unclear machine cancellation with 7 wavy lines) to Günter Wedekind, Ilmenau, Thuringia, German Democratic Republic (GDR) with triangle 35 mm base × 38 mm high in circle of 43 mm in diameter with censor mark 6: "الرقابة / العسكرية / بغداد". It looks like the censor has re-sealed the cover with a white strip on which two censorship hand-stamps were applied. Only one of them shows the outline of the original circular hand-stamp so it is not an easy to distinguish hand-stamp but it should be noted that the corners are rounded too.

¹¹ "censorship / military / Baghdad"

تطلق / ر.ع.ب. – Baghdad Type 9



This censorship hand-stamp (Baghdad Type 9) is one of the more common types of the 1960s and exists in three variations. The variation is in the length of the word “تطلق” (released) in the middle line that varies between 11, 12 or 13 mm.

It should also be noted that there exists variation in the height of the triangle which is normally 30 mm, but which has also been noted to measure 28, 29 or 32 mm.

Baghdad Type 9a censorship hand-stamp with “تطلق” (released) 13 mm long known period of usage is from March 1963 until April 1964 and next succeeded by the Baghdad Type 9b censorship hand-stamp with “تطلق” (released) 11 mm long seen used from March 1963 until February 1966. Finally the Baghdad Type 9c censorship hand-stamp with “تطلق” (released) 12 mm long seen used from March 1965 until June 1966.

Censorship numbers seen are in single and double digits as well as the letters م and ر (M and R) on three covers in 1963. While the two examples in black ink applied two months apart have both the censor number 32.

Table 9: 1963-1966 Baghdad Type 9 with triangular censorship hand-stamp (35×30 mm) mostly in purple reading “تطلق / ر.ع.ب.”¹² with number or letter.

Censor No.	From	Date	To	Colour	Comments
Type 9a censorship hand-stamp				تطلق	
47	Baghdad	04.03.1963	France	purple	Opened by mail section UNESCO label, Paris
R	Baghdad	06.03.1963	Germany	purple	Registered, with 9.03.1963 Aachen, Germany instructional hand-stamp – see fig. 10
20	Baghdad	06.03.1963	UK	purple	
68	Baghdad	15.03.1963	USA	purple	
29	Baghdad	18.03.1963	Austria	purple	
31	Baghdad	08.04.1963	Germany	purple	Registered
55	Baghdad	12.05.1963	Germany	purple	
71	Baghdad	01.07.1963	Germany	purple	Private mail from German Embassy
32	Baghdad	18.07.1963	UK	black	Registered
32	Baghdad	22.08.1963	Switzerland	purple	
R	Sulaymaniyah ¹³	07.09.1963	Germany	purple	Registered, white re-sealing label with the text فتحة الرقيب العسكري 'Opened by Military Censor'
32	Baghdad	24.09.1963	Germany	black	Registered
M	Najaf ¹⁴	17.10.1963	UK	purple	Registered, horizontal date-stamp 19.10.1963 from Baghdad

¹² “released / military censorship Baghdad”

¹³ Sulaymaniyah is located some 375 km NE of Baghdad and had their own censorship devices not applied here.

¹⁴ Najaf is located some 160 km S of Baghdad and had their own censorship devices not applied here.

Censor No.	From	Date	To	Colour	Comments
21	Baghdad	20.12.1963	USA	purple	Registered, 26.12.1963 Cincinnati
49	Baghdad	05.02.1964	USA	purple	
39	Baghdad	06.02.1964	Switzerland	purple	
39	Baghdad	14.03.1964	UK	purple	
47	Baghdad	08.04.1964	Switzerland	purple	
Type 9b censorship hand-stamp					
89	Baghdad	05.03.1964	Netherlands	purple	
99	Najaf	08.03.1964	UK	purple	BBC cover
6	Baghdad	19.08.1964	USA	purple	Cover addressed to and from American Friends of the Middle East; white re-sealing label with the text 'فتحة الرقيب العسكري' 'Opened by Military Censor'
13	Baghdad	25.12.1964	Belgium	purple	WHO malaria eradication programme
Type 9c censorship hand-stamp					
10	Al-Mishkhab ¹⁵	09.03.1965	UK	purple	
68	Al-Mishkhab	09.03.1965	UK	purple	
56	Baghdad	10.04.1965	Austria	purple	
2	Baghdad	23.06.1965	Egypt	purple	24.06.1965 Cairo Airport, 26.06.1965 Cairo, 27.06.1965 El Fayum with Egyptian censorship
24	Baghdad	21.07.1965	Germany	purple	
27	Baghdad	25.08.1965	Yugoslavia	purple	
13	Baghdad	22.03.1966	Pakistan	purple	28.03.1966 Lahore
13	Baghdad	28.03.1966	Germany	purple	
12	Baghdad	01.04.1966	Switzerland	purple	
63	Baghdad	20.05.1966	Sweden	purple	Registered
9	Baghdad	13.06.1966	Germany	purple	Registered, 8.01.1972 Baghdad
63	Baghdad	29.06.1966	Germany	purple	



¹⁵ Al-Meshkhab, South of Najaf, then in Karbala Governorate.



Figs. 10 and 10a: Baghdad Type 9.

Registered cover sent from father to son in Aachen, Germany dated 6.03.1963 with triangle 35 mm base × 30 mm high censor mark with letter R: "ر/ا تطلق / ر.ع.ب."

Three line instructional hand-stamp GPO Aachen applied on 9.03.1963 indicating that street is unknown and so redirected to Munich (München).

تطلق / ر.ع. ب. – Baghdad Type 10



This censorship hand-stamp resembles the former one, characteristic are the divisional lines in the corners of the censorship hand-stamps (Baghdad Type 10).

Only known from five covers from April 1965 to January 1966.

Table 10: 1965–1966 Baghdad Type 10 with divided triangular censorship hand-stamp (40×30 mm) in purple reading “تطلق / ر.ع. ب.”¹⁶ with number.

Censor No.	From	Date	To	Colour	Comments
6	Baghdad	06.04.1965	–	purple	Registered. Window envelope.
7	Baghdad	05.11.1965	Germany	purple	Registered
7	Baghdad	25.11.1965	Australia	purple	
7	Baghdad	05.01.1966	Netherlands	purple	
7	Al-Majmua'a al-Thuqafiya (Mosul)	10.01.1966	USA	purple	Registered, 14.01.1966 Philipsburg, New Jersey – see fig. 11



ه.ر. / بغداد – ر.ع. / بغداد – Baghdad Type 11



This censorship hand-stamp (Baghdad Type 11) is one of the more common types and exists in two variations. The variation is in the spelling of the middle line reading ر.ع. or ه.ر. (R.A: military censorship, H.R: censorship commission).¹⁷ It should also be noted that variations exist in the diameter of the circle which is normally 26 mm, but which has also been noted to measure 28 or 29 mm.

Baghdad Type 11a censorship hand-stamp known period of usage is from January 1966 until March 1970 and next succeeded by the Baghdad Type 11b censorship hand-stamp seen used from November 1970 until January 1976.

What is also striking is that almost all covers censored by these censorship hand-stamps concern registered covers.



¹⁶ “released / military censorship Baghdad”

¹⁷ Standing for هيئة الرقابة (censorship commission) and الرقابة العسكرية (military censorship), respectively.



Figs. 11 and 11a: Baghdad Type 10.

Registered cover sent from a scientist of the University of Mosul to a journal editor in Phillipsburg, New Jersey, dated 10.01.1966 Al-Majmua'a al-Thuqafiya¹⁸ and Mosul with triangle 40 mm base × 30 mm high censor mark with divisional lines in the corners with number 7: "٧ / تطلق / ر. ع. ب." and 14.01.1966 Phillipsburg, New Jersey.

¹⁸ Al-Majmua'a al-Thuqafiya (Al Majmoaa Al Thakafia, Al Majma Al Thaqafi, المجموعة الثقافية) is a neighbourhood adjacent to the University of Mosul.

Table 11: 1966–1976 Baghdad Type 11 mostly 26 mm diameter circle, with two wavy horizontal lines dividing it into three parts in purple reading “ر.ع / بغداد” or “ه.ر / بغداد” with number.

Censor No.	From	Date	To	Colour	Comments
Type 11a censorship hand-stamp					
Type 11a with 26 mm diameter (left) Type 11a with 28 mm diameter (right)					
20	Baghdad	06.01.1966	UK	purple	
2	Baghdad	20.02.1966	Pakistan	purple	22.02.1966 Shahdara Hills
58	Mosul	16.03.1966	Germany	purple	Registered, Mosul censorship devices not applied here.
9	Mosul	19.03.1966	Yugoslavia	purple	Registered, 22.03.1966 Zagreb. Mosul censorship devices not applied
5	Baghdad	30.03.1966	France	purple	28 mm diameter circle
19	Switzerland	05.04.1966	Baghdad	purple	31.03.1966 Genève, returned “left” – see fig. 12
37	Baghdad	15.06.1966	Switzerland	purple	
27	Mosul	07.08.1966	Yugoslavia	purple	Mosul censorship devices not applied
12	Baghdad	25.10.1966	UK	purple	
37	Masarif (Mosul)	26.10.1966	Finland	purple	
27	Baghdad	29.10.1966	UK	purple	
47	Masarif (Mosul)	20.12.1966	Germany	purple	
58	Baghdad	19.04.1967	Austria	purple	Registered, 22.04.1967 Vienna
77	Baghdad	30.11.1967	Germany	purple	Registered
58	Egypt	07.01.1968	Baghdad	purple	Registered, 30.12.1967 Cairo Mohamed Farid, 31.12.1967 Cairo Airport, 7.01.1968 Baghdad
2x	Baghdad	25.05.1968	Germany	purple	Registered, 28 mm diameter circle
21	Baghdad	18.09.1968	USA	purple	Registered, 29 mm diameter circle
7	Baghdad	17.03.1969	Germany	purple	Registered
7	Baghdad	31.03.1969	Burma	Purple	Registered, 13.04.1969 Resafa (Baghdad-Elrissafa), 20.04.1969 Rangoon
20	Baghdad	13.10.1969	Germany	Purple	Registered
40	Baghdad	18.11.1969	Germany	Purple	Registered
25	Baghdad	07.12.1969	Germany	Purple	Registered
30	Baghdad	27.12.1969	Germany	Purple	Registered
22	Samarrah ¹⁹	18.03.1970	Germany	Purple	Registered

¹⁹ About 125 km N of Baghdad, in Saladin Governorate.

Censor No.	From	Date	To	Colour	Comments
Type 11b censorship hand-stamp					
Type 11b with 26 mm diameter (left) Type 11b with 28 mm diameter (right)				 	
27	Baghdad	23.11.1970	Germany	purple	Registered
22	Baghdad	12.12.1970	Netherlands	purple	
27	Baghdad	19.01.1971	Germany	purple	Registered
13	Baghdad	27.01.1971	UK	purple	
28	Baghdad	06.03.1971	Netherlands	purple	Registered, 28 mm diameter circle
28	Baghdad	12.04.1971	UK	purple	28mm diameter circle
28	Baghdad	24.04.1971	Germany	purple	Registered, 28 mm diameter circle
27	Bab Al-Shargi (Baghdad)	25.04.1971	UK	purple	Registered – see fig. 13
27	Baghdad	23.05.1971	Germany	purple	Registered
24	Baghdad	24.08.1971	Germany	purple	Registered
27	Baghdad	19.09.1971	Germany	purple	Registered
27	Baghdad	25.09.1971	Germany	purple	Registered
29	Baghdad	11.10.1971	Germany	purple	Registered
27	Baghdad	16.10.1971	Germany	purple	Registered
27	Baghdad	06.12.1971	Germany	purple	Registered
19	Kirkuk	08.12.1971	Czechoslovakia	purple	Registered, 17.12.1971 Baghdad
19	Baghdad	15.12.1971	Germany	purple	Registered
14	Baghdad	15.12.1971	Germany	purple	Registered
29	Kirkuk	03.01.1972	Czechoslovakia	purple	Registered, 8.01.1972 Baghdad
27	Baghdad	11.01.1972	UK	purple	
27	Baghdad	18.02.1972	Germany	purple	Registered
29	Baghdad	24.04.1972	Germany	purple	Registered
19	Baghdad	[29?].02.1973 ²⁰	Egypt	purple	3.03.1973 Cairo with Egyptian censorship label
21	Bab Al-Shargi (Baghdad)	01.01.1976	Egypt	purple	Registered

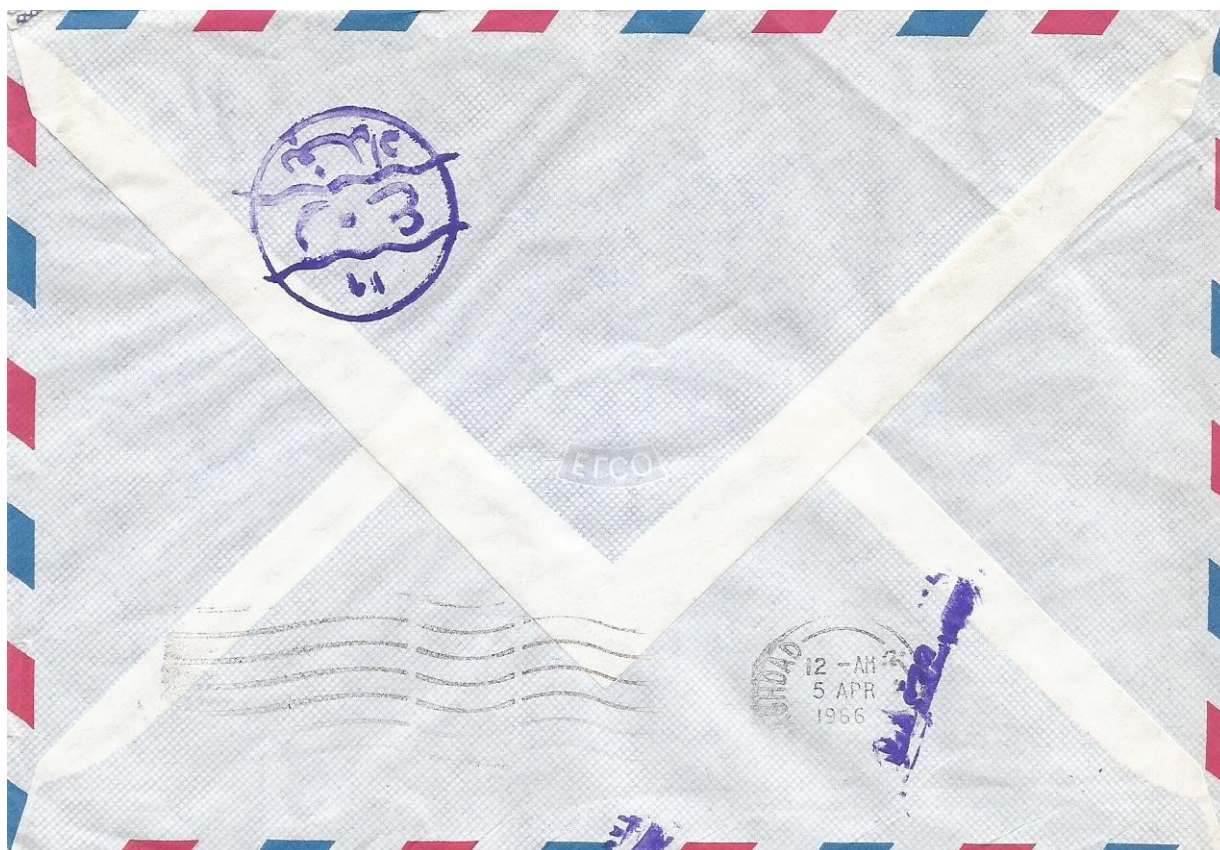


20 The letter inside is dated 29.02.1973, the postmark reads either 25 or 29.02.1973, in latter case clearly a clerical error, as in 1973 no 29th February exists.



Figs. 12 and 12a:

Baghdad Type 11a. Incoming cover sent from Swiss watch trader on 31.03.1966 Genève-Miremont, Switzerland to the Banque Nationale pour le Commerce et l'Industrie (BNCI),²¹ Baghdad arrival 5.04.1966 with circular censor hand-stamp 26 mm in diameter with two wavy horizontal lines dividing it into three parts with number 19: "بغداد / ع. ر.". Six line instructional hand-stamp indicating that the bank was unknown and had 'left.'



²¹ BNCI was the only French bank with an international network that provided financial advice to French capitalists and entrepreneurs to help them explore new resources or markets in the developing world. It opened its Baghdad branch in 1955 and might have closed down by 1966.



Figs. 13 and 13a: Baghdad Type 11b.

Registered cover sent by traders in Baghdad to a manufacturing and trading company in London dated 25.04.1971 Bab Al-Sharqi²² with circular censor hand-stamp 26 mm in diameter with two wavy horizontal lines dividing it in three parts with number 27: " ٢٧ / هـ ر / بغداد "

22 Bab Al-Sharqi (الباب الشرقي, Eastern Gate) is a central neighbourhood in the Rusafa district of Baghdad on the left bank of the River Tigris.

Acknowledgements

I like to thank Messrs. Alfred Khalastchy (U.K.) and Khalid Omaira (United Arab Emirates) for kindly assisting in the translation of the Arabic language.

The Egyptian censorship marks follow Andrews' 1994 work.

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Civil Censorship Study Group

The CCSG, set up in 1973, studies civilian mails that have been censored and/or delayed or interrupted in the post during times of war and civil strife.

Members include general collectors of censored mails, often with a parallel interest in military or PoW mails, and specialists who focus on a particular country, area or conflict.

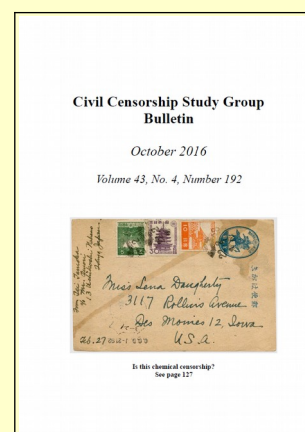
The CCSG publishes a quarterly Bulletin covering a wide range of articles on censorship, covering 19th century to date. The group's library covers the whole world and all periods, and includes associated topics such as airmail routes in WWII. The Study Group has sponsored and published several books on censorship.

Membership gives you access to a selection of published works on censorship, the regular postal auctions of quality material, and to members-only areas in the forum.

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Contact Graham Mark (gmarkb34@btinternet.com) for Europe, Asia, Africa, and Australasia, or Dann Mayo (dannmayo@att.net) for the Americas.

<http://www.c-c-s-g.org>



Postal History and Related Notices from the Official Gazettes for Palestine: Index 1919–1929

compiled by Tobias Zywietz

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From the institution of The Middle East Philatelic Bulletin in 2015, a constant feature in the journal is the series “Postal History and Related Notices from the Official Gazettes for Palestine”. In eight parts the first 11 years were covered: 1919–1929.

The following index is divided into two sections:

1. The *Subject Index* (pp. 145–194) lists all documents, biographical sketches and figures alphabetically by their subject headings (a string of controlled terms).
2. The *Sequential Index* (pp. 194–204) lists all biographical sketches, documents, and figures in chronological order.

Year	Part	MEPB	Documents	Figures	Suppl. Docs.	Bio Sketches
1919	1	1	1–15	1–13	–	1–4
1920	1	1	16–35	14–24	–	–
1921	2	2	36–56	25–31	–	–
1922	2	2	57–90	32–41	–	1–6
1923	3	3	91–119	42–52	–	1
1924	3	3	120–150 147A in MEPB 7 150A in MEPB 8	53–58	–	–
1925	4	4	151–186	59–65	–	–
1926	5	5	187–254 187 also in MEPB 4	66–85	–	1
1927	6	6	255–315	86–127	1–3	–
1928	7	7	316–367 incl. 322A	128–149	1	1
1929	8	8	368–431	150–167	1–2	–

During the British and Allied Occupation of Palestine (1917–1920), the subsequent British civil administration (1920–1923), and the League of Nations Mandate (1923–1948), administrative notifications, statutes, orders, regulations, proclamations, and miscellaneous announcements were published “*by authority*” in official newspapers. The English editions were published as follows:

- 1918–1919 The Palestine news : the weekly newspaper of the Egyptian Expeditionary Force of the British Army in occupied enemy territory. Weekly: no. 1 (17.03.1918)–no. 72 (17.07.1919).
- 1919–1920 Official gazette O.E.T.A. (South). Fortnightly: no. 1 (15.07.1919)–no. 23 (16.06.1920).
- 1920–1932 Official gazette of the government of Palestine. Fortnightly: no. 24 (25.07.1920)–no. 313 (16.08.1932).
- 1932–1948 The Palestine gazette. Weekly: no. 314 (25.08.1932)–no. 1654/5 (18.03.1948).

OFFICIAL GAZETTE

O. E. T. A. (South)

No 1 Published by Authority 15th July 1919
FORTNIGHTLY



OFFICIAL GAZETTE

O. E. T. A. (South)

No. 10 Published by Authority 1st December 1919
FORTNIGHTLY

OFFICIAL GAZETTE

OF THE
GOVERNMENT OF PALESTINE

GAZETTE No. 31 DATED 15th; NOVEMBER, 1920.



OFFICIAL GAZETTE

OF THE
GOVERNMENT OF PALESTINE

Published by Authority.

No. 34 Price 1½ P.T. ISSUED FORTNIGHTLY JERUSALEM, JANUARY 1st 1921

OFFICIAL GAZETTE

O. E. T. A. (South)

No 5 Published by Authority 16th September 1919
FORTNIGHTLY



OFFICIAL GAZETTE

OF THE
GOVERNMENT OF PALESTINE

No 24 Published by Authority 25th July 1920
FORTNIGHTLY



OFFICIAL GAZETTE

OF THE
GOVERNMENT OF PALESTINE

No 33 Published by Authority 15th December 1920
Fortnightly



OFFICIAL GAZETTE

OF THE
GOVERNMENT OF PALESTINE

Published by Authority.

No. 39 Price 1½ P. T. ISSUED FORTNIGHTLY (Registered as a Newspaper) JERUSALEM, MARCH 15th 1921.



OFFICIAL GAZETTE

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Published by Authority.

No. 70 Price 5 P.T. ISSUED FORTNIGHTLY JERUSALEM, JULY 1st, 1922.



OFFICIAL GAZETTE

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Published by Authority.

No. 82 Price 5 P.T. ISSUED FORTNIGHTLY 1st. January, 1923

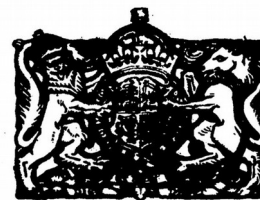


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PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 94 ISSUED FORTNIGHTLY JERUSALEM, 1st July, 1923.



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No. 105 JERUSALEM 15th. December, 1923.



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PUBLISHED FORTNIGHTLY BY AUTHORITY.

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16.11.1919 (20.10.1919) – Doc. 14: MEPB 1, p. 77.
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01.10.1923 – Doc. 114: MEPB 3, p. 62.

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◆ *Compensation for Loss or Damage*

01.11.1927 – Doc. 294: MEPB 6, pp. 123–124.

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- ◇ Postal Service / Compensation
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- ◇ Registration / Compensation
- ◇ Foreign Service / Compensation

Cover (foreign)

◆ *French postcard [1904, Stella Maris/Mount Carmel light house]*

... (28.01.1928) – Fig. 133: MEPB 7, p. 80.

- ◇ Cover (foreign)
- ◇ Photograph
- ◇ Sea Transport / Light House (Stella Maris/Mount Cramel)

Cover / Censor

◆ *Overseas letter destined for New York with pair of SG no. 9: 2x5m = 10m.*

... (01.02.1919) – Fig. 6: MEPB 1, p. 64.

- ◇ Cover / FL1
- ◇ Cover / Censor

◆ *Letter to New York with 1p (SG no. 3), cancelled with ARMY POST OFFICE / SZ 44 / A / 17 SP / 18 (Sacher A2). Censorship marking: PALESTINE / CENSORSHIP / No. 3..... (Sacher QA16, Firebrace PCC3/6).*

... (17.09.1918) – Fig. 8: MEPB 1, p. 67.

- ◇ Cover / FL1
- ◇ Cover / Censor

◆ *Picture postcard of the Nativity Church Bethlehem, dated 13.5.18, with 5m franking (SG no. 4) sent to Cairo.*

... (13.05.1918) – Fig. 9: MEPB 1, p. 67.

- ◇ Cover / FPC1
- ◇ Cover / Censor

◆ *Registered cover (domestic rate) with SG no. 5 (two pairs), no. 6 (strip of three) and no. 9 (vertical pair).*

... (23.12.1818) – Fig. 11: MEPB 1, p. 70.

- ◇ Cover / IPC1
- ◇ Cover / IR1
- ◇ Cover / Censor

◆ *Registered cover with 1m, 2m, and 2p (SG nos. 5, 6, and 11), total= 23m.*

... (20.01.1919) – Fig. 12: MEPB 1, p. 70.

- ◇ Cover / FPC1
- ◇ Cover / FR1
- ◇ Cover / Censor

Cover / FAR2

◆ *International Advice of Delivery, form P.T. 506.*

... (23.09.1922) – Fig. 41: MEPB 2, p. 84.

- ◇ Cover / FAR2
- ◇ Form P.T. 506

◆ *Advice of Delivery, form P.T. 506.*

... (11.02.0926) – Fig. 69: MEPB 5, p. 51.

- ◇ Cover / FAR2
- ◇ Form P.T. 506

Cover / FL1

◆ *Single franking of 2p, SG no. 11, on a registered letter to Boston.*

... (20.01.1919) – Fig. 5: MEPB 1, p. 64.

- ◇ Cover / FL1
- ◇ Cover / FR1

◆ *Overseas letter destined for New York with pair of SG no. 9: 2x5m = 10m.*

... (01.02.1919) – Fig. 6: MEPB 1, p. 64.

- ◇ Cover / FL1
- ◇ Cover / Censor

◆ *Letter to New York with 1p (SG no. 3), cancelled with ARMY POST OFFICE / SZ 44 / A / 17 SP / 18 (Sacher A2). Censorship marking: PALESTINE / CENSORSHIP / No. 3..... (Sacher QA16, Firebrace PCC3/6).*

... (17.09.1918) – Fig. 8: MEPB 1, p. 67.

- ◇ Cover / FL1
- ◇ Cover / Censor

Cover / FL2

◆ *Letter to Port Said with franking of 1, 2, 3, and 4m.*

... (19.03.1919) – Fig. 21: MEPB 1, p. 88.

- ◇ Cover / FL2

◆ *Registered letter to Switzerland, 1.02.1919.*

... (01.02.1919) – Fig. 22: MEPB 1, p. 90.

- ◇ Cover / FL2
- ◇ Cover / FR1

◆ *Registered letter of the Latin Patriarchate, Jerusalem to Budapest*

... (20.08.1929) – Fig. 110: MEPB 6, p. 115.

- ◇ Cover / FL2
- ◇ Cover / FR2

Cover / FL3

◆ *Commercial cover, cancelled BETHLEHEM / A / 28 JU / 26 (Sacher 4) to Landshut, Germany.*

... (28.06.1926) – Fig. 28: MEPB 2, p. 59.

- ◇ Cover / FL3

◆ *Registered bank letter from Haifa to Rome.*

... (10.11.1922) – Fig. 30: MEPB 2, p. 60.

- ◇ Cover / FL3
- ◇ Cover / FR2

◆ *Letter of condolence, sent to England.*

... (23.09.1922) – Fig. 31: MEPB 2, p. 60.

- ◇ Cover / FL3

◆ *Letter from Jerusalem to France.*

... (10.09.1922) – Fig. 37: MEPB 2, p. 76.

- ◇ Cover / FL3²

◆ *Registered commercial cover with SG no. 80 in vertical pair.*

... (24.01.1923) – Fig. 42: MEPB 3, p. 48.

- ◇ Cover / FL3
- ◇ Cover / FR2

Cover / FL4

◆ *Letter from Haifa to the USA.*

... (13.09.1923) – Fig. 49: MEPB 3, p. 61.

- ◇ Cover / FL4

◆ *Letter from Tel Aviv to Vienna.*

... (25.06.1924) – Fig. 53: MEPB 3, p. 72.

- ◇ Cover / FL4

◆ *Commercial cover to Egypt.*

... (02.04.1924) – Fig. 54: MEPB 3, p. 73.

- ◇ Cover / FL4

- ◆ *Registered letter from Haifa to Germany.*
... (16.02.1926) – Fig. 68: MEPB 5, p. 49.
 ◇ Cover / FL4³
 ◇ Cover / FR2
- ◆ *Envelope P.T. 366, used in March 1926 by the Jerusalem Accounts Branch & Registry*
... (30.03.1926) – Fig. 71: MEPB 5, p. 55.
 ◇ Cover / FL4
 ◇ Cover / FR2
 ◇ Form P.T. 366
- ◆ *Registered letter from Jerusalem to Rome.*
... (27.01.1926) – Fig. 72: MEPB 5, p. 55.
 ◇ Cover / FL4
 ◇ Cover / FR2
- ◆ *Commercial cover with SG no. 80, 13m, cancelled with BETHLEHEM / A / 28 JU / 26.*
... (28.06.1926) – Fig. 80: MEPB 5, p. 75.
 ◇ Cover / FL4
- ◆ *Registered letter from Jerusalem to Germany.*
... (17.11.1926) – Fig. 84: MEPB 5, p. 88.
 ◇ Cover / FL4
 ◇ Cover / FR4
- ◆ *Bank letter from Jerusalem to Prague*
... (24.07.1928) – Fig. 90: MEPB 6, p. 85.
 ◇ Cover / FL4

Cover / FL5

- ◆ *Bank letter from Barclays Bank branch in Jerusalem to Prague, 24.07.1928.*
... (24.07.1928) – Fig. 141: MEPB 7, p. 97.
 ◇ Cover / FL5

Cover / FLUK1

- ◆ *Letter from Nazareth to London at the 7m rate for Great Britain and Northern Ireland, as introduced on 15.02.1926:*
... (16.12.1927) – Fig. 70: MEPB 5, p. 53.
 ◇ Cover / FLUK1
- ◆ *Letter from Nazareth to London at the 7m rate*
... (16.12.1927) – Fig. 94: MEPB 6, p. 94.
 ◇ Cover / FLUK1
- ◆ *Cover from Jerusalem to London at the reduced UK & Éire rate introduced on 15.02.1926*
... (10.01.1929) – Fig. 152: MEPB 8, p. 77.
 ◇ Cover / FLUK1

Cover / FLUK2

- ◆ *Registered letter from Jaffa to Leeds with double franking of SG no. 98 (13m).*
... (17.01.1930) – Fig. 153: MEPB 8, p. 79.
 ◇ Cover / FLUK2
 ◇ Cover / FR2

Cover / FPAR

- ◆ *Parcel card, form P.T. 204 to the USA.*
... (21.11.1924) – Fig. 57: MEPB 3, p. 84.
 ◇ Cover / FPAR
 ◇ Form P.T. 204

Cover / FPC1

- ◆ *Picture postcard of the Nativity Church Bethlehem, dated 13.5.18, with 5m franking (SG no. 4) sent to Cairo.*
... (13.05.1918) – Fig. 9: MEPB 1, p. 67.
 ◇ Cover / FPC1
 ◇ Cover / Censor

- ◆ *Commercial cover of the Anglo-Palestine Company, sent registered to England, there redirected*
... (05.08.1921) – Fig. 10: MEPB 1, p. 68.
 ◇ Cover / FPC1
 ◇ Cover / FR1
- ◆ *Registered cover with 1m, 2m, and 2p (SG nos. 5, 6, and 11), total= 23m.*
... (20.01.1919) – Fig. 12: MEPB 1, p. 70.
 ◇ Cover / FPC1
 ◇ Cover / FR1
 ◇ Cover / Censor

Cover / FPC2

- ◆ *Postcard to Italy, 30.06.1921, franked with 2x2m (SG no. 6), total: 4m.*
... (30.06.1921) – Fig. 13: MEPB 1, p. 74.
 ◇ Cover / FPC2
- ◆ *Cover from Safed to New York*
... (15.07.1919) – Fig. 14: MEPB 1, p. 81.
 ◇ Cover / FPC2
- ◆ *Registered letter addressed to an officer in "1st Echelon EEF" (at the time near Haifa),*
... (22.01.1919) – Fig. 15: MEPB 1, p. 81.
 ◇ Cover / FPC2
 ◇ Cover / FR1
- ◆ *Postcard to Germany, 11.08.1921, franked with 4m.*
... (11.08.1921) – Fig. 20: MEPB 1, p. 88.
 ◇ Cover / FPC2
- ◆ *Postcard to Italy, 30.06.1921, franked with 2x2m (SG no. 6), total: 4m.*
... (30.06.1921) – Fig. 27: MEPB 2, p. 55.
 ◇ Cover / FPC2

Cover / FPC3

- ◆ *Picture postcard from Jerusalem to Boston.*
... (16.03.1922) – Fig. 29: MEPB 2, p. 59.
 ◇ Cover / FPC3
- ◆ *Postcard to England, 17.02.1922.*
... (17.02.1922) – Fig. 33: MEPB 2, p. 68.
 ◇ Cover / FPC3

Cover / FPC4

- ◆ *Picture postcard (text dated 11.09.1923)*
... (17.09.1923) – Fig. 40: MEPB 2, p. 80.
 ◇ Cover / FPC4
- ◆ *Picture postcard (motif: Ecce Homo Arch) sent from Jerusalem to the USA.*
... (27.02.1923) – Fig. 46: MEPB 3, p. 50.
 ◇ Cover / FPC4
- ◆ *Picture postcard (text dated 11.09.1923)*
... (17.09.1923) – Fig. 50: MEPB 3, p. 63.
 ◇ Cover / FPC4
- ◆ *Picture postcard (view of Bethlehem) sent 6.02.1925.*
... (06.02.1925) – Fig. 64: MEPB 4, p. 76.
 ◇ Cover / FPC4

Cover / FPC5

- ◆ *Picture postcard from Jerusalem to La Porte, Indiana.*
... (02.03.1926) – Fig. 65: MEPB 4, p. 77.
 ◇ Cover / FPC5
- ◆ *Picture postcard from Jerusalem to La Porte, Indiana. [reprise]*
... (02.03.1926) – Fig. 66: MEPB 5, p. 47.
 ◇ Cover / FPC5

- ◆ *Picture postcard, Jerusalem to Dessau, Germany, 7m Pictorials (SG no. 95).*
... (13.12.1927) – Fig. 93: MEPB 6, p. 93.
 ◇ Cover / FPC5

Cover / FPM1

- ◆ *Printed matter to the USA, 9.08.1920, franked with 2m (S.G. no. 6).*
... (09.08.1920) – Fig. 24: MEPB 1, p. 95.
 ◇ Cover / FPM1
- ◆ *Printed Matter sent from Jerusalem to Boston.*
... (12.08.1922) – Fig. 38: MEPB 2, p. 76.
 ◇ Cover / FPM1

Cover / FPM5

- ◆ *Letter from Jerusalem to the USA.*
... (19.01.1923) – Fig. 44: MEPB 3, p. 49.
 ◇ Cover / FPM5
- ◆ *Letter, properly marked as Printed Matter, sent from Jerusalem to Romania.*
... (25.10.1922) – Fig. 45: MEPB 3, p. 49.
 ◇ Cover / FPM5
- ◆ *Picture postcard (motif: Tiberias harbour scene) to Switzerland.*
... (10.12.1923) – Fig. 56: MEPB 3, p. 77.
 ◇ Cover / FPM5
- ◆ *Letter from Jerusalem to Boston, at the reduced Printed Matter rate.*
... (12.08.1926) – Fig. 81: MEPB 5, p. 77.
 ◇ Cover / FPM5
- ◆ *Printed Matter cover, Jerusalem to Woodhaven, New York*
... (31.03.1929) – Fig. 126: MEPB 6, p. 141.
 ◇ Cover / FPM5
- ◆ *Printed matter wrapper from Jerusalem to Woodhaven, N.Y., USA.*
... (31.03.1929) – Fig. 137: MEPB 7, p. 87.
 ◇ Cover / FPM5
- ◆ *Printed matter wrapper from Jerusalem to Woodhaven, N.Y., USA.*
... (31.03.1929) – Fig. 165: MEPB 8, p. 126.
 ◇ Cover / FPM5
 ◇ Cover / FR2

Cover / FR1

- ◆ *Single franking of 2p, SG no. 11, on a registered letter to Boston.*
... (20.01.1919) – Fig. 5: MEPB 1, p. 64.
 ◇ Cover / FL1
 ◇ Cover / FR1
- ◆ *Commercial cover of the Anglo-Palestine Company, sent registered to England, there redirected*
... (05.08.1921) – Fig. 10: MEPB 1, p. 68.
 ◇ Cover / FPC1
 ◇ Cover / FR1
- ◆ *Registered cover with 1m, 2m, and 2p (SG nos. 5, 6, and 11), total= 23m.*
... (20.01.1919) – Fig. 12: MEPB 1, p. 70.
 ◇ Cover / FPC1
 ◇ Cover / FR1
 ◇ Cover / Censor
- ◆ *Registered letter addressed to an officer in "1st Echelon EEF" (at the time near Haifa),*
... (22.01.1919) – Fig. 15: MEPB 1, p. 81.
 ◇ Cover / FPC2
 ◇ Cover / FR1

- ◆ *Registered letter to Switzerland, 1.02.1919.*
... (01.02.1919) – Fig. 22: MEPB 1, p. 90.
 ◇ Cover / FL2
 ◇ Cover / FR1

Cover / FR2

- ◆ *Registered bank letter from Haifa to Rome.*
... (10.11.1922) – Fig. 30: MEPB 2, p. 60.
 ◇ Cover / FL3
 ◇ Cover / FR2
- ◆ *Registered commercial cover with SG no. 80 in vertical pair.*
... (24.01.1923) – Fig. 42: MEPB 3, p. 48.
 ◇ Cover / FL3
 ◇ Cover / FR2
- ◆ *Registered letter from Haifa to Germany.*
... (16.02.1926) – Fig. 68: MEPB 5, p. 49.
 ◇ Cover / FL4³
 ◇ Cover / FR2
- ◆ *Envelope P.T. 366, used in March 1926 by the Jerusalem Accounts Branch & Registry*
... (30.03.1926) – Fig. 71: MEPB 5, p. 55.
 ◇ Cover / FL4
 ◇ Cover / FR2
 ◇ Form P.T. 366
- ◆ *Registered letter from Jerusalem to Rome.*
... (27.01.1926) – Fig. 72: MEPB 5, p. 55.
 ◇ Cover / FL4
 ◇ Cover / FR2
- ◆ *Registered letter of the Latin Patriarchate, Jerusalem to Budapest*
... (20.08.1929) – Fig. 110: MEPB 6, p. 115.
 ◇ Cover / FL2
 ◇ Cover / FR2
- ◆ *Registered letter from Jaffa to Leeds with double franking of SG no. 98 (13m).*
... (17.01.1930) – Fig. 153: MEPB 8, p. 79.
 ◇ Cover / FLUK2
 ◇ Cover / FR2
- ◆ *Printed matter wrapper from Jerusalem to Woodhaven, N.Y., USA.*
... (31.03.1929) – Fig. 165: MEPB 8, p. 126.
 ◇ Cover / FPM5
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Cover / FR4

- ◆ *Registered letter from Jerusalem to Germany.*
... (17.11.1926) – Fig. 84: MEPB 5, p. 88.
 ◇ Cover / FL4
 ◇ Cover / FR4

Cover / IAR2

- ◆ *Advice of Delivery, form P.T. 506,*
... (29.05.1926) – Fig. 77: MEPB 5, p. 66.
 ◇ Cover / IAR2
 ◇ Form P.T. 506

Cover / IC1

- ◆ *Postcard to Egypt 1.07.1918, franked with 5m (SG no. 4).*
... (01.07.1918) – Fig. 4: MEPB 1, p. 61.
 ◇ Cover / IC1

Cover / IL1

- ◆ *Letter to Cairo, postmark: O.E.T.A. E.E.F. / JAFFA 6 MY / 19 (Sacher A7). Franking: SG no. 10: 10m.*

... (06.05.1919) – Fig. 7: MEPB 1, p. 66.
 ◇ Cover / IL1

- ◆ *Letter to Aleppo, Syria, in O.E.T.A. (North) but part of "occupied districts", 15.03.1920.*
 ... (15.03.1920) – Fig. 18: MEPB 1, p. 86.
 ◇ Cover / IL1

Cover / IL2

- ◆ *Registered letter of the Polish Conulate General, Jerusalem to Haifa*
 ... (19.05.1927) – Fig. 109: MEPB 6, p. 111.
 ◇ Cover / IL2
 ◇ Cover / IR2

Cover / IPC1

- ◆ *Registered cover (domestic rate) with SG no. 5 (two pairs), no. 6 (strip of three) and no. 9 (vertical pair).*
 ... (23.12.1818) – Fig. 11: MEPB 1, p. 70.
 ◇ Cover / IPC1
 ◇ Cover / IR1
 ◇ Cover / Censor

Cover / IR1

- ◆ *Registered cover (domestic rate) with SG no. 5 (two pairs), no. 6 (strip of three) and no. 9 (vertical pair).*
 ... (23.12.1818) – Fig. 11: MEPB 1, p. 70.
 ◇ Cover / IPC1
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Cover / IR2

- ◆ *Form P.T. 512 "Certificate of Posting of a Registered Postal Packet" for two letters.*
 ... (31.01.1924) – Fig. 52: MEPB 3, p. 67.
 ◇ Cover / IR2
 ◇ Form P.T. 512
- ◆ *Registered letter of the Polish Conulate General, Jerusalem to Haifa*
 ... (19.05.1927) – Fig. 109: MEPB 6, p. 111.
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- ◆ *Envelope P.T. 366, used in May 1926 by the Jerusalem Money Order Department*
 ... (26.05.1926) – Fig. 75: MEPB 5, p. 61.
 ◇ Cover / Postal Matter
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- ◆ *Currency in Circulation (31.03.1928)*
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- ◆ *Currency in Circulation (31.09.1928)*
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- ◆ *Palestine Currency Board (Establishment)*
 01.09.1926 – Doc. 232: MEPB 5, p. 79.
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 ◇ Personnel / Couper, L.
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- ◆ *Palestine Currency Board (Personnel)*
 01.11.1926 – Doc. 238: MEPB 5, p. 82.
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- ◆ *Memorandum on New Currency*
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 ◇ Personnel / Vernon, R. V.
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- ◆ *Personnel*
 16.04.1929 – Doc. 391: MEPB 8, p. 93.
 ◇ Personnel / Caulcutt, J.
 ◇ Personnel / Couper, L.
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- ◆ *Palestine Currency Board (Reserve Fund and Securities) (30.09.1928)*
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- ◆ *Palestine Currency Board (Reserve Fund and Securities) (30.09.1928)*
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- ◆ *Legal Tender in Palestine*
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- ◆ *Egyptian 5 and 10 Piastre Notes (Cessation of Legal Tender)*
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- ◆ *Legal Tender Restrictions*
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- ◆ *End to Legal Tender of Egyptian Currency (1.04.1928)*
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- ◆ *Coinage Amendment Ordinance 1929 (Draft)*
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- ◆ *Customs Ordinance (Regulations on Prohibited Goods)*
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- ◆ *Telegrams (Jewish New Year)*
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 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Jewish New Year Telegrams
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 - ◇ Foreign Service / Trans-Jordan
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- ◆ *Charges for Parcels redirected in Egypt*
15.06.1925 – Doc. 166: MEPB 4, p. 67.
 - ◇ Parcel Service / Rates
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt
- ◆ *Cairo–Baghdad–Basra Air Mail Service*
01.01.1927 (31.12.1926) – Doc. 255: MEPB 6, p. 55.
 - ◇ Air Mail Service / Routes
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Iraq
 - ◇ Foreign Service / India
 - ◇ Air Mail Service / Rates
 - ◇ Postage Rates / Air Mail

- ◆ *Egypt Telephone Service (Extension to Alexandria)*
01.10.1927 (01.10.1927) – Doc. 286: MEPB 6, p. 112.
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Foreign / Egypt
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Rates

- ◆ *Extension of Cash on Delivery to Egypt (1.10.1928)*
16.09.1928 – Doc. 356: MEPB 7, p. 111.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Cash on Delivery
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt

- ◆ *Parcel Cash On Delivery Service (Great Britain and Egypt)*
01.03.1929 (01.03.1929) – Doc. 380: MEPB 8, p. 81.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Cash on Delivery
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.K.
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt

Foreign Service / Éire

- ◆ *Postal Order (Irish Free State)*
16.07.1929 – Doc. 413: MEPB 8, p. 110.
 - ◇ Postal Orders
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Éire

Foreign Service / Europe

- ◆ *Wireless Telegrams to the Whole of Europe*
01.09.1923 – Doc. 109: MEPB 3, p. 60.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Wireless
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Europe

Foreign Service / France

- ◆ *Insured Letter and Box Service extended to France*
01.08.1924 – Doc. 142: MEPB 3, p. 81.
 - ◇ Postal Insurance
 - ◇ Foreign Service / France

Foreign Service / Germany

- ◆ *Wireless Telegram to Germany*
15.07.1923 – Doc. 101: MEPB 3, p. 55.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Wireless
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Germany
 - ◇ Telegraph Rates
- ◆ *Partial Suspension of Services to French Occupied Parts of Germany*
15.09.1923 – Doc. 110: MEPB 3, p. 60.
 - ◇ Money Orders
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Germany
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Foreign
- ◆ *Insured Services to Egypt, Germany, Syria, Lebanon*
15.04.1924 – Doc. 130: MEPB 3, p. 74.
 - ◇ Postal Insurance
 - ◇ Parcels / Insurance
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Insurance
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Germany
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Lebanon
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Syria
 - ◇ Postage Rates / Insurance

Foreign Service / Gibraltar

- ◆ *Christmas & New Year Telegrams*
01.12.1926 – Doc. 251: MEPB 5, p. 85.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.K.
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Ireland
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Malta
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Gibraltar
- ◆ *Christmas & New Year Telegrams*
16.12.1927 (15.12.1927) – Doc. 313: MEPB 6, p. 144.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams

- ◊ Foreign Service / U.K.
- ◊ Foreign Service / Ireland
- ◊ Foreign Service / Malta
- ◊ Foreign Service / Gibraltar

Foreign Service / Greece

- ◆ *Insured Letters to Greece, Hejaz & Nejd*
01.09.1927 – Doc. 279: MEPB 6, p. 104.
 - ◊ Postal Insurance
 - ◊ Letters / Insurance
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Greece
 - ◊ Boxes / Insurance
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Hejaz & Nejd

Foreign Service / Hejaz & Nejd

- ◆ *Parcel Service to Hejaz and Nejd*
16.06.1927 – Doc. 273: MEPB 6, p. 92.
 - ◊ Parcels / Rates
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Hejaz & Nejd
- ◆ *Insured Letters to Greece, Hejaz & Nejd*
01.09.1927 – Doc. 279: MEPB 6, p. 104.
 - ◊ Postal Insurance
 - ◊ Letters / Insurance
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Greece
 - ◊ Boxes / Insurance
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Hejaz & Nejd
- ◆ *Parcel Service to Hejaz and Nejd (Correction)*
01.09.1927 – Doc. 281: MEPB 6, p. 105.
 - ◊ Parcels / Rates
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Hejaz & Nejd

Foreign Service / India

- ◆ *Cairo–Baghdad–Basra Air Mail Service*
01.01.1927 (31.12.1926) – Doc. 255: MEPB 6, p. 55.
 - ◊ Air Mail Service / Routes
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Egypt
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq
 - ◊ Foreign Service / India
 - ◊ Air Mail Service / Rates
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Air Mail

Foreign Service / India (Overland)

- ◆ *Overland Mail Service with Iraq*
01.04.1929 – Doc. 389: MEPB 8, p. 92.
 - ◊ Postal Routes
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Foreign Service
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iran (Overland)
 - ◊ Foreign Service / India (Overland)
 - ◊ Parcel Rates / Foreign Service

Foreign Service / Iran (Overland)

- ◆ *Overland Mail Service with Iraq*
01.04.1929 – Doc. 389: MEPB 8, p. 92.
 - ◊ Postal Routes
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Foreign Service
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iran (Overland)
 - ◊ Foreign Service / India (Overland)
 - ◊ Parcel Rates / Foreign Service

Foreign Service / Iraq

- ◆ *Fortnightly Air Mail Service to Iraq via Cairo*
15.02.1922 – Doc. 62: MEPB 2, p. 66.
 - ◊ Air Mail Service / Routes
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq
- ◆ *Registration for Air Mail to Iraq*
01.05.1922 – Doc. 73: MEPB 2, p. 72.

- ◊ Air Mail Service / Registered
- ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq

- ◆ *Cairo–Baghdad–Basra Air Mail Service*
01.01.1927 (31.12.1926) – Doc. 255: MEPB 6, p. 55.
 - ◊ Air Mail Service / Routes
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Egypt
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq
 - ◊ Foreign Service / India
 - ◊ Air Mail Service / Rates
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Air Mail

Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)

- ◆ *Additional Overland Mail Service Beyrouth–Baghdad*
15.05.1925 – Doc. 158: MEPB 4, p. 63.
 - ◊ Postal Routes
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Foreign Service
- ◆ *Overland Mail Haifa–Baghdad (Despatch Times)*
01.10.1925 – Doc. 178: MEPB 4, p. 75.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Foreign / Routes
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)
- ◆ *Overland Mail Haifa–Baghdad (Despatch Times)*
16.03.1926 – Doc. 207: MEPB 5, p. 59.
 - ◊ Postal Routes
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)
- ◆ *Overland Mail Haifa–Baghdad*
01.04.1926 – Doc. 210: MEPB 5, p. 62.
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Foreign / Iraq
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)
 - ◊ Parcel Rates / Foreign / Iraq (Overland)
- ◆ *Heavy Parcel Service to Iraq, Persia and India via Haifa–Baghdad Overland Mail*
16.02.1928 (01.02.1928) – Doc. 325: MEPB 7, p. 79.
 - ◊ Parcel Regulations / Weight
 - ◊ Parcel Rates / Foreign Service
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)
- ◆ *Heavy Parcel Service to Iraq, Persia and India via Haifa–Baghdad Overland Mail (1.02.1928) (Correction)*
01.03.1928 (01.02.1928) – Doc. 328: MEPB 7, p. 83.
 - ◊ Parcel Regulations / Weight
 - ◊ Parcel Rates / Foreign Service
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)
- ◆ *Overland Mail Service with Iraq*
01.04.1929 – Doc. 389: MEPB 8, p. 92.
 - ◊ Postal Routes
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Foreign Service
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iran (Overland)
 - ◊ Foreign Service / India (Overland)
 - ◊ Parcel Rates / Foreign Service

Foreign Service / Ireland

- ◆ *Christmas & New Year Telegrams*
01.12.1926 – Doc. 251: MEPB 5, p. 85.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams
 - ◊ Foreign Service / U.K.
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Ireland
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Malta
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Gibraltar
- ◆ *Christmas & New Year Telegrams*
16.12.1927 (15.12.1927) – Doc. 313: MEPB 6, p. 144.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams
 - ◊ Foreign Service / U.K.
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Ireland
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Malta
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Gibraltar

Foreign Service / Insurance

- ◆ *Insured Services to Egypt, Germany, Syria, Lebanon*
15.04.1924 – Doc. 130: MEPB 3, p. 74.
 - ◇ Postal Insurance
 - ◇ Parcels / Insurance
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Insurance
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Germany
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Lebanon
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Syria
 - ◇ Postage Rates / Insurance

Foreign Service / Italy

- ◆ *Direct Telegraph Service to Italy via Egypt*
01.12.1925 – Doc. 185: MEPB 4, p. 82.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Foreign / Italy
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Italy
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Wireless
- ◆ *Parcels to Italy & Switzerland (Disposal on Non-Delivery)*
01.08.1926 – Doc. 225: MEPB 5, p. 73.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Foreign
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Italy
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Switzerland

Foreign Service / Lebanon

- ◆ *Surcharge for "Rapide" Letter Service Haifa–Beyrouth*
01.02.1923 (01.02.1923) – Doc. 94: MEPB 3, p. 50.
 - ◇ Postage Rates / Foreign Service
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Syria
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Lebanon
- ◆ *Insured Services to Egypt, Germany, Syria, Lebanon*
15.04.1924 – Doc. 130: MEPB 3, p. 74.
 - ◇ Postal Insurance
 - ◇ Parcels / Insurance
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Insurance
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Germany
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Lebanon
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Syria
 - ◇ Postage Rates / Insurance
- ◆ *Telegraph Service via Beirut*
01.02.1926 (13.01.1926) – Doc. 191: MEPB 5, p. 48.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Foreign / Lebanon
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Lebanon
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Wireless

Foreign Service / Malta

- ◆ *Christmas & New Year Telegrams*
01.12.1926 – Doc. 251: MEPB 5, p. 85.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.K.
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Ireland
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Malta
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Gibraltar
- ◆ *Christmas & New Year Telegrams*
16.12.1927 (15.12.1927) – Doc. 313: MEPB 6, p. 144.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.K.
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Ireland
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Malta
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Gibraltar

Foreign Service / Money Orders / Rates

- ◆ *Foreign Money Orders (Commission)*
01.09.1925 (01.09.1925) – Doc. 175: MEPB 4, p. 72.
 - ◇ Money Orders / Foreign / Rates
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Money Orders / Rates
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Telegraph / Rates

Foreign Service / New Zealand

- ◆ *Daily Letter Telegram Service to Australia and New Zealand (1.05.1928)*
01.05.1928 (01.05.1928) – Doc. 331: MEPB 7, p. 85.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Letter Telegram
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Australia
 - ◇ Foreign Service / New Zealand

Foreign Service / O.E.T.A.

- ◆ *Telegraph Service at Nablus / PO Telegrams to O.E.T.A. West, East & Egypt*
01.09.1919 – Doc. 5: MEPB 1, p. 68.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Nablus
 - ◇ Post Offices / Nablus
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Risk
 - ◇ Foreign Service / O.E.T.A.

Foreign Service / Persia (overland)

- ◆ *Parcels for Persia (Overland Mail)*
16.02.1927 – Doc. 258: MEPB 6, pp. 57–58.
 - ◇ Parcels / Routes
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Persia (overland)
 - ◇ Parcels / Rates

Foreign Service / Post Card / Rates

- ◆ *Foreign Postcard and Blind Literature Rates (16.12.1925)*
01.01.1926 (16.12.1925) – Doc. 187: MEPB 4, p. 83.
 - ◇ Postage Rates / Foreign / Post Card
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Post Card / Rates
 - ◇ Post Cards / Rates / Foreign
 - ◇ Postage Rates / Blind Literature
 - ◇ Blind Literature / Rates
- ◆ *Foreign Postcard and Blind Literature Rates (16.12.1925) [reprise]*
01.01.1926 (16.12.1925) – Doc. 187: MEPB 5, p. 46.
 - ◇ Postage Rates / Foreign / Post Card
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Post Card / Rates
 - ◇ Post Cards / Rates / Foreign
 - ◇ Postage Rates / Blind Literature
 - ◇ Blind Literature / Rates

Foreign Service / Postage Rates

- ◆ *Foreign Postage Rates from 1.01.1923*
15.11.1922 (01.01.1923) – Doc. 88: MEPB 2, p. 86.
 - ◇ Postage Rates
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Postage Rates

Foreign Service / Rates

- ◆ *Palestine Currency (Post Office Notice)*
16.10.1927 (01.11.1927) – Doc. 291: MEPB 6, p. 118.
 - ◇ Currency / Regulations
 - ◇ Postal Service / Rates
 - ◇ Parcel Service / Rates
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Rates
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Rates
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Rates

Foreign Service / Registration

- ◆ *Limits of Compensation (International Registered Mail)*
01.06.1925 – Doc. 161: MEPB 4, p. 65.
 - ◇ Registration
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Registration

Foreign Service / Regulations

- ◆ *Revised International Postal Regulations*
16.10.1925 – Doc. 180: MEPB 4, pp. 77–80.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Foreign / Regulations

- ◊ Foreign Service / Regulations
- ◊ Universal Postal Union / International Postal Convention 1924

Foreign Service / Reply Coupons

- ◆ *International Reply Coupons*
01.04.1926 (01.04.1926) – Doc. 209: MEPB 5, p. 61.
 - ◊ Reply Coupons
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Reply Coupons

Foreign Service / Returned Undelivered

- ◆ *Return of Non-Delivered Foreign Postal Packets*
15.10.1923 – Doc. 116: MEPB 3, p. 62.
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Postage Due
 - ◊ Postal Service / Returned Undelivered
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Returned Undelivered

Foreign Service / Routes

- ◆ *Mails for Europe and North America (Revised Despatch and Arrival Times)*
01.09.1927 – Doc. 280: MEPB 6, p. 104.
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Routes

Foreign Service / Soviet Union

- ◆ *Parcels to Russia require Sealing*
01.12.1925 – Doc. 184: MEPB 4, p. 82.
 - ◊ Parcel Regulations / Foreign / Soviet Union
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Soviet Union

Foreign Service / Sudan

- ◆ *Urgent Telegrams*
15.04.1922 (01.04.1922) – Doc. 69: MEPB 2, p. 70.
 - ◊ Telegraph Rates / Foreign (Sudan)
 - ◊ Telegraph Rates / Foreign (Egypt)
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Sudan
- ◆ *Minimum Charge for Telegrams to Egypt, Trans-Jordan & Sudan*
15.06.1924 – Doc. 137: MEPB 3, p. 78.
 - ◊ Telegraph Rates
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Egypt
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Trans-Jordan
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Sudan

Foreign Service / Switzerland

- ◆ *Parcels to Italy & Switzerland (Disposal on Non-Delivery)*
01.08.1926 – Doc. 225: MEPB 5, p. 73.
 - ◊ Parcel Regulations / Foreign
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Italy
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Switzerland

Foreign Service / Syria

- ◆ *Surcharge for "Rapide" Letter Service Haifa-Beyrouth*
01.02.1923 (01.02.1923) – Doc. 94: MEPB 3, p. 50.
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Foreign Service
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Syria
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Lebanon
- ◆ *Surcharge for "Rapide" Letter Service Haifa-Beyrouth Abolished*
15.02.1924 – Doc. 124: MEPB 3, p. 70.
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Foreign Service
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Syria
- ◆ *Insured Services to Egypt, Germany, Syria, Lebanon*
15.04.1924 – Doc. 130: MEPB 3, p. 74.
 - ◊ Postal Insurance
 - ◊ Parcels / Insurance
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Insurance
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Egypt

- ◊ Foreign Service / Germany
- ◊ Foreign Service / Lebanon
- ◊ Foreign Service / Syria
- ◊ Postage Rates / Insurance

Foreign Service / Telegraph / Rates

- ◆ *Foreign Money Orders (Commission)*
01.09.1925 (01.09.1925) – Doc. 175: MEPB 4, p. 72.
 - ◊ Money Orders / Foreign / Rates
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Money Orders / Rates
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Telegraph / Rates

Foreign Service / The Americas

- ◆ *Cheaper Telegram Route to America*
15.02.1922 – Doc. 63: MEPB 2, p. 67.
 - ◊ Telegraph Rates
 - ◊ Foreign Service / The Americas
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Eastern-Marconi
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Eastern-North Atlantic Cable

Foreign Service / Trans-Jordan

- ◆ *Postage Rates and Registration to Trans-Jordan*
15.03.1922 – Doc. 68: MEPB 2, p. 70.
 - ◊ Registration
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Trans-Jordan
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Trans-Jordan
- ◆ *Minimum Charge for Telegrams to Egypt, Trans-Jordan & Sudan*
15.06.1924 – Doc. 137: MEPB 3, p. 78.
 - ◊ Telegraph Rates
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Egypt
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Trans-Jordan
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Sudan

Foreign Service / Transjordan

- ◆ *Heavy Parcel Post to Transjordan*
01.11.1927 (01.11.1927) – Doc. 295: MEPB 6, p. 124.
 - ◊ Parcel Regulations / Weight
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Transjordan

Foreign Service / Tunisia

- ◆ *Insured Letter Service extended to Tunis*
15.06.1924 – Doc. 136: MEPB 3, p. 78.
 - ◊ Postal Insurance
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Tunisia

Foreign Service / Turkey

- ◆ *Censorship & Restrictions Abolished for Turkey*
01.10.1923 – Doc. 114: MEPB 3, p. 62.
 - ◊ Censorship
 - ◊ Parcel Regulations / Foreign
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Turkey
- ◆ *Allowed Languages for Addresses in Turkey*
16.09.1925 – Doc. 177: MEPB 4, p. 74.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Foreign / Addresses
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Turkey
- ◆ *Telegrams to Turkey (Prohibition of Arabic Characters)*
01.06.1929 – Doc. 402: MEPB 8, p. 103.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Regulations
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Foreign Service (Turkey)
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Turkey

Foreign Service / U.K.

- ◆ *Wireless Telegrams to the UK from 15.05.1922*
01.06.1922 (15.05.1922) – Doc. 76: MEPB 2, p. 74.
 - ◊ Telegraph Rates
 - ◊ Foreign Service / U.K.

- ◆ *Wireless Telegrams to the UK*
01.10.1922 – Doc. 85: MEPB 2, p. 82.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Wireless
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.K.
 - ◇ Telegraph Rates
- ◆ *Insured Parcel Service with Great Britain*
15.01.1923 (01.01.1923) – Doc. 93: MEPB 3, p. 47.
 - ◇ Parcels / Insurance
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.K.
- ◆ *Insured Letter & Box Service with Great Britain*
29.05.1923 (15.05.1923) – Doc. 99: MEPB 3, p. 54.
 - ◇ Postal Insurance
 - ◇ Parcels / Insurance
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.K.
- ◆ *Christmas & New Year Telegrams*
01.12.1926 – Doc. 251: MEPB 5, p. 85.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.K.
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Ireland
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Malta
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Gibraltar
- ◆ *Christmas & New Year Telegrams*
16.12.1927 (15.12.1927) – Doc. 313: MEPB 6, p. 144.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.K.
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Ireland
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Malta
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Gibraltar
- ◆ *Postage Rates (Great Britain and Northern Ireland)*
(1.03.1929)
01.02.1929 (01.03.1929) – Doc. 372: MEPB 8, p. 73.
 - ◇ Postage Rates / Foreign
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.K.
- ◆ *Parcel Cash On Delivery Service (Great Britain and Egypt)*
01.03.1929 (01.03.1929) – Doc. 380: MEPB 8, p. 81.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Cash on Delivery
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.K.
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt

Foreign Service / U.S.A.

- ◆ *Parcels from USA to be claimed within 30 days*
01.09.1920 – Doc. 29: MEPB 1, p. 90.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.S.A.
- ◆ *Merchandise to the U.S.A.*
01.09.1925 – Doc. 174: MEPB 4, p. 72.
 - ◇ Postal Customs
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.S.A.
- ◆ *Parcels to U.S.A. (Customs Declaration)*
01.11.1926 (01.11.1926) – Doc. 239: MEPB 5, p. 83.
 - ◇ Parcels / Customs
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.S.A.
- ◆ *Heavy Parcel Post to U.S.A. (13.01.1928)*
01.02.1928 – Doc. 322: MEPB 7, p. 70.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Weight
 - ◇ Parcel Rates
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.S.A.
- ◆ *Daily Letter Telegram Service to U.S.A. (1.11.1928)*
16.11.1928 (01.11.1928) – Doc. 362: MEPB 7, p. 116.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Letter Telegram
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.S.A.

Form P.T. 204

- ◆ *Parcel card, form P.T. 204 to the USA.*
... (21.11.1924) – Fig. 57: MEPB 3, p. 84.
 - ◇ Cover / FPAR
 - ◇ Form P.T. 204

Form P.T. 366

- ◆ *Envelope P.T. 366, used in March 1926 by the Jerusalem Accounts Branch & Registry*
... (30.03.1926) – Fig. 71: MEPB 5, p. 55.
 - ◇ Cover / FL4
 - ◇ Cover / FR2
 - ◇ Form P.T. 366
- ◆ *Envelope P.T. 366, used in May 1926 by the Jerusalem Money Order Department*
... (26.05.1926) – Fig. 75: MEPB 5, p. 61.
 - ◇ Cover / Postal Matter
 - ◇ Form P.T. 366

Form P.T. 506

- ◆ *International Advice of Delivery, form P.T. 506.*
... (23.09.1922) – Fig. 41: MEPB 2, p. 84.
 - ◇ Cover / FAR2
 - ◇ Form P.T. 506
- ◆ *Advice of Delivery, form P.T. 506.*
... (11.02.0926) – Fig. 69: MEPB 5, p. 51.
 - ◇ Cover / FAR2
 - ◇ Form P.T. 506
- ◆ *Advice of Delivery, form P.T. 506,*
... (29.05.1926) – Fig. 77: MEPB 5, p. 66.
 - ◇ Cover / IAR2
 - ◇ Form P.T. 506

Form P.T. 512

- ◆ *Form P.T. 512 "Certificate of Posting of a Registered Postal Packet" for two letters.*
... (31.01.1924) – Fig. 52: MEPB 3, p. 67.
 - ◇ Cover / IR2
 - ◇ Form P.T. 512

Gazette / Contract

- ◆ *A contract for the production of the Official Gazette [16.01.1928 – 18.12.1930]*
16.07.1928 – Fig. 139: MEPB 7, p. 93.
 - ◇ Gazette / Contract

Gazette / Masthead

- ◆ *Masthead of Official Gazette O.E.T.A. (South), no. 5, 16.09.1919.*
16.09.1919 – Fig. 3: MEPB 1, p. 59.
 - ◇ Gazette / Masthead
- ◆ *Masthead of Official Gazette O.E.T.A. (South), no. 10, 1.12.1919.*
01.12.1919 – Fig. 2: MEPB 1, p. 58.
 - ◇ Gazette / Masthead
- ◆ *Masthead of no. 24, 25.07.1920.*
25.07.1920 – Fig. 16: MEPB 1, p. 85.
 - ◇ Gazette / Masthead
- ◆ *Masthead of no. 31, 15.11.1920.*
15.11.1920 – Fig. 17: MEPB 1, p. 85.
 - ◇ Gazette / Masthead
- ◆ *Masthead of no. 33, 15.12.1920.*
15.12.1920 – Fig. 23: MEPB 1, p. 92.
 - ◇ Gazette / Masthead
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 3. 1921, no. 34 (1.01.1921).*
01.01.1921 – Fig. 25: MEPB 2, p. 48.
 - ◇ Gazette / Masthead
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 3. 1921, no. 39 (15.03.1921).*
15.03.1921 – Fig. 26: MEPB 2, p. 52.
 - ◇ Gazette / Masthead

- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 4. 1922, no. 60 (1.02.1922).
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- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 4. 1922, no. 70 (1.07.1922).
01.07.1922 – Fig. 39: MEPB 2, p. 78.
◇ Gazette / Masthead
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 5. 1923, no. 82 (1.01.1923).
01.01.1923 – Fig. 43: MEPB 3, p. 48.
◇ Gazette / Masthead
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 5. 1923, no. 83 (15.01.1923).
15.01.1923 – Fig. 47: MEPB 3, p. 51.
◇ Gazette / Masthead
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 5. 1923, no. 94 (1.07.1923).
01.07.1923 – Fig. 48: MEPB 3, p. 53.
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- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 5. 1923, no. 105 (15.12.1923).
15.12.1923 – Fig. 51: MEPB 3, p. 64.
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- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 6. 1924, no. 124 (1.10.1924).
01.10.1924 – Fig. 55: MEPB 3, p. 73.
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- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 6. 1924, no. 125 (15.10.1924).
15.10.1924 – Fig. 58: MEPB 3, p. 85.
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◇ Gazette / Masthead
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 7. 1925, no. 139 (15.05.1925).
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- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 7. 1925, no. 148 (1.10.1925).
01.10.1925 – Fig. 63: MEPB 4, p. 74.
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15.02.1926 – Fig. 67: MEPB 5, p. 49.
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- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 8. 1926, no. 159 (16.03.1926).
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- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 8. 1926, no. 164 (16.04.1926).
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- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 8. 1926, no. 166 (1.07.1926).
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16.08.1926 – Doc. 228: MEPB 5, p. 74.
 - ◇ General Administration / Appropriations
 - ◇ Ordinances / Appropriations
- ◆ *Appropriation Ordinance 1927*
16.12.1927 – Doc. 309: MEPB 6, p. 141.
 - ◇ General Administration / Appropriations
 - ◇ Ordinances / Appropriations
- ◆ *Appropriation Ordinance 1927 (Promulgation)*
16.12.1927 – Doc. 310: MEPB 6, p. 142.
 - ◇ General Administration / Appropriations
 - ◇ Ordinances / Appropriations
- ◆ *Supplementary Appropriation (April–December 1927) Ordinance 1928*
16.06.1928 – Doc. 340: MEPB 7, p. 91.
 - ◇ General Administration / Appropriations
 - ◇ Ordinances / Appropriations
- ◆ *Appropriation Ordinance 1928*
16.06.1928 – Doc. 343: MEPB 7, p. 94.
 - ◇ General Administration / Appropriations
 - ◇ Ordinances / Appropriations
- ◆ *Appropriation Ordinance 1929*
16.03.1929 – Doc. 385: MEPB 8, p. 88.
 - ◇ General Administration / Appropriations
 - ◇ Ordinances / Appropriations

Ordinances / Court Fees

- ◆ *Court Fees Rules 1927*
16.11.1927 – Doc. 298: MEPB 6, pp. 126–129.
 - ◇ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
 - ◇ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps
 - ◇ Ordinances / Court Fees

Ordinances / Currency

- ◆ *Draft Currency Notes Ordinance 1927*
01.04.1927 – Doc. 265: MEPB 6, pp. 79–83.
 - ◇ Currency / Regulations
 - ◇ Currency / Notes & Coins
 - ◇ Ordinances / Currency
- ◆ *Currency Notes Ordinance 1927 (Promulgation)*
01.05.1927 (01.05.1927) – Doc. 267: MEPB 6, p. 84.
 - ◇ Currency / Regulations
 - ◇ Currency / Notes & Coins
 - ◇ Ordinances / Currency
- ◆ *Palestine Currency Order 1927*
16.08.1927 – Doc. 278: MEPB 6, pp. 100–103.
 - ◇ Currency / Regulations
 - ◇ Currency / Notes & Coins
 - ◇ Ordinances / Currency
- ◆ *Draft Bank Notes Forgery Ordinance 1927*
16.09.1927 – Doc. 282: MEPB 6, pp. 105–108.
 - ◇ Currency / Regulations
 - ◇ Currency / Notes & Coins
 - ◇ Ordinances / Currency
- ◆ *Palestine Currency Substitution Order 1927*
01.10.1927 – Doc. 284: MEPB 6, p. 110.
 - ◇ Currency / Regulations
 - ◇ Ordinances / Currency
- ◆ *Palestine Currency Order 1927 (Proclamation)*
01.10.1927 (01.11.1927) – Doc. 285: MEPB 6, p. 111.
 - ◇ Currency / Regulations

- ◊ Currency / Notes & Coins
- ◊ Ordinances / Currency

- ◆ *Palestine Currency Substitution Order 1927 (Promulgation)*
01.11.1927 (01.11.1927) – Doc. 293: MEPB 6, pp. 121–122.
◊ Currency / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Currency
- ◆ *Draft Coinage Order 1927*
16.11.1927 – Doc. 299: MEPB 6, pp. 129–136.
◊ Currency / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Currency
◊ Currency / Notes & Coins
- ◆ *Currency Notes Ordinance 1927*
16.11.1927 – Doc. 302: MEPB 6, pp. .
◊ Currency / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Currency
- ◆ *Coinage Ordinance 1927 (Promulgation)*
16.12.1927 – Doc. 311: MEPB 6, p. 143.
◊ Currency / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Currency
- ◆ *Coinage Amendment Ordinance 1929 (Draft)*
01.03.1929 – Doc. 377: MEPB 8, p. 78.
◊ Currency / Regulations
◊ Currency / Notes & Coins
◊ Ordinances / Currency
- ◆ *Coinage Amendment Ordinance 1929 (Enactment)*
01.05.1929 (30.04.1929) – Doc. 396: MEPB 8, pp. 97–99.
◊ Currency / Regulations
◊ Currency / Notes & Coins
◊ Ordinances / Currency

Ordinances / Customs

- ◆ *Abolition of Export Duty (Parcel Post) Ordinance 1925*
15.03.1925 – Doc. 153: MEPB 4, p. 59.
◊ Parcels / Customs
◊ Ordinances / Customs
- ◆ *Abolition of Export Duty (Parcel Post) Ordinance 1925 (Promulgation)*
15.04.1925 – Doc. 156: MEPB 4, p. 61.
◊ Parcels / Customs
◊ Ordinances / Customs
- ◆ *Customs Ordinance 1928 (Draft)*
16.09.1928 – Doc. 357: MEPB 7, pp. 112–113.
◊ Customs / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Customs
- ◆ *Postage Stamps exempt from Customs Duties*
24.12.1928 – Doc. 367: MEPB 7, pp. 122–123.
◊ Customs / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Customs
- ◆ *Merchandise Marks Ordinance (Regulations for Seizure at Post Office)*
01.03.1929 – Doc. 379: MEPB 8, pp. 80–81.
◊ Customs / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Customs
- ◆ *Customs Ordinance 1929 (Regulations)*
15.03.1929 – Doc. 382: MEPB 8, pp. 83–84.
◊ Customs / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Customs

Ordinances / Electricity

- ◆ *Electricity Ordinance 1928 (Draft)*
01.07.1928 – Doc. 344: MEPB 7, pp. 94–96.
◊ General Administration / Electricity
◊ Ordinances / Electricity
◊ Telegraph Service / Lines

Ordinances / Pensions

- ◆ *Personnel (Pensionable Offices)*
16.11.1927 – Doc. 301: MEPB 6, pp. .
◊ Personnel / Pensions
◊ Ordinances / Pensions
- ◆ *Personnel (Pensionable Offices)*
01.12.1927 – Doc. 307: MEPB 6, p. 140.
◊ Personnel / Pensions
◊ Ordinances / Pensions

Ordinances / Revenue Stamps

- ◆ *Draft Stamp Duty Ordinance 1927*
01.04.1927 – Doc. 264: MEPB 6, pp. 70–78.
◊ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps
- ◆ *Stamp Duty Ordinance 1927 (Regulations)*
16.05.1927 – Doc. 270: MEPB 6, pp. 86–91.
◊ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps
- ◆ *Stamp Duty Ordinance, 1927 (Promulgation)*
16.10.1927 (01.11.1927) – Doc. 289: MEPB 6, p. 114.
◊ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps
- ◆ *Court Fees Rules 1927*
16.11.1927 – Doc. 298: MEPB 6, pp. 126–129.
◊ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps
◊ Ordinances / Court Fees
- ◆ *Stamp Duty Ordinance 1927 (Correction)*
01.06.1928 – Doc. 338: MEPB 7, p. 89.
◊ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps
- ◆ *Stamp Duty Amendment Ordinance 1929 (Draft)*
16.02.1929 – Doc. 374: MEPB 8, pp. 75–77.
◊ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps
- ◆ *Stamp Duty Amendment Ordinance*
16.06.1929 – Doc. 404: MEPB 8, pp. 103–104.
◊ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps

Ordinances / Weights & Measures

- ◆ *Weights and Measures Ordinance, 1928 (Draft)*
01.01.1928 – Doc. 316: MEPB 7, pp. 63–65.
◊ General / Weights and Measures
◊ Ordinances / Weights & Measures
- ◆ *Weights and Measures Ordinance 1928 (Enactment)*
01.02.1928 (15.01.1928) – Doc. 322A: MEPB 7, p. 70.
◊ General / Weights and Measures
◊ Ordinances / Weights & Measures

Ordinances / Wireless Telegraphy

- ◆ *Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance 1924*
01.06.1924 – Doc. 132: MEPB 3, pp. 75–76.
◊ Wireless Telegraphy / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Wireless Telegraphy
- ◆ *Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance 1926 (Amendment)*
16.09.1926 – Doc. 234: MEPB 5, p. 80.
◊ Wireless Telegraphy / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Wireless Telegraphy
- ◆ *Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance 1924 (Regulations on Apparatus)*
16.04.1929 – Doc. 392: MEPB 8, p. 94.
◊ Wireless Telegraphy / Regulations
◊ Ordinances / Wireless Telegraphy

Parcel Rates

- ◆ *Postage, Parcel, Telegraph and other Rates*
15.08.1919 – Doc. 3: MEPB 1, pp. 62–63.
 - ◇ Postage Rates
 - ◇ Post Offices / Opening Times
 - ◇ Telegraph Rates
 - ◇ Telegraph Offices / List
 - ◇ Parcel Rates
- ◆ *Parcel Postage Rates*
01.10.1919 – Doc. 9: MEPB 1, p. 75.
 - ◇ Postage Rates / Parcels
 - ◇ Parcel Rates
- ◆ *Postage Rates: modifications*
01.09.1920 – Doc. 30: MEPB 1, p. 91.
 - ◇ Postage Rates
 - ◇ Parcel Rates
 - ◇ Telegraph Rates
- ◆ *Heavy Parcel Post*
01.08.1926 (01.08.1926) – Doc. 224: MEPB 5, p. 73.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Weight
 - ◇ Parcel Rates
- ◆ *Heavy Parcel Post to Syria and Grand Lebanon*
16.08.1926 (01.08.1926) – Doc. 230: MEPB 5, p. 78.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Weight
 - ◇ Parcel Rates
- ◆ *Heavy Parcel Post to U.S.A. (13.01.1928)*
01.02.1928 – Doc. 322: MEPB 7, p. 70.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Weight
 - ◇ Parcel Rates
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.S.A.

Parcel Rates / Foreign Service

- ◆ *Heavy Parcel Service to Iraq, Persia and India via Haifa–Baghdad Overland Mail*
16.02.1928 (01.02.1928) – Doc. 325: MEPB 7, p. 79.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Weight
 - ◇ Parcel Rates / Foreign Service
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)
- ◆ *Heavy Parcel Service to Iraq, Persia and India via Haifa–Baghdad Overland Mail (1.02.1928) (Correction)*
01.03.1928 (01.02.1928) – Doc. 328: MEPB 7, p. 83.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Weight
 - ◇ Parcel Rates / Foreign Service
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)
- ◆ *Overland Mail Service with Iraq*
01.04.1929 – Doc. 389: MEPB 8, p. 92.
 - ◇ Postal Routes
 - ◇ Postage Rates / Foreign Service
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Iran (Overland)
 - ◇ Foreign Service / India (Overland)
 - ◇ Parcel Rates / Foreign Service

Parcel Rates / Foreign / Iraq (Overland)

- ◆ *Overland Mail Haifa–Baghdad*
01.04.1926 – Doc. 210: MEPB 5, p. 62.
 - ◇ Postage Rates / Foreign / Iraq
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)
 - ◇ Parcel Rates / Foreign / Iraq (Overland)

Parcel Regulations

- ◆ *Packing of Parcels*
16.11.1919 – Doc. 13: MEPB 1, p. 77.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations
- ◆ *Parcels from USA to be claimed within 30 days*
01.09.1920 – Doc. 29: MEPB 1, p. 90.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.S.A.

Parcel Regulations / Cash on Delivery

- ◆ *Extension of Cash on Delivery to Egypt (1.10.1928)*
16.09.1928 – Doc. 356: MEPB 7, p. 111.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Cash on Delivery
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt
- ◆ *Parcel Cash On Delivery Service (Great Britain and Egypt)*
01.03.1929 (01.03.1929) – Doc. 380: MEPB 8, p. 81.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Cash on Delivery
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.K.
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt

Parcel Regulations / Foreign

- ◆ *Partial Suspension of Services to French Occupied Parts of Germany*
15.09.1923 – Doc. 110: MEPB 3, p. 60.
 - ◇ Money Orders
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Germany
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Foreign
- ◆ *Censorship & Restrictions Abolished for Turkey*
01.10.1923 – Doc. 114: MEPB 3, p. 62.
 - ◇ Censorship
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Foreign
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Turkey
- ◆ *Parcels to Italy & Switzerland (Disposal on Non-Delivery)*
01.08.1926 – Doc. 225: MEPB 5, p. 73.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Foreign
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Italy
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Switzerland

Parcel Regulations / Foreign / Soviet Union

- ◆ *Parcels to Russia require Sealing*
01.12.1925 – Doc. 184: MEPB 4, p. 82.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Foreign / Soviet Union
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Soviet Union
- ◆ *Parcels to Russia (Disinfection)*
01.07.1926 – Doc. 219: MEPB 5, p. 68.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Foreign / Soviet Union

Parcel Regulations / Insurance

- ◆ *Insured Parcels and Boxes (Thickness of Wooden Boxes)*
15.06.1925 – Doc. 164: MEPB 4, p. 66.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Insurance
 - ◇ Postal Insurance

Parcel Regulations / Weight

- ◆ *Heavy Parcel Post*
01.08.1926 (01.08.1926) – Doc. 224: MEPB 5, p. 73.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Weight
 - ◇ Parcel Rates
- ◆ *Heavy Parcel Post to Syria and Grand Lebanon*
16.08.1926 (01.08.1926) – Doc. 230: MEPB 5, p. 78.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Weight
 - ◇ Parcel Rates
- ◆ *Heavy Parcel Post to Transjordan*
01.11.1927 (01.11.1927) – Doc. 295: MEPB 6, p. 124.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Weight
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Transjordan
- ◆ *Heavy Parcel Post to U.S.A. (13.01.1928)*
01.02.1928 – Doc. 322: MEPB 7, p. 70.
 - ◇ Parcel Regulations / Weight
 - ◇ Parcel Rates
 - ◇ Foreign Service / U.S.A.
- ◆ *Heavy Parcel Service to Iraq, Persia and India via Haifa–Baghdad Overland Mail*

16.02.1928 (01.02.1928) – Doc. 325: MEPB 7, p. 79.

- ◊ Parcel Regulations / Weight
- ◊ Parcel Rates / Foreign Service
- ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)

◆ *Heavy Parcel Service to Iraq, Persia and India via Haifa–Baghdad Overland Mail (1.02.1928) (Correction)*

01.03.1928 (01.02.1928) – Doc. 328: MEPB 7, p. 83.

- ◊ Parcel Regulations / Weight
- ◊ Parcel Rates / Foreign Service
- ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)

Parcel Service / Compensation

◆ *Compensation for Loss or Damage*

01.11.1927 – Doc. 294: MEPB 6, pp. 123–124.

- ◊ Compensation
- ◊ Postal Service / Compensation
- ◊ Parcel Service / Compensation
- ◊ Registration / Compensation
- ◊ Foreign Service / Compensation

Parcel Service / Rates

◆ *Charges for Parcels redirected in Egypt*

15.06.1925 – Doc. 166: MEPB 4, p. 67.

- ◊ Parcel Service / Rates
- ◊ Foreign Service / Egypt

◆ *Palestine Currency (Post Office Notice)*

16.10.1927 (01.11.1927) – Doc. 291: MEPB 6, p. 118.

- ◊ Currency / Regulations
- ◊ Postal Service / Rates
- ◊ Parcel Service / Rates
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Rates
- ◊ Telephone Service / Rates
- ◊ Foreign Service / Rates

Parcels / Customs

◆ *Customs Duties On Parcel*

01.07.1924 – Doc. 139: MEPB 3, p. 79.

- ◊ Parcels / Customs
- ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa

◆ *Abolition of Export Duty (Parcel Post) Ordinance 1925*

15.03.1925 – Doc. 153: MEPB 4, p. 59.

- ◊ Parcels / Customs
- ◊ Ordinances / Customs

◆ *Abolition of Export Duty (Parcel Post) Ordinance 1925 (Promulgation)*

15.04.1925 – Doc. 156: MEPB 4, p. 61.

- ◊ Parcels / Customs
- ◊ Ordinances / Customs

◆ *Dutiable Articles in Letter Post*

01.02.1926 – Doc. 192: MEPB 5, p. 48.

- ◊ Parcels / Customs

◆ *Customs Duties on Parcels (Presentation of Invoices)*

01.02.1926 – Doc. 193: MEPB 5, p. 48.

- ◊ Parcels / Customs

◆ *Parcels to U.S.A. (Customs Declaration)*

01.11.1926 (01.11.1926) – Doc. 239: MEPB 5, p. 83.

- ◊ Parcels / Customs
- ◊ Foreign Service / U.S.A.

Parcels / Demurrage

◆ *Mejdel Post Office, 30 days Claims for Parcels*

15.02.1921 – Doc. 38: MEPB 2, pp. 49–50.

- ◊ Post Offices / Mejdel
- ◊ Parcels / Demurrage

Parcels / Foreign / Cash on Delivery

◆ *Cash on Delivery (Parcel Service)*

16.10.1925 – Doc. 179: MEPB 4, pp. 75–76.

- ◊ Parcels / Foreign / Cash on Delivery
- ◊ Cash on Delivery / Foreign / U.K.
- ◊ Cash on Delivery / Rates
- ◊ Postage Rates / Cash on Delivery
- ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa
- ◊ Post Offices / Tel Aviv

Parcels / Insurance

◆ *Registration of Inland Parcels*

15.02.1922 (15.01.1922) – Doc. 61: MEPB 2, p. 65.

- ◊ Parcels / Registration
- ◊ Parcels / Insurance

◆ *Suspension of Insured Packets Service at 9 Post Offices*

15.04.1922 – Doc. 71: MEPB 2, p. 71.

- ◊ Postal Insurance
- ◊ Parcels / Insurance
- ◊ Post Offices / Suspended Services

◆ *Insured Parcel Service with Great Britain*

15.01.1923 (01.01.1923) – Doc. 93: MEPB 3, p. 47.

- ◊ Parcels / Insurance
- ◊ Foreign Service / U.K.

◆ *Increased Cover for Inland Insured Packets*

15.02.1923 (01.03.1923) – Doc. 95: MEPB 3, p. 51.

- ◊ Parcels / Insurance

◆ *Insured Letter & Box Service with Great Britain*

29.05.1923 (15.05.1923) – Doc. 99: MEPB 3, p. 54.

- ◊ Postal Insurance
- ◊ Parcels / Insurance
- ◊ Foreign Service / U.K.

◆ *Insured Services to Egypt, Germany, Syria, Lebanon*

15.04.1924 – Doc. 130: MEPB 3, p. 74.

- ◊ Postal Insurance
- ◊ Parcels / Insurance
- ◊ Foreign Service / Insurance
- ◊ Foreign Service / Egypt
- ◊ Foreign Service / Germany
- ◊ Foreign Service / Lebanon
- ◊ Foreign Service / Syria
- ◊ Postage Rates / Insurance

Parcels / Rates

◆ *Parcels for Persia (Overland Mail)*

16.02.1927 – Doc. 258: MEPB 6, pp. 57–58.

- ◊ Parcels / Routes
- ◊ Foreign Service / Persia (overland)
- ◊ Parcels / Rates

◆ *Parcel Service to Hejaz and Nejd*

16.06.1927 – Doc. 273: MEPB 6, p. 92.

- ◊ Parcels / Rates
- ◊ Foreign Service / Hejaz & Nejd

◆ *Parcel Service to Hejaz and Nejd (Correction)*

01.09.1927 – Doc. 281: MEPB 6, p. 105.

- ◊ Parcels / Rates
- ◊ Foreign Service / Hejaz & Nejd

Parcels / Registration

◆ *Registration of Inland Parcels*

15.02.1922 (15.01.1922) – Doc. 61: MEPB 2, p. 65.

- ◊ Parcels / Registration
- ◊ Parcels / Insurance

Parcels / Routes

- ◆ *Parcels for Persia (Overland Mail)*
16.02.1927 – Doc. 258: MEPB 6, pp. 57–58.
 - ◇ Parcels / Routes
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Persia (overland)
 - ◇ Parcels / Rates

Personnel

- ◆ *Appointment of High Commissioner*
25.07.1920 (01.07.1920) – Doc. 26: MEPB 1, p. 86.
 - ◇ Personnel
 - ◇ Personnel / Storrs, R. H. A.
 - ◇ Personnel / Samuel, H.

Personnel / Abramson, [?]

- ◆ *Government District Reorganisation*
01.07.1922 (01.07.1922) – Doc. 81: MEPB 2, p. 79.
 - ◇ General Administration / District Reorganisation
 - ◇ Personnel / Symes, G. S.
 - ◇ Personnel / Cox, [?]
 - ◇ Personnel / Storrs, R. H. A.
 - ◇ Personnel / Abramson, [?]

Personnel / Amery, L. C. M. S.

- ◆ *New Stamps Issue*
... [07.03.1927] – Suppl. Doc. 1927/1: MEPB 6, p. 69.
 - ◇ Postage Stamps / Pictorials
 - ◇ Personnel / Wedgwood, J. C.
 - ◇ Personnel / Amery, L. C. M. S.

Personnel / Amery, L. C. M. S.

- ◆ *Appointment of Lord Plumer as High Commissioner (Royal Commission)*
25.08.1925 – Doc. 173: MEPB 4, p. 71.
 - ◇ General Administration / Personnel
 - ◇ Personnel / Plumer, H. C. O.
 - ◇ Personnel / Amery, L. C. M. S.

Personnel / Asal, S.

- ◆ *Personnel*
15.09.1923 – Doc. 112: MEPB 3, p. 61.
 - ◇ Personnel / Maklef, A. F.
 - ◇ Personnel / Olsher, F.
 - ◇ Personnel / Asal, S.

Personnel / Brown, T. H.

- ◆ *Personnel*
15.05.1924 (01.04.1924) – Doc. 131: MEPB 3, p. 75.
 - ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
 - ◇ Personnel / Brown, T. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.

- ◆ *Personnel*
01.01.1926 – Doc. 190: MEPB 5, p. 47.
 - ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
 - ◇ Personnel / Brown, T. H.

- ◆ *Personnel*
01.07.1926 – Doc. 221: MEPB 5, p. 69.
 - ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
 - ◇ Personnel / Brown, T. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.
 - ◇ Personnel / Lewis, B.
 - ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
 - ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem

- ◆ *Personnel*
16.08.1928 – Doc. 351: MEPB 7, p. 104.
 - ◇ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Brown, T. H.

- ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
- ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem

Personnel / Campigli, G. M.

- ◆ *George Murray Campigli (bio sketch)*
... – Bio: MEPB 5, p. 72.
 - ◇ Personnel / Campigli, G. M.

Personnel / Caulcutt, J.

- ◆ *Personnel*
16.04.1929 – Doc. 391: MEPB 8, p. 93.
 - ◇ Personnel / Caulcutt, J.
 - ◇ Personnel / Couper, L.
 - ◇ Currency / Currency Board

Personnel / Chancellor, J. R.

- ◆ *Appointment of John Robert Chancellor as High Commissioner*
10.09.1928 – Suppl. Doc. 1928/1: MEPB 7, p. 110.
 - ◇ Personnel / Chancellor, J. R.
- ◆ *Appointment of John Robert Chancellor as High Commissioner (Royal Commission and Proclamation)*
06.12.1928 – Doc. 364: MEPB 7, pp. 118–120.
 - ◇ Personnel / Chancellor, J. R.
- ◆ *Lt.-Col. Sir John Robert Chancellor (bio sketch)*
... – Bio: MEPB 7, p. 110.
 - ◇ Personnel / Chancellor, J. R.

Personnel / Clayton, G. F.

- ◆ *Personnel*
01.01.1924 – Doc. 120: MEPB 3, p. 66.
 - ◇ Personnel / Clayton, G. F.

Personnel / Close, C. V.

- ◆ *Appointments*
01.11.1920 – Doc. 34: MEPB 1, p. 95.
 - ◇ Personnel / Wollaston, A. C.
 - ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Close, C. V.
 - ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
 - ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
- ◆ *Appointments*
01.06.1922 – Doc. 78: MEPB 2, p. 75.
 - ◇ Personnel / Close, C. V.

- ◆ *Personnel*
15.08.1923 – Doc. 108: MEPB 3, p. 59.
 - ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
 - ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.
 - ◇ Personnel / Wollaston, A. C.
 - ◇ Personnel / Close, C. V.

- ◆ *Captain C. V. Close (bio sketch)*
... – Bio: MEPB 2, p. 75.
 - ◇ Personnel / Close, C. V.

Personnel / Couper, L.

- ◆ *Palestine Currency Board (Establishment)*
01.09.1926 – Doc. 232: MEPB 5, p. 79.
 - ◇ Currency / Currency Board
 - ◇ Personnel / Ezechiel, P. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Couper, L.
 - ◇ Personnel / Harding, A. J.
 - ◇ Personnel / Phillips, F. (P., W.L.C.)
 - ◇ Personnel / Ransom, H. C.

- ◆ *Personnel*
16.02.1929 (28.01.1929) – Doc. 375: MEPB 8, p. 77.
 - ◇ Personnel / Couper, L.
 - ◇ Currency / Currency Board

◆ *Personnel*

16.04.1929 – Doc. 391: MEPB 8, p. 93.

- ◇ Personnel / Caulcutt, J.
- ◇ Personnel / Couper, L.
- ◇ Currency / Currency Board

Personnel / Cox, [?]◆ *Government District Reorganisation*

01.07.1922 (01.07.1922) – Doc. 81: MEPB 2, p. 79.

- ◇ General Administration / District Reorganisation
- ◇ Personnel / Symes, G. S.
- ◇ Personnel / Cox, [?]
- ◇ Personnel / Storrs, R. H. A.
- ◇ Personnel / Abramson, [?]

Personnel / Davis, S. S.◆ *Currency in Circulation (31.09.1929) (Correction)*

01.11.1929 – Doc. 426: MEPB 8, p. 123.

- ◇ Currency / Circulation
- ◇ Currency / Currency Board
- ◇ Personnel / Johnson, W. J.
- ◇ Personnel / Davis, S. S.

Personnel / Davis, S.S.◆ *Palestine Currency Board (Personnel)*

01.11.1926 – Doc. 238: MEPB 5, p. 82.

- ◇ Currency / Currency Board
- ◇ Personnel / Davis, S.S.

Personnel / Drakoudes, G.◆ *Opening of German Colony Jerusalem Postal Agency*

01.04.1928 – Doc. 329: MEPB 7, p. 84.

- ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem, German Colony
- ◇ Personnel / Drakoudes, G.

Personnel / Eid, E. L.◆ *Personnel*

01.07.1929 – Doc. 406: MEPB 8, pp. 105–106.

- ◇ Personnel / Hutchinson, A. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
- ◇ Personnel / Eid, E. L.
- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.

◆ *Personnel (Corrigendum)*

16.07.1929 (13.06.1929) – Doc. 411: MEPB 8, p. 108.

- ◇ Personnel / Eid, E. L.
- ◇ Post Offices / Haifa

Personnel / Evans, A. A.◆ *Appointment*

01.01.1921 – Doc. 36: MEPB 2, p. 49.

- ◇ Personnel / Evans, A. A.

◆ *Personnel*

16.07.1925 (24.06.1925) – Doc. 168: MEPB 4, p. 68.

- ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Moffatt, R.
- ◇ Personnel / Evans, A. A.

◆ *Allenby Bridge closed to Heavy Vehicles*

16.11.1927 (30.10.1927) – Doc. 304: MEPB 6, pp. 138–139.

- ◇ Personnel / Suki, F.
- ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Evans, A. A.
- ◇ Personnel / Moffatt, R.

◆ *Personnel*

01.08.1929 – Doc. 415: MEPB 8, p. 112.

◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.

◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.

◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.

◇ Personnel / Evans, A. A.

◇ Personnel / Parkes, H.

Personnel / Ezechiel, P. H.◆ *Palestine Currency Board (Establishment)*

01.09.1926 – Doc. 232: MEPB 5, p. 79.

- ◇ Currency / Currency Board
- ◇ Personnel / Ezechiel, P. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Couper, L.
- ◇ Personnel / Harding, A. J.
- ◇ Personnel / Phillips, F. (P., W.L.C.)
- ◇ Personnel / Ransom, H. C.

Personnel / Farrugya, S. S.◆ *Personnel*

16.06.1929 – Doc. 405: MEPB 8, p. 105.

- ◇ Personnel / Farrugya, S. S.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.

Personnel / Featherstone, G. W.◆ *Personnel*

01.02.1927 – Doc. 257: MEPB 6, p. 56.

- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.
- ◇ Personnel / Rachwalsky, J.
- ◇ Personnel / Featherstone, G. W.
- ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.

◆ *Personnel*

16.06.1927 – Doc. 274: MEPB 6, p. 93.

- ◇ Personnel / Featherstone, G. W.
- ◇ Personnel / Parkes, H.
- ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.

Personnel / Fosbraey, A. D.◆ *Captain Andrew David Fosbraey (bio sketch)*

... – Bio: MEPB 1, p. 61.

- ◇ Personnel / Fosbraey, A. D.

◆ *Personnel Changes*

... – Doc. 2: MEPB 1, p. 61.

- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, N. W.
- ◇ Personnel / Fosbraey, A. D.

Personnel / Foster, W. G.◆ *Appointments*

15.10.1920 – Doc. 33: MEPB 1, p. 94.

- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, N. W.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Price, J. L.

◆ *Personnel*

15.08.1923 – Doc. 108: MEPB 3, p. 59.

- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.
- ◇ Personnel / Wollaston, A. C.
- ◇ Personnel / Close, C. V.

◆ *Personnel*

15.12.1923 (02.11.1923) – Doc. 119: MEPB 3, p. 65.

- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.

◆ *Personnel*

15.06.1924 – Doc. 138: MEPB 3, p. 79.

- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, N. W.

◆ *Personnel*

01.08.1924 – Doc. 144: MEPB 3, pp. 81–82.

- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.

◆ *Personnel*

- 15.02.1925 – Doc. 152: MEPB 4, p. 59.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.

◆ *Personnel*

- 15.03.1925 – Doc. 154: MEPB 4, p. 60.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.

◆ *Personnel*

- 01.12.1925 (24.11.1925) – Doc. 186: MEPB 4, p. 83.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, N. W.
- ◇ Personnel / Lewis, B.

◆ *Personnel*

- 01.10.1926 (19.09.1926) – Doc. 236: MEPB 5, p. 81.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.

◆ *Personnel*

- 16.06.1927 – Doc. 274: MEPB 6, p. 93.
- ◇ Personnel / Featherstone, G. W.
- ◇ Personnel / Parkes, H.
- ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.

◆ *Personnel*

- 01.08.1928 – Doc. 349: MEPB 7, p. 103.
- ◇ Personnel / Luke, H. C.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.
- ◇ Personnel / Symes, G. S.
- ◇ Personnel / Smith, L. M.

◆ *Personnel*

- 01.08.1929 – Doc. 415: MEPB 8, p. 112.
- ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Evans, A. A.
- ◇ Personnel / Parkes, H.

◆ *Captain William G. Foster (bio sketch)*

- ... – Bio: MEPB 2, p. 82.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.

Personnel / Garnett, E. B.

◆ *Personnel*

- 01.07.1926 – Doc. 221: MEPB 5, p. 69.
- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Brown, T. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
- ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.
- ◇ Personnel / Lewis, B.
- ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
- ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem

◆ *Personnel*

- 16.07.1926 – Doc. 223: MEPB 5, p. 72.
- ◇ Personnel / Moffat, R.
- ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.

◆ *Personnel*

- 01.07.1929 – Doc. 406: MEPB 8, pp. 105–106.
- ◇ Personnel / Hutchinson, A. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
- ◇ Personnel / Eid, E. L.
- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.

Personnel / Garnett, E. B.

◆ *Appointments*

- 15.04.1921 – Doc. 42: MEPB 2, p. 52.
- ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.
- ◇ Personnel / Johnson, A. R.

◆ *Appointments*

- 01.06.1921 – Doc. 47: MEPB 2, p. 56.
- ◇ Personnel / Treverton, B. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.

◆ *Personnel*

- 16.05.1926 – Doc. 215: MEPB 5, p. 65.
- ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.
- ◇ Personnel / Smith, L. M.
- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.

Personnel / Ghorayib, A. A.

◆ *New Year Honours*

- 01.03.1929 – Doc. 376: MEPB 8, p. 78.
- ◇ Personnel / Rowlands, J. F.
- ◇ Personnel / Ghorayib, A. A.

Personnel / Grant, H.

◆ *Personnel*

- 01.07.1926 – Doc. 221: MEPB 5, p. 69.
- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Brown, T. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
- ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.
- ◇ Personnel / Lewis, B.
- ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
- ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem

◆ *Personnel*

- 01.07.1927 (15.06.1927) – Doc. 276: MEPB 6, p. 95.
- ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
- ◇ Post Offices / Jaffa

◆ *Personnel*

- 16.07.1929 (08.06.1929) – Doc. 410: MEPB 8, p. 108.
- ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
- ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
- ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem

Personnel / Grant, H.

◆ *Personnel*

- 16.03.1926 (13.10.1925) – Doc. 208: MEPB 5, p. 60.
- ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
- ◇ Post Offices / Haifa

Personnel / Grant, H.

◆ *Personnel*

- 16.09.1928 – Doc. 355: MEPB 7, p. 111.
- ◇ Personnel / Moffat, R.
- ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.

Personnel / Griffiths, T.

◆ *Personnel*

- 15.06.1924 – Doc. 138: MEPB 3, p. 79.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, N. W.

◆ *Personnel*

- 16.05.1926 – Doc. 215: MEPB 5, p. 65.
- ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.
- ◇ Personnel / Smith, L. M.
- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.

◆ *Personnel*

01.07.1926 – Doc. 221: MEPB 5, p. 69.

- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Brown, T. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
- ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.
- ◇ Personnel / Lewis, B.
- ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
- ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem

◆ *Personnel*

16.05.1927 – Doc. 271: MEPB 6, p. 91.

- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.

◆ *Personnel*

16.06.1928 (05.06.1928) – Doc. 342: MEPB 7, p. 93.

- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Lewis, B.
- ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.

◆ *Personnel*

01.07.1929 – Doc. 406: MEPB 8, pp. 105–106.

- ◇ Personnel / Hutchinson, A. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
- ◇ Personnel / Eid, E. L.
- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.

Personnel / Guthrie, L. W.◆ *Personnel*

01.03.1923 (22.11.1922) – Doc. 96: MEPB 3, p. 52.

- ◇ Personnel / Guthrie, L. W.

◆ *Personnel*

15.03.1923 (22.11.1922) – Doc. 97: MEPB 3, p. 52.

- ◇ Personnel / Guthrie, L. W.

◆ *Personnel*

01.11.1923 (21.11.1923) – Doc. 117: MEPB 3, p. 63.

- ◇ Personnel / Guthrie, L. W.

Personnel / Gwatkin, A. E.◆ *Personnel*

01.06.1927 (05.05.1927) – Doc. 272: MEPB 6, p. 91.

- ◇ Personnel / Gwatkin, A. E.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.

Personnel / Harding, A. J.◆ *Palestine Currency Board (Establishment)*

01.09.1926 – Doc. 232: MEPB 5, p. 79.

- ◇ Currency / Currency Board
- ◇ Personnel / Ezechiel, P. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Couper, L.
- ◇ Personnel / Harding, A. J.
- ◇ Personnel / Phillips, F. (P., W.L.C.)
- ◇ Personnel / Ransom, H. C.

◆ *Personnel*

01.03.1929 – Doc. 378: MEPB 8, p. 79.

- ◇ Personnel / Vernon, R. V.
- ◇ Personnel / Harding, A. J.
- ◇ Currency / Currency Board

Personnel / Hay, W. R.◆ *Appointments*

15.10.1920 – Doc. 33: MEPB 1, p. 94.

- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, N. W.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Price, J. L.

◆ *Personnel*

01.08.1923 – Doc. 105: MEPB 3, p. 58.

- ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.

◆ *Personnel*

16.07.1925 (24.06.1925) – Doc. 168: MEPB 4, p. 68.

- ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Moffatt, R.
- ◇ Personnel / Evans, A. A.

◆ *Allenby Bridge closed to Heavy Vehicles*

16.11.1927 (30.10.1927) – Doc. 304: MEPB 6, pp. 138–139.

- ◇ Personnel / Suki, F.
- ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Evans, A. A.
- ◇ Personnel / Moffatt, R.

◆ *Personnel*

16.09.1928 – Doc. 355: MEPB 7, p. 111.

- ◇ Personnel / Moffatt, R.
- ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.

◆ *Personnel*

01.08.1929 – Doc. 415: MEPB 8, p. 112.

- ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Evans, A. A.
- ◇ Personnel / Parkes, H.

◆ *William Ross Hay (bio sketch)*

... – Bio: MEPB 1, p. 68.

- ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.

Personnel / Heavens, W. T.◆ *Appointments*

01.11.1920 – Doc. 34: MEPB 1, p. 95.

- ◇ Personnel / Wollaston, A. C.
- ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Close, C. V.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.

◆ *Personnel*

01.08.1924 – Doc. 144: MEPB 3, pp. 81–82.

- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.

◆ *Personnel*

01.12.1925 (24.11.1925) – Doc. 186: MEPB 4, p. 83.

- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, N. W.
- ◇ Personnel / Lewis, B.

◆ *Personnel*

01.12.1926 – Doc. 253: MEPB 5, p. 86.

- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.

◆ *Personnel*

01.02.1927 – Doc. 257: MEPB 6, p. 56.

- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.
- ◇ Personnel / Rachwalsky, J.
- ◇ Personnel / Featherstone, G. W.
- ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.

◆ *Personnel*

16.05.1927 – Doc. 271: MEPB 6, p. 91.

- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.

◆ *Personnel*

01.06.1927 (05.05.1927) – Doc. 272: MEPB 6, p. 91.

- ◇ Personnel / Gwatkin, A. E.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.

◆ *Personnel*

16.06.1929 – Doc. 405: MEPB 8, p. 105.

- ◇ Personnel / Farrugya, S. S.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.

◆ *Personnel*

01.07.1929 – Doc. 406: MEPB 8, pp. 105–106.

- ◇ Personnel / Hutchinson, A. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
- ◇ Personnel / Eid, E. L.
- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.

Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.

◆ *Personnel*

15.05.1924 (01.04.1924) – Doc. 131: MEPB 3, p. 75.

- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
- ◇ Personnel / Brown, T. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.

◆ *Personnel*

16.08.1925 (01.08.1925) – Doc. 172: MEPB 4, p. 70.

- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
- ◇ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.

◆ *Personnel*

01.04.1926 (01.04.1926) – Doc. 213: MEPB 5, p. 63.

- ◇ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
- ◇ Post Offices / Jaffa

◆ *Personnel*

01.07.1927 (15.06.1927) – Doc. 276: MEPB 6, p. 95.

- ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
- ◇ Post Offices / Jaffa

◆ *Personnel*

01.11.1927 (05.10.1927) – Doc. 297: MEPB 6, p. 125.

- ◇ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
- ◇ Post Offices / Jaffa

◆ *Personnel*

01.05.1928 (01.04.1928) – Doc. 335: MEPB 7, p. 87.

- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.

◆ *Personnel*

16.09.1928 – Doc. 355: MEPB 7, p. 111.

- ◇ Personnel / Moffat, R.
- ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.

◆ *Personnel*

01.04.1929 (04.01.1929) – Doc. 387: MEPB 8, p. 90.

- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
- ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.

◆ *Personnel*

01.07.1929 – Doc. 406: MEPB 8, pp. 105–106.

- ◇ Personnel / Hutchinson, A. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
- ◇ Personnel / Eid, E. L.
- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.

Personnel / Hudson, N. W.

◆ *Appointments*

15.10.1920 – Doc. 33: MEPB 1, p. 94.

- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, N. W.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.

◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.

◇ Personnel / Price, J. L.

◆ *Personnel*

15.06.1924 – Doc. 138: MEPB 3, p. 79.

- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, N. W.

◆ *Personnel*

01.12.1925 (24.11.1925) – Doc. 186: MEPB 4, p. 83.

- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, N. W.
- ◇ Personnel / Lewis, B.

◆ *Major N. W. Hudson (bio sketch)*

... – Bio: MEPB 1, p. 61.

- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, N. W.

◆ *Personnel Changes*

... – Doc. 2: MEPB 1, p. 61.

- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, N. W.
- ◇ Personnel / Fosbraey, A. D.

Personnel / Hudson, W.

◆ *Vacation Leave for Postmaster General*

15.09.1922 (10.08.1922) – Doc. 84: MEPB 2, p. 81.

- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.

◆ *Personnel*

15.07.1923 – Doc. 103: MEPB 3, p. 56.

- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.

◆ *Personnel*

15.08.1923 – Doc. 108: MEPB 3, p. 59.

- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.
- ◇ Personnel / Wollaston, A. C.
- ◇ Personnel / Close, C. V.

◆ *Personnel*

01.10.1926 (19.09.1926) – Doc. 236: MEPB 5, p. 81.

- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.

◆ *Personnel*

01.02.1927 – Doc. 257: MEPB 6, p. 56.

- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.
- ◇ Personnel / Rachwalsky, J.
- ◇ Personnel / Featherstone, G. W.
- ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.

◆ *Personnel*

01.08.1928 – Doc. 349: MEPB 7, p. 103.

- ◇ Personnel / Luke, H. C.
- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.
- ◇ Personnel / Symes, G. S.
- ◇ Personnel / Smith, L. M.

◆ *Lieut.-Colonel William Hudson (bio sketch)*

... – Bio: MEPB 2, p. 83.

- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.

Personnel / Hutchinson, A. R.

◆ *Personnel*

01.07.1929 – Doc. 406: MEPB 8, pp. 105–106.

- ◇ Personnel / Hutchinson, A. R.
- ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
- ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
- ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
- ◇ Personnel / Eid, E. L.
- ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
- ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.

Personnel / Johnson, A. R.◆ *Appointments*

- 15.04.1921 – Doc. 42: MEPB 2, p. 52.
 ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.
 ◇ Personnel / Johnson, A. R.

Personnel / Johnson, W. J.◆ *Currency in Circulation (31.09.1929) (Correction)*

- 01.11.1929 – Doc. 426: MEPB 8, p. 123.
 ◇ Currency / Circulation
 ◇ Currency / Currency Board
 ◇ Personnel / Johnson, W. J.
 ◇ Personnel / Davis, S. S.

Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.◆ *Appointments*

- 01.11.1920 – Doc. 34: MEPB 1, p. 95.
 ◇ Personnel / Wollaston, A. C.
 ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
 ◇ Personnel / Close, C. V.
 ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
 ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.

◆ *Personnel*

- 16.10.1925 (24.09.1925) – Doc. 181: MEPB 4, p. 80.
 ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.

◆ *Personnel*

- 01.01.1926 – Doc. 190: MEPB 5, p. 47.
 ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
 ◇ Personnel / Brown, T. H.

◆ *Personnel*

- 15.02.1926 (01.12.1925) – Doc. 200: MEPB 5, p. 54.
 ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
 ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
 ◇ Post Offices / Haifa

◆ *Personnel*

- 01.07.1926 – Doc. 221: MEPB 5, p. 69.
 ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
 ◇ Personnel / Brown, T. H.
 ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
 ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.
 ◇ Personnel / Lewis, B.
 ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
 ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem

◆ *Personnel*

- 01.07.1929 – Doc. 406: MEPB 8, pp. 105–106.
 ◇ Personnel / Hutchinson, A. R.
 ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
 ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
 ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
 ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
 ◇ Personnel / Eid, E. L.
 ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
 ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.

Personnel / Lewis, B.◆ *Personnel*

- 01.12.1925 (24.11.1925) – Doc. 186: MEPB 4, p. 83.
 ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
 ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
 ◇ Personnel / Hudson, N. W.
 ◇ Personnel / Lewis, B.

◆ *Personnel*

- 01.07.1926 – Doc. 221: MEPB 5, p. 69.
 ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
 ◇ Personnel / Brown, T. H.
 ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
 ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.
 ◇ Personnel / Lewis, B.

- ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
 ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem

◆ *Personnel*

- 16.06.1928 (05.06.1928) – Doc. 342: MEPB 7, p. 93.
 ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
 ◇ Personnel / Lewis, B.
 ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.

Personnel / Luke, H. C.◆ *Personnel*

- 01.08.1928 – Doc. 349: MEPB 7, p. 103.
 ◇ Personnel / Luke, H. C.
 ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
 ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.
 ◇ Personnel / Symes, G. S.
 ◇ Personnel / Smith, L. M.

Personnel / Maklef, A. F.◆ *Personnel*

- 15.09.1923 – Doc. 112: MEPB 3, p. 61.
 ◇ Personnel / Maklef, A. F.
 ◇ Personnel / Olsher, F.
 ◇ Personnel / Asal, S.

Personnel / Marroum, E. F.◆ *Personnel*

- 01.10.1927 (03.04.1927) – Doc. 288: MEPB 6, p. 113.
 ◇ Personnel / Marroum, E. F.

Personnel / Moffat, R.◆ *Personnel*

- 16.07.1926 – Doc. 223: MEPB 5, p. 72.
 ◇ Personnel / Moffat, R.
 ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.

◆ *Personnel*

- 16.08.1926 (02.02.1926) – Doc. 231: MEPB 5, p. 78.
 ◇ Personnel / Moffat, R.

◆ *Personnel*

- 01.09.1926 – Doc. 233: MEPB 5, p. 79.
 ◇ Personnel / Moffat, R.

◆ *Personnel*

- 16.09.1928 – Doc. 355: MEPB 7, p. 111.
 ◇ Personnel / Moffat, R.
 ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
 ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
 ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.

◆ *Personnel*

- 01.10.1929 (09.09.1929) – Doc. 419: MEPB 8, p. 115.
 ◇ Personnel / Moffat, R.

Personnel / Moffat, R.◆ *Personnel*

- 16.07.1925 (24.06.1925) – Doc. 168: MEPB 4, p. 68.
 ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
 ◇ Personnel / Moffat, R.
 ◇ Personnel / Evans, A. A.

◆ *Allenby Bridge closed to Heavy Vehicles*

- 16.11.1927 (30.10.1927) – Doc. 304: MEPB 6, pp. 138–139.
 ◇ Personnel / Suki, F.
 ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
 ◇ Personnel / Evans, A. A.
 ◇ Personnel / Moffat, R.

◆ *Personnel (King's Birthday Honours)*

- 15.12.1927 – Doc. 308: MEPB 6, pp. 140–141.
 ◇ Personnel / Moffat, R.

Personnel / Money, A.W.

- ◆ *Sir Arthur Wigram Money (bio sketch)*
... – Bio: MEPB 1, p. 60.
 ◇ Personnel / Money, A.W.

Personnel / Olsher, F.

- ◆ *Personnel*
15.09.1923 – Doc. 112: MEPB 3, p. 61.
 ◇ Personnel / Maklef, A. F.
 ◇ Personnel / Olsher, F.
 ◇ Personnel / Asal, S.

Personnel / Parkes, H.

- ◆ *Personnel*
01.05.1927 (11.04.1927) – Doc. 269: MEPB 6, p. 85.
 ◇ Personnel / Tout, R. W. C.
 ◇ Personnel / Parkes, H.
- ◆ *Personnel*
16.06.1927 – Doc. 274: MEPB 6, p. 93.
 ◇ Personnel / Featherstone, G. W.
 ◇ Personnel / Parkes, H.
 ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
 ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◆ *Personnel*
01.01.1928 (05.12.1927) – Doc. 319: MEPB 7, p. 67.
 ◇ Personnel / Tout, R. W. C.
 ◇ Personnel / Parkes, H.
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Sinai Telegraphs
- ◆ *Personnel*
01.08.1929 – Doc. 415: MEPB 8, p. 112.
 ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
 ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
 ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
 ◇ Personnel / Evans, A. A.
 ◇ Personnel / Parkes, H.

Personnel / Pensions

- ◆ *Personnel (Pensionable Offices)*
16.11.1927 – Doc. 301: MEPB 6, pp. .
 ◇ Personnel / Pensions
 ◇ Ordinances / Pensions
- ◆ *Personnel (Pensionable Offices)*
01.12.1927 – Doc. 307: MEPB 6, p. 140.
 ◇ Personnel / Pensions
 ◇ Ordinances / Pensions
- ◆ *Personnel (Pensionable Offices)*
01.09.1928 – Doc. 352: MEPB 7, pp. 104–105.
 ◇ Personnel / Pensions

Personnel / Phillips, F. (P., W.L.C.)

- ◆ *Palestine Currency Board (Establishment)*
01.09.1926 – Doc. 232: MEPB 5, p. 79.
 ◇ Currency / Currency Board
 ◇ Personnel / Ezechiel, P. H.
 ◇ Personnel / Couper, L.
 ◇ Personnel / Harding, A. J.
 ◇ Personnel / Phillips, F. (P., W.L.C.)
 ◇ Personnel / Ransom, H. C.

Personnel / Plumer, H. C. O.

- ◆ *Appointment of New High Commissioner*
21.03.1925 – Doc. 159: MEPB 4, p. 64.
 ◇ General Administration / Personnel
 ◇ Personnel / Plumer, H. C. O.
- ◆ *Appointment of Lord Plumer as High Commissioner (Royal Commission)*
25.08.1925 – Doc. 173: MEPB 4, p. 71.

- ◇ General Administration / Personnel
- ◇ Personnel / Plumer, H. C. O.
- ◇ Personnel / Amery, L. C. M. S.

- ◆ *High Commissioner Baron Plumer leaves Office (31.07.1928)*

01.08.1928 – Doc. 347: MEPB 7, p. 100.
 ◇ Personnel / Plumer, H. C. O.

- ◆ *Field Marshal Lord Plumer pictured on 1.04.1926 during the visit of the Haut-commissaire de France au Levant, Henri de Jouvenel des Ursins.*

... – Fig. 61: MEPB 4, p. 63.
 ◇ Photograph
 ◇ Personnel / Plumer, H. C. O.

- ◆ *Lord Plumer, High Commissioner, visiting the Dome of the Rock, ca. 1928.*

... – Fig. 145: MEPB 7, pp. 105–108.
 ◇ Photograph
 ◇ Personnel / Plumer, H. C. O.

Personnel / Price, J. L.

- ◆ *Appointments*
15.07.1922 (27.06.1922) – Doc. 82: MEPB 2, p. 79.
 ◇ Personnel / Price, J. L.
- ◆ *Captain J. L. Price (bio sketch)*
... – Bio: MEPB 2, p. 80.
 ◇ Personnel / Price, J. L.

Personnel / Price, J. L.

- ◆ *Appointments*
15.10.1920 – Doc. 33: MEPB 1, p. 94.
 ◇ Personnel / Hudson, N. W.
 ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
 ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
 ◇ Personnel / Price, J. L.

Personnel / Rachwalsky, J.

- ◆ *Personnel*
01.02.1927 – Doc. 257: MEPB 6, p. 56.
 ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
 ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.
 ◇ Personnel / Rachwalsky, J.
 ◇ Personnel / Featherstone, G. W.
 ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.

Personnel / Ransom, H. C.

- ◆ *Palestine Currency Board (Establishment)*
01.09.1926 – Doc. 232: MEPB 5, p. 79.
 ◇ Currency / Currency Board
 ◇ Personnel / Ezechiel, P. H.
 ◇ Personnel / Couper, L.
 ◇ Personnel / Harding, A. J.
 ◇ Personnel / Phillips, F. (P., W.L.C.)
 ◇ Personnel / Ransom, H. C.

Personnel / Rowlands, J. F.

- ◆ *New Year Honours*
01.03.1929 – Doc. 376: MEPB 8, p. 78.
 ◇ Personnel / Rowlands, J. F.
 ◇ Personnel / Ghorayib, A. A.

Personnel / Samuel, H.

- ◆ *Appointment of High Commissioner*
25.07.1920 (01.07.1920) – Doc. 26: MEPB 1, p. 86.
 ◇ Personnel
 ◇ Personnel / Storrs, R. H. A.
 ◇ Personnel / Samuel, H.

Personnel / Smith, F. H.

- ◆ *Personnel*
15.05.1924 (01.04.1924) – Doc. 131: MEPB 3, p. 75.
 - ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
 - ◇ Personnel / Brown, T. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
- ◆ *Personnel*
15.02.1926 (01.12.1925) – Doc. 200: MEPB 5, p. 54.
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
 - ◇ Post Offices / Haifa
- ◆ *Personnel*
16.06.1926 (01.06.1926) – Doc. 218: MEPB 5, p. 68.
 - ◇ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
 - ◇ Post Offices / Haifa
- ◆ *Personnel*
16.06.1928 (05.06.1928) – Doc. 342: MEPB 7, p. 93.
 - ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
 - ◇ Personnel / Lewis, B.
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
- ◆ *Personnel*
01.07.1929 – Doc. 406: MEPB 8, pp. 105–106.
 - ◇ Personnel / Hutchinson, A. R.
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
 - ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
 - ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
 - ◇ Personnel / Eid, E. L.
 - ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
 - ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.
- ◆ *Personnel*
16.07.1929 (08.06.1929) – Doc. 410: MEPB 8, p. 108.
 - ◇ Personnel / Grant, H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
 - ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◆ *Personnel*
16.07.1958 (05.06.1928) – Doc. 346: MEPB 7, p. 99.
 - ◇ Personnel / York, C. B. B.
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
 - ◇ Post Offices / Haifa
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, L. M.

Personnel / Smith, L. M.

- ◆ *Personnel*
16.05.1926 – Doc. 215: MEPB 5, p. 65.
 - ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, L. M.
 - ◇ Personnel / Griffiths, T.

- ◆ *Personnel*
01.08.1928 – Doc. 349: MEPB 7, p. 103.
 - ◇ Personnel / Luke, H. C.
 - ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
 - ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.
 - ◇ Personnel / Symes, G. S.
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, L. M.

Personnel / Smith, L. M.

- ◆ *Personnel*
16.07.1958 (05.06.1928) – Doc. 346: MEPB 7, p. 99.
 - ◇ Personnel / York, C. B. B.
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
 - ◇ Post Offices / Haifa
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, L. M.

Personnel / Stocks, G. H.

- ◆ *Personnel*
16.08.1925 (01.08.1925) – Doc. 172: MEPB 4, p. 70.

- ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
- ◇ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.

- ◆ *Personnel*
01.04.1926 (01.04.1926) – Doc. 213: MEPB 5, p. 63.
 - ◇ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
 - ◇ Post Offices / Jaffa
- ◆ *Personnel*
16.06.1926 (01.06.1926) – Doc. 218: MEPB 5, p. 68.
 - ◇ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
 - ◇ Post Offices / Haifa
- ◆ *Personnel*
01.11.1927 (05.10.1927) – Doc. 297: MEPB 6, p. 125.
 - ◇ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
 - ◇ Post Offices / Jaffa
- ◆ *Personnel*
16.08.1928 – Doc. 351: MEPB 7, p. 104.
 - ◇ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Brown, T. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
 - ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem

Personnel / Stonehill, D. H.

- ◆ *Personnel*
15.06.1923 – Doc. 100: MEPB 3, p. 55.
 - ◇ Personnel / Stonehill, D. H.

Personnel / Storrs, R. H. A.

- ◆ *Appointment of High Commissioner*
25.07.1920 (01.07.1920) – Doc. 26: MEPB 1, p. 86.
 - ◇ Personnel
 - ◇ Personnel / Storrs, R. H. A.
 - ◇ Personnel / Samuel, H.
- ◆ *Government District Reorganisation*
01.07.1922 (01.07.1922) – Doc. 81: MEPB 2, p. 79.
 - ◇ General Administration / District Reorganisation
 - ◇ Personnel / Symes, G. S.
 - ◇ Personnel / Cox, [?]
 - ◇ Personnel / Storrs, R. H. A.
 - ◇ Personnel / Abramson, [?]
- ◆ *Personnel*
13.01.1924 – Doc. 121: MEPB 3, p. 67.
 - ◇ Personnel / Storrs, R. H. A.
- ◆ *Sir Ronald Henry Amherst Storrs (bio sketch)*
... – Bio: MEPB 3, p. 68.
 - ◇ Personnel / Storrs, R. H. A.

Personnel / Suki, F.

- ◆ *Allenby Bridge closed to Heavy Vehicles*
16.11.1927 (30.10.1927) – Doc. 304: MEPB 6, pp. 138–139.
 - ◇ Personnel / Suki, F.
 - ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
 - ◇ Personnel / Evans, A. A.
 - ◇ Personnel / Moffatt, R.

Personnel / Symes, G. S.

- ◆ *Government District Reorganisation*
01.07.1922 (01.07.1922) – Doc. 81: MEPB 2, p. 79.
 - ◇ General Administration / District Reorganisation
 - ◇ Personnel / Symes, G. S.
 - ◇ Personnel / Cox, [?]
 - ◇ Personnel / Storrs, R. H. A.
 - ◇ Personnel / Abramson, [?]
- ◆ *Personnel*
01.08.1928 – Doc. 349: MEPB 7, p. 103.
 - ◇ Personnel / Luke, H. C.

- ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.
- ◇ Personnel / Symes, G. S.
- ◇ Personnel / Smith, L. M.

Personnel / Tout, R. W. C.

- ◆ *Personnel*
01.05.1927 (11.04.1927) – Doc. 269: MEPB 6, p. 85.
 - ◇ Personnel / Tout, R. W. C.
 - ◇ Personnel / Parkes, H.
- ◆ *Personnel*
01.01.1928 (05.12.1927) – Doc. 319: MEPB 7, p. 67.
 - ◇ Personnel / Tout, R. W. C.
 - ◇ Personnel / Parkes, H.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Sinai Telegraphs

Personnel / Treverton, B. G.

- ◆ *Appointments*
01.06.1921 – Doc. 47: MEPB 2, p. 56.
 - ◇ Personnel / Treverton, B. G.
 - ◇ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.
- ◆ *Appointments*
01.02.1922 (01.01.1922) – Doc. 59: MEPB 2, p. 63.
 - ◇ Personnel / Treverton, B. G.
- ◆ *Benjamin George Treverton (bio sketch)*
... – Bio: MEPB 2, p. 66.
 - ◇ Personnel / Treverton, B. G.

Personnel / Vernon, R. V.

- ◆ *Personnel*
01.03.1929 – Doc. 378: MEPB 8, p. 79.
 - ◇ Personnel / Vernon, R. V.
 - ◇ Personnel / Harding, A. J.
 - ◇ Currency / Currency Board

Personnel / Webster, G. H.

- ◆ *Appointments*
01.11.1920 – Doc. 34: MEPB 1, p. 95.
 - ◇ Personnel / Wollaston, A. C.
 - ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Close, C. V.
 - ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
 - ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
- ◆ *Appointments*
15.10.1922 (12.06.1922) – Doc. 80: MEPB 2, p. 78.
 - ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
- ◆ *Personnel*
15.10.1924 – Doc. 146: MEPB 3, p. 83.
 - ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
- ◆ *Personnel*
01.02.1927 – Doc. 257: MEPB 6, p. 56.
 - ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
 - ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.
 - ◇ Personnel / Rachwalsky, J.
 - ◇ Personnel / Featherstone, G. W.
 - ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
- ◆ *Personnel*
16.06.1927 – Doc. 274: MEPB 6, p. 93.
 - ◇ Personnel / Featherstone, G. W.
 - ◇ Personnel / Parkes, H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
- ◆ *Personnel*
16.08.1928 – Doc. 351: MEPB 7, p. 104.
 - ◇ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Brown, T. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
 - ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem

- ◆ *Personnel*
01.04.1929 (04.01.1929) – Doc. 387: MEPB 8, p. 90.
 - ◇ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
 - ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.

- ◆ *Personnel*
01.08.1929 – Doc. 415: MEPB 8, p. 112.
 - ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
 - ◇ Personnel / Hay, W. R.
 - ◇ Personnel / Evans, A. A.
 - ◇ Personnel / Parkes, H.

- ◆ *George Henry Webster (bio sketch)*
... – Bio: MEPB 2, p. 78.
 - ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.

Personnel / Wedgwood, J. C.

- ◆ *New Stamps Issue*
... [07.03.1927] – Suppl. Doc. 1927/1: MEPB 6, p. 69.
 - ◇ Postage Stamps / Pictorials
 - ◇ Personnel / Wedgwood, J. C.
 - ◇ Personnel / Amery, L. C. M. S.

Personnel / Wollaston, A. C.

- ◆ *Appointments*
01.11.1920 – Doc. 34: MEPB 1, p. 95.
 - ◇ Personnel / Wollaston, A. C.
 - ◇ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
 - ◇ Personnel / Close, C. V.
 - ◇ Personnel / Heavens, W. T.
 - ◇ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.

- ◆ *Personnel*
15.08.1923 – Doc. 108: MEPB 3, p. 59.
 - ◇ Personnel / Foster, W. G.
 - ◇ Personnel / Hudson, W.
 - ◇ Personnel / Wollaston, A. C.
 - ◇ Personnel / Close, C. V.

Personnel / York, C. B. B.

- ◆ *Personnel*
16.07.1958 (05.06.1928) – Doc. 346: MEPB 7, p. 99.
 - ◇ Personnel / York, C. B. B.
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
 - ◇ Post Offices / Haifa
 - ◇ Personnel / Smith, L. M.

Photograph

- ◆ *The High Commissioner, Sir Herbert Samuel, inspecting the Post Office at Jerusalem shortly after his arrival in Palestine.*
... – Fig. 19: MEPB 1, p. 87.
 - ◇ Photograph
 - ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◆ *Field Marshal Lord Plumer pictured on 1.04.1926 during the visit of the Haut-commissaire de France au Levant, Henri de Jouvenel des Ursins.*
... – Fig. 61: MEPB 4, p. 63.
 - ◇ Photograph
 - ◇ Personnel / Plumer, H. C. O.
- ◆ *Ceremony at Kalandia Airfield...*
... (01.01.1928) – Fig. 130: MEPB 7, p. 71.
 - ◇ Photograph
 - ◇ Air Mail Service / Imperial Airways
- ◆ *[Inauguration of the new light at Stella Maris/Mount Carmel light house]*
... (28.01.1928) – Fig. 132: MEPB 7, p. 80.
 - ◇ Photograph
 - ◇ Sea Transport / Light House (Stella Maris/Mount Carmel)

◆ *French postcard [1904, Stella Maris/Mount Carmel light house]*

... (28.01.1928) – Fig. 133: MEPB 7, p. 80.

- ◇ Cover (foreign)
- ◇ Photograph
- ◇ Sea Transport / Light House (Stella Maris/Mount Cramel)

◆ *Lord Plumer, High Commissioner, visiting the Dome of the Rock, ca. 1928.*

... – Fig. 145: MEPB 7, pp. 105–108.

- ◇ Photograph
- ◇ Personnel / Plumer, H. C. O.

Post Cards / Rates / Foreign

◆ *Foreign Postcard and Blind Literature Rates (16.12.1925)*

01.01.1926 (16.12.1925) – Doc. 187: MEPB 4, p. 83.

- ◇ Postage Rates / Foreign / Post Card
- ◇ Foreign Service / Post Card / Rates
- ◇ Post Cards / Rates / Foreign
- ◇ Postage Rates / Blind Literature
- ◇ Blind Literature / Rates

◆ *Foreign Postcard and Blind Literature Rates (16.12.1925) [reprise]*

01.01.1926 (16.12.1925) – Doc. 187: MEPB 5, p. 46.

- ◇ Postage Rates / Foreign / Post Card
- ◇ Foreign Service / Post Card / Rates
- ◇ Post Cards / Rates / Foreign
- ◇ Postage Rates / Blind Literature
- ◇ Blind Literature / Rates

Post Office Boxes

◆ *Changes to Renting Private Post Office Boxes*

15.06.1922 (01.07.1922) – Doc. 79: MEPB 2, p. 77.

- ◇ Post Office Boxes
- ◇ Post Offices / PO Boxes

Post Offices

◆ *List of Post Offices*

01.10.1919 – Doc. 11: MEPB 1, p. 76.

- ◇ Post Offices
- ◇ Post Offices / Services

Post Offices / Petah Tikvah

◆ *Telegram Service at Petach Tikvah Post Office*

01.12.1921 – Doc. 55: MEPB 2, p. 61.

- ◇ Telegraph Service / Petah Tikvah
- ◇ Post Offices / Petah Tikvah

Post Offices / Acre

◆ *Tenders (New Post Office Acre)*

01.01.1926 – Doc. 189: MEPB 5, p. 46.

- ◇ Tenders
- ◇ Post Offices / Acre

◆ *Continuous Telephone Service at Acre*

16.10.1928 – Doc. 358: MEPB 7, p. 114.

- ◇ Telephone Service
- ◇ Post Offices / Acre

Post Offices / Afule

◆ *Opening of Afule Post Office 11.08.1922 / Telegraph Service at Ber Yacob*

01.09.1922 (11.08.1922) – Doc. 83: MEPB 2, p. 81.

- ◇ Post Offices / Afule
- ◇ Postal Service / Afule
- ◇ Telegraph Service / Afule
- ◇ Telephone Service / Afule
- ◇ Post Offices / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)
- ◇ Telegraph Service / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)

Post Offices / Ain Harod

◆ *Opening of Ain Harod Post Office (20.11.1927)*

16.12.1927 (20.11.1927) – Doc. 314: MEPB 6, p. 145.

- ◇ Postal Service / Ain Harod
- ◇ Post Offices / Ain Harod
- ◇ Telegraph Service / Ain Harod
- ◇ Telephone Service / Ain Harod

Post Offices / Ajami (Jaffa)

◆ *Opening of Ajami Post Office and Hedera Post Office*

15.04.1921 – Doc. 43: MEPB 2, p. 53.

- ◇ Postal Service / Ajami (Jaffa)
- ◇ Post Offices / Ajami (Jaffa)
- ◇ Postal Service / Hedera
- ◇ Post Offices / Hedera
- ◇ Telephone Service / Ajami (Jaffa)

◆ *Telegram and Parcel Service at Ajami (Jaffa) Post Office*

15.11.1921 (16.11.1921) – Doc. 54: MEPB 2, p. 61.

- ◇ Postal Service / Ajami (Jaffa)
- ◇ Post Offices / Ajami (Jaffa)
- ◇ Telegraph Service / Ajami (Jaffa)

Post Offices / Beersheba

◆ *Telegraph Service at Beersheba PO*

16.12.1919 – Doc. 15: MEPB 1, p. 77.

- ◇ Telegraph Service / Beersheba
- ◇ Post Offices / Beersheba

◆ *Continuous Telephone Service at Hebron, Beersheba, and Gaza*

16.06.1926 (23.06.1926) – Doc. 217: MEPB 5, p. 67.

- ◇ Telephone Service / Hebron
- ◇ Telephone Service / Beersheba
- ◇ Telephone Service / Gaza
- ◇ Post Offices / Hebron
- ◇ Post Offices / Beersheba
- ◇ Post Offices / Gaza

Post Offices / Beisan

◆ *Telegram Service at Beisan Post Office*

15.08.1923 – Doc. 107: MEPB 3, p. 59.

- ◇ Post Offices / Beisan
- ◇ Telegraph Service / Beisan

Post Offices / Beit Jala

◆ *Opening of Beit Jala Post Office (2.04.1929)*

16.04.1929 (02.04.1929) – Doc. 395: MEPB 8, p. 97.

- ◇ Postal Service / Beit Jala
- ◇ Post Offices / Beit Jala

Post Offices / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)

◆ *Opening of Ber Yacob (Bir Salem) Post Office*

15.04.1922 – Doc. 70: MEPB 2, p. 71.

- ◇ Postal Service / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)
- ◇ Post Offices / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)

◆ *Opening of Afule Post Office 11.08.1922 / Telegraph Service at Ber Yacob*

01.09.1922 (11.08.1922) – Doc. 83: MEPB 2, p. 81.

- ◇ Post Offices / Afule
- ◇ Postal Service / Afule
- ◇ Telegraph Service / Afule
- ◇ Telephone Service / Afule
- ◇ Post Offices / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)
- ◇ Telegraph Service / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)

Post Offices / Gaza

◆ *Continuous Telephone Service at Hebron, Beersheba, and Gaza*

16.06.1926 (23.06.1926) – Doc. 217: MEPB 5, p. 67.

- ◊ Telephone Service / Hebron
- ◊ Telephone Service / Beersheba
- ◊ Telephone Service / Gaza
- ◊ Post Offices / Hebron
- ◊ Post Offices / Beersheba
- ◊ Post Offices / Gaza

Post Offices / Haifa

◆ Registered Items accepted at Weekends

15.07.1921 – Doc. 51: MEPB 2, p. 58.

- ◊ Registration
- ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa

◆ Registered Items accepted at Jaffa & Haifa GPOs up to 6 p.m.

15.02.1922 (01.02.1922) – Doc. 64: MEPB 2, p. 67.

- ◊ Registration
- ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa

◆ Customs Duties On Parcel

01.07.1924 – Doc. 139: MEPB 3, p. 79.

- ◊ Parcels / Customs
- ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa

◆ Cash on Delivery (Parcel Service)

16.10.1925 – Doc. 179: MEPB 4, pp. 75–76.

- ◊ Parcels / Foreign / Cash on Delivery
- ◊ Cash on Delivery / Foreign / U.K.
- ◊ Cash on Delivery / Rates
- ◊ Postage Rates / Cash on Delivery
- ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa
- ◊ Post Offices / Tel Aviv

◆ Personnel

15.02.1926 (01.12.1925) – Doc. 200: MEPB 5, p. 54.

- ◊ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
- ◊ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa

◆ Personnel

16.03.1926 (13.10.1925) – Doc. 208: MEPB 5, p. 60.

- ◊ Personnel / Grant, H.
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa

◆ Tenders for Works at the New Haifa Post Office

01.04.1926 – Doc. 211: MEPB 5, p. 62.

- ◊ Tenders
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa

◆ Personnel

16.06.1926 (01.06.1926) – Doc. 218: MEPB 5, p. 68.

- ◊ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.
- ◊ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa

◆ Personnel (Corrigendum)

16.07.1929 (13.06.1929) – Doc. 411: MEPB 8, p. 108.

- ◊ Personnel / Eid, E. L.
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa

◆ Personnel

16.07.1958 (05.06.1928) – Doc. 346: MEPB 7, p. 99.

- ◊ Personnel / York, C. B. B.
- ◊ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa
- ◊ Personnel / Smith, L. M.

Post Offices / Haifa (Railway Station)

◆ Late Letter Fees

16.08.1925 – Doc. 171: MEPB 4, p. 70.

- ◊ Postal Service / Late Fees
- ◊ Postage Rates / Late Fees
- ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa (Railway Station)

Post Offices / Haifa Bazaar

◆ Opening of Branch Post Office at Haifa Bazaar (7.01.1929)

16.01.1929 (07.01.1929) – Doc. 369: MEPB 8, p. 72.

- ◊ Postal Service / Haifa Bazaar
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa Bazaar
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Haifa Bazaar
- ◊ Telephone Service / Haifa Bazaar

Post Offices / Haifa Hadar Hacarmel

◆ Telegram Service at Hadar Hacarmel Branch Post Office (1.11.1929)

01.11.1929 (01.11.1929) – Doc. 425: MEPB 8, p. 123.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Haifa Hadar Hacarmel
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa Hadar Hacarmel

Post Offices / Hebron

◆ Tenders for Repairs to Hebron Sub-Post Office

01.03.1922 – Doc. 66: MEPB 2, p. 69.

- ◊ Tenders
- ◊ Post Offices / Hebron

◆ Continuous Telephone Service at Hebron, Beersheba, and Gaza

16.06.1926 (23.06.1926) – Doc. 217: MEPB 5, p. 67.

- ◊ Telephone Service / Hebron
- ◊ Telephone Service / Beersheba
- ◊ Telephone Service / Gaza
- ◊ Post Offices / Hebron
- ◊ Post Offices / Beersheba
- ◊ Post Offices / Gaza

Post Offices / Hedera

◆ Opening of Ajami Post Office and Hedera Post Office

15.04.1921 – Doc. 43: MEPB 2, p. 53.

- ◊ Postal Service / Ajami (Jaffa)
- ◊ Post Offices / Ajami (Jaffa)
- ◊ Postal Service / Hedera
- ◊ Post Offices / Hedera
- ◊ Telephone Service / Ajami (Jaffa)

◆ Telegram Service at Hedera Post Office

01.07.1921 – Doc. 48: MEPB 2, p. 57.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Hedera
- ◊ Post Offices / Hedera
- ◊ Telephone Service / Hedera

Post Offices / Jaffa

◆ Registered Items accepted at Weekends

15.07.1921 – Doc. 51: MEPB 2, p. 58.

- ◊ Registration
- ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa

◆ Registered Items accepted at Jaffa & Haifa GPOs up to 6 p.m.

15.02.1922 (01.02.1922) – Doc. 64: MEPB 2, p. 67.

- ◊ Registration
- ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
- ◊ Post Offices / Haifa

◆ Customs Duties On Parcel

01.07.1924 – Doc. 139: MEPB 3, p. 79.

- ◊ Parcels / Customs
- ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem

- ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
 - ◊ Post Offices / Haifa
 - ◆ **Late Letter Fees**
16.08.1925 – Doc. 171: MEPB 4, p. 70.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Late Fees
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Late Fees
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
 - ◊ Post Offices / Haifa (Railway Station)
 - ◆ **Cash on Delivery (Parcel Service)**
16.10.1925 – Doc. 179: MEPB 4, pp. 75–76.
 - ◊ Parcels / Foreign / Cash on Delivery
 - ◊ Cash on Delivery / Foreign / U.K.
 - ◊ Cash on Delivery / Rates
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Cash on Delivery
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
 - ◊ Post Offices / Haifa
 - ◊ Post Offices / Tel Aviv
 - ◆ **Personnel**
01.04.1926 (01.04.1926) – Doc. 213: MEPB 5, p. 63.
 - ◊ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.
 - ◊ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
 - ◆ **Personnel**
01.07.1927 (15.06.1927) – Doc. 276: MEPB 6, p. 95.
 - ◊ Personnel / Grant, H.
 - ◊ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
 - ◆ **Personnel**
01.11.1927 (05.10.1927) – Doc. 297: MEPB 6, p. 125.
 - ◊ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.
 - ◊ Personnel / Hucklesby, C. F.
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
 - ◆ **Tenders (Post Office Jaffa)**
04.04.1929 – Doc. 390: MEPB 8, p. 93.
 - ◊ Tenders
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
 - ◆ **Tenders (Jaffa Post Office)**
01.08.1929 – Doc. 416: MEPB 8, p. 113.
 - ◊ Tenders
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
- Post Offices / Jenin**
- ◆ **Opening of Jenin Post Office**
16.09.1920 – Doc. 31: MEPB 1, p. 92.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Jenin
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jenin
- Post Offices / Jericho**
- ◆ **Opening of Jericho Postal Agency**
15.11.1921 – Doc. 53: MEPB 2, p. 61.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Jericho
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jericho
 - ◆ **Telephone Service at Jericho**
01.11.1926 – Doc. 241: MEPB 5, p. 84.
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Jericho
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jericho
- Post Offices / Jerusalem**
- ◆ **Official Time is Cairo Observatory Time**
25.07.1920 – Doc. 27: MEPB 1, p. 87.
 - ◊ General Administration
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
 - ◆ **Tenders for Repairs to Jerusalem General Post Office**
01.07.1921 – Doc. 50: MEPB 2, p. 57.
 - ◊ Tenders
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem

- ◆ **Registered Items accepted at Weekends**
15.07.1921 – Doc. 51: MEPB 2, p. 58.
 - ◊ Registration
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
 - ◊ Post Offices / Haifa
- ◆ **24-hour Telegram Service at Jerusalem GPO**
01.01.1922 (26.12.1921) – Doc. 57: MEPB 2, p. 62.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Jerusalem
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◆ **Tenders for Repairs to Parcel Post Office**
01.05.1922 – Doc. 74: MEPB 2, p. 73.
 - ◊ Tenders
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◆ **Customs Duties On Parcel**
01.07.1924 – Doc. 139: MEPB 3, p. 79.
 - ◊ Parcels / Customs
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
 - ◊ Post Offices / Haifa
- ◆ **Tenders for Repairs at the General Post Office**
01.08.1924 – Doc. 143: MEPB 3, p. 81.
 - ◊ Tenders
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◆ **Late Letter Fees**
16.08.1925 – Doc. 171: MEPB 4, p. 70.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Late Fees
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Late Fees
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
 - ◊ Post Offices / Haifa (Railway Station)
- ◆ **Cash on Delivery (Parcel Service)**
16.10.1925 – Doc. 179: MEPB 4, pp. 75–76.
 - ◊ Parcels / Foreign / Cash on Delivery
 - ◊ Cash on Delivery / Foreign / U.K.
 - ◊ Cash on Delivery / Rates
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Cash on Delivery
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
 - ◊ Post Offices / Haifa
 - ◊ Post Offices / Tel Aviv
- ◆ **Tenders for new P.O. Boxes at G.P.O. Jerusalem**
15.02.1926 – Doc. 199: MEPB 5, p. 54.
 - ◊ Tenders
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◆ **Personnel**
01.07.1926 – Doc. 221: MEPB 5, p. 69.
 - ◊ Personnel / Griffiths, T.
 - ◊ Personnel / Brown, T. H.
 - ◊ Personnel / Grant, H.
 - ◊ Personnel / Garnett, E. B.
 - ◊ Personnel / Lewis, B.
 - ◊ Personnel / Kennedy, G. D.
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◆ **Personnel**
16.08.1928 – Doc. 351: MEPB 7, p. 104.
 - ◊ Personnel / Stocks, G. H.
 - ◊ Personnel / Brown, T. H.
 - ◊ Personnel / Webster, G. H.
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◆ **Personnel**
16.07.1929 (08.06.1929) – Doc. 410: MEPB 8, p. 108.
 - ◊ Personnel / Grant, H.
 - ◊ Personnel / Smith, F. H.
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◆ **The High Commissioner, Sir Herbert Samuel, inspecting the Post Office at Jerusalem shortly after his arrival in Palestine.**
... – Fig. 19: MEPB 1, p. 87.

- ◊ Photograph
- ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem

Post Offices / Jerusalem (New GPO)

- ◆ *Expropriation of Land for new GPO Jerusalem*
01.03.1927 – Doc. 260: MEPB 6, p. 59.
 - ◊ General Administration / Regulations
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem (New GPO)

Post Offices / Jerusalem Citadel

- ◆ *Jerusalem Citadel Branch Post Office (Opening)*
16.10.1929 (07.10.1929) – Doc. 423: MEPB 8, p. 120.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Jerusalem Citadel
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem Citadel
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Jerusalem Citadel
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Jerusalem Citadel

Post Offices / Jerusalem, German Colony

- ◆ *Opening of German Colony Jerusalem Postal Agency*
01.04.1928 – Doc. 329: MEPB 7, p. 84.
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem, German Colony
 - ◊ Personnel / Drakoudes, G.

Post Offices / Ludd Junction

- ◆ *Telegraph & Telephone Services at Ludd Junction Post Office*
01.11.1922 (03.10.1922) – Doc. 86: MEPB 2, p. 83.
 - ◊ Post Offices / Ludd Junction
 - ◊ Postal Service / Ludd Junction
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Ludd Junction
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Ludd Junction

Post Offices / Ludd Village

- ◆ *Opening of Ludd Village Post Office*
15.01.1922 – Doc. 58: MEPB 2, p. 62.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Ludd Village
 - ◊ Post Offices / Ludd Village
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Ludd Village

Post Offices / Mejdél

- ◆ *Opening of Mejdél and Petah-Tikvah Post Offices*
15.11.1920 – Doc. 35: MEPB 1, p. 96.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Mejdél
 - ◊ Post Offices / Mejdél
 - ◊ Postal Service / Petah Tikvah
 - ◊ Post Offices / Petah Tikvah
- ◆ *Mejdél Post Office, 30 days Claims for Parcels*
15.02.1921 – Doc. 38: MEPB 2, pp. 49–50.
 - ◊ Post Offices / Mejdél
 - ◊ Parcels / Demurrage
- ◆ *Telegrams at Mejdél Post Office / Telegraphic Address for Central Government Laboratory*
01.03.1921 – Doc. 40: MEPB 2, p. 51.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Mejdél
 - ◊ Post Offices / Mejdél
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Telegraphic Addresses

Post Offices / Nablus

- ◆ *Telegraph Service at Nablus / PO Telegrams to O.E.T.A. West, East & Egypt*
01.09.1919 – Doc. 5: MEPB 1, p. 68.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Nablus
 - ◊ Post Offices / Nablus
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Risk
 - ◊ Foreign Service / O.E.T.A.
- ◆ *Day and Night Telephone Service at Nablus*
15.04.1924 – Doc. 129: MEPB 3, p. 72.

- ◊ Telephone Service / Nablus
- ◊ Post Offices / Nablus

Post Offices / Opening Times

- ◆ *Postage, Parcel, Telegraph and other Rates*
15.08.1919 – Doc. 3: MEPB 1, pp. 62–63.
 - ◊ Postage Rates
 - ◊ Post Offices / Opening Times
 - ◊ Telegraph Rates
 - ◊ Telegraph Offices / List
 - ◊ Parcel Rates

Post Offices / Petah Tikvah

- ◆ *Opening of Mejdél and Petah-Tikvah Post Offices*
15.11.1920 – Doc. 35: MEPB 1, p. 96.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Mejdél
 - ◊ Post Offices / Mejdél
 - ◊ Postal Service / Petah Tikvah
 - ◊ Post Offices / Petah Tikvah

Post Offices / PO Boxes

- ◆ *Changes to Renting Private Post Office Boxes*
15.06.1922 (01.07.1922) – Doc. 79: MEPB 2, p. 77.
 - ◊ Post Office Boxes
 - ◊ Post Offices / PO Boxes

Post Offices / Rafa

- ◆ *Closure of Rafa Post Office*
01.07.1921 (31.05.1921) – Doc. 49: MEPB 2, p. 57.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Rafa
 - ◊ Post Offices / Rafa

Post Offices / Ramallah

- ◆ *Telegraph Service at Ramallah PO*
01.01.1920 – Doc. 17: MEPB 1, p. 78.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Ramallah
 - ◊ Post Offices / Ramallah

Post Offices / Rishon-le-Zion

- ◆ *Opening of Rishon-le-Zion Post Office*
01.05.1921 – Doc. 44: MEPB 2, p. 53.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Rishon-le-Zion
 - ◊ Post Offices / Rishon-le-Zion
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Rosh Pinah
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Zicron Jacob
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Rishon-le-Zion

Post Offices / Rosh Pinah

- ◆ *Opening of Roshpinah Post Office*
15.03.1921 – Doc. 41: MEPB 2, p. 51.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Rosh Pinah
 - ◊ Post Offices / Rosh Pinah
- ◆ *Tenders for Telegraph Poles*
16.03.1926 – Doc. 205: MEPB 5, p. 59.
 - ◊ Tenders
 - ◊ Post Offices / Rosh Pinah

Post Offices / Sarafend

- ◆ *Opening of Surafend Post Office on 12.05.1922*
01.06.1922 (12.05.1922) – Doc. 77: MEPB 2, p. 74.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Sarafend
 - ◊ Post Offices / Sarafend
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Sarafend
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Sarafend

Post Offices / Semakh◆ *Opening of Semakh Post Office and Rehovoth Post Office*

- 01.06.1921 – Doc. 46: MEPB 2, p. 55.
- ◊ Postal Service / Semakh
 - ◊ Post Offices / Semakh
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Semakh
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
 - ◊ Postal Service / Rehovoth
 - ◊ Post Offices / Semakh
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Semakh
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion

◆ *Opening of Semakh Post Office and Rehovoth Post Office*

- 01.06.1921 – Doc. 46: MEPB 2, p. 55.
- ◊ Postal Service / Semakh
 - ◊ Post Offices / Semakh
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Semakh
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
 - ◊ Postal Service / Rehovoth
 - ◊ Post Offices / Semakh
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Semakh
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion

Post Offices / Services◆ *List of Post Offices*

- 01.10.1919 – Doc. 11: MEPB 1, p. 76.
- ◊ Post Offices
 - ◊ Post Offices / Services

Post Offices / Suspended Services◆ *Suspension of Insured Packets Service at 9 Post Offices*

- 15.04.1922 – Doc. 71: MEPB 2, p. 71.
- ◊ Postal Insurance
 - ◊ Parcels / Insurance
 - ◊ Post Offices / Suspended Services

Post Offices / Tel Aviv◆ *Cash on Delivery (Parcel Service)*

- 16.10.1925 – Doc. 179: MEPB 4, pp. 75–76.
- ◊ Parcels / Foreign / Cash on Delivery
 - ◊ Cash on Delivery / Foreign / U.K.
 - ◊ Cash on Delivery / Rates
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Cash on Delivery
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jaffa
 - ◊ Post Offices / Haifa
 - ◊ Post Offices / Tel Aviv

Post Offices / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)◆ *Opening of Allenby Road (Tel-Aviv) Branch Post Office (5.05.1925)*

- 01.06.1925 (05.05.1925) – Doc. 162: MEPB 4, p. 65.
- ◊ Post Offices / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Rates

Postage Rates◆ *Postage, Parcel, Telegraph and other Rates*

- 15.08.1919 – Doc. 3: MEPB 1, pp. 62–63.
- ◊ Postage Rates
 - ◊ Post Offices / Opening Times
 - ◊ Telegraph Rates
 - ◊ Telegraph Offices / List
 - ◊ Parcel Rates

◆ *Postage Rates*

- 01.10.1919 – Doc. 8: MEPB 1, pp. 73–74.
- ◊ Postage Rates

◆ *Postage Rates: modifications*

- 01.09.1920 – Doc. 30: MEPB 1, p. 91.
- ◊ Postage Rates
 - ◊ Parcel Rates
 - ◊ Telegraph Rates

◆ *Foreign Postage Rates from 1.01.1923*

- 15.11.1922 (01.01.1923) – Doc. 88: MEPB 2, p. 86.
- ◊ Postage Rates
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Postage Rates

Postage Rates / Air Mail◆ *Cairo–Baghdad–Basra Air Mail Service*

- 01.01.1927 (31.12.1926) – Doc. 255: MEPB 6, p. 55.
- ◊ Air Mail Service / Routes
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Egypt
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Iraq
 - ◊ Foreign Service / India
 - ◊ Air Mail Service / Rates
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Air Mail

◆ *Air Mail not fully Prepaid*

- 01.05.1929 – Doc. 398: MEPB 8, p. 99.
- ◊ Air Mail Service / Routes
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Air Mail

◆ *Air Mail Service England–India via Gaza*

- 16.07.1929 – Doc. 412: MEPB 8, pp. 109–110.
- ◊ Air Mail Service / Routes
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Air Mail
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Air Mail

◆ *Air Mail Service England–India via Gaza (Revised Schedule) (12.12.1929)*

- 16.12.1929 (12.12.1929) – Doc. 430: MEPB 8, pp. 128–129.
- ◊ Air Mail Service / Routes
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Air Mail
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Air Mail

Postage Rates / Blind Literature◆ *Foreign Postcard and Blind Literature Rates (16.12.1925)*

- 01.01.1926 (16.12.1925) – Doc. 187: MEPB 4, p. 83.
- ◊ Postage Rates / Foreign / Post Card
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Post Card / Rates
 - ◊ Post Cards / Rates / Foreign
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Blind Literature
 - ◊ Blind Literature / Rates

◆ *Foreign Postcard and Blind Literature Rates (16.12.1925) [reprise]*

- 01.01.1926 (16.12.1925) – Doc. 187: MEPB 5, p. 46.
- ◊ Postage Rates / Foreign / Post Card
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Post Card / Rates
 - ◊ Post Cards / Rates / Foreign
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Blind Literature
 - ◊ Blind Literature / Rates

Postage Rates / Cash on Delivery◆ *Cash on Delivery (Parcel Service)*

- 16.10.1925 – Doc. 179: MEPB 4, pp. 75–76.
- ◊ Parcels / Foreign / Cash on Delivery
 - ◊ Cash on Delivery / Foreign / U.K.
 - ◊ Cash on Delivery / Rates
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Cash on Delivery
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 - ◇ Postage Rates / Foreign
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 - ◇ Postage Rates / Foreign / Iraq
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- ◆ *Foreign Postcard and Blind Literature Rates (16.12.1925)*
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 - ◇ Postage Rates / Foreign / Post Card
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- ◆ *Letter Rate to Great Britain and Northern Ireland (15.02.1926)*
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 - ◇ Postal Service / Foreign / Rates / U.K.
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- ◆ *Revision of Foreign Postage Rates and Inland Registration*
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 - ◇ Postage Rates / Foreign Service
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- ◆ *Surcharge for “Rapide” Letter Service Haifa–Beyrouth*
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- ◆ *Surcharge for “Rapide” Letter Service Haifa–Beyrouth Abolished*
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 - ◇ Postage Rates / Foreign Service
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Syria
- ◆ *Additional Overland Mail Service Beyrouth–Baghdad*
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 - ◇ Postal Routes
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- ◆ *Late Letter Fees*
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- ◆ *Inland Newspaper Rate (1.01.1926)*
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- ◆ *Printed Matter Rate for Postcards under 6 Words*
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 - ◇ Postage Rates / Foreign Service
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- ◆ *Tenders*
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- ◆ *Tenders (Imara Station Buildings)*
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- ◆ *Tenders (Telegraph Poles)*
 - 01.05.1928 – Doc. 332: MEPB 7, p. 86.
 - ◇ Tenders
 - ◇ Postal Facilities / Jerusalem (Post Office Store)
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- ◆ *Tenders*
 - 01.07.1929 – Doc. 409: MEPB 8, p. 107.
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 - 01.05.1928 – Doc. 332: MEPB 7, p. 86.
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- ◆ *Tenders for Repairs at P. & T. Shed*
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- ◆ *Tenders*
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- ◆ *Tenders*
 - 01.11.1927 – Doc. 292: MEPB 6, p. 121.
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 - ◇ Postal Facilities / Jerusalem (Telephone Exchange)

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- ◆ *Tenders*
 - 01.10.1927 – Doc. 287: MEPB 6, p. 112.
 - ◇ Tenders
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- ◆ *Tenders*
 - 01.06.1925 – Doc. 163: MEPB 4, p. 66.
 - ◇ Tenders
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- ◆ *Tenders*
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- ◆ *Insured Letter & Box Service with Great Britain*
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- ◆ *Insured Letter Service extended to Tunis*
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◆ *Insured Parcels and Boxes (Thickness of Wooden Boxes)*

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- 01.09.1927 – Doc. 279: MEPB 6, p. 104.
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- 15.04.1923 (01.04.1923) – Doc. 98: MEPB 3, p. 53.
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◆ *Palestine Postal Order (Extension of Value)*

- 01.08.1925 – Doc. 169: MEPB 4, p. 69.
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◆ *Poundage Rates on British Postal Orders*

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◆ *Embarrassing Postal Packets*

- 15.05.1921 – Doc. 45: MEPB 2, p. 54.
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◆ *Embarrassing Postal Packets*

- 01.03.1922 – Doc. 65: MEPB 2, p. 68.
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◆ *Embarrassing Postal Packets*

- 16.08.1926 – Doc. 229: MEPB 5, pp. 76–77.
 ◇ Postal Regulations / Prohibitions

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◆ *Additional Overland Mail Service Beyrouth–Baghdad*

- 15.05.1925 – Doc. 158: MEPB 4, p. 63.
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◆ *Overland Mail Haifa–Baghdad (Despatch Times)*

- 16.03.1926 – Doc. 207: MEPB 5, p. 59.
 ◇ Postal Routes
 ◇ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)

◆ *Overland Mail Service with Iraq*

- 01.04.1929 – Doc. 389: MEPB 8, p. 92.
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◆ *Opening of Afule Post Office 11.08.1922 / Telegraph Service at Ber Yacob*

- 01.09.1922 (11.08.1922) – Doc. 83: MEPB 2, p. 81.
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◆ *Opening of Ain Harod Post Office (20.11.1927)*

- 16.12.1927 (20.11.1927) – Doc. 314: MEPB 6, p. 145.
 ◇ Postal Service / Ain Harod
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◆ *Opening of Ajami Post Office and Hedera Post Office*

- 15.04.1921 – Doc. 43: MEPB 2, p. 53.
 ◇ Postal Service / Ajami (Jaffa)
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◆ *Telegram and Parcel Service at Ajami (Jaffa) Post Office*

- 15.11.1921 (16.11.1921) – Doc. 54: MEPB 2, p. 61.
 ◇ Postal Service / Ajami (Jaffa)
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◆ *Opening of Beit Jala Post Office (2.04.1929)*

- 16.04.1929 (02.04.1929) – Doc. 395: MEPB 8, p. 97.
 ◇ Postal Service / Beit Jala
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◆ *Opening of Ber Yacob (Bir Salem) Post Office*

- 15.04.1922 – Doc. 70: MEPB 2, p. 71.
 ◇ Postal Service / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)
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- ◆ *Christmas and New Year Mails (Latest Dates of Despatch)*
16.11.1929 – Doc. 427: MEPB 8, pp. 124–125.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Christmas & New Year Mail
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- ◆ *Compensation for Loss or Damage*
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 - ◇ Compensation
 - ◇ Postal Service / Compensation
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Postal Service / Express Delivery

- ◆ *Express Delivery Services (19.08.1928)*
01.09.1928 (19.08.1928) – Doc. 353: MEPB 7, pp. 105–108.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Express Delivery
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- ◆ *Express Delivery Services (19.08.1928)*
01.09.1928 (19.08.1928) – Doc. 353: MEPB 7, pp. 105–108.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Express Delivery
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- ◆ *Prohibited Names for Czechoslovakia*
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 - ◇ Postal Service / Foreign / Addresses
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- ◆ *Allowed Languages for Addresses in Turkey*
16.09.1925 – Doc. 177: MEPB 4, p. 74.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Foreign / Addresses
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- ◆ *Letter Rate to Great Britain and Northern Ireland (15.02.1926)*
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 - ◇ Postal Service / Foreign / Rates / U.K.
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- ◆ *Revised International Postal Regulations*
16.10.1925 – Doc. 180: MEPB 4, pp. 77–80.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Foreign / Regulations
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 - ◇ Universal Postal Union / International Postal Convention 1924

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- ◆ *Overland Mail Haifa–Baghdad (Despatch Times)*
01.10.1925 – Doc. 178: MEPB 4, p. 75.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Foreign / Routes
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Iraq (Overland)

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- ◆ *Opening of Branch Post Office at Haifa Bazaar (7.01.1929)*
16.01.1929 (07.01.1929) – Doc. 369: MEPB 8, p. 72.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Haifa Bazaar
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 - ◇ Telephone Service / Haifa Bazaar

Postal Service / Hedera

- ◆ *Opening of Ajami Post Office and Hedera Post Office*
15.04.1921 – Doc. 43: MEPB 2, p. 53.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Ajami (Jaffa)
 - ◇ Post Offices / Ajami (Jaffa)
 - ◇ Postal Service / Hedera
 - ◇ Post Offices / Hedera
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Ajami (Jaffa)

Postal Service / Inland Mail Transportation

- ◆ *Tenders for Mail Transportation*
01.11.1922 (01.01.1923) – Doc. 87: MEPB 2, p. 85.
 - ◇ Tenders
 - ◇ Postal Service / Inland Mail Transportation
- ◆ *Tenders*
01.12.1928 – Doc. 363: MEPB 7, p. 117.
 - ◇ Tenders
 - ◇ Postal Service / Inland Mail Transportation

Postal Service / Jenin

- ◆ *Opening of Jenin Post Office*
16.09.1920 – Doc. 31: MEPB 1, p. 92.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Jenin
 - ◇ Post Offices / Jenin

Postal Service / Jericho

- ◆ *Opening of Jericho Postal Agency*
15.11.1921 – Doc. 53: MEPB 2, p. 61.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Jericho
 - ◇ Post Offices / Jericho

Postal Service / Jerusalem Citadel

- ◆ *Jerusalem Citadel Branch Post Office (Opening)*
16.10.1929 (07.10.1929) – Doc. 423: MEPB 8, p. 120.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Jerusalem Citadel
 - ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem Citadel
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Jerusalem Citadel
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Jerusalem Citadel

Postal Service / Late Fees

- ◆ *Late Letter Fees*
16.08.1925 – Doc. 171: MEPB 4, p. 70.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Late Fees
 - ◇ Postage Rates / Late Fees
 - ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem
 - ◇ Post Offices / Jaffa
 - ◇ Post Offices / Haifa (Railway Station)

Postal Service / Ludd Junction

- ◆ *Telegraph & Telephone Services at Ludd Junction Post Office*
01.11.1922 (03.10.1922) – Doc. 86: MEPB 2, p. 83.
 - ◇ Post Offices / Ludd Junction
 - ◇ Postal Service / Ludd Junction
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Ludd Junction
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Ludd Junction

Postal Service / Ludd Village

- ◆ *Opening of Ludd Village Post Office*
15.01.1922 – Doc. 58: MEPB 2, p. 62.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Ludd Village
 - ◇ Post Offices / Ludd Village
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Ludd Village

Postal Service / Mejdol

- ◆ *Opening of Mejdol and Petah-Tikvah Post Offices*
15.11.1920 – Doc. 35: MEPB 1, p. 96.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Mejdol

- ◊ Post Offices / Mejdal
- ◊ Postal Service / Petah Tikvah
- ◊ Post Offices / Petah Tikvah

Postal Service / Petah Tikvah

- ◆ *Opening of Mejdal and Petah-Tikvah Post Offices*
15.11.1920 – Doc. 35: MEPB 1, p. 96.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Mejdal
 - ◊ Post Offices / Mejdal
 - ◊ Postal Service / Petah Tikvah
 - ◊ Post Offices / Petah Tikvah

Postal Service / Prohibitions

- ◆ *Liquids in Letter Post (Pathological Specimen)*
01.08.1923 (01.08.1923) – Doc. 104: MEPB 3, pp. 57–58.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Prohibitions

Postal Service / Rafa

- ◆ *Closure of Rafa Post Office*
01.07.1921 (31.05.1921) – Doc. 49: MEPB 2, p. 57.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Rafa
 - ◊ Post Offices / Rafa

Postal Service / Rates

- ◆ *Palestine Currency (Post Office Notice)*
16.10.1927 (01.11.1927) – Doc. 291: MEPB 6, p. 118.
 - ◊ Currency / Regulations
 - ◊ Postal Service / Rates
 - ◊ Parcel Service / Rates
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Rates
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Rates
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Rates

Postal Service / Rehovoth

- ◆ *Opening of Semakh Post Office and Rehovoth Post Office*
01.06.1921 – Doc. 46: MEPB 2, p. 55.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Semakh
 - ◊ Post Offices / Semakh
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Semakh
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
 - ◊ Postal Service / Rehovoth
 - ◊ Post Offices / Semakh
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Semakh
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion

Postal Service / Returned Undelivered

- ◆ *Non-Delivery of Inland Postal Packets*
15.10.1923 – Doc. 115: MEPB 3, p. 62.
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Postage Due
 - ◊ Postal Service / Returned Undelivered
- ◆ *Return of Non-Delivered Foreign Postal Packets*
15.10.1923 – Doc. 116: MEPB 3, p. 62.
 - ◊ Postage Rates / Postage Due
 - ◊ Postal Service / Returned Undelivered
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Returned Undelivered

Postal Service / Rishon-le-Zion

- ◆ *Opening of Rishon-le-Zion Post Office*
01.05.1921 – Doc. 44: MEPB 2, p. 53.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Rishon-le-Zion
 - ◊ Post Offices / Rishon-le-Zion
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Rosh Pinah
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Zicron Jacob
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Rishon-le-Zion

Postal Service / Rosh Pinah

- ◆ *Opening of Roshpinah Post Office*
15.03.1921 – Doc. 41: MEPB 2, p. 51.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Rosh Pinah
 - ◊ Post Offices / Rosh Pinah

Postal Service / Sarafend

- ◆ *Opening of Surafend Post Office on 12.05.1922*
01.06.1922 (12.05.1922) – Doc. 77: MEPB 2, p. 74.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Sarafend
 - ◊ Post Offices / Sarafend
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Sarafend
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Sarafend

Postal Service / Semakh

- ◆ *Opening of Semakh Post Office and Rehovoth Post Office*
01.06.1921 – Doc. 46: MEPB 2, p. 55.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Semakh
 - ◊ Post Offices / Semakh
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Semakh
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
 - ◊ Postal Service / Rehovoth
 - ◊ Post Offices / Semakh
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Semakh
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion

Posts and Telegraphs Circular / Printing

- ◆ *Tenders (Posts & Telegraphs Circular)*
01.03.1929 – Doc. 381: MEPB 8, p. 81.
 - ◊ Tenders
 - ◊ Posts and Telegraphs Circular / Printing

Railway Stations / Wadi Lijja

- ◆ *Closure of Wadi Lijja Railway Siding*
01.02.1927 (01.01.1927) – Doc. 256: MEPB 6, p. 56.
 - ◊ Railways / Stations
 - ◊ Railway Stations / Wadi Lijja

Railway Stations / Zarka (Trans-Jordan)

- ◆ *Opening of Zarka Railway Station*
16.02.1927 (01.03.1927) – Doc. 259: MEPB 6, p. 59.
 - ◊ Railways / Stations
 - ◊ Railway Stations / Zarka (Trans-Jordan)

Railways / Compensation

- ◆ *Limited Liability of Palestine Railways (Stamp Papers and Stamps)*
01.02.1922 (01.02.1922) – Doc. 60: MEPB 2, p. 64.
 - ◊ Railways / Compensation

Railways / Fares

- ◆ *Railways Tariff (Rates Reductions)*
01.01.1929 (01.01.1929) – Doc. 368: MEPB 8, p. 71.
 - ◊ Railways / Fares

Railways / Stations

- ◆ *Closure of Wadi Lijja Railway Siding*
01.02.1927 (01.01.1927) – Doc. 256: MEPB 6, p. 56.
 - ◊ Railways / Stations
 - ◊ Railway Stations / Wadi Lijja
- ◆ *Opening of Zarka Railway Station*
16.02.1927 (01.03.1927) – Doc. 259: MEPB 6, p. 59.
 - ◊ Railways / Stations
 - ◊ Railway Stations / Zarka (Trans-Jordan)

Railways / Timetable

- ◆ *Railway Schedule (Maan–Amman–Deraa)*
15.02.1926 – Doc. 195: MEPB 5, p. 51.
 ◇ Railways / Timetable
- ◆ *Change to Railway Schedule (Haifa–Damascus)*
16.03.1926 (01.03.1926) – Doc. 206: MEPB 5, p. 59.
 ◇ Railways / Timetable
- ◆ *Change to Railway Schedule (Lydda–Khan Yunis)*
16.05.1926 – Doc. 214: MEPB 5, p. 64.
 ◇ Railways / Timetable
- ◆ *Changes to Railway Schedule*
16.07.1926 (15.07.1926) – Doc. 222: MEPB 5, p. 70.
 ◇ Railways / Timetable
- ◆ *Change to Railway Schedule*
16.12.1926 (05.12.1926) – Doc. 254: MEPB 5, p. 87.
 ◇ Railways / Timetable
- ◆ *Railways Schedule (Rafa–Beersheba Service Closed)*
16.04.1927 (31.07.1927) – Doc. 266: MEPB 6, p. 84.
 ◇ Railways / Timetable
- ◆ *Revised Railways Timetable (1.08.1927)*
16.07.1927 (01.08.1927) – Doc. 277: MEPB 6, pp. 97–98.
 ◇ Railways / Timetable
- ◆ *Railways Timetable Changes (1.06.1928)*
16.06.1928 (01.06.1928) – Doc. 341: MEPB 7, pp. 92–93.
 ◇ Railways / Timetable
- ◆ *Railways Timetable Changes (1.09.1928)*
01.09.1928 (01.09.1928) – Doc. 354: MEPB 7, p. 109.
 ◇ Railways / Timetable
- ◆ *Railways Timetable Changes (1.03.1929)*
16.03.1929 (01.03.1929) – Doc. 386: MEPB 8, p. 89.
 ◇ Railways / Timetable
- ◆ *Railways Time Table Revised (15.06.1929)*
01.07.1929 (15.06.1929) – Doc. 407: MEPB 8, p. 106.
 ◇ Railways / Timetable

Registration

- ◆ *Compensation for Loss of Registered Mail*
01.05.1920 – Doc. 20: MEPB 1, p. 80.
 ◇ Registration
 ◇ Registration / Compensation
- ◆ *Registered Items accepted at Weekends*
15.07.1921 – Doc. 51: MEPB 2, p. 58.
 ◇ Registration
 ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem
 ◇ Post Offices / Jaffa
 ◇ Post Offices / Haifa
- ◆ *Registered Items accepted at Jaffa & Haifa GPOs up to 6 p.m.*
15.02.1922 (01.02.1922) – Doc. 64: MEPB 2, p. 67.
 ◇ Registration
 ◇ Post Offices / Jaffa
 ◇ Post Offices / Haifa
- ◆ *Postage Rates and Registration to Trans-Jordan*
15.03.1922 – Doc. 68: MEPB 2, p. 70.
 ◇ Registration
 ◇ Foreign Service / Trans-Jordan
 ◇ Postage Rates / Trans-Jordan
- ◆ *Limits of Compensation (International Registered Mail)*
01.06.1925 – Doc. 161: MEPB 4, p. 65.
 ◇ Registration
 ◇ Foreign Service / Registration

Registration / Compensation

- ◆ *Compensation for Loss of Registered Mail*
01.05.1920 – Doc. 20: MEPB 1, p. 80.

- ◇ Registration
- ◇ Registration / Compensation

- ◆ *Miscarriage or Loss of Postal Orders*
01.10.1923 – Doc. 113: MEPB 3, p. 62.
 ◇ Registration / Compensation
 ◇ Registration / Compensation
- ◆ *Miscarriage or Loss of Postal Orders*
01.10.1923 – Doc. 113: MEPB 3, p. 62.
 ◇ Registration / Compensation
 ◇ Registration / Compensation
- ◆ *Compensation for Loss or Damage*
01.11.1927 – Doc. 294: MEPB 6, pp. 123–124.
 ◇ Compensation
 ◇ Postal Service / Compensation
 ◇ Parcel Service / Compensation
 ◇ Registration / Compensation
 ◇ Foreign Service / Compensation

Reply Coupons

- ◆ *International Reply Coupons*
01.04.1926 (01.04.1926) – Doc. 209: MEPB 5, p. 61.
 ◇ Reply Coupons
 ◇ Foreign Service / Reply Coupons

Revenue Stamps / Forgeries

- ◆ *Forgeries of Fiscal stamps (OPDA and HJZ)*
01.11.1924 – Doc. 147: MEPB 3, p. 83.
 ◇ Revenue Stamps / Forgeries

Revenue Stamps / Regulations

- ◆ *Draft Stamp Duty Ordinance 1927*
01.04.1927 – Doc. 264: MEPB 6, pp. 70–78.
 ◇ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
 ◇ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps
- ◆ *Stamp Duty Ordinance 1927 (Regulations)*
16.05.1927 – Doc. 270: MEPB 6, pp. 86–91.
 ◇ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
 ◇ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps
- ◆ *Stamp Duty Ordinance, 1927 (Promulgation)*
16.10.1927 (01.11.1927) – Doc. 289: MEPB 6, p. 114.
 ◇ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
 ◇ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps
- ◆ *Court Fees Rules 1927*
16.11.1927 – Doc. 298: MEPB 6, pp. 126–129.
 ◇ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
 ◇ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps
 ◇ Ordinances / Court Fees
- ◆ *Stamp Duty Ordinance 1927 (Correction)*
01.06.1928 – Doc. 338: MEPB 7, p. 89.
 ◇ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
 ◇ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps
- ◆ *Stamp Duty Amendment Ordinance 1929 (Draft)*
16.02.1929 – Doc. 374: MEPB 8, pp. 75–77.
 ◇ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
 ◇ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps
- ◆ *Stamp Duty Amendment Ordinance*
16.06.1929 – Doc. 404: MEPB 8, pp. 103–104.
 ◇ Revenue Stamps / Regulations
 ◇ Ordinances / Revenue Stamps

Revenue Stamps / Sales

- ◆ *Ottoman Public Debt Administration Stamps now sold by the Treasury*
15.09.1923 – Doc. 111: MEPB 3, p. 60.
 ◇ Revenue Stamps / Sales
 ◇ General Administration / O.P.D.A.

Sea Transport / Light House (Stella Maris/Mount Cramel)

- ◆ *[Inauguration of the new light at Stella Maris/Mount Carmel light house]*
16.02.1928 (28.01.1928) – Fig. 131: MEPB 7, p. 80.
 ◇ Sea Transport / Light House (Stella Maris/Mount Cramel)
- ◆ *[Inauguration of the new light at Stella Maris/Mount Carmel light house]*
... (28.01.1928) – Fig. 132: MEPB 7, p. 80.
 ◇ Photograph
 ◇ Sea Transport / Light House (Stella Maris/Mount Cramel)
- ◆ *French postcard [1904, Stella Maris/Mount Carmel light house]*
... (28.01.1928) – Fig. 133: MEPB 7, p. 80.
 ◇ Cover (foreign)
 ◇ Photograph
 ◇ Sea Transport / Light House (Stella Maris/Mount Cramel)

Telegraph Offices / List

- ◆ *Postage, Parcel, Telegraph and other Rates*
15.08.1919 – Doc. 3: MEPB 1, pp. 62–63.
 ◇ Postage Rates
 ◇ Post Offices / Opening Times
 ◇ Telegraph Rates
 ◇ Telegraph Offices / List
 ◇ Parcel Rates

Telegraph Rates

- ◆ *Postage, Parcel, Telegraph and other Rates*
15.08.1919 – Doc. 3: MEPB 1, pp. 62–63.
 ◇ Postage Rates
 ◇ Post Offices / Opening Times
 ◇ Telegraph Rates
 ◇ Telegraph Offices / List
 ◇ Parcel Rates
- ◆ *Sunday Telegrams for Egypt and the Sudan*
01.05.1920 (02.05.1920) – Doc. 21: MEPB 1, p. 82.
 ◇ Telegraph Rates
 ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt
- ◆ *Postage Rates: modifications*
01.09.1920 – Doc. 30: MEPB 1, p. 91.
 ◇ Postage Rates
 ◇ Parcel Rates
 ◇ Telegraph Rates
- ◆ *Cheaper Telegram Route to America*
15.02.1922 – Doc. 63: MEPB 2, p. 67.
 ◇ Telegraph Rates
 ◇ Foreign Service / The Americas
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Eastern-Marconi
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Eastern-North Atlantic Cable
- ◆ *Urgent Telegrams (List of Excepted Countries)*
15.04.1922 (21.04.1922) – Doc. 72: MEPB 2, p. 72.
 ◇ Telegraph Rates
 ◇ Foreign Service
- ◆ *Wireless Telegrams to the UK from 15.05.1922*
01.06.1922 (15.05.1922) – Doc. 76: MEPB 2, p. 74.
 ◇ Telegraph Rates
 ◇ Foreign Service / U.K.
- ◆ *Wireless Telegrams to the UK*
01.10.1922 – Doc. 85: MEPB 2, p. 82.
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Wireless
 ◇ Foreign Service / U.K.
 ◇ Telegraph Rates
- ◆ *Wireless Telegram to Germany*
15.07.1923 – Doc. 101: MEPB 3, p. 55.
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Wireless

- ◇ Foreign Service / Germany
- ◇ Telegraph Rates

◆ *Minimum Charge for Telegrams to Egypt, Trans-Jordan & Sudan*

- 15.06.1924 – Doc. 137: MEPB 3, p. 78.
 ◇ Telegraph Rates
 ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt
 ◇ Foreign Service / Trans-Jordan
 ◇ Foreign Service / Sudan

Telegraph Rates / Foreign

- ◆ *Christmas & New Year Telegrams*
16.12.1928 (15.12.1928) – Doc. 366: MEPB 7, p. 121.
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams
 ◇ Foreign Service
 ◇ Telegraph Rates / Foreign
- ◆ *Telegrams (Jewish New Year)*
01.10.1929 (01.10.1929) – Doc. 421: MEPB 8, pp. 116–117.
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Jewish New Year Telegrams
 ◇ Foreign Service
 ◇ Telegraph Rates / Foreign
- ◆ *Foreign Telegrams (Usage of Codes)*
16.10.1929 (01.10.1929) – Doc. 422: MEPB 8, pp. 117–118.
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Regulations
 ◇ Foreign Service
 ◇ Telegraph Rates / Foreign
- ◆ *Telegrams (Christmas and New Year)*
16.12.1929 (15.12.1929) – Doc. 431: MEPB 8, pp. 130–131.
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams
 ◇ Foreign Service
 ◇ Telegraph Rates / Foreign

Telegraph Rates / Foreign (Egypt)

- ◆ *Urgent Telegrams*
15.04.1922 (01.04.1922) – Doc. 69: MEPB 2, p. 70.
 ◇ Telegraph Rates / Foreign (Sudan)
 ◇ Telegraph Rates / Foreign (Egypt)
 ◇ Foreign Service / Sudan

Telegraph Rates / Foreign (Sudan)

- ◆ *Urgent Telegrams*
15.04.1922 (01.04.1922) – Doc. 69: MEPB 2, p. 70.
 ◇ Telegraph Rates / Foreign (Sudan)
 ◇ Telegraph Rates / Foreign (Egypt)
 ◇ Foreign Service / Sudan

Telegraph Service / Afule

- ◆ *Opening of Afule Post Office 11.08.1922 / Telegraph Service at Ber Yacob*
01.09.1922 (11.08.1922) – Doc. 83: MEPB 2, p. 81.
 ◇ Post Offices / Afule
 ◇ Postal Service / Afule
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Afule
 ◇ Telephone Service / Afule
 ◇ Post Offices / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)

Telegraph Service / Ain Harod

- ◆ *Opening of Ain Harod Post Office (20.11.1927)*
16.12.1927 (20.11.1927) – Doc. 314: MEPB 6, p. 145.
 ◇ Postal Service / Ain Harod
 ◇ Post Offices / Ain Harod
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Ain Harod
 ◇ Telephone Service / Ain Harod

Telegraph Service / Ajami (Jaffa)

- ◆ *Telegram and Parcel Service at Ajami (Jaffa) Post Office*
15.11.1921 (16.11.1921) – Doc. 54: MEPB 2, p. 61.

- ◊ Postal Service / Ajami (Jaffa)
- ◊ Post Offices / Ajami (Jaffa)
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Ajami (Jaffa)

Telegraph Service / Beersheba

- ◆ *Telegraph Service at Beersheba PO*
16.12.1919 – Doc. 15: MEPB 1, p. 77.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Beersheba
 - ◊ Post Offices / Beersheba

Telegraph Service / Beisan

- ◆ *Telegram Service at Beisan Post Office*
15.08.1923 – Doc. 107: MEPB 3, p. 59.
 - ◊ Post Offices / Beisan
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Beisan

Telegraph Service / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)

- ◆ *Opening of Afule Post Office 11.08.1922 / Telegraph Service at Ber Yacob*
01.09.1922 (11.08.1922) – Doc. 83: MEPB 2, p. 81.
 - ◊ Post Offices / Afule
 - ◊ Postal Service / Afule
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Afule
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Afule
 - ◊ Post Offices / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)

Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams

- ◆ *Christmas & New Year Telegrams*
01.12.1926 – Doc. 251: MEPB 5, p. 85.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams
 - ◊ Foreign Service / U.K.
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Ireland
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Malta
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Gibraltar
- ◆ *Christmas & New Year Telegrams*
16.12.1927 (15.12.1927) – Doc. 313: MEPB 6, p. 144.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams
 - ◊ Foreign Service / U.K.
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Ireland
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Malta
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Gibraltar
- ◆ *Christmas & New Year Telegrams*
16.12.1928 (15.12.1928) – Doc. 366: MEPB 7, p. 121.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams
 - ◊ Foreign Service
 - ◊ Telegraph Rates / Foreign
- ◆ *Telegrams (Christmas and New Year)*
16.12.1929 (15.12.1929) – Doc. 431: MEPB 8, pp. 130–131.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Christmas & New Year Telegrams
 - ◊ Foreign Service
 - ◊ Telegraph Rates / Foreign

Telegraph Service / Eastern-Marconi

- ◆ *Cheaper Telegram Route to America*
15.02.1922 – Doc. 63: MEPB 2, p. 67.
 - ◊ Telegraph Rates
 - ◊ Foreign Service / The Americas
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Eastern-Marconi
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Eastern-North Atlantic Cable

Telegraph Service / Eastern-North Atlantic Cable

- ◆ *Cheaper Telegram Route to America*
15.02.1922 – Doc. 63: MEPB 2, p. 67.
 - ◊ Telegraph Rates
 - ◊ Foreign Service / The Americas
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Eastern-Marconi
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Eastern-North Atlantic Cable

Telegraph Service / Foreign / Italy

- ◆ *Direct Telegraph Service to Italy via Egypt*
01.12.1925 – Doc. 185: MEPB 4, p. 82.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Foreign / Italy
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Italy
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Wireless

Telegraph Service / Foreign / Lebanon

- ◆ *Telegraph Service via Beirut*
01.02.1926 (13.01.1926) – Doc. 191: MEPB 5, p. 48.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Foreign / Lebanon
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Lebanon
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Wireless

Telegraph Service / Foreign Service (Turkey)

- ◆ *Telegrams to Turkey (Prohibition of Arabic Characters)*
01.06.1929 – Doc. 402: MEPB 8, p. 103.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Regulations
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Foreign Service (Turkey)
 - ◊ Foreign Service / Turkey

Telegraph Service / Haifa Bazaar

- ◆ *Opening of Branch Post Office at Haifa Bazaar (7.01.1929)*
16.01.1929 (07.01.1929) – Doc. 369: MEPB 8, p. 72.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Haifa Bazaar
 - ◊ Post Offices / Haifa Bazaar
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Haifa Bazaar
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Haifa Bazaar

Telegraph Service / Haifa Hadar Hacarmel

- ◆ *Telegram Service at Hadar Hacarmel Branch Post Office (1.11.1929)*
01.11.1929 (01.11.1929) – Doc. 425: MEPB 8, p. 123.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Haifa Hadar Hacarmel
 - ◊ Post Offices / Haifa Hadar Hacarmel

Telegraph Service / Hedera

- ◆ *Telegram Service at Hedera Post Office*
01.07.1921 – Doc. 48: MEPB 2, p. 57.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Hedera
 - ◊ Post Offices / Hedera
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Hedera

Telegraph Service / Jerusalem

- ◆ *24-hour Telegram Service at Jerusalem GPO*
01.01.1922 (26.12.1921) – Doc. 57: MEPB 2, p. 62.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Jerusalem
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem

Telegraph Service / Jerusalem Citadel

- ◆ *Jerusalem Citadel Branch Post Office (Opening)*
16.10.1929 (07.10.1929) – Doc. 423: MEPB 8, p. 120.
 - ◊ Postal Service / Jerusalem Citadel
 - ◊ Post Offices / Jerusalem Citadel
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Jerusalem Citadel
 - ◊ Telephone Service / Jerusalem Citadel

Telegraph Service / Jewish New Year Telegrams

- ◆ *Telegrams (Jewish New Year)*
01.10.1929 (01.10.1929) – Doc. 421: MEPB 8, pp. 116–117.
 - ◊ Telegraph Service / Jewish New Year Telegrams
 - ◊ Foreign Service
 - ◊ Telegraph Rates / Foreign

Telegraph Service / Letter Telegram

- ◆ *Daily Letter Telegram Service to Australia and New Zealand (1.05.1928)*

01.05.1928 (01.05.1928) – Doc. 331: MEPB 7, p. 85.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Letter Telegram
- ◊ Foreign Service / Australia
- ◊ Foreign Service / New Zealand

◆ *Daily Letter Telegram Service to U.S.A. (1.11.1928)*

16.11.1928 (01.11.1928) – Doc. 362: MEPB 7, p. 116.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Letter Telegram
- ◊ Foreign Service / U.S.A.

◆ *Daily Letter Telegram Service (Canada) (10.06.1929)*

01.07.1929 (10.06.1929) – Doc. 408: MEPB 8, p. 107.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Letter Telegram
- ◊ Foreign Service / Canada

Telegraph Service / Lines

◆ *Electricity Ordinance 1928 (Draft)*

01.07.1928 – Doc. 344: MEPB 7, pp. 94–96.

- ◊ General Administration / Electricity
- ◊ Ordinances / Electricity
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Lines

Telegraph Service / Ludd Junction

◆ *Telegraph & Telephone Services at Ludd Junction Post Office*

01.11.1922 (03.10.1922) – Doc. 86: MEPB 2, p. 83.

- ◊ Post Offices / Ludd Junction
- ◊ Postal Service / Ludd Junction
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Ludd Junction
- ◊ Telephone Service / Ludd Junction

Telegraph Service / Mejdol

◆ *Telegrams at Mejdol Post Office / Telegraphic Address for Central Government Laboratory*

01.03.1921 – Doc. 40: MEPB 2, p. 51.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Mejdol
- ◊ Post Offices / Mejdol
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Telegraphic Addresses

Telegraph Service / Nablus

◆ *Telegraph Service at Nablus / PO Telegrams to O.E.T.A. West, East & Egypt*

01.09.1919 – Doc. 5: MEPB 1, p. 68.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Nablus
- ◊ Post Offices / Nablus
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Risk
- ◊ Foreign Service / O.E.T.A.

Telegraph Service / Petah Tikvah

◆ *Telegram Service at Petach Tikvah Post Office*

01.12.1921 – Doc. 55: MEPB 2, p. 61.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Petah Tikvah
- ◊ Post Offices / Petah Tikvah

Telegraph Service / Postal Forwarding

◆ *Telegrams Foreign-Mixed Telegraph and Postal Service*

01.03.1924 (23.02.1924) – Doc. 126: MEPB 3, p. 71.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Postal Forwarding
- ◊ Foreign Service

Telegraph Service / Ramallah

◆ *Telegraph Service at Ramallah PO*

01.01.1920 – Doc. 17: MEPB 1, p. 78.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Ramallah
- ◊ Post Offices / Ramallah

Telegraph Service / Rates

◆ *Palestine Currency (Post Office Notice)*

16.10.1927 (01.11.1927) – Doc. 291: MEPB 6, p. 118.

- ◊ Currency / Regulations

◊ Postal Service / Rates

◊ Parcel Service / Rates

◊ Telegraph Service / Rates

◊ Telephone Service / Rates

◊ Foreign Service / Rates

Telegraph Service / Regulations

◆ *Hebrew Telegrams in Latin Script*

01.11.1919 – Doc. 12: MEPB 1, p. 76.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Regulations

◆ *Insufficiently addressed Telegrams*

01.01.1920 (01.02.1920) – Doc. 16: MEPB 1, p. 78.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Regulations

◆ *Telegrams to Turkey (Prohibition of Arabic Characters)*

01.06.1929 – Doc. 402: MEPB 8, p. 103.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Regulations
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Foreign Service (Turkey)
- ◊ Foreign Service / Turkey

◆ *Foreign Telegrams (Usage of Codes)*

16.10.1929 (01.10.1929) – Doc. 422: MEPB 8, pp. 117–118.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Regulations
- ◊ Foreign Service
- ◊ Telegraph Rates / Foreign

◆ *Telegraph Cypher Codes*

... – Suppl. Doc. 1929/2: MEPB 8, p. 119.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Regulations

Telegraph Service / Rishon-le-Zion

◆ *Opening of Rishon-le-Zion Post Office*

01.05.1921 – Doc. 44: MEPB 2, p. 53.

- ◊ Postal Service / Rishon-le-Zion
- ◊ Post Offices / Rishon-le-Zion
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Rosh Pinah
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Zicron Jacob
- ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Rishon-le-Zion

Telegraph Service / Risk

◆ *Telegraph Service at Nablus / PO Telegrams to O.E.T.A. West, East & Egypt*

01.09.1919 – Doc. 5: MEPB 1, p. 68.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Nablus
- ◊ Post Offices / Nablus
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Risk
- ◊ Foreign Service / O.E.T.A.

Telegraph Service / Rosh Pinah

◆ *Opening of Rishon-le-Zion Post Office*

01.05.1921 – Doc. 44: MEPB 2, p. 53.

- ◊ Postal Service / Rishon-le-Zion
- ◊ Post Offices / Rishon-le-Zion
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Rosh Pinah
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Zicron Jacob
- ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Rishon-le-Zion

Telegraph Service / Sarafend

◆ *Opening of Surafend Post Office on 12.05.1922*

01.06.1922 (12.05.1922) – Doc. 77: MEPB 2, p. 74.

- ◊ Postal Service / Sarafend
- ◊ Post Offices / Sarafend
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Sarafend
- ◊ Telephone Service / Sarafend

Telegraph Service / Semakh

◆ *Opening of Semakh Post Office and Rehovoth Post Office*

01.06.1921 – Doc. 46: MEPB 2, p. 55.

- ◊ Postal Service / Semakh

- ◊ Post Offices / Semakh
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Semakh
- ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
- ◊ Postal Service / Rehovoth
- ◊ Post Offices / Semakh
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Semakh
- ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion

◆ *Opening of Semakh Post Office and Rehovoth Post Office*

01.06.1921 – Doc. 46: MEPB 2, p. 55.

- ◊ Postal Service / Semakh
- ◊ Post Offices / Semakh
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Semakh
- ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
- ◊ Postal Service / Rehovoth
- ◊ Post Offices / Semakh
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Semakh
- ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion

Telegraph Service / Sinai Telegraphs

◆ *Personnel*

01.01.1928 (05.12.1927) – Doc. 319: MEPB 7, p. 67.

- ◊ Personnel / Tout, R. W. C.
- ◊ Personnel / Parkes, H.
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Sinai Telegraphs

Telegraph Service / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)

◆ *Opening of Allenby Road (Tel-Aviv) Branch Post Office (5.05.1925)*

01.06.1925 (05.05.1925) – Doc. 162: MEPB 4, p. 65.

- ◊ Post Offices / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)
- ◊ Telephone Service / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)
- ◊ Telephone Service / Rates

Telegraph Service / Telegraph Money Orders

◆ *Inland Telegraph Money Orders*

15.12.1921 (10.12.1921) – Doc. 56: MEPB 2, p. 62.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Telegraph Money Orders
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Wireless Ship Service

Telegraph Service / Telegraphic Addresses

◆ *Telegraphic Addresses of Governorates*

01.09.1920 – Doc. 28: MEPB 1, p. 89.

- ◊ General Administration / Telegraphic Addresses
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Telegraphic Addresses

◆ *Telegrams at Mejdal Post Office / Telegraphic Address for Central Government Laboratory*

01.03.1921 – Doc. 40: MEPB 2, p. 51.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Mejdal
- ◊ Post Offices / Mejdal
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Telegraphic Addresses

Telegraph Service / Wireless

◆ *Wireless Telegrams to the UK*

01.10.1922 – Doc. 85: MEPB 2, p. 82.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Wireless
- ◊ Foreign Service / U.K.
- ◊ Telegraph Rates

◆ *Wireless Telegram to Germany*

15.07.1923 – Doc. 101: MEPB 3, p. 55.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Wireless
- ◊ Foreign Service / Germany
- ◊ Telegraph Rates

◆ *Wireless Telegrams to the Whole of Europe*

01.09.1923 – Doc. 109: MEPB 3, p. 60.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Wireless
- ◊ Foreign Service / Europe

◆ *Direct Telegraph Service to Italy via Egypt*

01.12.1925 – Doc. 185: MEPB 4, p. 82.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Foreign / Italy
- ◊ Foreign Service / Italy
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Wireless

◆ *Telegraph Service via Beirut*

01.02.1926 (13.01.1926) – Doc. 191: MEPB 5, p. 48.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Foreign / Lebanon
- ◊ Foreign Service / Lebanon
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Wireless

Telegraph Service / Wireless Ship Service

◆ *Inland Telegraph Money Orders*

15.12.1921 (10.12.1921) – Doc. 56: MEPB 2, p. 62.

- ◊ Telegraph Service / Telegraph Money Orders
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Wireless Ship Service

Telegraph Service / Zicron Jacob

◆ *Opening of Rishon-le-Zion Post Office*

01.05.1921 – Doc. 44: MEPB 2, p. 53.

- ◊ Postal Service / Rishon-le-Zion
- ◊ Post Offices / Rishon-le-Zion
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Rosh Pinah
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Zicron Jacob
- ◊ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Rishon-le-Zion

Telephone Directory / Printing

◆ *Tenders (Printing of Telephone Directory)*

01.05.1929 – Doc. 399: MEPB 8, p. 100.

- ◊ Tenders
- ◊ Telephone Directory / Printing

Telephone Rates

◆ *Telephone Service at Talat-el-Dum Police Post*

01.08.1926 – Doc. 226: MEPB 5, p. 73.

- ◊ Telephone Service / Talat el-Dum
- ◊ Telephone Rates

Telephone Service

◆ *Telephone Cabinets (Tenders)*

01.01.1928 – Doc. 318: MEPB 7, p. 67.

- ◊ Tenders
- ◊ Telephone Service

◆ *Continuous Telephone Service at Acre*

16.10.1928 – Doc. 358: MEPB 7, p. 114.

- ◊ Telephone Service
- ◊ Post Offices / Acre

Telephone Service / Afule

◆ *Opening of Afule Post Office 11.08.1922 / Telegraph Service at Ber Yacob*

01.09.1922 (11.08.1922) – Doc. 83: MEPB 2, p. 81.

- ◊ Post Offices / Afule
- ◊ Postal Service / Afule
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Afule
- ◊ Telephone Service / Afule
- ◊ Post Offices / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Ber Yacob (Bir Salem)

Telephone Service / Ain Harod

◆ *Opening of Ain Harod Post Office (20.11.1927)*

16.12.1927 (20.11.1927) – Doc. 314: MEPB 6, p. 145.

- ◊ Postal Service / Ain Harod
- ◊ Post Offices / Ain Harod
- ◊ Telegraph Service / Ain Harod
- ◊ Telephone Service / Ain Harod

Telephone Service / Ajami (Jaffa)

- ◆ *Opening of Ajami Post Office and Hedera Post Office*
15.04.1921 – Doc. 43: MEPB 2, p. 53.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Ajami (Jaffa)
 - ◇ Post Offices / Ajami (Jaffa)
 - ◇ Postal Service / Hedera
 - ◇ Post Offices / Hedera
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Ajami (Jaffa)

Telephone Service / Beersheba

- ◆ *Continuous Telephone Service at Hebron, Beersheba, and Gaza*
16.06.1926 (23.06.1926) – Doc. 217: MEPB 5, p. 67.
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Hebron
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Beersheba
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Gaza
 - ◇ Post Offices / Hebron
 - ◇ Post Offices / Beersheba
 - ◇ Post Offices / Gaza

Telephone Service / Enab

- ◆ *Telephone Service at Enab*
01.01.1925 – Doc. 151: MEPB 4, p. 58.
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Enab
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Rates

Telephone Service / Foreign / Egypt

- ◆ *Egypt Telephone Service (Extension to Alexandria)*
01.10.1927 (01.10.1927) – Doc. 286: MEPB 6, p. 112.
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Foreign / Egypt
 - ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Rates

Telephone Service / Foreign / Egypt / Rate

- ◆ *Telephone Connection with Egypt*
15.02.1926 (01.02.1926) – Doc. 196: MEPB 5, p. 52.
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Foreign / Egypt / Rate
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Rates / Egypt
- ◆ *Telephone Connection with Egypt*
01.03.1926 – Doc. 201: MEPB 5, p. 56.
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Foreign / Egypt / Rate
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Rates / Egypt

Telephone Service / Gaza

- ◆ *Continuous Telephone Service at Hebron, Beersheba, and Gaza*
16.06.1926 (23.06.1926) – Doc. 217: MEPB 5, p. 67.
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Hebron
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Beersheba
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Gaza
 - ◇ Post Offices / Hebron
 - ◇ Post Offices / Beersheba
 - ◇ Post Offices / Gaza

Telephone Service / Haifa Bazaar

- ◆ *Opening of Branch Post Office at Haifa Bazaar (7.01.1929)*
16.01.1929 (07.01.1929) – Doc. 369: MEPB 8, p. 72.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Haifa Bazaar
 - ◇ Post Offices / Haifa Bazaar
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Haifa Bazaar
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Haifa Bazaar

Telephone Service / Hebron

- ◆ *Continuous Telephone Service at Hebron, Beersheba, and Gaza*
16.06.1926 (23.06.1926) – Doc. 217: MEPB 5, p. 67.
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Hebron

- ◇ Telephone Service / Beersheba
- ◇ Telephone Service / Gaza
- ◇ Post Offices / Hebron
- ◇ Post Offices / Beersheba
- ◇ Post Offices / Gaza

Telephone Service / Hedera

- ◆ *Telegram Service at Hedera Post Office*
01.07.1921 – Doc. 48: MEPB 2, p. 57.
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Hedera
 - ◇ Post Offices / Hedera
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Hedera

Telephone Service / Jericho

- ◆ *Telephone Service at Jericho*
01.11.1926 – Doc. 241: MEPB 5, p. 84.
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Jericho
 - ◇ Post Offices / Jericho

Telephone Service / Jerusalem Citadel

- ◆ *Jerusalem Citadel Branch Post Office (Opening)*
16.10.1929 (07.10.1929) – Doc. 423: MEPB 8, p. 120.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Jerusalem Citadel
 - ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem Citadel
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Jerusalem Citadel
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Jerusalem Citadel

Telephone Service / Khan Lubban

- ◆ *Telephone Service at Ras el Nakurah & Khan Lubban*
01.04.1924 – Doc. 128: MEPB 3, p. 72.
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Ras el-Nakurah
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Khan Lubban
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Rates

Telephone Service / Ludd Junction

- ◆ *Telegraph & Telephone Services at Ludd Junction Post Office*
01.11.1922 (03.10.1922) – Doc. 86: MEPB 2, p. 83.
 - ◇ Post Offices / Ludd Junction
 - ◇ Postal Service / Ludd Junction
 - ◇ Telegraph Service / Ludd Junction
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Ludd Junction

Telephone Service / Ludd Village

- ◆ *Opening of Ludd Village Post Office*
15.01.1922 – Doc. 58: MEPB 2, p. 62.
 - ◇ Postal Service / Ludd Village
 - ◇ Post Offices / Ludd Village
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Ludd Village

Telephone Service / Nablus

- ◆ *Day and Night Telephone Service at Nablus*
15.04.1924 – Doc. 129: MEPB 3, p. 72.
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Nablus
 - ◇ Post Offices / Nablus

Telephone Service / Ras el-Nakurah

- ◆ *Telephone Service at Ras el Nakurah & Khan Lubban*
01.04.1924 – Doc. 128: MEPB 3, p. 72.
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Ras el-Nakurah
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Khan Lubban
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Rates

Telephone Service / Rates

- ◆ *Telephone Service at Ras el Nakurah & Khan Lubban*
01.04.1924 – Doc. 128: MEPB 3, p. 72.
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Ras el-Nakurah
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Khan Lubban
 - ◇ Telephone Service / Rates

- ◆ **Urgent Telephone Trunk Calls**
01.06.1924 (01.06.1924) – Doc. 135: MEPB 3, p. 78.
 ◇ Telephone Service / Rates
- ◆ **Telephone Service at Enab**
01.01.1925 – Doc. 151: MEPB 4, p. 58.
 ◇ Telephone Service / Enab
 ◇ Telephone Service / Rates
- ◆ **Opening of Allenby Road (Tel-Aviv) Branch Post Office (5.05.1925)**
01.06.1925 (05.05.1925) – Doc. 162: MEPB 4, p. 65.
 ◇ Post Offices / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)
 ◇ Telephone Service / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)
 ◇ Telephone Service / Rates
- ◆ **Egypt Telephone Service (Extension to Alexandria)**
01.10.1927 (01.10.1927) – Doc. 286: MEPB 6, p. 112.
 ◇ Telephone Service / Foreign / Egypt
 ◇ Foreign Service / Egypt
 ◇ Telephone Service / Rates
- ◆ **Palestine Currency (Post Office Notice)**
16.10.1927 (01.11.1927) – Doc. 291: MEPB 6, p. 118.
 ◇ Currency / Regulations
 ◇ Postal Service / Rates
 ◇ Parcel Service / Rates
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Rates
 ◇ Telephone Service / Rates
 ◇ Foreign Service / Rates

Telephone Service / Rates / Egypt

- ◆ **Telephone Connection with Egypt**
15.02.1926 (01.02.1926) – Doc. 196: MEPB 5, p. 52.
 ◇ Telephone Service / Foreign / Egypt / Rate
 ◇ Telephone Service / Rates / Egypt
- ◆ **Telephone Connection with Egypt**
01.03.1926 – Doc. 201: MEPB 5, p. 56.
 ◇ Telephone Service / Foreign / Egypt / Rate
 ◇ Telephone Service / Rates / Egypt

Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion

- ◆ **Opening of Rishon-le-Zion Post Office**
01.05.1921 – Doc. 44: MEPB 2, p. 53.
 ◇ Postal Service / Rishon-le-Zion
 ◇ Post Offices / Rishon-le-Zion
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Rosh Pinah
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Zicron Jacob
 ◇ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Rishon-le-Zion
- ◆ **Opening of Semakh Post Office and Rehovoth Post Office**
01.06.1921 – Doc. 46: MEPB 2, p. 55.
 ◇ Postal Service / Semakh
 ◇ Post Offices / Semakh
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Semakh
 ◇ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
 ◇ Postal Service / Rehovoth
 ◇ Post Offices / Semakh
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Semakh
 ◇ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
- ◆ **Opening of Semakh Post Office and Rehovoth Post Office**
01.06.1921 – Doc. 46: MEPB 2, p. 55.
 ◇ Postal Service / Semakh
 ◇ Post Offices / Semakh
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Semakh
 ◇ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion
 ◇ Postal Service / Rehovoth
 ◇ Post Offices / Semakh
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Semakh
 ◇ Telephone Service / Rishon-le-Zion

Telephone Service / Sarafend

- ◆ **Opening of Surafend Post Office on 12.05.1922**
01.06.1922 (12.05.1922) – Doc. 77: MEPB 2, p. 74.
 ◇ Postal Service / Sarafend
 ◇ Post Offices / Sarafend
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Sarafend
 ◇ Telephone Service / Sarafend

Telephone Service / Talat el-Dum

- ◆ **Telephone Service at Talat-el-Dum Police Post**
01.08.1926 – Doc. 226: MEPB 5, p. 73.
 ◇ Telephone Service / Talat el-Dum
 ◇ Telephone Rates

Telephone Service / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)

- ◆ **Opening of Allenby Road (Tel-Aviv) Branch Post Office (5.05.1925)**
01.06.1925 (05.05.1925) – Doc. 162: MEPB 4, p. 65.
 ◇ Post Offices / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)
 ◇ Telegraph Service / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)
 ◇ Telephone Service / Tel Aviv (Allenby Road)
 ◇ Telephone Service / Rates

Tenders

- ◆ **Tenders for Repairs to Jerusalem General Post Office**
01.07.1921 – Doc. 50: MEPB 2, p. 57.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◆ **Tenders for Repairs to Hebron Sub-Post Office**
01.03.1922 – Doc. 66: MEPB 2, p. 69.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Post Offices / Hebron
- ◆ **Tenders for Repairs to Parcel Post Office**
01.05.1922 – Doc. 74: MEPB 2, p. 73.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◆ **Tenders for Mail Transportation**
01.11.1922 (01.01.1923) – Doc. 87: MEPB 2, p. 85.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Service / Inland Mail Transportation
- ◆ **Tenders (Telegraph Poles)**
01.02.1924 (14.02.1924) – Doc. 123: MEPB 3, p. 69.
 ◇ Tenders
- ◆ **Tenders (Imara Station Buildings)**
15.02.1924 – Doc. 125: MEPB 3, p. 70.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Imara Station
- ◆ **Tenders (RAF T&T Routes)**
15.03.1924 – Doc. 127: MEPB 3, p. 71.
 ◇ Tenders
- ◆ **Tenders for Telegraph Poles**
15.07.1924 – Doc. 141: MEPB 3, p. 80.
 ◇ Tenders
- ◆ **Tenders for Repairs at the General Post Office**
01.08.1924 – Doc. 143: MEPB 3, p. 81.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem
- ◆ **Tenders for Repairs at P. & T. Shed**
15.11.1924 – Doc. 149: MEPB 3, p. 84.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Jerusalem (P. & T. Stores)
- ◆ **Sales by Tender**
15.11.1924 – Doc. 150: MEPB 3, p. 85.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Haifa

- ◆ *Tenders*
15.04.1925 – Doc. 157: MEPB 4, p. 62.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Haifa (P. & T. Stores)
 - ◆ *Tenders*
01.06.1925 – Doc. 163: MEPB 4, p. 66.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Nablus
 - ◆ *Tenders*
15.06.1925 – Doc. 167: MEPB 4, p. 67.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Haifa (P. & T. Stores)
 - ◆ *Tenders (New Post Office Acre)*
01.01.1926 – Doc. 189: MEPB 5, p. 46.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Post Offices / Acre
 - ◆ *Tenders for Telegraph Poles*
15.02.1926 – Doc. 198: MEPB 5, p. 54.
 ◇ Tenders
 - ◆ *Tenders for new P.O. Boxes at G.P.O. Jerusalem*
15.02.1926 – Doc. 199: MEPB 5, p. 54.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Post Offices / Jerusalem
 - ◆ *Tenders*
01.03.1926 – Doc. 202: MEPB 5, p. 57.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Haifa (P. & T. Stores)
 - ◆ *Tenders for Telegraph Poles*
16.03.1926 – Doc. 205: MEPB 5, p. 59.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Post Offices / Rosh Pinah
 - ◆ *Tenders for Works at the New Haifa Post Office*
01.04.1926 – Doc. 211: MEPB 5, p. 62.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Post Offices / Haifa
 - ◆ *Tenders for Rubber Stamps*
01.04.1926 – Doc. 212: MEPB 5, p. 63.
 ◇ Tenders
 - ◆ *Tenders*
01.06.1926 – Doc. 216: MEPB 5, p. 67.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Haifa (P. & T. Stores)
 - ◆ *Tenders*
01.03.1927 – Doc. 262: MEPB 6, p. 67.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Haifa (P. & T. Stores)
 - ◆ *Tenders*
01.10.1927 – Doc. 287: MEPB 6, p. 112.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Kantara
 - ◆ *Tenders*
01.11.1927 – Doc. 292: MEPB 6, p. 121.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Jerusalem (Telephone Exchange)
 - ◆ *Tenders*
01.11.1927 – Doc. 296: MEPB 6, p. 125.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Jerusalem (P. & T. Stores)
 - ◆ *Tenders for Rubber Stamps*
01.12.1927 (01.10.1927) – Doc. 306: MEPB 6, p. 140.
 ◇ Tenders
 - ◆ *Tenders*
16.12.1927 – Doc. 315: MEPB 6, p. 145.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Jerusalem (Telephone Exchange)
 - ◆ *Telephone Cabinets (Tenders)*
01.01.1928 – Doc. 318: MEPB 7, p. 67.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Telephone Service
 - ◆ *Tenders (Telegraph Poles)*
01.05.1928 – Doc. 332: MEPB 7, p. 86.
 ◇ Tenders
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Jerusalem (Post Office Store)
 ◇ Postal Facilities / Jerusalem (Engineering Branch)
 - ◆ *Tenders*
01.05.1928 – Doc. 333: MEPB 7, p. 86.
 ◇ Tenders
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- ◆ *Postcard to Italy, 30.06.1921, franked with 2x2m (SG no. 6), total: 4m.*
Fig. 13: MEPB 1, p. 74.

1920

- ◆ *Cover from Safed to New York*
Fig. 14: MEPB 1, p. 81.
- ◆ *Registered letter addressed to an officer in "1st Echelon EEF" (at the time near Haifa),*
Fig. 15: MEPB 1, p. 81.
- ◆ *Masthead of no. 24, 25.07.1920.*
Fig. 16: MEPB 1, p. 85.
- ◆ *Masthead of no. 31, 15.11.1920.*
Fig. 17: MEPB 1, p. 85.
- ◆ *Letter to Aleppo, Syria, in O.E.T.A. (North) but part of "occupied districts", 15.03.1920.*
Fig. 18: MEPB 1, p. 86.
- ◆ *The High Commissioner, Sir Herbert Samuel, inspecting the Post Office at Jerusalem shortly after his arrival in Palestine.*
Fig. 19: MEPB 1, p. 87.
- ◆ *Postcard to Germany, 11.08.1921, franked with 4m.*
Fig. 20: MEPB 1, p. 88.
- ◆ *Letter to Port Said with franking of 1, 2, 3, and 4m.*
Fig. 21: MEPB 1, p. 88.
- ◆ *Registered letter to Switzerland, 1.02.1919.*
Fig. 22: MEPB 1, p. 90.
- ◆ *Masthead of no. 33, 15.12.1920.*
Fig. 23: MEPB 1, p. 92.
- ◆ *Printed matter to the USA, 9.08.1920, franked with 2m (S.G. no. 6).*
Fig. 24: MEPB 1, p. 95.

1921

- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 3. 1921, no. 34 (1.01.1921).*
Fig. 25: MEPB 2, p. 48.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 3. 1921, no. 39 (15.03.1921).*
Fig. 26: MEPB 2, p. 52.
- ◆ *Postcard to Italy, 30.06.1921, franked with 2x2m (SG no. 6), total: 4m.*
Fig. 27: MEPB 2, p. 55.
- ◆ *Commercial cover, cancelled BETHLEHEM / A / 28 JU / 26 (Sacher 4) to Landshut, Germany.*
Fig. 28: MEPB 2, p. 59.
- ◆ *Picture postcard from Jerusalem to Boston.*
Fig. 29: MEPB 2, p. 59.
- ◆ *Registered bank letter from Haifa to Rome.*
Fig. 30: MEPB 2, p. 60.
- ◆ *Letter of condolence, sent to England.*
Fig. 31: MEPB 2, p. 60.

1922

- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 4. 1922, no. 60 (1.02.1922).*
Fig. 32: MEPB 2, p. 63.
- ◆ *Postcard to England, 17.02.1922.*
Fig. 33: MEPB 2, p. 68.
- ◆ *Some of the overprint designs used in 1920/1922*
Fig. 34: MEPB 2, p. 73.
- ◆ *Some of the overprint designs used in 1920/1922*
Fig. 35: MEPB 2, p. 73.
- ◆ *Some of the overprint designs used in 1920/1922*
Fig. 36: MEPB 2, p. 73.
- ◆ *Letter from Jerusalem to France.*
Fig. 37: MEPB 2, p. 76.

- ◆ *Printed Matter sent from Jerusalem to Boston.*
Fig. 38: MEPB 2, p. 76.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 4. 1922, no. 70 (1.07.1922).*
Fig. 39: MEPB 2, p. 78.
- ◆ *Picture postcard (text dated 11.09.1923)*
Fig. 40: MEPB 2, p. 80.
- ◆ *International Advice of Delivery, form P.T. 506.*
Fig. 41: MEPB 2, p. 84.

1923

- ◆ *Registered commercial cover with SG no. 80 in vertical pair.*
Fig. 42: MEPB 3, p. 48.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 5. 1923, no. 82 (1.01.1923).*
Fig. 43: MEPB 3, p. 48.
- ◆ *Letter from Jerusalem to the USA.*
Fig. 44: MEPB 3, p. 49.
- ◆ *Letter, properly marked as Printed Matter, sent from Jerusalem to Romania.*
Fig. 45: MEPB 3, p. 49.
- ◆ *Picture postcard (motif: Ecce Homo Arch) sent from Jerusalem to the USA.*
Fig. 46: MEPB 3, p. 50.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 5. 1923, no. 83 (15.01.1923).*
Fig. 47: MEPB 3, p. 51.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 5. 1923, no. 94 (1.07.1923).*
Fig. 48: MEPB 3, p. 53.
- ◆ *Letter from Haifo to the USA.*
Fig. 49: MEPB 3, p. 61.
- ◆ *Picture postcard (text dated 11.09.1923)*
Fig. 50: MEPB 3, p. 63.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 5. 1923, no. 105 (15.12.1923).*
Fig. 51: MEPB 3, p. 64.
- ◆ *Form P.T. 512 "Certificate of Posting of a Registered Postal Packet" for two letters.*
Fig. 52: MEPB 3, p. 67.

1924

- ◆ *Letter from Tel Aviv to Vienna.*
Fig. 53: MEPB 3, p. 72.
- ◆ *Commercial cover to Egypt.*
Fig. 54: MEPB 3, p. 73.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 6. 1924, no. 124 (1.10.1924).*
Fig. 55: MEPB 3, p. 73.
- ◆ *Picture postcard (motif: Tiberias harbour scene) to Switzerland.*
Fig. 56: MEPB 3, p. 77.
- ◆ *Parcel card, form P.T. 204 to the USA.*
Fig. 57: MEPB 3, p. 84.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 6. 1924, no. 125 (15.10.1924).*
Fig. 58: MEPB 3, p. 85.

1925

- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 7. 1925, no. 130 (1.01.1925).*
Fig. 59: MEPB 4, p. 58.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 7. 1925, no. 139 (15.05.1925).*
Fig. 60: MEPB 4, p. 61.
- ◆ *Field Marshal Lord Plumer pictured on 1.04.1926 during the visit of the Haut-commissaire de France au Levant,*

Henri de Jouvenel des Ursins.

- Fig. 61: MEPB 4, p. 63.
- ◆ *Terms Of Subscription for the Official Gazette.*
Fig. 62: MEPB 4, p. 68.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 7. 1925, no. 148 (1.10.1925).*
Fig. 63: MEPB 4, p. 74.
- ◆ *Picture postcard (view of Bethlehem) sent 6.02.1925.*
Fig. 64: MEPB 4, p. 76.
- ◆ *Picture postcard from Jerusalem to La Porte, Indiana.*
Fig. 65: MEPB 4, p. 77.

1926

- ◆ *Picture postcard from Jerusalem to La Porte, Indiana. [reprise]*
Fig. 66: MEPB 5, p. 47.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 8. 1926, no. 157 (15.02.1926).*
Fig. 67: MEPB 5, p. 49.
- ◆ *Registered letter from Haifo to Germany.*
Fig. 68: MEPB 5, p. 49.
- ◆ *Advice of Delivery, form P.T. 506.*
Fig. 69: MEPB 5, p. 51.
- ◆ *Letter from Nazareth to London at the 7m rate for Great Britain and Northern Ireland, as introduced on 15.02.1926:*
Fig. 70: MEPB 5, p. 53.
- ◆ *Envelope P.T. 366, used in March 1926 by the Jerusalem Accounts Branch & Registry*
Fig. 71: MEPB 5, p. 55.
- ◆ *Registered letter from Jerusalem to Rome.*
Fig. 72: MEPB 5, p. 55.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 8. 1926, no. 159 (16.03.1926).*
Fig. 73: MEPB 5, p. 58.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 8. 1926, no. 160 (1.04.1926).*
Fig. 74: MEPB 5, p. 60.
- ◆ *Envelope P.T. 366, used in May 1926 by the Jerusalem Money Order Department*
Fig. 75: MEPB 5, p. 61.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 8. 1926, no. 164 (16.04.1926).*
Fig. 76: MEPB 5, p. 65.
- ◆ *Advice of Delivery, form P.T. 506,*
Fig. 77: MEPB 5, p. 66.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 8. 1926, no. 166 (1.07.1926).*
Fig. 78: MEPB 5, p. 69.
- ◆ *Comparative Statement of Rainfall at Stations in Palestine for the Season June to May [1925/1926]*
Fig. 79: MEPB 5, p. 75.
- ◆ *Commercial cover with SG no. 80, 13m, cancelled with BETHLEHEM / A / 28 JU / 26.*
Fig. 80: MEPB 5, p. 75.
- ◆ *Letter from Jerusalem to Boston, at the reduced Printed Matter rate.*
Fig. 81: MEPB 5, p. 77.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 8. 1926, no. 171 (16.09.1926).*
Fig. 82: MEPB 5, p. 80.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 8. 1926, Gazette Extraordinary no. 22 (22.12.1926).*
Fig. 83: MEPB 5, p. 87.
- ◆ *Registered letter from Jerusalem to Germany.*
Fig. 84: MEPB 5, p. 88.
- ◆ *Terms Of Subscription for the Official Gazette.*
Fig. 85: MEPB 5, p. 88.

1927

- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 9. 1927, no. 182 (1.03.1927).
Fig. 86: MEPB 6, p. 57.
- ◆ *Comparative Statement of Rainfall at Stations in Palestine for the undermentioned Seasons [1926/1927]*
Fig. 87: MEPB 6, p. 68.
- ◆ *Climate of Palestine. February, 1927 Weather Report*.
Fig. 88: MEPB 6, p. 69.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 9. 1927, Gazette Extraordinary no. 11 (25.04.1927).
Fig. 89: MEPB 6, p. 79.
- ◆ *Bank letter from Jerusalem to Prague*
Fig. 90: MEPB 6, p. 85.
- ◆ *The New Stamps Issued 1.06.1927 (Pictorials)*
Fig. 91: MEPB 6, p. 92.
- ◆ *The New Stamps Issued 1.06.1927 (Pictorials)*
Fig. 92: MEPB 6, p. 92.
- ◆ *Picture postcard, Jerusalem to Dessau, Germany, 7m Pictorials (SG no. 95)*.
Fig. 93: MEPB 6, p. 93.
- ◆ *Letter from Nazareth to London at the 7m rate*
Fig. 94: MEPB 6, p. 94.
- ◆ *Earthquake Relief Fund*
Fig. 95: MEPB 6, p. 95.
- ◆ *The New Stamps Issued 14.08.1927*
Fig. 96: MEPB 6, p. 99.
- ◆ *The New Stamps Issued 14.08.1927*
Fig. 97: MEPB 6, p. 99.
- ◆ *The New Stamps Issued 14.08.1927*
Fig. 98: MEPB 6, p. 99.
- ◆ *The New Stamps Issued 14.08.1927*
Fig. 99: MEPB 6, p. 99.
- ◆ *The New Stamps Issued 14.08.1927*
Fig. 100: MEPB 6, p. 99.
- ◆ *The New Stamps Issued 14.08.1927*
Fig. 101: MEPB 6, p. 99.
- ◆ *The New Stamps Issued 14.08.1927*
Fig. 102: MEPB 6, p. 99.
- ◆ *The New Stamps Issued 14.08.1927*
Fig. 103: MEPB 6, p. 99.
- ◆ *The New Stamps Issued 14.08.1927*
Fig. 104: MEPB 6, p. 99.
- ◆ *The New Stamps Issued 14.08.1927*
Fig. 105: MEPB 6, p. 99.
- ◆ *The New Stamps Issued 14.08.1927*
Fig. 106: MEPB 6, p. 99.
- ◆ *The New Stamps Issued 14.08.1927*
Fig. 107: MEPB 6, p. 99.
- ◆ *Postcard by German publisher Walter Erhard*
Fig. 108: MEPB 6, p. 109.
- ◆ *Registered letter of the Polish Conulate General, Jerusalem to Haifa*
Fig. 109: MEPB 6, p. 111.
- ◆ *Registered letter of the Latin Patriarchate, Jerusalem to Budapest*
Fig. 110: MEPB 6, p. 115.
- ◆ *The New Coins and Banknotes*
Fig. 111: MEPB 6, p. 119.
- ◆ *The New Coins and Banknotes*
Fig. 112: MEPB 6, p. 119.
- ◆ *The New Coins and Banknotes*
Fig. 113: MEPB 6, p. 119.
- ◆ *The New Coins and Banknotes*
Fig. 114: MEPB 6, p. 119.
- ◆ *The New Coins and Banknotes*
Fig. 115: MEPB 6, p. 119.
- ◆ *The New Coins and Banknotes*
Fig. 116: MEPB 6, p. 119.

- ◆ *The New Coins and Banknotes*
Fig. 117: MEPB 6, p. 119.
- ◆ *The New Coins and Banknotes*
Fig. 118: MEPB 6, p. 120.
- ◆ *The New Coins and Banknotes*
Fig. 119: MEPB 6, p. 120.
- ◆ *The New Coins and Banknotes*
Fig. 120: MEPB 6, p. 120.
- ◆ *The New Coins and Banknotes*
Fig. 121: MEPB 6, p. 120.
- ◆ *The New Coins and Banknotes*
Fig. 122: MEPB 6, p. 120.
- ◆ *The New Coins and Banknotes*
Fig. 123: MEPB 6, p. 120.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 9. 1927, no. 198 (1.11.1927).
Fig. 124: MEPB 6, p. 122.
- ◆ *Terms Of Subscription for the Official Gazette*.
Fig. 125: MEPB 6, p. 125.
- ◆ *Printed Matter cover, Jerusalem to Woodhaven, New York*
Fig. 126: MEPB 6, p. 141.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 9. 1927, no. 200 (1.12.1927).
Fig. 127: MEPB 6, p. 142.

1928

- ◆ *Comparative statement of rainfall at stations in Palestine, June to November 1927*.
Fig. 128: MEPB 7, p. 66.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 10. 1928, no. 202 (1.01.1928).
Fig. 129: MEPB 7, p. 67.
- ◆ *Ceremony at Kalandia Airfield...*
Fig. 130: MEPB 7, p. 71.
- ◆ *[Inauguration of the new light at Stella Maris/Mount Carmel light house]*
Fig. 131: MEPB 7, p. 80.
- ◆ *[Inauguration of the new light at Stella Maris/Mount Carmel light house]*
Fig. 132: MEPB 7, p. 80.
- ◆ *French postcard [1904, Stella Maris/Mount Carmel light house]*
Fig. 133: MEPB 7, p. 80.
- ◆ *Climate in Palestine: weather report for December 1927*.
Fig. 134: MEPB 7, p. 81.
- ◆ *Comparative statement of rainfall at stations in Palestine, June 1927 to December 1927*
Fig. 135: MEPB 7, p. 82.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 10. 1928, no. 207 (16.03.1928).
Fig. 136: MEPB 7, p. 84.
- ◆ *Printed matter wrapper from Jerusalem to Woodhaven, N.Y., USA*.
Fig. 137: MEPB 7, p. 87.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 10. 1928, no. 213 (16.06.1928).
Fig. 138: MEPB 7, p. 91.
- ◆ *A contract for the prodction of the Official Gazette [16.01.1928 – 18.12.1930]*
Fig. 139: MEPB 7, p. 93.
- ◆ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine*, 10. 1928, no. 217 (16.08.1928).
Fig. 140: MEPB 7, p. 97.
- ◆ *Bank letter from Barclays Bank branch in Jerusalem to Prague, 24.07.1928*.
Fig. 141: MEPB 7, p. 97.
- ◆ *Terms Of Subscription for the Official Gazette*.
Fig. 142: MEPB 7, p. 99.

- ♦ *Climate in Palestine: weather report for August 1928*
Fig. 143: MEPB 7, p. 101.
 - ♦ *Comparative statement of rainfall at stations in Palestine, June 1927 to May 1928*
Fig. 144: MEPB 7, p. 102.
 - ♦ *Lord Plumer, High Commissioner, visiting the Dome of the Rock, ca. 1928.*
Fig. 145: MEPB 7, pp. 105–108.
 - ♦ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 10. 1928, no. 223 (16.11.1928).*
Fig. 146: MEPB 7, p. 117.
 - ♦ *Terms Of Subscription for the Official Gazette.*
Fig. 147: MEPB 7, p. 123.
 - ♦ *Palestine Posts, Telegraphs and Telephones: Monthly Receipts and Payments 1926/1928*
Fig. 148: MEPB 7, p. 123.
 - ♦ *Palestine Government: Monthly Receipts and Payments 1926/1928*
Fig. 149: MEPB 7, p. 123.
- 1929**
- ♦ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 11. 1929, no. 226 (1.01.1929).*
Fig. 150: MEPB 8, p. 74.
 - ♦ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 11. 1929, Gazette Extraordinary (Supplement no. 1/1929) (2.01.1929).*
Fig. 151: MEPB 8, p. 74.
 - ♦ *Cover from Jerusalem to London at the reduced UK & Éire rate introduced on 15.02.1926*
Fig. 152: MEPB 8, p. 77.
 - ♦ *Registered letter from Jaffa to Leeds with double franking of SG no. 98 (13m).*
Fig. 153: MEPB 8, p. 79.
 - ♦ *Comparative statement of rainfall at stations in Palestine for the month of January, 1929.*
Fig. 154: MEPB 8, p. 82.
 - ♦ *Wholesale prices of foodstuffs, 1929.*
Fig. 155: MEPB 8, p. 86.
 - ♦ *Publication rates and terms of subscription for the Gazette.*
Fig. 156: MEPB 8, p. 87.
 - ♦ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 11. 1929, no. 232 (1.04.1929).*
Fig. 157: MEPB 8, p. 88.
- ♦ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 11. 1929, no. 237 (16.06.1929).*
Fig. 158: MEPB 8, p. 106.
 - ♦ *Vital Statistics for the Quarter Ending 31.3.29.*
Fig. 159: MEPB 8, pp. 108–109.
 - ♦ *Comparative statement of rainfall at stations in Palestine for the season June 1928, to April, 1929.*
Fig. 160: MEPB 8, p. 111.
 - ♦ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 11. 1929, no. 244 (1.10.1929).*
Fig. 161: MEPB 8, p. 118.
 - ♦ *Vital Statistics for the Quarter Ending 30.9.29.*
Fig. 162: MEPB 8, p. 123.
 - ♦ *Weather Report, October 1929.*
Fig. 163: MEPB 8, p. 125.
 - ♦ *Masthead of the Official Gazette of the Government of Palestine, 11. 1929, no. 249 (16.12.1929).*
Fig. 164: MEPB 8, p. 126.
 - ♦ *Printed matter wrapper from Jerusalem to Woodhaven, N.Y., USA.*
Fig. 165: MEPB 8, p. 126.

D. Supplementary Documents

1927

- ♦ *New Stamps Issue*
Suppl. Doc. 1927/1: MEPB 6, p. 69.
- ♦ *New Stamps*
Suppl. Doc. 1927/2: MEPB 6, p. 91.
- ♦ *New Stamps Issue*
Suppl. Doc. 1927/3: MEPB 6, p. 98.

1928

- ♦ *Appointment of John Robert Chancellor as High Commissioner*
Suppl. Doc. 1928/1: MEPB 7, p. 110.

1929

- ♦ *Zeppelin's Memorable Visit in Palestine*
Suppl. Doc. 1929/1: MEPB 8, p. 91.
- ♦ *Telegraph Cypher Codes*
Suppl. Doc. 1929/2: MEPB 8, p. 119.



Recent Philatelic Journals

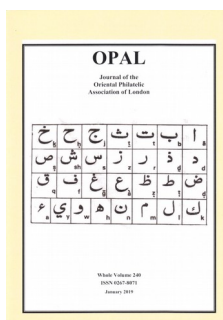
by Tobias Zywietz

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A selection of articles related to Middle East Philately from recent philatelic journals. Usually these journals are only available to members of the respective societies. Where known I am listing the price at which the society provides individual journals to non-members. Please enquire with each society for its conditions of supply.

OPAL Journal 240 – January 2019

Oriental Philatelic Association of London, English, A5, colour, –



O. Graf discovers a forgery on cover of the rare Baba Boghazi cancel of the 1897/98 Turkish occupation of Thessaly (2–4, [d]).

The editor presents a document detailing a British agreement with France on retreating forces from Syria and Cilicia by 1.11.1919 (5–7).

J.-B. Parenti researched the history of “Oméga : Association Internationale d’Échanges, d’Achat & de Vente” founded in 1919 in Constantinople and its journal “Le Messenger d’Orient” (8–11).

G. F. Paiste looks at the Féké Provisionals of 1920. [*Reprint from OPAL Supplement 2*] (12–14).

A. Tanrikut reports an account given in 1961 by a former local director of Tartar post services, Mehmet Baytaş bey. [*Reprint from OPAL-Tughra Times joint issue 2*] (15–21).

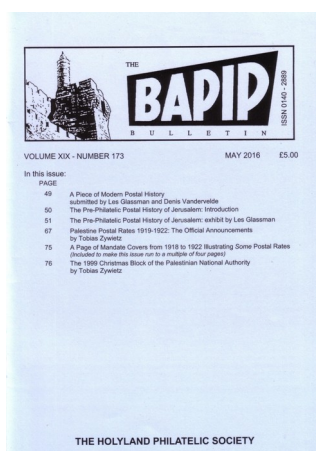
K. Giray shows postmarks and covers from Sofar (Sawfar, صوفر), a Druze village in Aley District, Lebanon (22–23).

T. Stanford shows a private registration marking (“R” in oval) used on a 1905 British Levant cover at Beirut. [*Reprint from The Overprinter, 2/2018*] (24).

B. Bradford provides a timeline of events relevant to Cilicia and O.E.T.A. North from 30.10.1919 to 10.08.1920 (26–34) followed by a series of post cards and covers from Cilicia in early 1919 (35–48).

BAPIP Bulletin 173 – June 2016

Holyland Philatelic Society, English, A4, colour, £5.00



L. Glassman & V. D. Vandervelde show the front and reverse of *Israel Post*’s ETB (first-day souvenir sheet) for the joint issue “25 Year of Diplomatic Relations Israel–Greece” of 9.02.2016 (49–50).

L. Glassman presents his 16-page competition exhibit “The Pre-Philatelic Postal History of Jerusalem” (50–66). [*Editor’s comment: The 73 points achieved are generous, given the lacklustre descriptions and ghastly layout*].

T. Zywietz details the official announcements of postal rates in Mandate Palestine 1919–1922 in facsimile (67–75).

T. Zywietz reports on Palestine’s 1999 Christmas block with its missing numerator [revised version of the article in MEPB2] (76–80).

The society is now planning to dissolve itself, or to merge with another society.

Türkei-Spiegel 127 – 1/2019*Arge Osmanisches Reich/Türkei, German, A5, colour, €5-00*

H. Lampe, former ministerial official, reports on the history of German post offices in Turkey. [*Reprint from Deutsche Postgeschichte, 1938, no. 1, pp. 175–182.*] (3–23).

A. Birken comments on the date of issue of the 1894 *matbu'a* (printed matter) stamps, referencing M. Tükoğlu's piece in *The Levant* (vol. 9, no.2, pp. 82–83) (24).

A. Birken portrays the postal and philatelic history of Sofia (Sofya) (25–31).

B.-D. Buscke shows a Palestine Mandate "Greetings Telegram" envelope used in Jenin (West Bank) in 1952.

The release of Turhan Turgut's new book "*Osmanlı İmparatorluğu Posta Tarihi*" (ISBN 9786051718323) is mentioned.¹

Reports from the 2018 AGM (37–40). *Member R. Fuchs achieved an award at the 'Postgeschichte Live' exhibition in Sindelfingen* (35–36).

Türkei-Spiegel 128 – 2/2019*Arge Osmanisches Reich/Türkei, German, A5, colour, €5-00*

A. Birken explains the naming of Ottoman provinces: *Hüdavendigâr vilayeti* (3–6).

A. Birken portrays the postal and philatelic history of Kerkük [Kirkuk] (7–12).

T. Zywiets looks at the history of the Danish Missionary Society in Syria (Østerlandsmissionen) with covers courtesy of L. Martinoja. [*Reprint from MEPB 11*] (13–21).

100 years ago: "Politische Rundschau im Osten: Türkei" – reprint of a political survey of Turkey from *Der Neue Orient*, 1919 (22–29).

A. Birken shows a cover with the Mudros commemoratives (30).

R. Fuchs describes the first mail transport overland from Baghdad to Haifa with a press report and a "first day" cover (31–33).

A. Birken shows an example of an Ottoman postal form used in 1926 (34).

A. Birken gives a brief review of Turhan Turgut's book "*Osmanlı İmparatorluğu Posta Tarihi* = Postal History of the Ottoman Empire" (35).

In "Antworten, Reaktionen..." [answers and reactions] R. Fuchs speaks to the situation of today's philately; B. Stuchell and Y. Nakri look at dates on negative seals; O. Graf revisits a source for his Thessaly piece in TS 126, and U. Dorr announces her book on the Orient Express (34–39).

Türkei-Spiegel 129 – 3/2019*Arge Osmanisches Reich/Türkei, German, A5, colour, €5-00*

A. Birken explains the naming of Ottoman provinces: *Aydın vilayeti* (3–5).

A. Birken portrays the postal and philatelic history of Aydın (6–12).

A. Birken reports about the French occupation of Cilicia 1919–21 (13–25).

100 years ago: "Politische Rundschau im Osten: Türkei" – continued reprint of a political survey of Turkey from *Der Neue Orient*, 1919 (26–29).

J. Warnecke studies the Red Crescent as part of the family of Red Cross societies, focussing on symbols used on stamps (30–38).

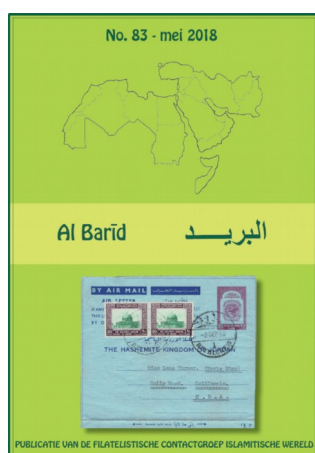
C. Schlötzer's essay "Istanbul heißt Istanbul" is reprinted from *Süddeutsche Zeitung*, 2019 (40).

H. Gerzabek has been appointed honorary member of Austrian society of stamp expertisers *VÖB* (39). *Invitation for the 2019 AGM* (41–44).

Al Barīd 83 البريد – May 2018*Filatelistische Contactgroep Islamitische Wereld, Dutch, A4, colour, –*

A. Kaplanian features a Jordanian air letter sent from Bethlehem in 1956 to the Hollywood film star Lana Turner (2203–2205).

1 Publisher's website: <https://www.alfayayinlari.com/kitap.php?id=369009>.



T. van der Veen shows a cover sent from Alexandria in 1908 to the Egyptian El Tor quarantine station on Sinai with arrival postmark “CAMPEMENT TOR” and explains the background to the station and its director Dr. Felix Gotschlich (2205–2208).

A. Koopmanr looks at maps on stamps showing and explaining examples from Afghanistan, Egypt, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, and Sudan (2208–2211).

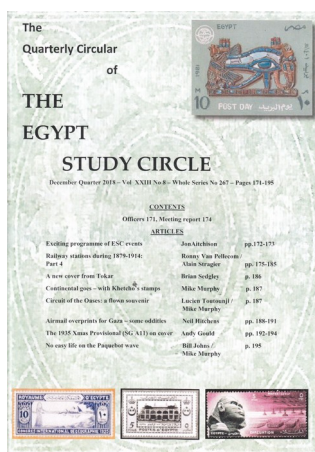
J. Strengholt documents the history of the new resort town ‘Heliopolis’ (actually Ain Shams Oasis inbetween the historic Heliopolis and Cairo) and its post office and postmarks from 1909 (2211–2217).

W. Pijnenburg looks at the cataloguing policy in 2016’s *Türk Pulları Spesyalize Kataloğu. Osmanlı imparatorluğu (1840-1922)* by Ağaoğulları & Papuçcuoğlu in respect of U.P.U. Specimen perforations which the catalogue does not fully cover. He also looks at specimens distributed by the U.P.U. to its member countries and subsequent overprints (like ULTRAMAR or COLONIAS) by some states who further distributed such specimen stamps to their colonies. Reference is given to James Bendon’s 1988 study *U.P.U. Specimen Stamps* (2217–2225).

R. Dauwe revisits the postmarks of Egyptian Nubia: El-Shallal, Khor Rahma, Korosko, Tumas, and Tochka. [Refs. to *Al-Barid* 81] (2226–2229).

The Quarterly Circular 267 (Vol. 23, No. 8) – December 2018

The Egypt Study Circle, English, A4, colour, –



In the report of the 10.11.2018 meeting S. Sadek’s the discovery of three new T.P.O. postmarks Cairo–Alexandria is described and illustrated (174).

R. van Pellecom and A. Stragier continue their series on railway station postmarks 1879–1914 with a fourth instalment (175–185).

B. Sedgely presents a new cover from Tokar (Tawkar, طوكر), a small town in the cotton-growing Barka Delta, south of Suwakin on the Red Sea coast (186).

L. Toutounji and M. Murphy show an artistic souvenir cover flown on the occasion of the 3rd International Aviation Meeting of 1937 (187).

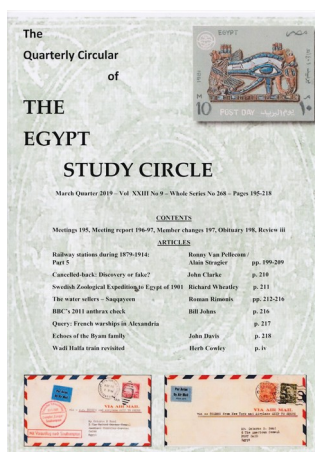
N. Hitchens studies varieties of the 1947 Airmail set overprinted for Palestine, suspecting some of the overprints to be questionable or even forgeries (188–191).

A. Gould looks at the 1937 *British Force in Egypt* ‘Xmas Provisionals’ (1p military stamps overprinted “Xmas 1935 / 3 Milliemes”) and analyses all known covers (192–194).

B. Johns and M. Murphy report on an 1890 document in which Khedivial Paquebot engineer J. Hague applies for 10 days’ exceptional leave. The form was pre-stamped 3 Millièmes (195).

The Quarterly Circular 268 (Vol. 23, No. 9) – March 2019

The Egypt Study Circle, English, A4, colour, –



The February 2019 meeting included displays from the collections of Egyptian Fiscals by David Jones, Vahe Varjabedian and Mats Edstrom (196–197).

R. van Pellecom and A. Stragier continue their series on railway station postmarks 1879–1914 with a fifth instalment (199–209).

J. Clarke notices some oddities on a block-of-four of the 17 m green Farouk ‘cancelled back’ offered at the last ESC member’s auction, and asked for help on the genuineness of the piece (210).

R. Wheatley shows two items related to the 1901 Swedish Zoological Expedition in Egypt (211).

R. A. Rimonis shows a dozen post cards depicting street water sellers: *saqqayeen* (212–216).

B. Johns shows a cover directed to the BBC World Service marked with a red hand-stamp “CHECKED / 7”: these were checked for Anthrax during a scare in 2011/2012 (2016).

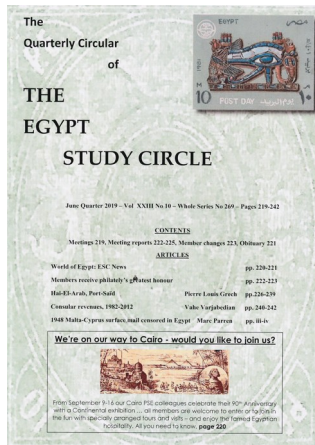
A query by A. Janson about a cover from a French naval ship at Alexandria in 1940

is answered by P. Grech summarising his article on the topic from QC251 of 2014 (217).

H. Cowley reviews J. Davis' book "Egypt : From The Postal Concession Until Suez, 1953–1956 ; Part II" (220 p., £45) (219).

In response to a short piece by B. Sedgley in QC266, H. Cowley shows four further post cards of a train at Wadi Halfa with (almost) identical pictures (220).

In the report of the February 2019 meeting S. Sadek is presented as the new treasurer, taking over from Brian Sedgley after 15 years of service (196). Obituary: Mostapha Kadry El-Dars (1926–2019)(198). A report by J. Davis on one of the ESC's founding fathers, Dr. William Byam, is reprinted from QC221 (218).



The Quarterly Circular 269 (Vol. 23, No. 10) – June 2019

The Egypt Study Circle, English, A4, colour, –

P. L. Grech studies the history and postal history of Port Saïd's Arab quarter Hai-el-Arab/Qism Sani, presenting covers, cards, its interpostal seal, and a survey of postmarks from 1895 (226–239).

V. Varjabedian details the Revenue Stamps of Egypt from 1982–2012, updating P. Feltus' book of 1982 (240–242).

M. Parren reports on a cover from Malta to Cyprus censored in Egypt in 1948. [Revised reprint from MEPB 11] (iii–iv).

News about the society's trip to Cairo and the 2019 AGM (220–221). Obituary: Leon Balian (2019). Reports from the RPSL 100th anniversary exhibition Stockholmia 2019 (222–225).



The Arab Collector 4 – August 2016

The Arab Collector, Arabic, A4, colour, digital only, gratis

The *Featured Picture* is a Photoshop montage of Abraham Lincoln made from 1 U.S.-cent coins by Ivan Freyman (3).

T. Al-Bawwab reviews the *Amman First International Numismatic and Philatelic Fair* of October 2016. Jordan Post issued two blocks limited to 5,000 copies each (4–5).

M. Rizkallah researched the design of the 1936 Anglo-Egyptian Treaty stamps (the first set of stamps of the King Farouk era) displaying prominently the King's monogramme (6–8).

A. Al-Ghareeb shows "SPECIMEN" banknotes proposed for the Israeli occupation of the Sinai, the West Bank, and the Golan: "Sinai Pound," "West Bank Dinar," and "Golan Lira" (9–11).

L. S. Toutounji catalogues the "AERIAL POST / E E F" hand-stamps used at Alexandria for the 1919 *E.E.F. Emergency Flights* [In English] (12).

L. S. Toutounji shows a sheet with commemorative stamps, cancelled Jeddah 23 21.09.1945, prepared for King Farouk's collection [In English] (13).

M. Rizkallah discusses three covers gifted from King Abdul Aziz to King Farouk, who in turn gifted them to the Egyptian Philatelic Society (14).

M. Ibrahim portrays Sir Elwin Mitford Palmer KCB KCMG (1852–1906), financial adviser to the Khedive (15–19).

M. Rizkallah continues his portrait of American coin dealer Abe Kosoff, centring on the Kobbah Palace auction in 1954: Rumours and denials surrounding the auction of King Farouk's coins and medals confiscated in the military coup. Kosoff tried to buy them directly but the new leadership insisted they be sold by auction (20–21).

M. Ibrahim gives glimpses of Egyptian Sultanate coins through clippings from British newspapers, 1914–1918 (22–23).

Short Notices: The Mauritius "Post Office" printing plate auctioned by David Feldman; Perth Mint 1kg gold coin; Egyptian commemorative stamp for Nobel Laureate Ahmed Zewail; U.S. *Silver Eagle* sold for US-\$ 19,000; Barbados stamps without face value; commemorative coins for the 2016 Rio

Olympic Games (24–25).

M. Rizkallah describes medals of conferences and exhibitions during the reign of King Fouad I (26–30).

M. Omar traces the history of the U.S. *One Cent* across time, 1787–2008 (31–33).
Triangular war letters: a look at Russian unfranked field-post letters folded into triangles during WWII [translated and edited by M. Ibrahim]² (34–35).

M. Rizkallah celebrates the 100th anniversary of the Sultan Hussein Kamel coins and catalogues the 1916 and 1917 issues of Sultan Hussein Kamel (1853–1917, Sultan of Egypt 1914–1917) (36–44).

Random Notes 93 – September 2018

Arabian Philatelic Association Int., English, ca. A4, colour, digital only, gratis



September 2018	Number 93
CONTENTS	
The Arabian Philatelic Association International	2
Random Notes #93, by Martin Lovegrove	3
Note regarding an email rates in 1947, by Khalid Ousini	10
Note regarding variety of Scott C60 / C89	11
World War I in Arabia, by Kenneth Knight	12
Collecting Postally Used Covers, by Yusuf Aidroos	15

The Acting Editor put this issue of Random Notes together and it is obvious that the quality of the publication falls short of the standard we have been used to from Martin Lovegrove. Martin kindly supplied the Random Notes mailing envelope 1 and Ken Knight sent us the article on World War I starting on page 10.

In addition, we have an article on collecting covers by Yusuf Aidroos, which illustrates some uncommon postmarks and origins.

If anyone has complete or partial sheets of Hajjar stamps with or without overprints, please consider scanning them at 240dpi or 300dpi and sending the scans to me at basil@studium.com where they can join many others on the website. If you are interested in the scans we have please email me.

In *Random Notes* #93 M. Lovegrove assembled short notes on a number of topics: Forgeries by laser printer on Ebay (3–4); A 1972 registered official cover Riyadh–Cairo with a meter mark (type Hasler F-88), likely new early date for meter marks in Saudi Arabia (4–5); Stamp essays or colour trials by printers *Dar Al Isfahani* in Jeddah (5); Postmark variety for DAHRAN A.P. / 02 with Arabic index not ٢ but ١٠ (5); another forgery: black without gold (5); new Saudi non-delivery label CN15 on a letter from Algeria to Qatar (5–6); ARAMCO incoming registered date-stamp from 1954 (8–9) [follow-up to RN52]; K. Omaira shows an official announcement on Air Mail rates published in *Umm Al Qura* on 5.09.1947 (10–11); P. Moorer shows Sc. C60 or C89 with two missing perforation wholes (11).

K. Knight presents a 1918 post card with its text and historical context: Ernest Rawcliffe R.A.S.C., Hejaz Armoured Car Company, was part of T. E. Lawrence's troops in the „Arab Revolt” (12–14).

Y. Aidroos dwells on collecting postally used covers, and shows a number of examples from Saudi Arabia (15–24).

Marwan Nusair has assumed the role of acting editor after the resignation of Martin Lovegrove (2).

The Levant Vol. 10, No. 1 – January 2019

Ottoman & Near East Philatelic Society, English, A4, colour, US-\$ 1-50



U. Togay shows a post card with the Tokatlian Hotel in Therapia, Istanbul (1).
O. Graf deals with the question of when Turkey introduced postal services for the occupied area of Thessaly in 1897/98 (3–7).

A. Tunaci looks at maritime mail services in the Ottoman Empire, concentrating on the Russian ПОПНТ service in the Black Sea, and also the Czernowoda–Küstendje railway line of Danube & Black Sea Railway Co. (DBSR) [Editor's note: sadly, many of the scanned images shown are of very poor technical quality.] (8–14).

B.-D. Buscke researched the late use of the postmarks of the Arab Kingdom in Transjordan. [Reprint from MEPB 7.] (15–17).

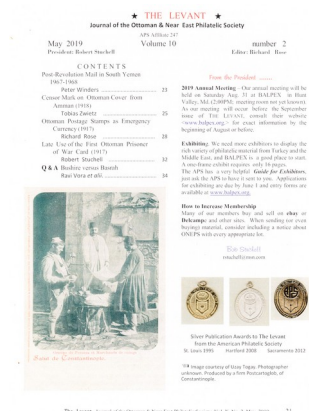
R. B. Rose reviews the latest four booklets in Dr. Andreas Birken's series of translations and updates to Adolf Passer's *The Stamps of Turkey* (18).

In the Q&A section, R. Cork asks about a local fiscal stamps from Smyrna (18).
Reports from the 2018 AGM: President's Report, Treasurer's Report and Secretary's Report ([1]). *Obituary for Martin R. Soring (1921–2018)* (19).

2 Source: Studiolum [pseud.]: *Triangular letters*. Poemas del Rio Wang [blog], 30.09.2011. Online: <http://riowang.blogspot.com/2011/09/triangular-letters.html>.

The Levant Vol. 10, No. 2 – May 2019

Ottoman & Near East Philatelic Society, English, A4, colour, US-\$ 1-50



U. Togay shows a post card with a market scene from Constantinople (21).

P. Winders reports on post-revolution mail in Southern Yemen, 1967/68 (23–24).

T. Zywiez shows a 1918 cover courtesy of Bernardo Longo with the rare postmark “Amman (Salt)” and the only instance on cover of an Amman censor mark. [Reprint from MEPB 3] (25–27).

R.B. Rose studies Ottoman postage stamps used as emergency currency and catalogues known examples (28–31).

R. Stuchell discovered a 1915 Red Crescent P.O.W. post card used at a very late date: 31.12.1917 (32–33).

In the Q&A section, R.B. Rose reports on a cover sent in by Ravi Vora: the cover was sent registered in April 1914 from Basra (Indian P.O.) franked 4½ Annas, but was taxed at Mersine with 4 p. Y. Corapcioğlu joined in the discussion about postage rates (34–36).

The editor shows several revenue stamps from a lot offered on Delcampe (36).

Invitation for the 2019 AGM:

The Dhow 71 (Vol. 19, No. 1) – March 2018

Aden & Somaliland Study Group, English, A4, colour, –

The Dhow

Aden & Somaliland Study Group Journal

Volume 19: Number 1

March 2018

Whole number 71



1856: Envelope from Aden to Bombay. 4a blue and rose-red, head of frame II (S225), cancelled by 12a in diamond (Post type K2), closing the Packet rate for a mail-carrier letter. AG250 (SE 18 1856 (Aden Camp type D11, ADEN 80P Plain (British Packet Postage) Aden Camp type P32) and manuscript 6a in red. Bombay manuscript (S225) 27 1856. (Courtesy of Governor Audouert)

The cover shows an 1856 cover Aden–Bombay, 4 a cancelled “124” ([1]).

M. Cox presents the first part in his series on Air Mail Rates of Somaliland Protectorate 1945–60 (4–7).

J. Cowell follows up on an article by T. Cochrane and G. Brown in 2004 on letters of 1850–52 by the 78th Highlanders Regiment to its outfitters, Messrs. W. Wilson in Bannockburn, Scotland (7–8).

M. Pettifor registered, researched and shows the types of registration labels used in Aden Protectorate States (9–14).

S. Hopson shows a 1913 post card from Switzerland to the Seychelles with a boxed cachet “MALDIRIGE” due to being mis-sorted for the Aden-Bombay route instead of for the line serving the Seychelles (14).

K. Lawrence shows a cover documenting the transition after the *National Front for the Liberation of Occupied South Yemen* (الجبهة القومية لتحرير جنوب اليمن المحتل) ousted the British-backed administration in the Qa’aiti State in September 1967 (16).

Reports from the 2018 AGM (3). Index for The Dhow, vol. 18, 2017 (15–16).

The Dhow 72 (Vol. 19, No. 2) – June 2018

Aden & Somaliland Study Group, English, ca. A4, colour, –

The Dhow

Aden & Somaliland Study Group Journal

Volume 19: Number 2

June 2018

Whole number 72

The 80th Anniversary of the issuing of the first pictorial definitives of Somaliland Protectorate. A major article carried in this issue of The Dhow.

“One of the prime caries in King George VI stamp collecting.”



The only recorded variety for the 1938 definitive issue of the Somaliland Protectorate is the 5 Rupee vertically imperforate between. Illustrated here by a mint strip of four in which the centre pair is imperforate. Only six mint pairs are known to exist. (Courtesy Dickson Pollard)

M. Cox & B. Livingstone chart the history and the designs of the 1938 Somaliland Protectorate definitive issue (3–14). In addition, D. Pollard shows the 5 r vertically imperforate in a strip-of-four ([1]).

S. Hopson shows a pre-WWI post card depicting the store of Cowasjee Dinshaw & Bros. in Aden (14).

G. Reynolds reports on further Zeppelin covers from Aden and shows a 1935 registered cover from October 1935 franked 12 a 6 p. Although intended for a Zeppelin journey to South America with LZ-127, this was missed and the cover reached Brazil by regular German catapult air mail with LH-119 (15).

N. Williams documents the evacuation flights by British United Airways (BUA) for British personnel from Aden in 1967: “Operation Relative” (16).

Obituary: Alistair Kennedy FRPSL (2).

The Dhow 73 (Vol. 19, No. 3) – September 2018*Aden & Somaliland Study Group, English, A4, colour, –***The Dhow**

Aden & Somaliland Study Group Journal

Volume 19, Number 3

September 2018

Whole number 73



Described by Shirley Gibbons as "a postage stamp but with the second inscription almost identical with the first", this is listed by Murray Payne as Seiyun S2b but is not listed by Gibbons, presumably in error. The double inscription from the overprinting is clearly visible on the back of the stamp. This was the one known variety not illustrated in the major article on the Aden Victory stamps in Volume 12 No. 1 of The Dhow. (Shirley Gibbons)

- N. Williams shows a double overprint of the 2½ a Seiyun Victory Stamp (MP³ Seiyun S2b) ([1]).
- T. Cochrane shows two Aden covers during the 'Abyssinia Crisis' of 1935/36 (i.e. the brutal war of Italy against Ethiopia) with routing instruction "By British Packet only" (3).
- M. Cox continues his review of Air Mail postage rates in Somaliland, covering 1951–1960 (4–9).
- N. Williams discovered a cover with a cancel of the postal agency in Al-Ghuraf (near Tariba, Kathiri State) dated 25.08.1952: ALGHURAF (9).
- G. Brown presents the sole Kathiri State Air Letter (issued 1960, stamp is known in two shades of brown) and shows that the Arabic inscriptions were added in a separate printing process (10). [*Reprinted in MEPB 11*].
- N. Williams continues his series of Aden postal history source material. In this 7th part he shows an official reply to Lou Dearlove about Al-Ittihad post office (13.04.1961) and one to K.W. Palmer about post office opening dates (8.10.1964) (11).
- B. Sohrne shows more Yemen covers in part 5 of his series on Aden censorship during WWII (12–13).
- S. Hopson discovered an 1899 registered cover (18 c envelope uprated with 4 c) from the Seychelles (via Aden) to Bombay with signs of having been "found open" at one point (14).
- N. Williams found an Orient Line 1930s visitors' guide to Aden and reprints its 4 pages in *facsimilé* (15–16).
- An early 1960s picture post card of Aden Harbour is shown (16).

The Dhow 74 (Vol. 19, No. 4) – December 2018*Aden & Somaliland Study Group, English, A4, colour, –***The Dhow**

Aden & Somaliland Study Group Journal

Volume 19, Number 4

December 2018

Whole number 74



Aden – Maalla 1925. An example of the extremely scarce BUY P.O. CASH CERTIFICATES slogan recorded by Proust as in use in Aden only on 22nd and 23rd July 1925. 1 unit internal letter rate, cancelled. MAALLA 22 JUL 25. 1 unit internal letter rate. MAALLA 23 JUL 25. 1 unit internal letter rate. ADEN 22 JUL 25 (D41) and ADEN 23 JUL 25 (D41). (Tony Cochrane)

- T. Cochrane shows a 1925 cover Maalla–Steamer Point with slogan "BUY P.O. CASH CERTIFICATES" (1).
- N. Williams shows a 1939 post card Aden–Panama depicting a hut in a 'native village' in Djibouti (3).
- S. Hopson analyses an 1871 letter from the Seychelles to London in which the sender, an officer serving on a British anti-Slavery patrol ship, instructs that his mail be in future addressed to Aden, not care of the Admiralty in London, as that was taking 6–9 months to arrive (4).
- E. Winter looks at the irregular use of Registration Envelopes for regular non-registered despatch with the 2 a imprint uprated by ½ a (5).
- G. Brown reports on Aden Revenues: Indian court fee stamps, notarial stamps and regular revenue stamps overprinted "ADEN" with one document using regular Aden postage stamp for revenue purposes (6–9).
- N. Williams presents a printing variety on Aden KGVI 20 c on 3 a 1951 at pos. 20: dash after "1839" [*refers to The Dhow 69*] (10).
- N. Williams continues his series on Aden postal history source material: part 8 presents a 1964 document setting out the regulations about handling orders for stamps, their cancellation and related matters. The document also includes a list of stamps and stationery available for purchase (10–12).
- G. Mentgen reports the Ala Littoria schedules and routes touching Somaliland Protectorate in 1935/36 (12–15).
- B. Sohrne shows a 1912 company cover from Istanbul to al-Hudaida of the *Compagnie Ottomane du Chemin de Fer Houdéidah–Sanaa & Embranchements* and a post card depicting the team of engineers, and describes the abandoned railway project for a line al-Hudaida–Šan‘ā–Makka (Mecca). Only 17 km from the port to the city were ever completed (16).
- Report from the September 2018 membership meeting at Stampex (3)*

The Dhow

Aden & Somaliland Study Group Journal
Volume 20: Number 1



March 2019
Whole number 75

20th ANNIVERSARY EDITION



DHOWS AT ANCHOR AT SUNSET - MALLA S. 1980

The Dhow 75 (Vol. 20, No. 1) – March 2019

Aden & Somaliland Study Group, English, A4, colour, –

This is the 20th Anniversary Edition, consisting mostly of short pieces of members presenting a special item from their collections:

S. Hopson: Aden to Seychelles via Mauritius. 1866 (4); M. Pettifor: Underpaid 9 pi 'Dhow' post card to Tel Aviv, Palestine, taxed 6 m, 1937 (5); T. Cochrane: Aden to Lisbon via Alexandria and Gibraltar, 1874 (5–6); J. Cowell: Aden military correspondence to Bannockburn, 1850 (6); C. Gregory: Abyssinian Field Force, 1867–68 (7); N. Williams: Aden Field Service post card, 1942 (8); J. Rankin: The postal agency at Irma, 1953 (9); D. Turner: QE II definitive set FDC, 1953 (9); B. Sohrne: Yemen correspondence from the ruling Imam, 1933 (10); M. Cox: Post card to Berbera, 1895 (11); G. Brown: Aden States high values: double frame plate numbers, 1942 (11–12); M. Lacey: Sea Post Office early use of the oval date-stamp, 1868 (12–13); D. Doren: A post card from Socotra, 1896 (13); A. Gondocz: A fourth type of surcharge Aden KGVI air letter, 1953 (14); N. Williams: 1937 Aden Coronation: the "broken A" flaw of the 1 a (16).

Reports from the 2019 AGM (3). Index for The Dhow, vol. 19, 2018 (15).

The Dhow 76 (Vol. 20, No. 2) – June 2019

Aden & Somaliland Study Group, English, A4, colour, –

The Dhow

Aden & Somaliland Study Group Journal
Volume 20: Number 2



June 2019
Whole number 76



Aden 1960: Registered Aden Airways stationery envelope to Consulate of the 250c US North American airmail rate with 50c registration fee. Universal Multi-Value machine U7, (lowermark Aden GPC), the machine licensed to Aden Airways and with their design. Illustrated as an introduction for the approval for information on Aden Meter mail (see pages 11–12) (Neil Williams)

T. Cochrane shows an 1854 Aden Shipletter to Samulcottah (Rajamundry) via Bombay (3)

S. Hopson reports an 1892 Seychelles post card via Aden Sea Post Office to Bombay (4).

The 1951 Shihr & Mukalla 5/- on 5 R with inverted watermark (S.G. 27w) has been offered at auction (4).

M. Lacey shows a 1920 cover from New York to Macassar (Duth East Indies) with Aden Sea Post Office hand-stamp "MALDIRIGÉ" and two taxation markings: 25 centimes and 5 Annas (5).

M. Pettifor & N. Williams present two 1937 Aden Air Mail covers to Accra (Gold Coast/Ghana) via route of Cairo–Khartoum–Kano–Lagos: one cover went from Lagos to Accra by sea, the other (after 13.10.1937) by air (6).

N. Williams & G. Mentgen report on a 1940 Aden Air Mail via Djibouti & Marseilles (7–10).

G. Brown, N. Williams & T. Zywiez appeal for a research paper on Aden Meter marks (11–12)

B. Sohrne shows an 1892 returned cover from the U.S.A. to Socotra Island with manuscript "No Communications" (13).

N. Williams presents a 1937 cover from Mukalla to Aden Camp with an unlisted 1 Anna horseshoe tax mark: "ADEN-CAMP / DUE / ONE ANNA" (14).

M. Lacey shows covers from South Yemem (1969 & 1972): Aden Civil Airport, and Al Hautah (Hautat Ahmed Bin Zain) (15).

C. Gregory displays a 1903 cover from the Aden-Yemen Boundary Commission cancelled "EXPERIMENTAL P.O. / B-84 / AP 14 / 03" (16).

Iran Philatelic Study Circle Bulletin 205 – April 2018

Iran Philatelic Study Circle, English, ca. A4 (letter), colour, –

W. Lade presents two censored covers: a 1953 cover to Vienna and a 1957 cover from Ababan to Hungary (4350–4352).

W. Lade looks at the compulsory surcharge obligation in force during 1979 to 1982 (4352–4353).

B. Nassre presents a 1911 cover from Kerbala to Kerman with "C" cachets from two places in Iran, bringing the received explanation of "C" as incoming items having been controlled for their correct rate into question (4354).

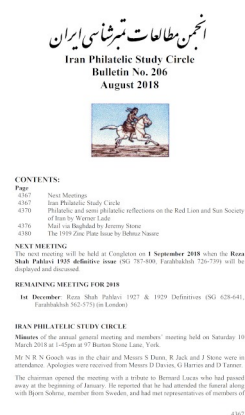
B. Sohrne looked at the 1894 stamp catalogue of Brothers Senf, Leipzig, noting the valuations of used examples of Iran's first issue, given that at the time no



cancellations were used on stamps (4355–4356).
M. Esmaili looks at boxed delivery time markings (4357–4358).
The late Tony Zonneveld brought a (nearly) forgotten article from IPSC Bulletin 40 (March 1978) to the attention of the editor: Edwin Miller's *Notes on the History of the Stamp Issue of 1876 of Persia*, reporting the story of Gustav von Riederer (appointed General Director of the Persian Post in 1875) and the design and printing of the 1876 stamps and entires (4359–4365).
Reports from the September 2017 meeting (4346). Obituaries: Anton 'Tony' Zonneveld (1926 – 2017) (4347–4348); Bernard Lucas FRPSL (1931–2018) (4349–4350).
Note: Most images in the digital version of this issue are so heavily compressed that they are rendered almost useless.

Iran Philatelic Study Circle Bulletin 206 – August 2018

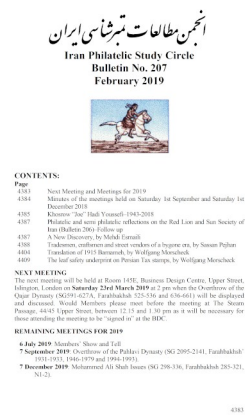
Iran Philatelic Study Circle, English, ca. A4 (letter), colour, –



W. Lade writes about the history of and the stamps associated with the *Red Lion and Sun Society of Iran* (4370–4375).
J. Stone researched the Persian rates for the Overland Route from Baghdad to Haifa (4376–4380).
B. Nassre shows a 1919 Tehran local double rate (4 ch) cover with the earliest date of usage of the "Zinc Plate" issue (4380).
Reports from the March 2018 AGM (4367–4369).

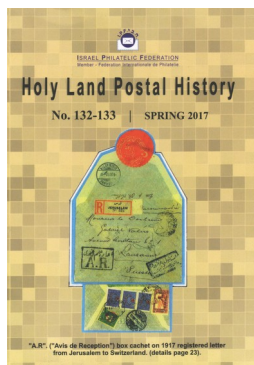
Iran Philatelic Study Circle Bulletin 207 – February 2019

Iran Philatelic Study Circle, English, ca. A4 (letter), colour, –



In a follow-up to W. Lade's article in Bulletin 206, the 1950s *League of Red Cross Societies* vignette can be properly shown (4386).
M. Esmaili reports an unlisted 1 ch on blue paper overprinted "Imprimés" [*Note: Michel catalogue lists this stamp as no. 251*] (4387).
S. Pejhan illustrates "tradesmen, craftsmen and street vendors of a bygone era" on post cards, incl. a 38-card set by Seyed Abdol Rahim Kachani (4388–4403).
W. Morscheck [Bad Säckingen] translates and decodes the inscriptions on a 1915 "barnameh" (way bill) from Meched to Teheran (4404–4407).
W. Morscheck [Bad Säckingen] details the safety method of a 'leaf' underprint on Persian fiscal stamps printed by Austrian State Printer, as the same method was extensively used for Austrian fiscals of that era (4408–4415).
Reports from the September 2018 meeting (4384–4385). Obituary: Khosrow "Joe" Hadi Youssefi (1943–2018) (4385–4386).



Holy Land Postal History 132/133 – Spring 2017*Israel Philatelic Federation, English, ca. C5, colour, US-\$ 25-00*

In *Letters to the Editor*, G. Zuzkis shows a 1939 telegram from Warsaw to Tel Aviv, sent just hours before the start of WWII (5); and L. Martinoja refers to a Minhelet Ha'am postmark (6–7).

M. I. Fock shows usage of newspaper stamps as used by the Ottoman and foreign post offices in the Holy Land (8–12).

I. Karpovsky [spelled here Karpovskey] shows a number of A.R. covers, Ottoman Post, Austrian and French Post Offices; and one from the 1948 transition period (Minhelet Ha'am) (3–23, [a])

J. Aron adds to his previous article on pigeon post by looking at a manual used by the Jewish underground militia during the Mandate era (24–27).

Y. Kleiner compiled information about censorship procedures during WWI (28–39).

The study of B. Longo about the 1840s private postal service of Santelli & Micciarelli is reprinted from the website of the Lebanese Philatelic Association (<http://lapsite.org/santelli-micciarelli/>), in an abridged version. Y. Kleiner adds several further covers in an appendix (45–58).

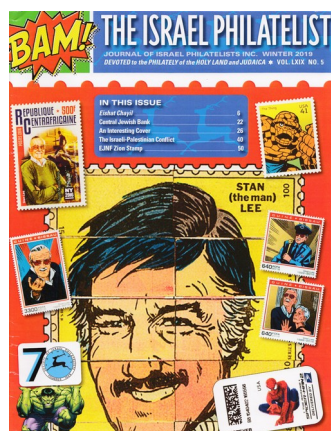
M. I. Fock looks at the express service operated by the Italian Post in the Levant: The Italian 25c “ESPRESSO” stamp was overprinted in 1908 “LEVANTE / 1 PIASTRA 1” [MiNr. 18], and a 30c stamp was overprinted “LEVANTE / 60 PARAS 60” in 1910 [MiNr. 19] (59–61).

Z. Aloni presents a handwritten and officially certified copy of a public notice announcing the postal rates in Jerusalem in 1871. The piece only adds a 30 Para local rate Jerusalem–Hebron to the already known rates (62–65).

Y. Kleiner describes the 4th book in the “Postal History of the Transition Period in Israel 1948” series: Zvi Aloni’s “Vol. I: Official Postal Services: Postal Administration of British Mandate, Minhelet Ha'am and Israel.” (550 pages, US-\$ 65) (66–69).

In *Items of Interest*, an 1870 *ballon monté* cover from Paris to Jerusalem, and a 1901 registered letter via German Post in China from Weihsien via Siberia to Jerusalem are shown (70). The back cover shows four blocks-of-25 from the top right corner (with plate no. 1) of Palestine Mandate *Pictorials* 4, 5, 10, and 90m, as colour trials. All are overprinted “HARRISONS / SPECIMEN” ([d]).

No further issue has been published. The website of the Israel Philatelic Federation does not give any information about the future of the series. S. Morginstin reports in the Spring 2019 edition of The Israel Philatelist that there are no plans to continue the journal.

The Israel Philatelist – Winter 2019 – 70. 2019, No. 5⁴*Society of Israel Philatelists, Inc., English, ca. A4 (letter), colour, US-\$ 4-95*

J. Wallach and I. Atzmon start a series on the military parcel post service in the Israeli Occupied Territories. Part 1 looks at the establishment of services in 1967, interim measures, labels, and parcel cards, 1967–1990 (14–19, 21).

H. Wolman charts the types of Israel triangular military unit hand-stamps (20–21).

H. Rotterdam shows a registered multiple-censored and damaged cover, 1940 Tel-Aviv to New York, returned in 1941 due to the addressee being deceased (26).

E. Kroft starts a series about usage of the 250, 500 and 1,000 m values of Israel’s 1948 ‘Doar Ivri’ series, and looks at postage rates at the time (27–31).

Y. M. Leheavy looks at the Balfour declaration and its reactions and shows *Palestine for the Arabs* and *Muslim Orphanage Jerusalem* stamps (40–42).

Obituaries: Zeev Galibov [missing last paragraph from the previous issue] (4), Isidoro Aizenberg (1939–2019) (11), Irwin Math (43). Pictures and reports from the meeting at FLOREX (52–55). SIP librarian D. Dubin reports the inclusion of parts of the late Arthur Groten’s philatelic library (57).

4 Should be 70. 2019, no. 1.

The Israel Philatelist – Spring 2019 – 70. 2019, No. 2*Society of Israel Philatelists, Inc., English, ca. A4 (letter), colour, US-\$ 4-95*

E. Kroft continues his series about usage of Israel's 1948 'Doar Ivri' stamps (6–9).
 J. Wallach and I. Atzmon continue their series on the military parcel post service in the Israeli Occupied Territories. Part 2 "A Political Parcel" catalogues the types of parcel labels used (15–18).

V. Kachan displays on butterflies on Israeli stamps, also showing the 1998 Palestinian stamp with the Southern Swallowtail (*papilio alexanor*): Zobbel 96 from block Zobbel Bl. 11 (24–25).

A. Harris looks at 1950s/1960s Israeli Fiscal stamps for taxing private transport companies: "Defense Stamp" (26–27).

L. Nelson charts the Jewish Brigade and its predecessors through postal history items (36–38).

H. Rotterdam looks at Israeli joint issues from 2011 onwards (40–42).

E. Kroft shows a 1931 registered and insured envelope from Jerusalem to Kehl, Germany, franked 110 m, explaining the relevant rates [drawing on and acknowledging my series about the Palestine Gazettes in MEPB] (48–49).

The editor reprints a brief account from 1952 about the formation of IPPSA in 1948 by (amongst others) Dr. H. A. Fraenkel (3). Death notice for Isidoro Aizenberg (4). S. Morginstin reports news from the IPF that there are no plans to continue the annual journal Holyland Postal History (5). The lots of the first SIP donation auction are detailed and shown (50–53). Reports from the German exhibition FELBA 2018 (54–56). Winners of the 2018 Leslie Reggel Award and the 2018 Dr. Leopold Dickstein Award announced (57). Next SIP convention to be held at NAPEX in June 2019 (58).

Israel-Philatelie 30 – December 2017*IG Israel, German, A4, colour, –*

U. Zahn presents his book "Ein wahrhaft irdisches Jerusalem : Mosaik aus Philatelie, Geschichte und Literatur," a thematic study on all aspects of the holy city (10–11).

H.-P. Förster looks at depictions of *chamsa* (خمسة, "Hand of Fatima") amulets on stamps (12).

E. Klett translated an article by J.-P. Danon from Doar Ivri no. 30 on the change of denomination of Israeli stamps from *mils* to *prutot* (13).

E. Klett translated a piece by C. D. Abravanel from Doar Ivri no. 39 pointing out that a maximum card for an Israeli stamp commemorating the air war during WWI shows the Australian Flying Corps, whereas the stamp itself shows a German pilot and his aeroplane (14).

No issues were published in 2018. Issue 31 is now due for later this summer.

The 2019 AGM held in July elected a new board: President: Christoph Wendland, Deputy: Alexander Schonath, Treasurer: Martin Rutkowski, Editor: Stefan Göllner.



Doar Ivri 45 – January/April 2019*Cercle Français Philatélique d'Israël, French, A4, colour, –*

The editor shows a picture of the Jaffa Post Office in 1947 [*source is not mentioned*] (3).

E. Domènech i Baño studies correspondence of the Franciscan Order in the Holy Land from the 17th to 19th century: most letters are directed to a convent in Madrid (6–9).

J.-B. Parenti researched the embossed Revenue Stamps of Mandate Palestine (10–13).

D. Avzaradel looks at postal items from the final years of the British Mandate (14–23).

C.-D. Abravanel shows two cover from the 1948 war: Bethlehem 11.07.1948 and Lydda 24.11.1948 (23).

C.-D. Abravanel looks at “Return to Sender” mails in their various forms and applications, 1934–1969 (24–27).

E. Ferrier shows a 1937 cover from China to Jerusalem, back-stamped Port Tawfiq (28).

An 1860 cover from London to Jerusalem is shown, addressed to the “Anglican Lord Bishop in Jerusalem”;⁵ with transit marks of Calais 11.05.1860, Paris 11.05.1860, Alexandria 18.05.1860 ([32]).

Doar Ivri 46 – May/August 2019*Cercle Français Philatélique d'Israël, French, A4, colour, –*

C.-D. Abravanel shows two Israeli cachets for delayed incoming mail in 1974, and a Maritime Post Office cancel “S/S Jerusalem” on a philatelic post card (5).

J. Weiner summarises Field Post serving the troops during the Palestine campaign if 1917/18. Examples of Ottoman and German cancels are shown, but the main part concentrates on the Allied troops and their postal facilities and postmarks (6–14).

T. Zywiets details a cover provided by Daryl Kibble on the suspension of Israeli mails to Gaza in 2009 [reprint from MEPB 10] (19).

C.-D. Abravanel shows covers from the time of the Armistice of Mudros, a port on the island of Lemnos (30.10.1918), and a post card from the Arab Kingdom in 1920 franked with 5 p, and two covers from Damascus and Aleppo in the 1921/22 (20).

R. Callens looks at the (postal) history of the Jewish Brigade during WWII [Reprint from Belgaphil no. 52] (22–25).

Small Items: M. Bernier shows an early cover with 1 p used at Jerusalem 1.03.1918, as well as a return cover Gaza—Nabil with air mail and overland mail in 1927, and J.-M. Garaud report the possible use of a cancelling device (type Daguin) at the French P.O. in Jerusalem in 1913. A German inflation-time cover to Jerusalem is shown, franked 6.150 Million Marks (26–28).

J.-B. Parenti details a 1925 immigration document with a Palestine revenue stamp surcharged 25 p “I. & T” (immigration and travel, Bale R.F.2) ([32]).

**Please come forward with your articles,
comments, research, or images!
MEPB needs interesting new material!**

⁵ At the time this was Samuel Gobat (1799–1879).

Small Ads

Any reader can place an ad in this section for free. I offer a box number service for people not wanting their name, address or e-mail displayed.

*Small ads that are not purely of a private nature, e.g. organisations and commercial dealers, are marked by an **Ж** to fulfil German advertisement regulations.*

Private Gratis-Anzeige 11/003

President Arafat Signed FDCs 1.01.1995

Two very unique **Gaza-Jericho First Day** issue envelopes signed by the late President Yasser Arafat. One stamped Gaza and the other Jericho, both are dated 1st January 1995.

Enquiries to:
MEPB Adverts – Box Number 11/003
mep-bulletin@zobbel.de

Private Gratis-Anzeige 12/008

For Sale: Saudi Arabia

Saudi Arabia stamps, singles and sets, mint and used.

Please contact:
Marwan Nusair
+1-513-289-6337
hejaz@tccincinnati.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 11/002

Ottoman Transdesert Mail Overland Mail Baghdad-Haifa Iraq Railway Stamps 1928-1942

Advanced research collector and exhibitor is interested in exchange of information, philatelic and historical material, photos, etc. related to the mentioned areas as well as purchase of interesting items missing in my collections.

Additional information can be found on my award winning websites:

<http://fuchs-online.com/overlandmail>
<http://fuchs-online.com/iraq>

Replies to:
Rainer Fuchs
rainer@fuchs-online.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 10/008

International Reply Coupons

I collect International Reply Coupons (IRC) worldwide, 1907 until today. I am always interested to buy both single items and entire IRC collections and lots of whatever size.

A good stock of duplicates (only IRCs) is available for trade and exchange. Please contact me with whatever questions or suggestions you would like to make.

If you are a country collector and interested in information about IRC of your country please also don't hesitate to contact me!

Replies to:
Wolfgang Leimenstoll
wolfgang.leimenstoll@t-online.de

Private Gratis-Anzeige 10/004

Holy Land Cancels on Austrian Stamps

Collector seeking to purchase the following Holy Land-related material with postmarks from Jerusalem (Gerusalemme), Jaffa, or Haifa (Caifa):

Lombardy-Venetia stamps from 1863 or 1864, perf. 14 or perf. 9 (Michel: 14–23)

Austrian Levant 20 Para on 10 Heller with varnish bars (Michel: 40)

Austrian Crete 25 Cent (Michel: 3)

Replies to:

Aaron Huber (APS member)

ashuber@gmail.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 10/003

**Pre-1901 Postal History
Palestine–Australia**

I'm researching postal history between the Ottoman Palestine and Australia and am looking for details of any covers, cards, etc. sent in either direction prior to 1901. So far I know of a grand total of only three!

Any assistance would be appreciated, including references to material and auction offers. Besides information about this topic, I am also interested in purchasing such material.

Replies to:

Joseph Aron

shabbatshalom@gmail.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 10/005

Qatar Postal History

Collector looking for unique Postal History items such as covers, letters, rare overprints and surcharges.

Offers to:

Adil Al-Husseini, P.O. Box 695, Doha, Qatar

ezgert@yahoo.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 03/009

Jordan Postal Rates 1948–1967

Information on all Jordan postal rates during the Palestine annexation period (1948–67) is requested. I am trying to compile my own list as I cannot find any tables in the literature.

Replies to:

Paul Phillips

paulxlpe@gmail.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 02/001

**Sand Dunes
Sahara Republic**

I am interested in the *Sand Dune* stamps of the late 1960s and early 1970s plus the *Sahara Republic*, also the present day revival of the *Sand Dune* stamps now flowing from the Baltic Countries.

Want to exchange information, possible stamp trades or purchase. CTO is OK with me. All I want is an example of each stamp.

Replies to:

Richard Barnes

rtbarnes@shaw.ca

Private Gratis-Anzeige 01/004

Palestine Mandate 1918–1927

To complete and illustrate my article series on official postal announcements I'm looking for covers, cards, forms and images thereof, showing:

- rare usage of stamps
- postal rates
- rare destinations
- stamp combinations
- unusual franking
- postal forms, telegramme forms

from the pre-Pictorials era.

Replies to:

Tobias Zywiets

zobbel@zobbel.de

Private Gratis-Anzeige 02/004

United Nations in the Middle East

I offer commercially used (really mailed) covers from UN observation missions and military forces for sale:

UNTSO, UNEF I and II, UNDOF, UNIFIL, etc.

Can be sorted out by contingents nationalities.

I'm looking for early UN missions 1947–1950 in Israel and Palestine, such as:

UNTSOP, UN-Mediator Mission, UNSCOP, etc.

Replies to:

J. L. Emmenegger, Switzerland

jl.emmenegger@gmail.com

H – Gratis-Anzeige 11/001

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Private Gratis-Anzeige 02/003

Wanted: Ottoman Postal History

To buy or exchange Ottoman postal history (no Foreign Offices) with a bias toward material from the Middle Eastern area, e.g. Lebanon, Syria, Jordan etc. However, all areas are welcome.

Replies to:

Robert Stuchell

rstuchell@msn.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 03/006

Oman Stamps & Postal History

I am intrigued by my lack of knowledge about the State of Oman stamps and history.

I would like to correspond with anyone with knowledge about the history surrounding this fantasy country, possibly exchange stamps and perhaps work towards creating a State of Oman Stamp catalogue.

Replies to:

Richard Barnes, 11715 - 123 ST NW, Edmonton, AB, Canada, T5M 0G8

rtbarnes@shaw.ca

Private Gratis-Anzeige 10/001

Covers: Iraq-USA / USA-Iraq

I'm looking for interesting covers of Iraq to USA as well as USA to Iraq for the period 1939 to 1945.

Send images (jpeg) with your asking price or ask for my at-market offer.

Replies to:

K. David Steidley, Ph.D.

David@Steidley.com

H – Gratis-Anzeige 02/008

Ottoman Cancellations Software

Ottoman Cancellations software for identifying, cross-referencing, cataloguing and documenting Ottoman Cancellations and fragments thereof.

Please ask for free demo version (Windows), user manual, and conditions of sale from:

George Stasinopoulos

stassin@cs.ntua.gr

Private Gratis-Anzeige 01/012

Wants: Sharjah, Yemen, Oman

Sharjah Scott O1-9, NH or used (S.G. O101-09)
 Yemen Scott 597, 607, 615, 632, 633, 634, 635, C145 (S.G. 74, 82, 94, 112, 126, 127, 128, 129)
 Oman Yemen (combined), any, used
 Scott 110, 111, 112, 114, 115, 116, 118, any, used
 (S.G.: same numbers)

Buy or trade.

Offers to:

Burl Henry

henrysatshamrock@aol.com

H - Gratis-Anzeige 05/005

Jordan & Palestine Postal History

Kawar Philatelics offers a wide range of postal history items, covering West Bank, East Bank, and Palestinian Authority.

Large collections and stock available
for Collectors, Dealers, and Investors.

www.kawarphilatelics.com

Replies to:

Kawar Philatelics, Kamal Kawar

kamal@kawarphilatelics.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 12/005

Wanted: Smyrna Postal History

Entire letters to and from Smyrna
dated before 1800.

Replies to:

Gene Ekonomi

gekonomi@yahoo.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 12/006

Palestinian Authority Revenue Stamps

Wanted:

Palestinian Authority revenue stamps
Israeli Military revenue stamps
MNH as well as on document

Replies to:

Arthur Harris

arthurhythec@gmail.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 05/003

1992 Israel-China First Flight Cover Wanted



I am looking to purchase a First Flight cover Tel Aviv-Beijing of 3.09.1992. I have other covers from this event, but am looking for this specific cachet as pictured.

Apparently less than 100 registered covers exist.

Offers to:

Mark Sommer, brocean@aol.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 01/005

Palestine World War I

For research purposes I'm looking for originals, photocopies, or scans of issues of

The Palestine News

This was the weekly military newspaper of EEF and OETA(S), published in Cairo in 1918/1919.

Replies to:
Tobias Zywiets
zobbel@zobbel.de

Private Gratis-Anzeige 12/009

1956 Suez Canal Crisis & United Nations Peacekeeping Operations

Looking for interesting covers of this period and UN Peacekeeping Operations such as UNEF I and UNIKOM as well as operations on the African continent.

Can offer much likewise material as well.

Please contact:
Marc Parren
marcparren@hotmail.com

HC - Gratis-Anzeige 02/007



The Lebanese Philatelic Association (LAP) encourages and promotes philately and postal history collecting in Lebanon. It represents Lebanon in the world body of philately, co-operates with Arab and International Philatelic Associations and clubs. It holds symposia and exhibitions and provides a committee of experts for Lebanese stamps and postal history.

The association's journal *LAP Magazine* is published every four months.

www.lapsite.org

Private Gratis-Anzeige 07/001

Palestine Articles by Major J. J. Darlow

For research purposes I'm looking for originals, photocopies, or scans of philatelic articles on Palestine by Major J. J. Darlow published in the 1920s and 1930s, especially two pieces published in 1922 in Harris Publications'

The Philatelic Magazine
(nos. 170 and 171).

Replies to:
Tobias Zywiets
zobbel@zobbel.de

Private Gratis-Anzeige 04/002

Holy Land Stamps and Literature

I seek high quality and high value Holy Land stamps and postal history as well as Literature (eg. The Holyland Philatelist, BAPIP Bulletins, and monographs).

Please contact:
rnasch@fairmanage.com

HC - Gratis-Anzeige 04/003

BAPIP Bulletin 1952–2015

The complete archive of the BAPIP Bulletin, the journal of the **Holyland Philatelic Society**, has been digitised. Available are entire issues or individual articles from 1952–2015.

Visit:
www.zobbel.de/stamp/lit_09.htm

Private Gratis-Anzeige 01/002

Looking for pro-Palestinian Slogans

I am looking for postal slogans in support of the Palestinian people and the refugees. I have a small collection of these and there are probably more available. Can you help me out?

Replies to:
Lawrence Fisher
Lf.stamps@gmail.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 01/013

Turkish Occupation of Thessaly

Collector is interested in any postal history material related to the Turkish occupation of Thessaly 1897–1898.

Exchange of information is also highly welcome.

Offers to:
Otto Graf
otto@skanderbeg.net

Private Gratis-Anzeige 01/010

Persia & Yemen Postal History

Collector of Postal History of Persia (before 1930) and of Yemen (before 1945) wishes to purchase interesting items.

Replies to:
Bjorn Sohrne
bjornsohrne@gmail.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 03/001

World War One Indian Army Field Post Offices

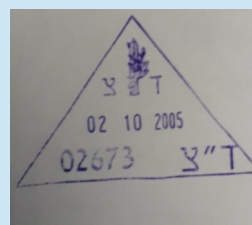
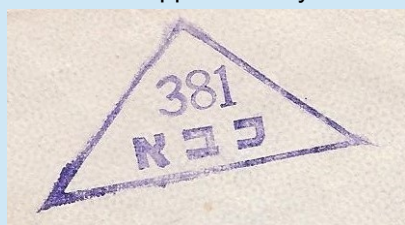
For research purposes, collector is interested in exchanging scans and information on the WWI Indian Army Field Post Offices in what is today Lebanon, Syria and Cilicia.

Replies to:
Bob Gray
robertgray@me.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 12/001

Wanted: Israel's Triangular Military Unit Handstamps

There are 3 styles of triangular Handstamps used on Military Mail in Israel. The first style lowest numbers were used from 1948 to about 1960. I am trying to collect all of these and am still missing a few numbers. The mid period ran from approximately 1960 to 1980.



I have almost a complete run of these numbers but am still looking for a few of them including 1014, 1021, 1032, 1035, 1043, 1048, 1049, 1060, 1091, 1094 and 1098 and a few others. The most recent zero series style started about 1980 and is still in use. Zero series numbers I am looking for include 01433, 01455, 01526, 01636, 01833 to 01860, 02129 and 03350.

I am trying to collect all the numbers and I estimate that there are over 5000 issued across the 3 styles. I am also looking for your lists of numbers to check against my database. All correspondence and offers to trade material welcome.

[Please contact Harris via stamps@gmx.co.uk](mailto:stamps@gmx.co.uk)

Private Gratis-Anzeige 12/004

Wanted: Arabian Gulf Postal History

I'm looking for Arabian Gulf postal history for research or purchase.

India used in the Gulf: Muscat, Guadur, Persia, Iraq, Bahrain & Kuwait

British Gulf: Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, Dubai, Abu Dhabi & Muscat

Independent postal administrations: Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, Abu Dhabi, Dubai, UAE & Oman

Please contact:

Thomas Johansen at

arabiangulfphilately@gmail.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 12/002

Judaica (Not Israel)

I am Interested in Judaica-themed stamps from all over the world (not from Israel).

I have many to sell, or ideally exchange with fellow collectors.

Also interested in countries that have issued anti-Israel themed stamps too.

Please contact Gary at

judaicathematicsociety@talktalk.net

Private Gratis-Anzeige 12/003

U.K.-based Collector always interested in buying Egypt for his Collection

I am particularly interested in revenues, Cinderellas, perfins, telegrams, officially sealed labels, Interpostal Seals, Suez Canal Company, stamp dealer's mail, franking meters, Great Bitter Lake Association, Postal Concession, postal stationery, printed illustrated envelopes and anything unusual, but I also buy mainstream subjects.

From single items to whole collections, please let me make you an offer.

Please contact Jon Aitchison:

+44 (0) 1279 870488

britishlocals@aol.com

Private Gratis-Anzeige 12/008

Wanted: East Asian Military Mail

Sino-Japanese War of 1894–95

Boxer Uprising of 1900

Russo-Japanese War of 1904–05

Russian mail from Siberia via the C.E.R. or via ship from a military post office (FPO)

Japanese military mail from Manchuria, China, Korea.

Replies to:

Myron Palay, myronpalay@aol.com,

+1-216-226-8755, c. 548-6485

Private Gratis-Anzeige 12/007

Qatar Postal History

Looking for Qatar Postal History items.

Covers of the 1950s – 1960s.

Stamps with errors such as inverted & misaligned overprints (no colour trials please).

Replies to:

Adil Al Hussein, PO Box 695, Doha

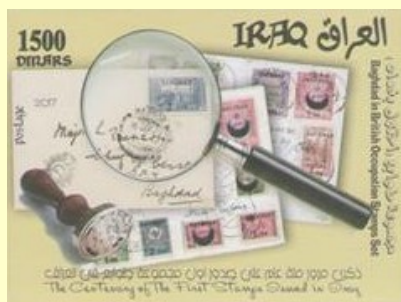
State of Qatar

ezgert@yahoo.com – APS # 121752 (since 1982)

HC - Gratis-Anzeige 07/201



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Baghdad, Iraq

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HC - Gratis-Anzeige 01/008

Doar Ivri

Revue du CFPI

(CERCLE FRANÇAIS PHILATÉLIQUE D'ISRAËL)



« Doar Ivri » is the 32 page, full colour (A4), award winning, quarterly journal in French of the **Cercle Français Philatélique d'Israël (C.F.P.I.)**, founded in 2004.

It and covers all aspects of Holy Land philately and Judaica. Ask for a free sample copy (PDF) or visit our website:

www.cfpi-asso.net

Replies to:
Jean-Paul Danon

president.cfpi@cfpi-asso.net

Private Gratis-Anzeige 01/015

The online resource for Palestine Collectors

The award-winning, non-commercial website

Short Introduction To The Philately Of Palestine

presents a wealth of information for the collector of Palestine: be it First World War FPOs, Mandate stamps and postal history, Egyptian and Jordanian occupation, and modern-day PNA: stamps, postmarks, registration labels, postal history.

Also featured is the index to the BAPIP Bulletin and an extensive bibliography with over 8,000 entries, and much much more!

www.zobbel.de/stamp

H - Gratis-Anzeige 01/009

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H - Gratis-Anzeige 10/201



The Institute of Postal Historical Studies "Aldo Cecchi" Prato, Tuscany, Italy

When you study postal history, you investigate on organized communication, particularly focusing on material aspects. This is a new, productive approach connecting different subjects, such as social history and history of culture, epistolography, history of management and of entrepreneurship, paleography, diplomatics, economic history, historical geography, history of journalism and of commerce, collecting.

Since 1982, in Prato, **Istituto di Studi Storici Postali "Aldo Cecchi"** has been an international reference centre for those concerned. The Institute is aimed at building, improving and sharing knowledge of the postal-historical subjects through publications, courses, workshops, exhibitions, and other cultural events.

One of the highlights of the Institute is his role as a **specialized library**, collecting guidebooks and old postal maps as well as modern philatelic editions. The library includes more than 13,000 items (volumes and booklets). Over time, the library has become a proper documentation centre on organized postal communication. The library is divided into special sections: the periodicals section contains almost 2,000 titles. The special collection of commercial philatelic publications (auction catalogues, fixed-price offers, promotional material, traders' price lists) numbers 15,000 items.

Last but not least, the Institute also holds an archival fond which is extraordinarily important for the history of Italian postal communications: the archive of the **"Direzione Superiore della Posta Militare"** (High office for Military Mail), containing some 400,000 original documents about its activity during the 20th century.

As you may understand, books and publications on postal-historical topics are welcome and ready to be inserted in the always-growing catalogue which can be consulted online. **You are therefore invited to send us your publications: they will be available to the international community of philatelists!**

www.issp.po.it

Istituto di Studi Storici Postali "Aldo Cecchi", Via Ser Lapo Mazzei 37, 59100 Prato, Italy

H - Gratis-Anzeige 01/006

OMAN STUDIES CENTRE

for Documentation and Research on Oman and the Arabian Gulf

The Oman Studies Centre is pooling resources on Oman and the Gulf to support research on Oman and to provide advisory services. In addition to the Oman Library with books, maps, and documents, the information pool includes special collections such as a philatelic collection and a numismatic collection. For our philatelic collection we buy stamps, postal history, stationery, and documents in the following areas:

- India used in Muscat and Gwadar
- Pakistan used in Muscat and Gwadar
- British Post Office in Muscat
- Muscat & Oman, Sultanate of Oman
- "rebel stamps" State of Oman and Dhufar

We currently also buy early postcards of Oman (pre-1970) and Muscat quarter Anna varieties to complete collections that will result in the publishing of specialised catalogues in these two fields.

We have extensive holdings of duplicate material in all fields and are willing to sell or exchange for other Oman material. Enquiries are welcome.

Replies to:

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Gratis-Anzeige 12/201



The GB Overprints Society

The GBOS promotes the collection and study of overprints on British stamps and postal stationery and their usage, from the first overprints for use outside the United Kingdom issued in Cyprus in 1880 right through the "British Levant" issues to the final use of overprints when the British postal agency at Muscat closed in 1966.

The GBOS range of interests also includes revenues and postal orders overprinted for use abroad as well as the British departmental overprints.

Collectors at all levels are always welcome, whether experienced researchers or beginners.

We have an informative and lavishly illustrated website and publish a quarterly journal "The Overprinter", available in paper form or electronically. We have also published books on overprinted British postal stationery for use in many countries, including the Middle East and the Gulf.

For more information visit the website at <http://www.gbos.org.uk> or write to The GBOS Secretary, 118 Maldon Road, Tiptree, Colchester CO5 0PA, UK

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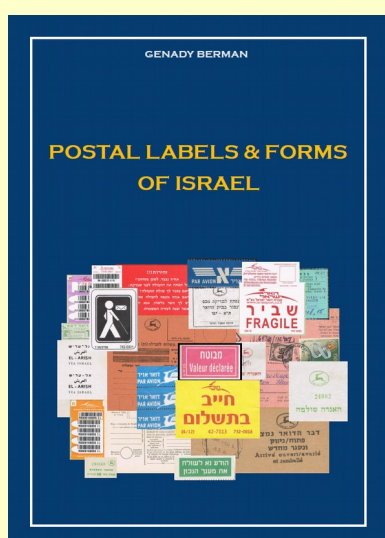
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H - Gratis-Anzeige 10/007



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Enquiries to:

Genady Berman

bermangenady@gmail.com

Gratis-Anzeige 01/201

The Oriental Philatelic Association of London



The Oriental Philatelic Association of London was founded in 1949. Its remit is very broad both geographically and historically as it covers all philatelic aspects of post within the former Ottoman Empire and all its myriad successor states. Nevertheless many members specialise in one small area. Over one third of our membership of over 150 lives abroad, with a particular large number in the USA.

OPAL publishes a couple of journals per year along with a couple of newsletters. Both publications are also used to answer members' queries. If our extensive library can't help with queries, then our membership invariably contains someone who can help, however specialised or esoteric. There are informal meetings held in various UK locations as well as our annual get together for our AGM.

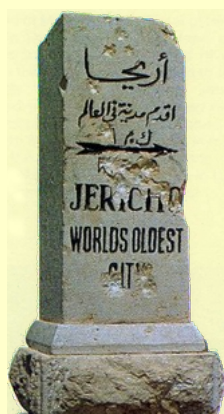
Membership costs presently £5 per annum. Further details can be found on and contacts can be made via OPAL's website: www.mclstamps.co.uk/opal/opalhome.html.

Philip Longbottom, OPAL secretary, email: prlongbottom@aol.com

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Gratis-Anzeige 11/201



The Aden & Somaliland Study Group

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Subscriptions: £18 UK, £25 Europe, £30 World (paper copy); £10 GBP (pdf-only)

Contact: Neil Williams
neil53williams@yahoo.co.uk



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Dr. Andreas Birken

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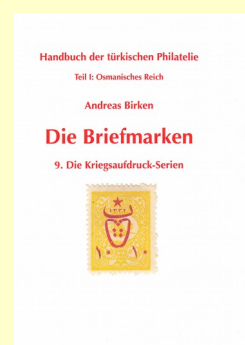
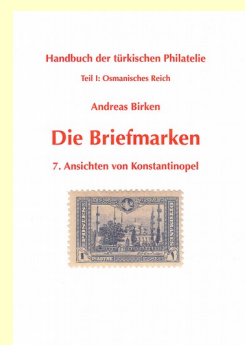
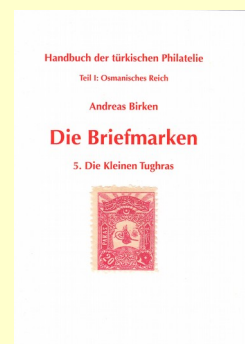
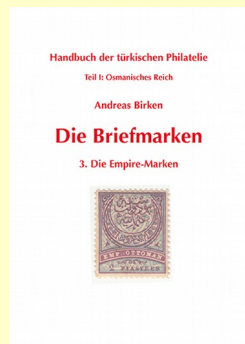
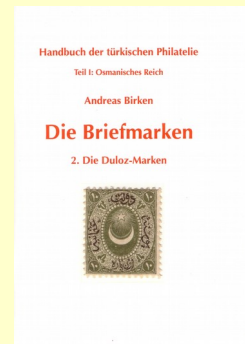
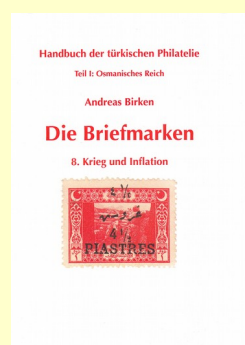
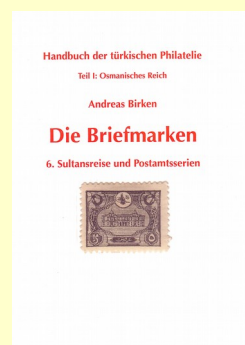
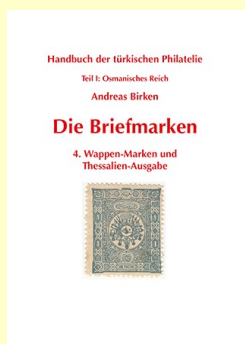
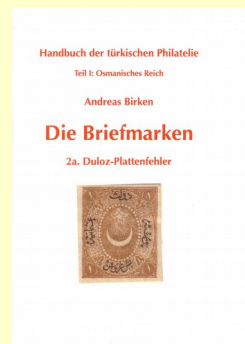
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A.Birken@t-online.de – www.arosturk.org/publ.htm

Do you collect stamps from the Holy Land?

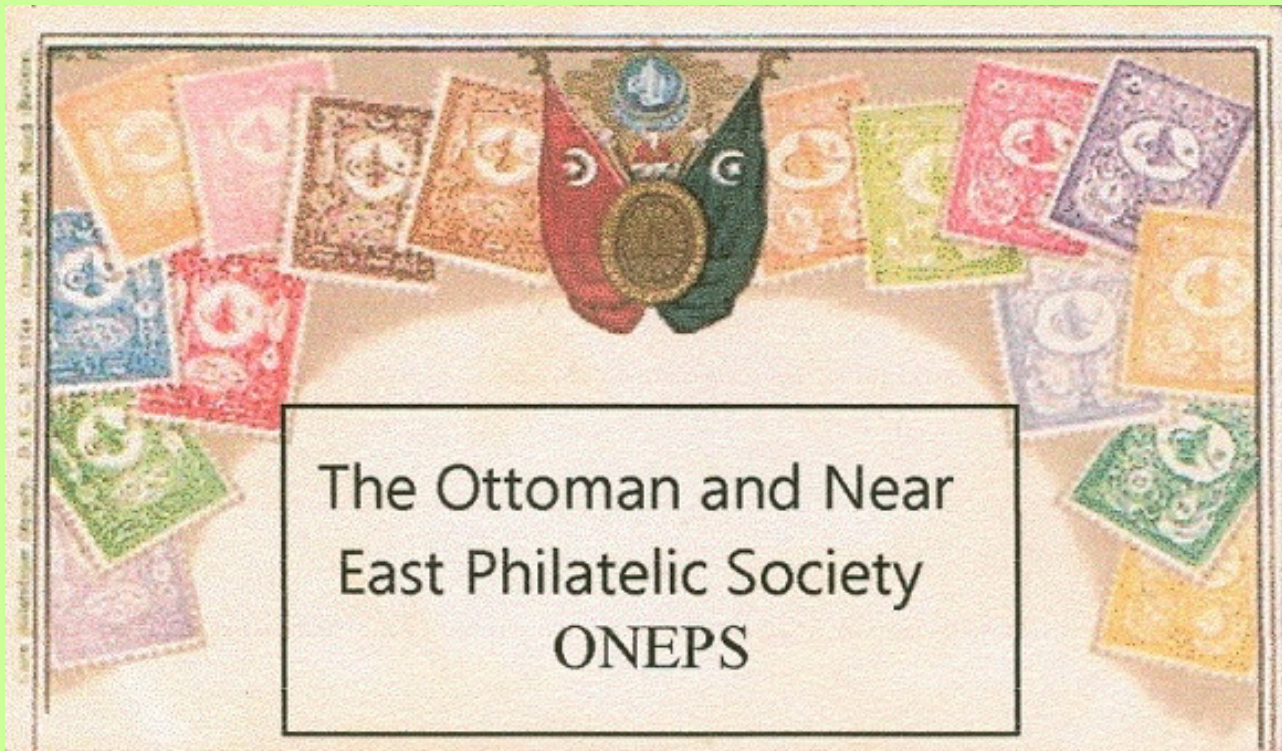
Why not join the Holyland Philatelic Society?

The Holyland Philatelic Society (founded in 1952) is the British society for all collectors of the stamps and postal history of Israel and Mandate Palestine, and for those interested in the postal services in the Holyland from earliest times until the present day, including Ottoman and foreign post offices, times of war, the occupations, and Palestinian National Authority.



Meetings are held in Central London, and all members receive the society's journal, the BAPIP Bulletin.

Contact: holylandphilatelicociety@yahoo.com



The Ottoman and Near East Philatelic Society (ONEPS) promotes the collection and study of postage and revenue stamps, stationery, and postal history of the Ottoman Empire, the Republic of Turkey, and Ottoman successor states, including the Near and Middle East, Egypt, Arabia, and the Balkans.

Our journal, "The Levant," is published three times a year, and an index to all articles is posted on our website: www.oneps.net.

Membership in the society opens the door to a philatelic community with a wide range of interests, including Turkey, Palestine, Lebanon, Syria, Saudi Arabia, Iraq, Jordan, Yemen, Egypt, Armenia, Greece, Cyprus, Bulgaria and Romania, philatelic and political history, postal administration, stamp authentication and forgeries, picture post cards and postal ephemera.

Annual dues are \$20 in North America; £17 in the UK; €20 or \$25 all other countries. Join by submitting an application, available from the Secretary, Mr. Rolfe Smith, at xbow2@mac.com or as download from our website: www.oneps.net.

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Study Circle Ottoman Empire/Turkey



Die Arbeitsgemeinschaft Osmanisches Reich/Türkei (AROS) ist eine Vereinigung der Türkei-Philatelisten. Ihr Ziel ist die Verbreitung und Vertiefung des Wissens über die Briefmarken und Postgeschichte des Osmanischen Reichs und der Türkei sowie der Nachfolgestaaten des Osmanischen Reichs von Albanien bis Jemen, soweit hierfür im BDPH keine eigenen Arbeitsgemeinschaften bestehen.

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- viermal jährlich das Mitteilungsheft „Türkei-Spiegel“ mit Informationen und Forschungsergebnissen

Kontaktadresse: Dr. Andreas Birken, Kreienkoppel 3, 22399 Hamburg
A.Birken@t-online.de

www.arosturk.org/aos.htm

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Editorial

by Tobias Zywietz (mep-bulletin@zobbel.de)
 Publisher & Editor, *The Middle East Philatelic Bulletin*

The Contents of this Issue

Hakan Berkil reports a new discovery of the **Ottoman T.P.O. Cancel Smyrna–Dinar** (İzmir–Geyikli). This piece was elicited by a Facebook post.

Otto Graf continues his short series on the **Turkish Occupation of Thessaly** of 1897/98 analysing several covers and explaining their background. Translated article from the original German.

Folkert Bruining and I revisit the postmarks of **Bon Samaritain (Khan al-Hathrur)** based on contributions by Hakan Yilmaz and from the Alexander Museum.

My article on the **Jerusalem Post Office** published in MEPB 1 gets an update: I can now present more evidence about the building's history and have to correct the dating of a key photograph shown in 2015.

New author *Rolf Wernecke* presents his findings about stationery printing varieties: **Palestine Mandate's first Registration Envelope**.

After many months of gestation, I can finally publish as series of articles on the circumstances of the **1939 Alexandretta/Hatay Postal War**. As introduction serves *Wolfgang Elsner's* article "Levantine Discord: The Rejection of the First Stamps of Hatay by Syria and Lebanon," which has been revised and translated. Elsner traces the political background to the subject. This is followed by the discussion on Facebook about taxation of letters, which instigated my initial interest back in 2018: *Chaker Areksoussi*, 'Liban Phil,' and 'Ruud van Nistelrooy,' are the main contributors. I added some brief notes on as well as many illustrations of the stamps of Alexandretta/Hatay (mainly provided by Balkan Phila, and 'Liban Phil') and some covers: this part also traces the few mentions in the BULLETIN OFFICIEL. An appendix presents some key legal texts about the League of Nations mandate and the transfer of the sandjak.

Regular *Rainer Fuchs* continues his series on the **End of the Overland Mail Baghdad–Haifa**: this part gathers information about transdesert transport companies other than the well known operations of Nairn and Nathaniel.

Two Research Appeals are feature in this issue: **Aden and Yemen Meter Marks** and **International Reply Coupons of Syria and Lebanon**. I hope readers will search their collections and report their findings.

Avo Kaplanian presents his research on the printing Varieties of Jordan's **35 Fils Aérogramme**. A separate

piece will follow in the next issue, looking closer at first two air letter sheets.

Censorship specialist *Marc Parren* starts a new series looking at post-WWII **Iraqi Censorship**. In its first part he introduces the subject and details censor markings used in Baghdad 1958–1972.

After a longer than intended hiatus, the Archive Section returns with an **Index to the Palestine Gazettes** for 1919–1929. The series itself will reappear in the next issue covering the year 1930.

The **Adverts Section** features several new and also revised entries. Every registered reader is entitled to place free ads, so please come forward with your needs and wishes!

Future Articles and Research Projects

These are some of the topics and articles I am working on, together with many authors, to include in future issues of MEPB. If you have information, covers, opinions about any of these subject: please let me know!

- Turkey 1897 Overprint Error "Cniq" on Cover
- The Fraud of the French Consular Issues of 1948
- A Danish Missionary Society (Østerlandsmissionen) cover from Syria to Denmark
- Late Use of Jordanian Postal Forms in the Israeli Occupied West Bank
- Book Review: Die Österreichische Post in der Levante The Schindler Collection of Austrian Levant
- Iraqi Railway Stamps Booklets
- From Scotland to Sudan: Postal Stationery Wrapper
- Early Cancels of Amman
- Jordanian West Bank Censor Markings
- A Thessaly cover with Surprises
- The Barīd: Umayyad, Abbasid and Mamluk Postal Services in Egypt and Syria
- The "Er Ramle" postmark on Zeppelin Orient Flight covers of 1931
- Julius Bolthausen: The Caiffa Bisects
- Photographs from the Jerusalem I Overprinting: Contemporaneous Records of the "B" Variety
- A soldier's account of the 1918 Famine in Lebanon
- The Printing Process of the Blues of Palestine
- PNA Issues: Gaza Freedom Fleet 2011
- The French Military Mission in the Hejaz 1916–1920
- 17th Century Mail by French Merchant Ships
- The RAF Postal Service in Sharjah
- The Postage Rates and Overland Mail Surcharges of Iraq, 1923–1929
- Overland Mail Route Instruction Labels
- Court Fee Stamps of Palestine Mandate
- Book Review: Sultanate of Oman Postal System

- Book Review: Anglo-Egyptian & French Colonial Censorship in WWII
- Book Review: Birken series on Ottoman Stamps
- Book Review: Michel North Arabia and Iran 2017
- The Revenue Stamps of Palestine 1994–2016
- Dr. Hoexter's Syrian FDCs
- Habbaniya Provisionals – Revisited
- The Nablus Single Circle Datestamp in 1949
- Book Review: Osmanlı İmparatorluğu Posta Tarihi
- Archive: Mail Communications and the Indian Post Office in the Persian Gulf
- Archive: The Telegraphs of the Persian Gulf
- Lebanon 'Palestine Aid' covers
- RAF Emergency Air Mail 1919: Aerial EEF
- The Iraq/Kuwait Postal War
- Posta Bey'iye Şubesi 28 İstanbul
- Jordan Stamps & Banknotes
- Telegraph Codes: Mosse, Liebèr, Bentley, & al.
- Early Postcards of Muscat
- Service Automobile Palestine-Syria
- Archive: Friedrich Perlberg's *Bilder aus dem Heiligen Lande* and *Palästina-Album*
- Book Review: Genady Berman's Israel Postal Labels
- Egypt Essays, Proofs and Varieties from the Joseph Chalhoub Collection at auction
- Postal and Communications information from: Guide-Annuaire d'Égypte 1872, Annuaire Oriental 1891, Indicateur Égyptien 1897, Egyptian Directory 1908

Contributions

I will consider any article of quality for potential inclusion: be it a large article with original research, a small piece looking at a particular aspect, a concise description of an interesting cover, or a long-forgotten piece of research rediscovered. It can be original writing, or material already published. I will advise and help with anything that is offered. Translation into English can be arranged, and all steps and processes are closely coordinated with the author.

*If you think you can contribute to the journal,
please do not hesitate to contact me!*

Articles should be submitted as plain text (TXT), rich text (RTF), LibreOffice/OpenOffice (ODT), MS Word

(DOC, DOCX) or Adobe Acrobat (PDF). Images can be JPEG/JPG- or PNG-files in 300dpi (or higher) resolution.

Rights to texts and images not belonging to the author should be cleared, or at least be flagged-up, so that I can deal with any such issues. If in doubt: just ask! I will strive to resolve any such occurring problems.

Acknowledgements

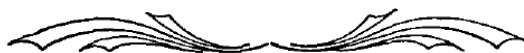
I'd like to thank again all contributors and all those aiding and encouraging me in the creation of this journal. The list would be too long to print here, so I mention just one non-philatelist, who, as native speaker, helped me with proofreading and gave advice on style of writing, namely *Colin Booth*. My special thanks go to *Baha Obeidat* for translations in preparation of the inclusion of THE ARAB COLLECTOR in the Journal Reviews section.

Several organisations and persons gave me general permission to reprint articles from their journals and archives. One person I have especially to thank is *Barry D. Hoffman*, copyright owner of F. W. Pollack's THE HOLY LAND PHILATELIST. *Many thanks to all!*

Download Statistics

As of early August 2019, the number of downloads of the first eleven issues of MEPB continue to rise steadily, the cumulative total is now at 28,555, averaging 120 downloads per month per issue. The totals for each issue:

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Issue 5 (April 2017):	3,120	112/month
Issue 6 (August 2017):	2,177	92/month
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Imprint

The Middle East Philatelic Bulletin

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Datenschutzerklärung zur Mailing-Liste

Mailing List Data Protection Policy

by Tobias Zywietz (mep-bulletin@zobbel.de)
 Publisher & Editor, *The Middle East Philatelic Bulletin*

Zusammenfassung

- Jeder Nutzer kann sich kostenlos registrieren lassen, um per E-Mail Informationen zum Erscheinen und Inhalt meiner elektronischen Zeitschrift *The Middle East Philatelic Bulletin* zu erhalten.
- Die gespeicherten Daten umfassen Name und E-Mail-Adresse des Nutzers.
- Die gespeicherten Daten werden zum Versand von Informationen zum Erscheinen und Inhalt meiner elektronischen Zeitschrift *The Middle East Philatelic Bulletin* genutzt sowie zur zweckdienlichen individuellen Kommunikation.
- Jeder registrierte Nutzer kann jederzeit die Änderung oder Löschung der Daten verlangen. Die Änderung oder Löschung erfolgt umgehend.

Summary

- Any user can register for free to receive information by e-mail about the publication and content of my electronic magazine *The Middle East Philatelic Bulletin*.
- The stored data include the name and e-mail address of the user.
- The stored data will be used to send information about the publication and content of my electronic journal *The Middle East Philatelic Bulletin* and for appropriate individual communication.
- Every registered user can request the modification or deletion of the data at any time. The modification or deletion takes place immediately.

Datenschutzerklärung

Datenschutz hat einen besonders hohen Stellenwert für mich. Eine Nutzung meiner Zeitschrift ist grundsätzlich ohne jede Angabe personenbezogener Daten möglich.

Die Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten, beispielsweise des Namens, und der E-Mail-Adresse einer betroffenen Person, erfolgt stets im Einklang mit der Datenschutz-Grundverordnung und in Übereinstimmung mit den für mich geltenden landesspezifischen Datenschutzbestimmungen. Mittels dieser Datenschutzerklärung möchte ich die Öffentlichkeit über Art, Umfang und Zweck der von mir erhobenen, genutzten und verarbeiteten personenbezogenen Daten informieren. Ferner werden betroffene Personen mittels dieser Datenschutzerklärung über die ihnen zustehenden Rechte aufgeklärt.

Ich habe als für die Verarbeitung Verantwortlicher zahlreiche technische und organisatorische Maßnahmen umgesetzt, um einen möglichst lückenlosen Schutz der über diese Internetseite verarbeiteten personenbezogenen Daten sicherzustellen. Dennoch können internetbasierte Datenübertragungen, wie E-Mail, grundsätzlich Sicherheitslücken aufweisen, sodass ein absoluter Schutz nicht gewährleistet werden kann. Aus diesem Grund steht es jeder betroffenen Person frei, personenbezogene Daten auch auf alternativen Wegen an mich zu übermitteln.

I. Name und Anschrift des Verantwortlichen

Der Verantwortliche im Sinne der Datenschutz-Grundverordnung und anderer nationaler Datenschutzgesetze der Mitgliedsstaaten sowie sonstiger datenschutzrechtlicher Bestimmungen ist

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 Website: www.zobbel.de

II. Allgemeines zur Datenverarbeitung

1. Umfang der Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten

Ich verarbeite personenbezogene Daten von Nutzern grundsätzlich nur, soweit diese zur Bereitstellung von Information über eine Mailing-Liste erforderlich ist. Die weitergehende Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten erfolgt nur nach Einwilligung des Nutzers.

2. Rechtsgrundlage für die Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten

Soweit ich für Verarbeitungsvorgänge personenbezogener Daten eine Einwilligung der betroffenen Person einhole, dient Art. 6 Abs. 1 lit. a EU-Datenschutzgrundverordnung (DSGVO) als Rechtsgrundlage für die Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten.

Bei der Verarbeitung von personenbezogenen Daten, die zur Erfüllung eines Vertrages, dessen Vertragspartei die betroffene Person ist, erforderlich ist, dient Art. 6 Abs. 1 lit. b DSGVO als Rechtsgrundlage. Dies gilt auch für Verarbeitungsvorgänge, die zur Durchführung vorvertraglicher Maßnahmen erforderlich sind.

Soweit eine Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten zur Erfüllung einer rechtlichen Verpflichtung erforderlich ist, die mir unterliegt, dient Art. 6 Abs. 1 lit. c DSGVO als Rechtsgrundlage.

Für den Fall, dass lebenswichtige Interessen der betroffenen Person oder einer anderen natürlichen Person eine Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten erforderlich machen, dient Art. 6 Abs. 1 lit. d DSGVO als Rechtsgrundlage.

Ist die Verarbeitung zur Wahrung eines berechtigten Interesses von mir oder eines Dritten erforderlich und überwiegen die Interessen, Grundrechte und Grundfreiheiten des Betroffenen das erstgenannte Interesse nicht, so dient Art. 6 Abs. 1 lit. f DSGVO als Rechtsgrundlage für die Verarbeitung.

3. Datenlöschung und Speicherdauer

Die personenbezogenen Daten der betroffenen Person werden gelöscht oder gesperrt, sobald der Zweck der Speicherung entfällt. Eine Speicherung kann darüber hinaus dann erfolgen, wenn dies durch den europäischen oder nationalen Gesetzgeber in unionsrechtlichen Verordnungen, Gesetzen oder sonstigen Vorschriften, denen der Verantwortliche unterliegt, vorgesehen wurde. Eine Sperrung oder Löschung der Daten erfolgt auch dann, wenn eine durch die genannten Normen vorgeschriebene Speicherfrist abläuft, es sei denn, dass eine Erforderlichkeit zur

weiteren Speicherung der Daten für einen Vertragsabschluss oder eine Vertragserfüllung besteht.

III. Mailing-Liste

Es steht jedem Nutzer frei, sich freiwillig und kostenlos per E-Mail in meine Mailing-Liste einzutragen. Dadurch entstehen keinerlei Verpflichtungen für den Nutzer.

1. Beschreibung und Umfang der Datenverarbeitung

Folgende Daten werden hierbei erhoben:

1. Name und Vorname des Nutzers
2. E-Mail-Adresse des Nutzers

2. Rechtsgrundlage für die Datenverarbeitung

Rechtsgrundlage für die vorübergehende Speicherung der Daten ist Art. 6 Abs. 1 DSGVO.

3. Zweck der Datenverarbeitung

Die Mailing-Liste dient dem Zweck, dem Nutzer Informationen zu Inhalten und Erscheinen der Zeitschrift zu übermitteln.

4. Dauer der Speicherung

Der Nutzer kann jederzeit die Mailing-Liste verlassen. Die Daten werden umgehend gelöscht.

5. Widerspruchs- und Beseitigungsmöglichkeit

Die Erfassung der Daten zur Bereitstellung der Mailing-Liste ist für den Betrieb der Mailing-Liste zwingend erforderlich. Es besteht folglich seitens des Nutzers keine Widerspruchsmöglichkeit.

Der Nutzer kann aber jederzeit der Speicherung widersprechen und damit die Mailing-Liste verlassen.

IV. E-Mail-Kontakt

1. Beschreibung und Umfang der Datenverarbeitung

Auf meiner Webseite ist eine Kontaktaufnahme über die bereitgestellte E-Mail-Adresse möglich. In diesem Fall werden die mit der E-Mail übermittelten personenbezogenen Daten des Nutzers gespeichert. Es erfolgt in diesem Zusammenhang keine Weitergabe der Daten an Dritte. Die Daten werden ausschließlich für die Verarbeitung der Konversation verwendet.

V. Rechte der betroffenen Person

Werden personenbezogene Daten von Ihnen verarbeitet, sind Sie Betroffener i.S.d. DSGVO und es stehen Ihnen folgende Rechte gegenüber dem Verantwortlichen zu:

1. Auskunftsrecht

Sie können von dem Verantwortlichen eine Bestätigung darüber verlangen, ob personenbezogene Daten, die Sie betreffen, von mir verarbeitet werden. Liegt eine solche Verarbeitung vor, können Sie von dem Verantwortlichen über folgende Informationen Auskunft verlangen:

- (1) die Zwecke, zu denen die personenbezogenen Daten verarbeitet werden;
- (2) die Kategorien von personenbezogenen Daten, welche verarbeitet werden;
- (3) die Empfänger bzw. die Kategorien von Empfängern, gegenüber denen die Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten offengelegt wurden oder noch offengelegt werden;
- (4) die geplante Dauer der Speicherung der Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten oder, falls konkrete Angaben hierzu nicht möglich sind, Kriterien für die Festlegung der Speicherdauer;
- (5) das Bestehen eines Rechts auf Berichtigung oder Löschung der Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten, eines Rechts auf Einschränkung der Verarbeitung durch den Verantwortlichen oder eines Widerspruchsrechts gegen diese Verarbeitung;
- (6) das Bestehen eines Beschwerderechts bei einer

Aufsichtsbehörde;

(7) alle verfügbaren Informationen über die Herkunft der Daten, wenn die personenbezogenen Daten nicht bei der betroffenen Person erhoben werden;

(8) das Bestehen einer automatisierten Entscheidungsfindung einschließlich Profiling gemäß Art. 22 Abs. 1 und 4 DSGVO und – zumindest in diesen Fällen – aussagekräftige Informationen über die involvierte Logik sowie die Tragweite und die angestrebten Auswirkungen einer derartigen Verarbeitung für die betroffene Person.

Ihnen steht das Recht zu, Auskunft darüber zu verlangen, ob die Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten in ein Drittland oder an eine internationale Organisation übermittelt werden. In diesem Zusammenhang können Sie verlangen, über die geeigneten Garantien gem. Art. 46 DSGVO im Zusammenhang mit der Übermittlung unterrichtet zu werden.

Dieses Auskunftsrecht kann insoweit beschränkt werden, als es voraussichtlich die Verwirklichung der Forschungs- oder Statistikzwecke unmöglich macht oder ernsthaft beeinträchtigt und die Beschränkung für die Erfüllung der Forschungs- oder Statistikzwecke notwendig ist.

2. Recht auf Berichtigung

Sie haben ein Recht auf Berichtigung und/oder Vervollständigung gegenüber dem Verantwortlichen, sofern die verarbeiteten personenbezogenen Daten, die Sie betreffen, unrichtig oder unvollständig sind. Der Verantwortliche hat die Berichtigung unverzüglich vorzunehmen.

Ihr Recht auf Berichtigung kann insoweit beschränkt werden, als es voraussichtlich die Verwirklichung der Forschungs- oder Statistikzwecke unmöglich macht oder ernsthaft beeinträchtigt und die Beschränkung für die Erfüllung der Forschungs- oder Statistikzwecke notwendig ist.

3. Recht auf Einschränkung der Verarbeitung

Unter den folgenden Voraussetzungen können Sie die Einschränkung der Verarbeitung der Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten verlangen:

- (1) wenn Sie die Richtigkeit der Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen für eine Dauer bestreiten, die es dem Verantwortlichen ermöglicht, die Richtigkeit der personenbezogenen Daten zu überprüfen;
- (2) die Verarbeitung unrechtmäßig ist und Sie die Löschung der personenbezogenen Daten ablehnen und stattdessen die Einschränkung der Nutzung der personenbezogenen Daten verlangen;
- (3) der Verantwortliche die personenbezogenen Daten für die Zwecke der Verarbeitung nicht länger benötigt, Sie diese jedoch zur Geltendmachung, Ausübung oder Verteidigung von Rechtsansprüchen benötigen, oder
- (4) wenn Sie Widerspruch gegen die Verarbeitung gemäß Art. 21 Abs. 1 DSGVO eingelegt haben und noch nicht feststeht, ob die berechtigten Gründe des Verantwortlichen gegenüber Ihren Gründen überwiegen. Wurde die Verarbeitung der Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten eingeschränkt, dürfen diese Daten – von ihrer Speicherung abgesehen – nur mit Ihrer Einwilligung oder zur Geltendmachung, Ausübung oder Verteidigung von Rechtsansprüchen oder zum Schutz der Rechte einer anderen natürlichen oder juristischen Person oder aus Gründen eines wichtigen öffentlichen Interesses der Union oder eines Mitgliedstaats verarbeitet werden.

Wurde die Einschränkung der Verarbeitung nach den o.g. Voraussetzungen eingeschränkt, werden Sie von dem Verantwortlichen unterrichtet bevor die Einschränkung aufgehoben wird.

Ihr Recht auf Einschränkung der Verarbeitung kann insoweit beschränkt werden, als es voraussichtlich die Verwirklichung der Forschungs- oder Statistikzwecke unmöglich macht oder ernsthaft beeinträchtigt und die Beschränkung für die Erfüllung der Forschungs- oder Statistikzwecke notwendig ist.

4. Recht auf Löschung

a) Löschungspflicht

Sie können von dem Verantwortlichen verlangen, dass die Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten unverzüglich gelöscht werden, und der Verantwortliche ist verpflichtet, diese Daten unverzüglich zu löschen, sofern einer der folgenden Gründe zutrifft:

- (1) Die Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten sind für die Zwecke, für die sie erhoben oder auf sonstige Weise verarbeitet wurden, nicht mehr notwendig.
- (2) Sie widerrufen Ihre Einwilligung, auf die sich die Verarbeitung gem. Art. 6 Abs. 1 lit. a oder Art. 9 Abs. 2 lit. a DSGVO stützte, und es fehlt an einer anderweitigen Rechtsgrundlage für die Verarbeitung.
- (3) Sie legen gem. Art. 21 Abs. 1 DSGVO Widerspruch gegen die Verarbeitung ein und es liegen keine vorrangigen berechtigten Gründe für die Verarbeitung vor, oder Sie legen gem. Art. 21 Abs. 2 DSGVO Widerspruch gegen die Verarbeitung ein.
- (4) Die Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten wurden unrechtmäßig verarbeitet.
- (5) Die Löschung der Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten ist zur Erfüllung einer rechtlichen Verpflichtung nach dem Unionsrecht oder dem Recht der Mitgliedstaaten erforderlich, dem der Verantwortliche unterliegt.
- (6) Die Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten wurden in Bezug auf angebotene Dienste der Informationsgesellschaft gemäß Art. 8 Abs. 1 DSGVO erhoben.

b) Information an Dritte

Hat der Verantwortliche die Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten öffentlich gemacht und ist er gem. Art. 17 Abs. 1 DSGVO zu deren Löschung verpflichtet, so trifft er unter Berücksichtigung der verfügbaren Technologie und der Implementierungskosten angemessene Maßnahmen, auch technischer Art, um für die Datenverarbeitung Verantwortliche, die die personenbezogenen Daten verarbeiten, darüber zu informieren, dass Sie als betroffene Person von ihnen die Löschung aller Links zu diesen personenbezogenen Daten oder von Kopien oder Replikationen dieser personenbezogenen Daten verlangt haben.

c) Ausnahmen

Das Recht auf Löschung besteht nicht, soweit die Verarbeitung erforderlich ist

- (1) zur Ausübung des Rechts auf freie Meinungsäußerung und Information;
- (2) zur Erfüllung einer rechtlichen Verpflichtung, die die Verarbeitung nach dem Recht der Union oder der Mitgliedstaaten, dem der Verantwortliche unterliegt, erfordert, oder zur Wahrnehmung einer Aufgabe, die im öffentlichen Interesse liegt oder in Ausübung öffentlicher Gewalt erfolgt, die dem Verantwortlichen übertragen wurde;
- (3) aus Gründen des öffentlichen Interesses im Bereich der öffentlichen Gesundheit gemäß Art. 9 Abs. 2 lit. h und i sowie Art. 9 Abs. 3 DSGVO
- (4) für im öffentlichen Interesse liegende Archivzwecke, wissenschaftliche oder historische Forschungszwecke oder für statistische Zwecke gem. Art. 89 Abs. 1 DSGVO, soweit das unter Abschnitt a) genannte Recht voraussichtlich die Verwirklichung der Ziele dieser Verarbeitung unmöglich macht oder ernsthaft beeinträchtigt, oder
- (5) zur Geltendmachung, Ausübung oder Verteidigung von Rechtsansprüchen.

5. Recht auf Unterrichtung

Haben Sie das Recht auf Berichtigung, Löschung oder Einschränkung der Verarbeitung gegenüber dem Verantwortlichen geltend gemacht, ist dieser verpflichtet, allen Empfängern, denen die Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten offengelegt wurden, diese Berichtigung oder Löschung der Daten oder Einschränkung der Verarbeitung mitzuteilen, es sei denn, dies erweist sich als unmöglich oder ist mit einem unverhältnismäßigen Aufwand verbunden. Ihnen steht gegenüber

dem Verantwortlichen das Recht zu, über diese Empfänger unterrichtet zu werden.

6. Recht auf Datenübertragbarkeit

Sie haben das Recht, die Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten, die Sie dem Verantwortlichen bereitgestellt haben, in einem strukturierten, gängigen und maschinenlesbaren Format zu erhalten. Außerdem haben Sie das Recht diese Daten einem anderen Verantwortlichen ohne Behinderung durch den Verantwortlichen, dem die personenbezogenen Daten bereitgestellt wurden, zu übermitteln, sofern

- (1) die Verarbeitung auf einer Einwilligung gem. Art. 6 Abs. 1 lit. a DSGVO oder Art. 9 Abs. 2 lit. a DSGVO oder auf einem Vertrag gem. Art. 6 Abs. 1 lit. b DSGVO beruht und
- (2) die Verarbeitung mithilfe automatisierter Verfahren erfolgt.

In Ausübung dieses Rechts haben Sie ferner das Recht, zu erwirken, dass die Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten direkt von einem Verantwortlichen einem anderen Verantwortlichen übermittelt werden, soweit dies technisch machbar ist. Freiheiten und Rechte anderer Personen dürfen hierdurch nicht beeinträchtigt werden.

Das Recht auf Datenübertragbarkeit gilt nicht für eine Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten, die für die Wahrnehmung einer Aufgabe erforderlich ist, die im öffentlichen Interesse liegt oder in Ausübung öffentlicher Gewalt erfolgt, die dem Verantwortlichen übertragen wurde.

7. Widerspruchsrecht

Sie haben das Recht, aus Gründen, die sich aus ihrer besonderen Situation ergeben, jederzeit gegen die Verarbeitung der Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten, die aufgrund von Art. 6 Abs. 1 lit. e oder f DSGVO erfolgt, Widerspruch einzulegen; dies gilt auch für ein auf diese Bestimmungen gestütztes Profiling.

Der Verantwortliche verarbeitet die Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten nicht mehr, es sei denn, er kann zwingende schutzwürdige Gründe für die Verarbeitung nachweisen, die Ihre Interessen, Rechte und Freiheiten überwiegen, oder die Verarbeitung dient der Geltendmachung, Ausübung oder Verteidigung von Rechtsansprüchen.

Werden die Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten verarbeitet, um Direktwerbung zu betreiben, haben Sie das Recht, jederzeit Widerspruch gegen die Verarbeitung der Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten zum Zwecke derartiger Werbung einzulegen; dies gilt auch für das Profiling, soweit es mit solcher Direktwerbung in Verbindung steht.

Widersprechen Sie der Verarbeitung für Zwecke der Direktwerbung, so werden die Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten nicht mehr für diese Zwecke verarbeitet.

Sie haben die Möglichkeit, im Zusammenhang mit der Nutzung von Diensten der Informationsgesellschaft – ungeachtet der Richtlinie 2002/58/EG – Ihr Widerspruchsrecht mittels automatisierter Verfahren auszuüben, bei denen technische Spezifikationen verwendet werden.

Bei Datenverarbeitung zu wissenschaftlichen, historischen oder statistischen Forschungszwecken:

Sie haben auch das Recht, aus Gründen, die sich aus Ihrer besonderen Situation ergeben, bei der Verarbeitung Sie betreffender personenbezogener Daten, die zu wissenschaftlichen oder historischen Forschungszwecken oder zu statistischen Zwecken gem. Art. 89 Abs. 1 DSGVO erfolgt, dieser zu widersprechen.

Ihr Widerspruchsrecht kann insoweit beschränkt werden, als es voraussichtlich die Verwirklichung der Forschungs- oder Statistikzwecke unmöglich macht oder ernsthaft beeinträchtigt und die Beschränkung für die Erfüllung der Forschungs- oder Statistikzwecke notwendig ist.

8. Recht auf Widerruf der datenschutzrechtlichen Einwilligungserklärung

Sie haben das Recht, Ihre datenschutzrechtliche Einwilligungserklärung jederzeit zu widerrufen. Durch den Widerruf der Einwilligung wird die Rechtmäßigkeit der aufgrund der Einwilligung bis zum Widerruf erfolgten Verarbeitung nicht berührt.

9. Recht auf Beschwerde bei einer Aufsichtsbehörde

Unbeschadet eines anderweitigen verwaltungsrechtlichen oder gerichtlichen Rechtsbehelfs steht Ihnen das Recht auf Beschwerde bei einer Aufsichtsbehörde, insbesondere in dem Mitgliedstaat ihres Aufenthaltsorts, ihres Arbeitsplatzes oder des Orts des mutmaßlichen Verstoßes, zu, wenn Sie der Ansicht sind, dass die Verarbeitung der Sie betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten gegen die DSGVO verstößt.

Die Aufsichtsbehörde, bei der die Beschwerde eingereicht wurde, unterrichtet den Beschwerdeführer über den Stand und die Ergebnisse der Beschwerde einschließlich der Möglichkeit eines gerichtlichen Rechtsbehelfs nach Art. 78 DSGVO.

Data Protection Policy

This is a non-binding translation into English. The only legally binding text is the German "Datenschutzerklärung" above.

All references are to the German text of the General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR, German: Datenschutz-Grundverordnung, DSGVO).

Data protection is of particular importance to me. Use of my electronic journal pages is possible without any indication of personal data.

The processing of personal data, such as the name and e-mail address of a person, is always carried out in accordance with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and in accordance with the country-specific data protection regulations applicable to me. By means of this data protection declaration I would like to inform the public about the type, scope and purpose of the personal data collected, used and processed by me. Furthermore, data subjects will be informed of their rights by means of this data protection declaration.

As data controller, I have implemented numerous technical and organisational measures to ensure the utmost protection of the personal data processed via this website. Nevertheless, Internet-based data transmissions, like e-mail, may in principle contain security risks, so that absolute protection cannot be guaranteed. For this reason, every person concerned is free to transmit personal data to me also in alternative ways.

I. Name and address of the person responsible

The person responsible in the sense of the General Data Protection Regulation and other national data protection laws of EU member states as well as other data protection regulations is:

Tobias Zywiets
Hauptstr. 10
75245 Neulingen
Germany
Phone: +49-(0)7237-44 39 03
E-mail: mep-bulletin@zobbel.de
Website: www.zobbel.de

II. General information about data processing

1. Scope of processing of personal data

In general, I only process personal data of users if this is necessary to provide information by way of a mailing-list. The further processing of personal data only takes place with the user's consent.

2. Legal basis for the processing of personal data

Insofar as I obtain the consent of the data subject for the processing of personal data, Art. 6 para. 1 lit. a EU General Data Protection Regulation serves as the legal basis for the processing of personal data.

In the processing of personal data required for the performance of a contract to which the data subject is a party, Art. 6 para. 1 lit. b DSGVO serves as the legal basis. This also applies to processing operations that are necessary to carry out pre-contractual measures.

As far as the processing of personal data is necessary for the fulfilment of a legal obligation, which is subject to me, Art. 6 Abs. 1 lit. c DSGVO serves as legal basis.

In the event that the vital interests of the data subject or another natural person require the processing of personal data, Article 6(1)(d) DSGVO serves as the legal basis.

If processing is necessary to safeguard a legitimate interest of mine or of a third party and if the interests, fundamental rights and freedoms of the data subject do not outweigh the former interest, Art. 6 para. 1 lit. f DSGVO serves as the legal basis for processing.

3. Deletion time of data and storage

The personal data of the person concerned will be deleted or blocked as soon as the purpose of storage ceases to apply. Furthermore, data may be stored if this has been provided for by the European or national legislators' regulations, laws or other provisions to which the person responsible is subject. The data will also be blocked or deleted if a storage period prescribed by the aforementioned standards expires, unless there is a need for further storage of the data for the conclusion or fulfilment of a contract.

III. Mailing-List

Every user is free to subscribe for free to my mailing list via e-mail. This does not create any obligations for the user.

1. Description and scope of data processing

The following data is collected:

1. surname and first name of the user
2. e-mail address of the user

2. Legal basis for data processing

The legal basis for the temporary storage of data is Art. 6 para. 1 DSGVO.

3. Purpose of data processing

The purpose of the mailing list is to provide the user with information about the contents and appearance of the journal.

4. Storage duration

The user can leave the mailing list at any time. The data will be deleted immediately.

5. Possibility of objection and elimination

The collection of data for the provision of the mailing list is absolutely necessary for the operation of the mailing list. Consequently, there is no possibility of objection on the part of the user. The user can, however, object to the storage at any time and thus leave the mailing list.

IV. E-Mail contact

1. Description and scope of data processing

You can contact me via the e-mail address provided on my website. In this case, the user's personal data transmitted by e-mail will be stored. In this context, the data will not be passed on to third parties. The data is used exclusively for processing the conversation.

V. Rights of the person concerned

If your personal data is processed, you are affected within the meaning of the DSGVO and you have the following rights vis-à-vis the person responsible:

1. The right to information

You can ask the person in charge to confirm whether personal data concerning you will be processed by me. If such processing is available, you can request the following information from the person responsible:

- (1) the purposes for which the personal data are processed;
- (2) the categories of personal data processed;
- (3) the recipients or categories of recipients to whom the personal data concerning you have been or are still being disclosed;
- (4) the planned duration of the storage of the personal data concerning you or, if specific information on this is not possible, criteria for determining the storage period;
- (5) the existence of a right to rectification or deletion of personal data concerning you, a right to limitation of processing by the controller or a right to object to such processing;
- (6) the existence of a right of appeal to a supervisory authority;
- (7) any available information on the origin of the data if the personal data are not collected from the data subject;
- (8) the existence of automated decision-making including profiling in accordance with Art. 22 para. 1 and 4 DSGVO and – at least in these cases – meaningful information on the logic involved and the scope and intended effects of such processing for the data subject.

You have the right to request information as to whether the personal data concerning you is transferred to a third country or to an international organisation. In this context, you may request to be informed of the appropriate guarantees pursuant to Art. 46 DSGVO in connection with the transmission. This right to information may be limited to the extent that it is likely to make it impossible or seriously impair the realisation of research or statistical purposes and the limitation is necessary for the fulfilment of research or statistical purposes.

2. The right of correction

You have a right of rectification and/or completion vis-à-vis the data controller if the personal data processed concerning you are incorrect or incomplete. The person responsible shall make the correction without delay.

Your right to correction may be limited to the extent that it is likely to render impossible or seriously prejudicial the achievement of the research or statistical purposes and the limitation is necessary for the fulfilment of the research or statistical purposes.

3. Right to limitation of processing

Under the following conditions, you may request that the processing of personal data concerning you be restricted:

- (1) if you dispute the accuracy of the personal data concerning you for a period that enables the data controller to verify the accuracy of the personal data;
- (2) the processing is unlawful and you refuse to delete the personal data and instead request the restriction of the use of the personal data;
- (3) the data controller no longer needs the personal data for the purposes of the processing, but you do need them to assert, exercise or defend legal claims, or (4) if you have filed an objection to the processing pursuant to Art. 21 para. 1 DSGVO and it has not yet been determined whether the legitimate reasons of the person responsible outweigh your reasons. If the processing of personal data concerning you has been restricted, such data may only be processed - apart from being stored - with your consent or for the purpose of asserting, exercising or defending rights or protecting the rights of another natural or legal person or on grounds of an important public interest of the Union or a Member State.

If the processing restriction has been limited according to the

above conditions, you will be informed by the person responsible before the restriction is lifted.

Your right to limitation of processing may be limited to the extent that it is likely to render impossible or seriously prejudicial the achievement of research or statistical purposes and the restriction is necessary for the fulfilment of research or statistical purposes.

4. The right of deletion

a) Duty of deletion

You may request the data controller to delete the personal data relating to you immediately, and the data controller is obliged to delete this data immediately, if one of the following reasons applies:

- (1) The personal data concerning you are no longer necessary for the purposes for which they were collected or otherwise processed.
- (2) You revoke your consent, on which the processing was based pursuant to Art. 6 para. 1 lit. a or Art. 9 para. 2 lit. a DSGVO, and there is no other legal basis for the processing.
- (3) You file an objection against the processing pursuant to Art. 21 para. 1 DSGVO and there are no overriding legitimate reasons for the processing, or you file an objection against the processing pursuant to Art. 21 para. 2 DSGVO.
- (4) The personal data concerning you have been processed unlawfully.
- (5) The deletion of personal data relating to you is necessary to fulfil a legal obligation under Union law or the law of the Member States to which the data controller is subject.
- (6) The personal data concerning you were collected in relation to information society services offered pursuant to Art. 8 para. 1 DSGVO.

b) Information to third parties

If the data controller has made the personal data concerning you public and is obliged to delete it pursuant to Art. 17 para. 1 DSGVO, he shall take appropriate measures, including technical measures, taking into account the available technology and the implementation costs, to inform data processors who process the personal data that you as the data subject have requested the deletion of all links to this personal data or of copies or replications of this personal data.

c) Exceptions

The right to cancellation does not exist if the processing is necessary

- (1) to exercise freedom of expression and information;
- (2) to fulfil a legal obligation required for processing under the law of the Union or of the Member States to which the controller is subject, or to perform a task in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority conferred on the controller
- (3) for reasons of public interest in the field of public health pursuant to Art. 9 para. 2 lit. h and i and Art. 9 para. 3 DSGVO;
- (4) for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or for statistical purposes pursuant to Art. 89 para. 1 DSGVO, insofar as the law referred to under a) is likely to make it impossible or seriously impair the attainment of the objectives of such processing, or
- (5) to assert, exercise or defend legal claims.

5. Right to information

If you have exercised your right to have the data controller correct, delete or limit the processing, he/she is obliged to inform all recipients to whom the personal data concerning you have been disclosed of this correction or deletion of the data or restriction on processing, unless this proves impossible or involves a disproportionate effort. Recipients have the right vis-à-vis the person responsible to be informed about these recipients.

6. Right to data transferability

You have the right to receive the personal data concerning you that you have provided to the person responsible in a structured,

common and machine-readable format. In addition, you have the right to transmit this data to another person in charge without obstruction by the person in charge to whom the personal data was provided, provided

(1) processing is based on consent pursuant to Art. 6 para. 1 lit. a DSGVO or Art. 9 para. 2 lit. a DSGVO or on a contract pursuant to Art. 6 para. 1 lit. b DSGVO and

(2) processing is carried out by means of automated methods

In exercising this right, you also have the right to request that the personal data concerning you be transferred directly from one data controller to another data controller, insofar as this is technically feasible. The freedoms and rights of other persons must not be affected by this.

The right to transferability shall not apply to the processing of personal data necessary for the performance of a task in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority conferred on the controller.

7. Right of objection

You have the right to object at any time, for reasons arising from your particular situation, to the processing of personal data concerning you under Article 6(1)(e) or (f) of the DSGVO; this also applies to profiling based on these provisions.

The data controller no longer processes the personal data concerning you, unless he can prove compelling reasons worthy of protection for the processing, which outweigh your interests, rights and freedoms, or the processing serves to assert, exercise or defend legal claims.

If the personal data concerning you are processed for direct marketing purposes, you have the right to object at any time to the processing of the personal data concerning you for the purpose of such advertising; this also applies to profiling, insofar as it is associated with such direct marketing.

If you object to the processing for direct marketing purposes, the personal data concerning you will no longer be processed for these purposes.

You have the possibility to exercise your right of objection in connection with the use of Information Society services by means of automated procedures using technical specifications, notwithstanding Directive 2002/58/EC.

For data processing for scientific, historical or statistical research purposes:

You also have the right to object to the processing of personal data concerning you for scientific or historical research purposes or for statistical purposes pursuant to Art. 89 para. 1 DSGVO for reasons arising from your particular situation.

Your right of objection may be limited to the extent that it is likely to make it impossible or seriously impair the realisation of the research or statistical purposes and the limitation is necessary for the fulfilment of the research or statistical purposes.

8. Right to revoke the declaration of consent

You have the right to revoke your data protection declaration of consent at any time. The revocation of consent shall not affect the legality of the processing carried out on the basis of the consent until revocation.

9. Right of appeal to a supervisory authority

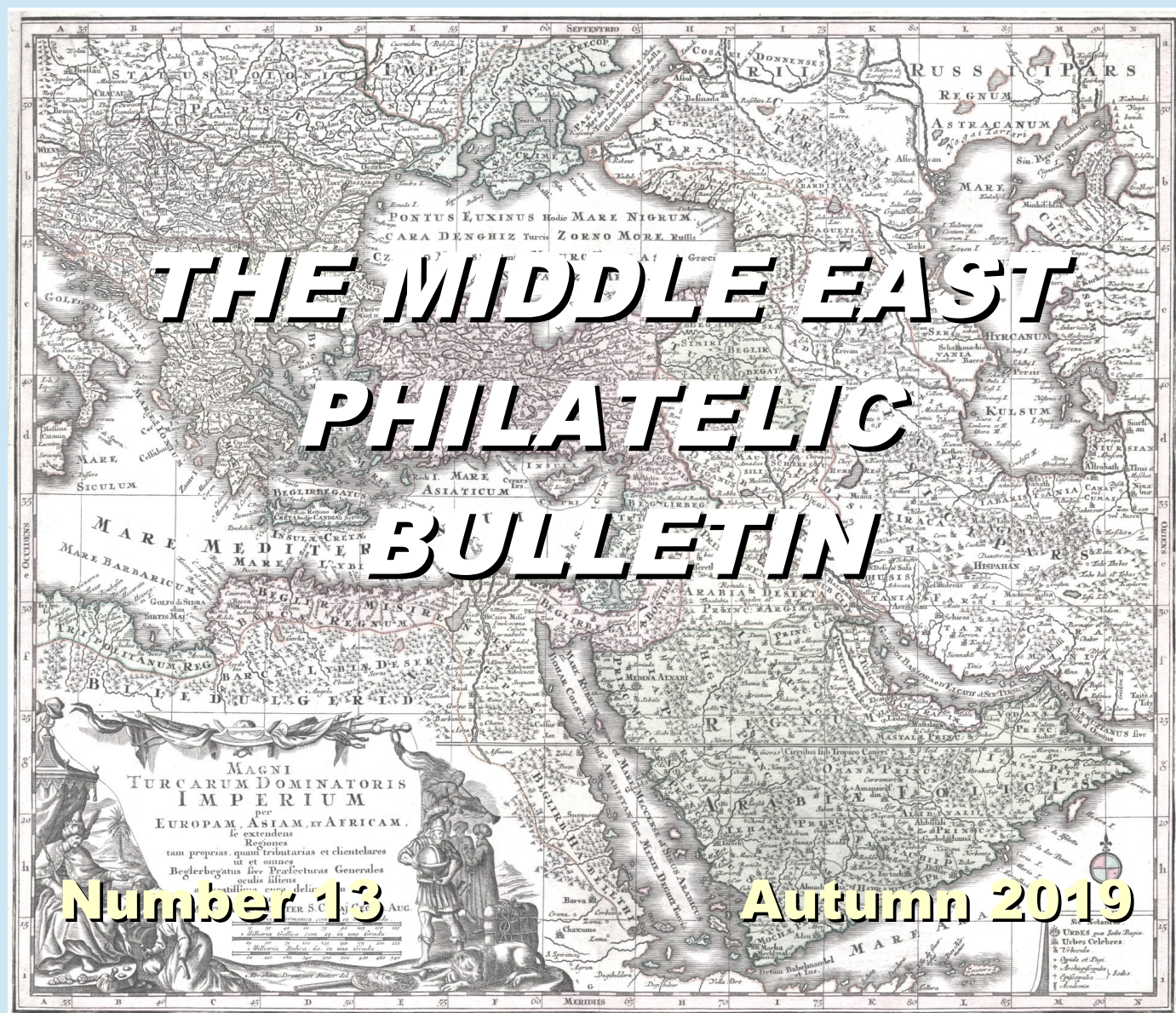
Without prejudice to any other administrative or judicial remedy, you have the right of appeal to a supervisory authority, in particular in the EU member state where you reside, work or suspect the infringement, if you believe that the processing of personal data concerning you is contrary to the DSGVO.

The supervisory authority to which the complaint has been submitted shall inform the complainant of the status and results of the complaint, including the possibility of a judicial remedy under Article 78 DSGVO.



**Please come forward with your articles,
research notes, queries, and images!
MEPB needs interesting new material!**





Some of the Articles in Preparation:

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Turkish Occupation of Thessaly: A Cover with Surprises

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Ottoman Fiscals: A 1905 Contract from Aleppo

Iraqi Railway Stamps Booklets

Jordan’s Stampless Air Letter Sheets

Late Use of Jordanian Postal Forms in the Israeli Occupied West Bank

Archive: Friedrich Perlberg’s “Palæstina-Album”

Archive: Official Gazettes for Palestine – Part 9: 1930